

Iowa State Teachers College

CEDAR FALLS, IOWA

March 20, 1934

REC'D MAR 21 1934

State Game Warden
Des Moines, Iowa

Dear Sir:

At the request of Miss Winifred Gilbert of our
Department of Natural Science we are sending to you enclosed
herewith her checking of specimens in the college museum.

Yours truly,

C. S. Cory, Registrar

BY

Anna P. Wild

ARW/ed
encl.

DO NOT RELEASE BEFORE THURSDAY AFTERNOON, MARCH 15, 1934

INFORMATION ON BIRDS WANTED

In compiling a revised list of the birds of Iowa for the University of Iowa, Philip DuMont, noted ornithologist, explains that all except 35 of the 365 birds listed have been preserved. The following 35 birds have been recorded as seen in Iowa but specimens have not been preserved. Should anyone know of such birds being mounted or preserved or know where such can be located in Iowa, they would be doing a valuable turn for Iowa's bird life records to report such birds to the Fish and Game Commission.

Red-throated Loon, Gavia stellata
Western Grebe,

Aechmophorus occidentalis

Water-Turkey, Anhinga anhinga

Man-o'-war-bird,

Fregata magnificens

Snowy Egret, Egretta thula

Little Blue Heron, Florida caerula

Wood Ibis, Mycteria americana

Cinnamon Teal,

Querquedula cyanoptera

American Scoter, Oidemia americana

Harris's Hawk, Parabuteo unicinctus

Black Rail, Creciscus jamaicensis

Hudsonian Curlew,

Phaeopus hudsonicus

Black-necked Stilt,

Himantopus mexicanus

Paroquet, Conuropsis carolinensis

✓ Burrowing Owl, Speotyto cunicularia

✓ Great Gray Owl, Scotiaptex nebulosa

Poor-will, Phalaenoptilus nuttalli

✓ Red-shafted Flicker, Colaptes cafer

Lewis's Woodpecker,

Asyndesnus lewis

Arctic Three-toed Woodpecker,

Picoides arcticus

✓ Say's Phoebe, Sayornis phoebe

✓ Raven, Corvus corax

Rock Wren, Salpinctes obsoletus

Mockingbird, Mimus polyglottos

Sprague's Pipit, Anthus spraguei

Sycamore Warbler,

Dendroica dominica

Prairie Warbler,

Dendroica discolor

Hooded Warbler, Wilsonia citrina

Blue Grosbeak, Guiraca caerulea

Lazuli Bunting, Passerina amoena

Gray-crowned Rosy Finch,

Leucosticte tephrocotis

✓ Greater Redpoll,

Acanthis linaria

Lark Bunting,

Calamospiza melanocorys

McCown's Longspur,

Rhynchophanes mocowni

Chestnut-collared Longspur,

Calcarius ornatus

The birds checked are in the museum of I.S.T.C.

CWA AIDS PHEASANTS

Museum I.S.T.C.
Cedar Falls Ia

Twenty-five feeding shelter stations have been erected on the Sioux City Rod and Reel Club game management area in Woodbury County. The feeding stations were erected with CWA labor and the work was supervised by H.R. Clark of Sioux City under the direction of the State Fish and Game Commission and the Sioux City Rod and Reel Club. Each station is numbered and warning signs have been posted near the shelter, to not disturb the birds. Each one is visited regularly by Boy Scouts and others interested to supply food. Each boy is assigned to certain numbers and he keeps the station supplied.

March and April are critical months for the game birds. The food supply for birds is non too good as it is and sudden snows deprive the birds of almost all food. Then too, birds entering the nesting season should be in the healthiest condition possible to produce healthy broods. The Fish and Game Commission urges all interested groups and individuals to follow the example of the Sioux City groups. Such action and forethought by CWA officials is to be commended.

WHEN TO BURN

"Burning as a measure of control of Chinch bugs should be completed before the bugs leave their winter quarters or at least before the middle of March," states A.D. Worthington, Extension Entomologist of the Iowa State College.

"Birds are recognized as valuable aids in the control of many farm insects," continues Worthington. "The quail is a ground loving bird, feeding largely upon insects and weed seeds. Where burning is generally practiced in a community, it is highly desirable to substitute artificial cover and protection in the burned area. This may be done by using 2 or 3 small brush piles and a few shocks of corn which will be very helpful for the quail on 40 acres of ground."