

IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

VOL. XVIII, No. 26

DES MOINES, IOWA, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1911.

Price Five Cents.

CITY NEWS

On Dec. 1 you have relatives or friends visiting in the city or going to make a visit, please inform us; we will call all your local news.—E.D.

Rev. S. Bates has been suffering with rheumatism the past week.

Mrs. L. Denny is quite sick at her home, 509 Grand avenue.

Lemora Daniels is quite sick at her home 108 West Thirteenth street.

Miss Annie Reeves is spending several days visiting friends in Clarinda.

Mrs. Oscar Glass and children left last week for St. Joseph, Mo., to visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Perry.

Elaine and Pool
229 West Third street.

Miss Alice Mitchell came down to our city last week on a short trip from Webster City.

Miss Edith Comley of Webster City, who has been visiting at the R. N. Hyde residence, has returned home.

Miss Bailey of Marble Rock, Ia., spent Thanksgiving in our city, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Rush on West Twentieth street.

Miss Ada Hyde returned to the State University at Iowa City, Monday, after spending Thanksgiving with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Hyde.

Mr. Crockett of Omaha, Neb., formerly a Des Moines boy, was in our city last week on business. He called at the Bystander office and subscribed for the Bystander.

Mr. R. A. Wilburn, our popular east side woman, spent a few days visiting relatives in Ft. Dodge. He also took a hunting trip, the result of which has not been told.

Mr. and Mrs. John Griffin of Southeast Fourteenth street entertained at Thanksgiving dinner Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Barker and Mrs. Green and daughter. A very delightful time is reported.

Mr. Geo. Law who lives in Highland Park, but works in Ogden Coal Mines, was seriously hurt this week while working in the mines. His condition is critical.

The Sunday school rally that Union Congregational church is planning will be given Sunday, December 17, at the regular Sunday school hour, by the primary department under direction of Miss Marie I. Bell. A large crowd is expected.

Mr. Geo. O. Terrell and daughter, Lennie, of Colfax, Ia., spent Saturday in our city. Her daughter is teaching school in Sedalia, Mo. Miss Terrell is a beautiful young lady. She says they have twelve teachers there.

Mr. L. L. Wilhoite of Culpeper, Va., a very bright and energetic young man was in our city Thursday. He is in the west representing the Curtis Publishing Company, Magazine of Philadelphia. He admired the west and is much pleased with the progress that we are making.

The Dramatic Art club met last Tuesday with Mrs. Warrick and concluded the study of Book V. of Paradise Lost. They will meet next Tuesday with Mrs. J. H. Brown and begin the study of Book VI. All members will please meet with Mrs. C. C. Johnson for rehearsal of the play, Satan's Revenge.

The members of North Star Lodge, No. 2 A. F. & A. M., have just issued a very beautiful invitation to attend their Fifteenth Annual Entertainment to be given Wednesday evening, December 27, at Shrine Temple, on Ninth and Pleasant streets. No doubt it will be a swell affair up to their usual high order.

The December meeting of the Mothers' Congress was held last Saturday afternoon in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A. "Social Purty" was discussed, led by Mrs. Vera Simmons, in a most pleasant manner, who was followed by an address of the women. Upon the resignation of Mrs. Adam Dixon as president, Mrs. Frank Johnson was elected in her stead. Mrs. Al Galtier was also elected assistant.

The Maple Street Baptist church has entered into a fourteen day revival meeting, beginning last Sunday, and they are meeting with much success. Already three have come up for prayer and it is hoped that many more may soon come.

The Princess Forth Chapter, No. 10, in regular meeting last Tuesday evening elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Mrs. J. E. McClain, W. M.; Mr. E. T. Blagburn, M. W.

Wonderful Results
ON SHORT NOTICE

I have used your Pomade. Its the best thing I ever used for making curly hair lie smooth. I have not finished my first bottle, but can see wonderful results, writes Mrs. Louise E. Hayes of Pineville, S. C.

Try Ford's Hair Pomade for harsh, unsmooth and unruly hair and Ford's Royal White Skin Lotion for the complexion. Ask your druggist for them. Be sure and get the genuine (Ford's) manufactured by the Ogilvie Oil & Grease Company, Chicago, Ill.

reelected W. P.; Mrs. Maud Jones, conductress; Mrs. John L. Thompson, associate conductress; Miss Marie I. Bell, re-elected secretary; Mrs. R. A. Wilburn, treasurer. The chapter will be called on again Tuesday evening, December 12 for installation of the newly elected officers.

Union congregational church, Tenth and Park street. Preaching 10:30 and 7:30. Sunday school, 12 m. Morning discourse, "The Passover Eaten." Special services the past week will close Sunday evening. You are cordially invited.

The ladies of the Intellectual Improvement club are demonstrating their interest in the Y. M. C. A. by a benefit dinner which is being given by them at St. Paul's church this evening from 6 to 8 o'clock. Will not other clubs and race organizations make the past week the example of these noble ladies?

Mr. and Mrs. Gus Watkins entertained at a dancing party last Friday evening in honor of their cousin, Miss Mabel McGee of Pisa, Ill. The floors had been waxed for the occasion which made it very delightful for Mr. James Windsor and the Morgan Bros. orchestra. A large number of the younger set enjoyed the evening. At a late hour delicious refreshments were served.

The Corinthian Aid society met last week at the residence of Mrs. Anna Morris. We were glad to see so many members. Mrs. Hilson, the president, has gone for an extended visit to Virginia, and in her absence she hopes the members will be as faithful as they have been. Adjourned to meet with Mrs. Frank Lewis, 1647 Walker street.

The M. C. T. club held an interesting meeting last Monday at the residence of Mrs. Chas. Turner. They will meet next Monday afternoon with Mrs. Lizzie Green, 904 14th Place. All members are urged to be present. They will finish "The Last Days of Ancient Rome."

A grand concert was given Thanksgiving evening at the Maple Street Baptist church under the direction of Mr. Elbert R. Hall. Supper was served by the pastor and wife and the grand sum of \$80 was realized. Committee on arrangement were Mesdames N. M. Essex, Fannie Cox, Vina Rodgers, Geo. Williams, H. Warden, C. Trent and Messrs. Joe Redd, E. T. Hicks, A. Rhodes, J. L. Lucas, Joe Reynolds, T. H. Raleigh, C. Trent.

Mrs. Mattie Brooks the D. G. P. of the district of Iowa was in Ogden, Ia., last week and set up a tabernacle and she got a club of twenty men for a temple and Rev. Sir J. Adams of Council Bluffs set them up. There is a temple and tabernacle of Sir Knights and Daughters in that little town. We wish them much success.

The Congregational club of Des Moines and adjacent cities will hold their monthly meeting Monday afternoon and evening at Union Congregational church, 10th and Park St. The ladies of the church will serve a chicken pie supper at 6:30, and at the evening session, 7:30 the very distinguished and venerable gentleman, Rev. T. O. Douglass of Grinnell, formerly Supt. of Home Missions, will give an address subject, "From Ocean to Ocean."

"The Mads of Blackville" a dramatic company of young Des Moines society girls, under the management of the Morgan Bros., played very successfully in their musical play "High Buns on Honolulu," to a crowded house in Buxton, Ia., Monday night. They returned home Tuesday evening accompanied by Morgan's orchestra and other male talent who so ably assisted them.

We have just received word from Chas. Stewart of the Associated Press Bureau that he will be in our city for a series of meetings and lectures. He will be here Sunday morning Dec. 17 at the Corinthian Baptist; Sunday afternoon at 8 o'clock to men only, at Union Congregational; evening at the A. M. E. church; Monday afternoon to women only at Maple Street Baptist East Side and Monday night at lecture at the A. M. E. church.

The Union Thanksgiving services held at the A. M. E. church Thursday evening were well attended. The church was crowded and the meeting was one long to be remembered by all present. The eight was never seen but once before and that was last spring when the union meeting was held for Dr. Booker T. Washington. Then all the ministers of the city were present and last Thursday all the ministers were present and Presiding Elder S. B. Moore. The chairman of the meeting was Rev. Bruce U. Taylor, the local pastor of the church and he made an excellent presiding officer. The sermon was preached by Rev. H. R. Pinckney of Union Congregational church. It was a fine sermon filled with practical thoughts. It aroused the people and after the occasion called upon a few in the large audience to say a word who they were thankful for and it seemed that everybody wanted to tell their many blessings. A few more such meetings will bring our race together.

ALEXANDER-BEACH WEDDINGS.

As announced by the Bystander sometime ago there occurred on Thanksgiving eve the marriage of Miss Edna Alexander at her parents' home in Highland Park, to Mr. Wm. Beach of Chillicothe, Mo. The home was beautifully decorated with smilax and carnations, interwoven in a horseshoe shape in ferns. The wedding march was played by Miss

Bertha Allen and the happy couple was joined together in holy wedlock by Rev. Bruce U. Taylor of the A. M. E. church, using the very beautiful ring service. Quite a number witnessed the ceremony and the happy pair are home at 778 West Twelfth street to their many friends. Several were in attendance from out of the city. We extend to this new couple congratulations.

CARD OF THANKS.
We wish to thank our dear friends and neighbors for their kindness and thoughtfulness in our behalf in our recent bereavement of our father, Mr. A. C. Fisher and for the beautiful floral tokens.—Mrs. Louise Mays, Mrs. Mamie Riley, Mrs. Etta Johnson, Mrs. Henry Robinson, Mr. Louis Mays, Mrs. Mae Terry, Mrs. Ella Lucas, Mr. M. R. Mays, Mr. David Mays, Mr. Walter Mays, Mr. John Mays, Mr. Jim Mays, Vera, Lettie and Walter Mays.

Y. M. C. A. NOTES.
Those in attendance at the popular meeting at the Young Men's Christian association last Sunday afternoon were both enlightened and entertained by the two addresses. The one by Miss Martha Loeffler on "The Food We Eat," and the other by Mrs. S. Joe Brown on "The Lives We Live." Both addresses were well prepared and well received by a good sized audience who were present. On next Sunday instead of the usual program there will be a general mass meeting to which all persons are invited who are interested in the success or failure of the association in the future, at the Joint Committee who have had charge of the financial affairs since September 1st have some matter of vital importance which they desire to lay before the general public. If you are interested in the future of the association, come and let it be known for you remain away your absence will be contended as an evidence of your lack of interest and action will be taken accordingly.

CITY CONVENTION.
The 1911 city convention held its last meeting Monday evening, December 5, at the home of Mr. Warlick on Thirteenth street. The Iowa delegation will leave Des Moines December 26 in a special car via the Great Western. Mr. E. R. Hall was appointed official mail master with Mr. Wm. Wanick his assistant. All plans for the Inter-State were perfected at this meeting. Anybody wishing to go with the Iowa delegation in their chartered car see Attorney S. Joe Brown before December 26.

LYCEUM.
The Des Moines Negro Lyceum held its regular weekly meeting Tuesday evening, December 6 at the home of Mr. C. H. Mason 1187 Fourteenth street. A very interesting program was rendered, the featured numbers being solos by Messrs. G. H. Mason and C. C. Johnson. The Lyceum adjourned to meet Tuesday evening December 13 with Mrs. Matie Warlick, 1006 Thirteenth street, at which time the following program will be rendered:

Quotations, Virgil.
Life and Works of Virgil, Mrs. J. B. Rush.
Review of Virgil, Miss Iva McClain.
Piano Solo, Mrs. C. O. Johnson.
The Value of the Classics, Dr. A. J. Rooker.
Reading, Miss Hazel Cousins.
Vocal Solo, Prof. W. H. Warrick.

CITY CONVENTION.
The Des Moines City Literary convention held its final meeting for the year at the residence of Prof. W. H. Wanlicks, 1006 Thirteenth street, Monday evening.

A letter was read from the general passenger agent of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad company agreeing to furnish a special car for the party of delegates and visitors to the Inter-State Literary Association at Wichita, which car will start from Des Moines, provided there are twelve or more from this point.

Reports showed that there would be seventeen or more from Des Moines so the special car is assured. The Des Moines party will be joined by probably as many more at St. Joseph which party will probably be doubled upon being joined at Kansas City by the delegates from Omaha, Lawrence, Leavenworth, Atchison and the Kansas City's.

The train will leave Des Moines Tuesday evening, December 26 at 10:25 via the Chicago and Great Western but tickets should be purchased at the office of the Santa Fe company at 315 West Seventh, as this company has charge of all the arrangements.

At the meeting Monday evening a new Iowa yell and a special Iowa badge were adopted and Mr. E. R. Hall and Mr. W. P. Wanlicks were elected yell masters.

A PIONEER CITIZEN GONE.
Mr. Louis Mays of Newton, Iowa, who was an old and highly respected citizen died there suddenly last Sunday. He had only been sick a few days. He was born in Missouri 66 years ago, and served his country as a soldier of the civil war.

Mr. Lewis Mays was born April 19, 1845, in Ottumwa, Mo. He came to Newton in 1863. He was an old soldier; he received his discharge honorably in 1863 at Ball's Bluff. He married Josie Walden in 1869. To this union three children were born and a step son. Mrs. Mays passed away in 1883; he was then a widower thirteen years. He married Miss Viola Walden in October, 1896. Three children were born to this union.

EDITORIALS

CONGRESS OPENS.
On Monday the American Congress convened in its first regular session of congress to begin its long grind for many months. It will be a session much watched because of the approach of the presidential election, also the house of representatives is democratic and they will try to make good their pledges and then the progressive wing of the republic can party will be anxious to make a report this session for future strength. Then again, there are some very important legislation needed and hence it will not doubt be an interesting congress.

OUR HOLIDAY EDITION.
The annual edition of our usual holiday number will appear December 15 this year, and we hope to make it the best issue of the kind. We will have special articles written for it, and many cuts and other scenes. If there is any one who has an original poem, song or other composition, that they would like to have published send them in at once and on the same day that this issue is published we will open our holiday rates on subscription to only \$1.00 for a year, if paid in advance. This rate will last just thirty days or until January 15, 1912.

A WORD TO OUR DELINQUENT SUBSCRIBERS.
For more than a month we have been conducting a campaign among our subscribers who owe us more than one year and have offered them special inducements if they would remit within a given time. Most of them have gladly accepted our offer and have sent in their back dues but others have not. We urge you to pay up at once or the United States postal laws will compel us to cut your name off our list.

TWO COLFAX PEOPLE MAKING GOOD.
While on a business trip to Colfax, I learned with a great degree of pleasure that some of our boys and girls are succeeding in other states. Dr. Leo E. Walker who is so well known here who graduated from the Grinnell College in the regular course, then took a medical course at Harvard and located in Chattanooga, Tenn., was elected Professor in the Medical Department of Fisk University at Nashville, where he has moved this fall. He was also elected the Athletic director, and from the newspaper report he made a great success in both departments.

President Gates, formerly with Grinnell College, is president of Fisk University and Miss Lennie Terrell who graduated from the Lincoln Institute at Jefferson City, Mo., is a teacher in the public schools of Sedalia, Mo., and she is making good there.

ST. PAUL BUDGETARIAN.
We are enjoying beautiful weather at this writing.

Mr. E. P. Wadg, an old citizen of our city, is reported seriously ill with no chance of recovery at the city and county hospital.

Union Thanksgiving services were

held at Pilgrim Baptist church at 11 a. m. Rev. H. P. Jones, of St. James A. M. E. church, preached the sermon, which was one of his many eloquent ones. The church was crowded. A cantata of fifty voices under the direction of Mr. Jno. Hickman, Jr., was rendered. An offering, amounting to \$38.50, was taken up for benefit of the Old Folks' Home and Orphanage.

The Excelsior club of St. James church will give an entertainment Friday evening at the residence of Mrs. M. Bradshaw on St. Anthony avenue. A nice program and supper.

Miss Margaret Adams, daughter of Editor J. C. Adams, was taken to Walker, Minn., sanitarium to be treated for tuberculosis. Also Mr. Edward Johnson, of Thomas street. Mr. Johnson held a position as mail clerk on the railroad.

The Johnson recital at St. James church Thanksgiving evening was well attended. Prof. James C. as pianist; David as violinist, James J. as cellist, Jeanette as vocalist, rendered excellent numbers.

Mr. C. O. Hall addressed the Y. W. C. A. Sunday afternoon last.

Mr. and Mrs. F. D. McCracken, the newly weds, left Thursday evening for Washington, D. C., where Mr. McCracken is employed as private secretary to Congressman Stevens.

Miss Mae Williams is now organist for St. Peter's Claven Catholic church.

Madam Minor, director of St. James' choir, is busy rehearsing The Messiah's Advent for Christmas.

The men of the Safe club of St. James church deserve special mention for the dinner they served at the church Thanksgiving day. Messrs. Saunders, Wright, Bellesse, and Stafford were the chiefs. A large number enjoyed the dinner.

The One More Effort club meets this week with Mesdames Crawford and Black on Rondo street.

The fourth annual hall of the Peznan Temple, No. 6, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, will be given at Tachida's hall Friday, December 29. All the latest imported canned milk will be served, together with a hen turkey supper. Drill by Peznan Patrol.

The Boys' Culture club will hold a special meeting at St. James church Sunday evening.

CLINTON HAPPENINGS.

The Thanksgiving dinner at Bethel A. M. E. church was a success, a large number in attendance, the dinner, as usual, being given under the auspices of the stewards and trustees. Mrs. Wm. Henderson and Mrs. Emma Heron heading the working committee. In the evening a most entertaining concert program was rendered, in charge of A. A. Bush, at which a large crowd was in evidence.

Mrs. C. V. Bush and Mrs. Geo. Robinson are confined to their homes by illness.

Major Culbertson, Jr., of Chicago, is spending a few days here at his home.

Miss Estella Bush spent Thanksgiving in Rock Island, the guest of Mrs. Rufus Phoenix.

A series of revival meetings began

at Bethel A. M. E. church Sunday, December 3d. The Rev. C. Elias Winston, in charge, who will assist the pastor, Rev. J. H. Ferribee, indefinitely. Thus far the meetings have been very interesting and bid fair to bring about grand results.

Mrs. P. P. Taylor is the guest of Chicago relatives and friends.

A. A. Bush has been commissioned local collector for the Howard-Severance Co. of Chicago, publishers of The Popular and Critical Bible Encyclopedia and Scriptural Dictionary.

At the annual election of officers of Bethel A. M. E. S. S. held recently the following persons were elected for the ensuing year: Superintendent, M. O. Culbertson; Assistant Superintendent, L. W. Routt; Cradle Roll Superintendent, Mrs. W. A. Emerson; Secretary, A. A. Bush; Treasurer, Miss Adah Wetherall; Librarian, Master Claude Heron; Assistant Librarian, Master Eugene Stewart; Organist, Miss Esther Emerson; Chorister, Miss Esther Culbertson; assistant Chorister, Mrs. E. W. Mann.

Give us your subscription to the Bystander and get in touch with what our people are doing over the country.

BUXTON BRIEFS.

Mrs. Genevieve Turner was on the sick list last week.

Percy Smith was over from Albia to spend Thanksgiving with his parents.

Jas. Carter had his arm broken in No. 12 mine last week.

Misses Cleo Smith, Mary Brooks, Mary Jane Reeves, Mary Perkins and Mrs. Adelaide Brooks were Buxton visitors during Thanksgiving week.

Mr. Sylvester Carter, who has been away from Buxton about a year, returned to be with his parents indefinitely.

Dave Yancy, president of the Local Union, was breaking a large stone in the mine several weeks ago and a piece of the stone flew and struck him in the eye. Little was thought of the wound being so serious, but it has lately developed that he will lose the sight completely.

A fine girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. Nic Massey last week. Mother and daughter doing nicely.

Jas. Warren was hurt in a motor wreck in No. 14 mine last Saturday. Nothing serious.

Mr. Hermes Zimmerman, B. S. D. of Quincy, Ill., employed by the Howard-Severance Co., arrived in the city last Friday. He will be here for two or three weeks selling the Popular and Critical Bible Encyclopedia, a pleasant young man and is meeting with very good success with his work.

Mrs. A. P. Sharp, formerly in the ladies suit department of the Monroe Mercantile Co. store, was taken very last Wednesday, and had to leave work and go home. She is better at this writing.

Thanksgiving was observed in the usual way by the different churches. Service was held in the morning and dinner from 12 until everything was consumed. Mt. Zion Baptist served in the Y. M. C. A. building. The dinner was managed by Mrs. F. B. Woodward, assisted by committees appointed by herself, and was a decided success, realizing about \$75, which sum will go toward the building of the bell tower. Much credit is due Mrs. Woodward for the splendid way in which she managed everything.

The new seventeen-room hotel that is to be operated by the M. M. Co. is nearly completed.

Mr. Nelson Carter is reported some better this week.

Mrs. Henrietta Jones continues quite ill.

Mr. Joseph Sorrell improves slowly.

The M. M. Co. is getting in its Christmas goods. That's why the clerks are working at night this week.

"I had been troubled with constipation for two years and tried all of the best physicians in Bristol, Tenn., and they could do nothing for me," writes Thos. E. Williams, Middleboro, Ky. "Two packages of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets cured me." For sale by all dealers.

CLARINDA ITEMS.

The members of the Second Baptist church served dinner and supper at the Armory hall Thanksgiving day and was well attended.

Miss Laura Gooden of Forest City, Mo., spent Thanksgiving in this city and returned to her home Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Allen Jones, and Mrs. Martha Wright spent Thanksgiving in Red Oak at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Jones, Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Farrier and Mrs. E. M. Cook were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Williams of Creston Thanksgiving.

Mr. Fred Jones entertained Misses Susie Lee and Anna Reeves at dinner Monday evening.

Miss Anna Reeves, of Des Moines, who has been the guest of Miss Susie Lee, returned to her home last week.

Miss Jessie Walker and Callie Arnett spent Thanksgiving in Glenwood at the home of the formers.

Mrs. Etta Gibson and daughter Ruby left Thursday for Omaha, where the former will join her husband, who has been there for some time.

Miss Eva Parker was the guest at the home of Mr. William Stevens of Red Oak Thanksgiving.

Mr. Emmett Moss and Miss Katie Johnson entertained a company of young people at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Cook last Wednesday evening in honor of Miss Anna Reeves of Des Moines.

Miss Susie Lee is visiting in Sioux City.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Cook and Mr. Andrew Baker were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Baker of Red Oak Thanksgiving.

Mr. Charles Chapell of Red Oak spent Sunday in this city.

Little Helen Williams of Creston is a guest at the E. B. Cook home.

Mrs. Hattie Drake has been very ill but is some better at this writing.

The Second Baptist Sunday school are preparing a good program for Xmas exercises.

Mr. Coffey, the advance agent of Blind Boone Concert Co., was in this city last week looking after business matters.

The Ministerial Alliance of this city was well attended last Monday morning and much interest was shown by the pastors, of the different churches for the future work beginning 1912.

It has been decided by the members that a week of prayer and services would be held by the ministers and the laity at the different factories and shops of the city. Also Rev. Cox, pastor of the First Baptist church, and Rev. Eppart, of the Christian church as the committee, with Mrs. Bell of the N. Presbyterian church, to aid the W. C. T. U. in keeping the Sunday school open in their hall in the east part of town, known as Gun Town.

Rev. H. M. Rivers, pastor of the A. M. E. church, and Rev. John W. Evans, of the Second Baptist church, are the only colored pastors in our city, and we are glad to say they show their happiness of the alliance along with the white brothers.

ENTERPRISE NOTES.

Mrs. Jake Hickman entertained Mr. and Mrs. Harry Allen, and Mr. and Mrs. Grant White and two children at a Thanksgiving dinner Thursday.

Mr. Percy Jackson spent Thanksgiving in Colfax with his friends.

Ten young ladies and gentlemen are going to give a drama entitled, "An Advertised Wife." It will be given November 13th at the Rodman's hall. Music will be furnished by Mr. Ira Allen and Miss Blanche Allen.

Mrs. Jake Hickman, Manager.

Miss Ida Lafayette, one of our school teachers, spent Thanksgiving at her home in Okaloosa.

Miss Nellie Lettridge and Mrs. Patton, teachers of our school, spent Thanksgiving at their homes in Des Moines.

We are having one of the nicest B. Y. P. U. that we have ever had. The young people are taking quite an active part.

At last we have got our new gas all of those who helped put them lights for the church. Mr. Harry Allen wishes to thank all of those who helped him put them in.

On last Thursday night the Aid society rendered a magnificent drama entitled, "Out in the Streets." A great success was reported.

The Mt. Olive Aid society met last Wednesday at the residence of Mrs. Frank Brent.

Mr. James Laine spent Thanksgiving in our city.

Every family has need of a good, reliable liniment. For sprains, bruises, soreness of the muscles and rheumatic pains there is none better than Chamberlain's. Sold by all dealers.

ALBIA NEWS.

Mr. W. H. Goddon and Miss Ora Lewis spent Thanksgiving day in Des Moines.

Rev. R. B. Manly entertained the male members of the A. M. E. church and their men friends at dinner Sunday at the A. M. E. parsonage.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Butler and son visited in Buxton with friends.

Mrs. R. B. only and Miss Cleo Curry are spending the week in Buxton, also took Thanksgiving dinner in that burg.

Miss Henrietta Jones, the efficient hair dresser of Chicago, spent Thanksgiving day in Albia at the parental Henry Jones home, and visited with her sister, Mrs. Nora Grayson, and brother, Mr. Burt Jones, in Hittman, and her many friends were pleased to see her home again and to know of her good location in that city.

Miss Ella Ruford was called to East St. Louis Thursday by the death of her husband, Mr. Ruford, of that city.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Grayson of Hocking attended the Thanksgiving celebration in Albia Thanksgiving day.

Mr. Burt Jones and Mrs. Nora Grayson of Hittman took Thanksgiving dinner at the parental H. Jones home on Thursday.

The Missionary and Sewing club met at the home of Mrs. H. Jones on Monday.

Attorney Geo. H. Woodson returned to Buxton on Saturday from his legal business in Albia.

Some few strangers in Albia the past week.

FOR THAT DULL FEELING AFTER EATING.

I have used Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets for some time, and can testify that they have done me more good than any tablets I have ever used. My trouble was a heavy dull feeling after eating—David Freeman, Kempton, Nova Scotia. These tablets strengthen the stomach and improve the digestion. They also regulate the liver and bowels. They are far superior to pills but cost no more. Get a free sample at all drug stores and see what a splendid medicine it is.

The Savoy Cafe

304 W. GRAND AVE.
First Class Restaurant. Meals and Lunches served at all hours. Home cooking. You are invited to give us a call.

Charles Townsend, Prop. Des Moines, Ia.

FOR SALE.

Nest 3 room cottage, almost new, 2 lots, \$650. \$100 cash and \$10 per month. 2 room house adjoining and 2 lots for \$450. \$100 cash and \$8 per month. 4 room brick house, 50 foot lot, So 8th street, near Seavastopol car line, \$800. \$100 cash and \$10 per month.

A dandy 8 room house, modern except heat; barn, shade and fruit, \$2500.00. \$500 cash, balance monthly payments.

Mable's Realty Company 300 Capital City Bank Bldg. Phone 345 Maple.

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STRIKERS IN EUROPE

EXTRACTS FROM BOOKER T. WASHINGTON'S FORTHCOMING BOOK, "THE MAN FARTHEST DOWN."

There is one English word which seems to be more widely known and used in Europe than almost any other. It is the word "Strike." Labor strikes, I have understood, had their origin with the factory system in England. But the people on the continent have improved on the original English device, and have found ways of using it of which we, in America, at any rate, have rarely ever heard.

It seems to me that during my short journey on the continent, I heard of more kinds of strikes, and learned more about the different ways in which this form of warfare can be used than I ever learned before in all my life. In Europe one hears, for example, of political strikes, of general strikes, and of agricultural strikes, which are a peculiar and interesting variety of the ordinary labor strike. There are rent strikes, "hunger riots," strikes of students, even of legislators, and when I was in Budapest, someone called my attention to an account in one of the papers of what was called a "house strike." This was the case in which the tenants of one of the large tenement buildings of apartment houses of the city had gone on a strike to compel the landlord to reduce the rent. They had hung the landlord in effigy in the big central court around which the building is erected, decorated the walls and balconies with scurrilous placards and had even created such a disturbance by their jeers and outcries, supplemented with fish horns, that the whole neighborhood was roused. The house strikers took this way to advertise their grievances, gain public sympathy and secure reduction of the rent.

I had an opportunity, during my stay in Europe to get some first-hand information in regard to the manner of these continental strikes. I was in Berlin just before and after the three-days' battle between the striking coal yard men of Moabit and the police, in the course of which several of the officers and hundreds of the people were wounded. For several days, one section of Berlin was practically in a state of siege. The police charged the crowd with their horses, trampled the people under foot, and cut them down with their swords. The soldiers hunted the strikers into the neighboring houses, where they attempted to barricade themselves and replied to the attacks of the police by hurling missiles from the windows of the houses into the streets below. At night the streets were in darkness. The strikers had cut the electric wires, thus shutting off the lights so that the police were compelled to carry torches in order to distinguish friends from foes.

At another time, while I was in Fiume, Hungary, I had an opportunity to see for myself the manner and spirit in which these strikes are conducted, or rather the way in which they are put down by the police.

I had gone out one day to visit the immigrant station, which is situated on the outskirts of the city, and noticed, on my way thither, a number of policemen on the car. Then apparently at a signal from a man in charge, they seemed to melt away. Half an hour later, while I was at the immigrant station, I was startled by loud cries outside the building. Everyone rushed to the windows. The street was crowded with men, women and children, all running helter skelter in the direction of the city. Some of the hands in a nearby factory, I was told, had gone on a strike. I could not at first understand, however, why everybody seemed in such a state of terror. Very soon I learned they were running from the police, and a moment later the police themselves moved into view.

They were formed in a broad line across the avenue, and marching rapidly, simply swept everything before them. At their head, bearing a heavy cane, was a man in plain clothes. I do not know whether he was an officer or the proprietor of the factory, but I was struck by the haughty contempt with which he surveyed the rabble, as it melted away from in front of him. In a few minutes the street was empty and, so far as I could see, the strike was over.

It was a small affair in any case. There was no bloodshed and almost no resistance on the part of the strikers, so far as I could see. It was sufficient, however, to give me a very vivid notion of the ruthless way in which the governments of these stern military powers deal with rebellious laborers. European governments seem to have the habit of interfering, in a way of which we have no conception in this country, in all the small and intimate affairs of life. So it was not to be expected that they would be able, as the police in this country, to act as a neutral party or refuse to take part in the struggles, as we say, of labor and capital. That is the reason, I suspect, why in Europe strikes almost always turn out to be a battle with the police or an insurrection against the government.

Almost anything may be made the occasion of a strike in Europe, it seems. Sometimes in Austria and Hungary, I have been told, members of the local diets, or provincial legislatures, go on a strike and refuse to make any laws, until certain demands have been complied with by the central government at Vienna. Sometimes the students in one or more of the national universities go on a strike

because a favorite professor has been moved by the government or because they are opposed to some particular measure of the government. Not infrequently in France and Italy, labor disturbances are fomented for political or party purposes, particularly among the employees of the state railway.

Strikes are a favorite weapon of the Socialists when they are seeking to force a political measure through parliament. Until a few years ago, it seemed that a "general strike," in which all the laborers of a city or several cities, suddenly lay down their tools and refuse to return to work until some concession has been granted by the government, was the means by which the Socialists proposed to overturn all the existing governments of the revolution in Russia and of similar movements on a smaller scale in Italy and elsewhere this form of strike seems to have fallen into disrepute.

The most novel and interesting form of labor insurrection of which I heard while I was in Europe was the "strike of the agricultural laborer." In both Hungary and Italy, the agricultural laborers have for some years past been organized into more or less secret societies, and the outbreaks which have been the more bloody and the more far-reaching in their influence than any labor strike in Europe.

The possibility that farm hands might be organized into labor unions and make use of this form of organization in order to compel the land owners to raise wages, had never occurred to me, and I took some pains to learn the condition in Hungary and Italy under which these organizations have grown up. In the next chapter I shall describe the farm laborer in Italy and Hungary and compare him with the negro farm laborer in the south.

EXHIBITS WIN PRAISE

Montgomery, Ala.—The Alabama Industrial exposition, held at Vandiver park, attracted large crowds of both races, many of whom came especially to see the exhibits in the negro building.

The magnificent corn arch in the center of the first floor of the building was a revelation of the modern methods of raising fine corn. This arch rested upon a rectangular frame thirty-seven feet wide and ten feet high, with a seven-foot aisle. Extra large ears of the finest corn in this state covered the dome of the arch. Three thousand ears of corn were on exhibition in the building. In the corn palace was a section reserved for products of colored farmers.

On the first floor of the negro building were exhibits from Tuskegee Institute, the agricultural and mechanical college at Normal, Ala., and the Greenville Industrial school. On the second floor were exhibits of farmers, county conference schools and art clubs. The Tuskegee exhibit consisted of all kinds of work done by the students in the various departments, besides a splendid display of the agricultural work at the institute. Fine exhibits from the Tuskegee creamery also attracted visitors. Fine specimens of agricultural and mechanical work of the students at Normal were also on show.

MURPHY'S MAIL.

A freckle-faced girl stopped at the post office and yelled out: "Anything for the Murphys?" "No, there is not," said the postmaster.

"Anything for Jane Murphy?" "Nothing." "Anything for Ann Murphy?" "No." "Anything for Tom Murphy?" "No." "Anything for Bob Murphy?" "Not a bit." "Anything for Jerry Murphy?" "Nothing at all." "Anything for Lize Murphy?" "No, nor Pat Murphy, nor Dennis Murphy, nor for Pete Murphy, nor Paul Murphy, nor John, Jack or Jim Murphy, nor any Murphy, dead, living, unborn, native or foreign, civilized, savage or barbarous, male or female, black or white, franchised or disfranchised, natural or otherwise. No! there is positively nothing individually, jointly, severally, now and forever."

The girl looked at the postmaster in astonishment and said: "Please see if there is anything for Clarence Murphy."—National Monthly.

CHAMBERS FELT NO FEAR.

At a well-known club in New York the other day one of those bores who are the bane of all clubs drew his chair up to Robert W. Chambers' and said, genially:

"Chambers, you are writing at the rate of two, and sometimes three, novelets every year, to say nothing of your annual sheaf of short stories. Aren't you afraid that a time will come when you will have written yourself out?" "My dear sir," Mr. Chambers replied, "I have no such fear. Just look at your own case. You have been talking for more than sixty years and you haven't talked yourself out, have you?"

A BUSINESS WOMAN.

"If you do not marry me I shall kill myself in your presence." "Give me until next Saturday at noonday."

"To prepare for your wedding?" "No, to prepare for your suicide. By that time I can have sold the rights to the picture to a moving picture concern."

URGES FRIENDLY RELATIONS BETWEEN WHITE AND BLACK

JUDGE W. R. HAMMOND DELIVERS STRONG ADDRESS TO NEGROES AT ATLANTA.

Pleading for friendly relations between the races, Judge W. R. Hammond delivered a strong and interesting address at the educational mass meeting held at the Central Avenue theater in the interest of negro education in the south.

His speech in full follows: "To any thoughtful mind, it goes without saying, and is evident without argument or insistence, that the welfare of both races in this country, and especially in the south, is absolutely dependent upon the friendliness and cordality existing between them. The growth and development of the organism which we call human society depends upon the cooperation of the parts; and whether the best results are obtained depends on whether this force is all utilized for constructive purposes, or whether a part of it, or all of it, for that matter, is destructive in its operation. If a part of it only is constructive, and another part tends in the direction of disintegration and anarchy, then the resultant effect may be upward or downward, forward or backward, according to the predominance of the constructive or destructive elements. If there are warring elements, energy is absorbed in the conduct of the warfare, and the organic body of society suffers because of the lack of the harmonious cooperation that is necessary to its growth and development.

"It follows, then, that the true philanthropist must seek to reconcile warring and discordant elements, and bring all into harmonious co-operation for the general good. Labor must cease to war against capital, and capital must learn to have due regard for the rights of the laboring man. Every class and element must learn to respect every other, and all must obey the golden rule. In this way can civilization accomplish its best and most substantial advance, and in no other way is such an advance possible of attainment.

"The negro is a part of the south's civilization. His organic life is bound up with that of the white man in ties that are indissoluble. Fanatical utterances to the contrary notwithstanding, his elimination from the social organism of the south is not possible. All wise men will dismiss the thought, and seek some other solution of the race problem. The white man cannot kill him because he will not submit quietly to the operation. Neither can he transport him because it is too expensive. And these are the only two ways by which he can be eliminated. So it is perfectly evident to any sane mind that he must stay here, and continue for all time to be a vital part of our civilization.

"The question of how he came here is not at all important; but the question of what to do with him, seeing that he is here, is vital. But it may not be amiss to say that we recognize the hand of an overruling providence in the great fact of his presence in the midst of the white man's civilization. An overruling providence is one which overrules the evil designs of evil men, and turns them to good account. Who can name a great battle in the world's history that hasn't been overruled and turned to good account; and yet these battles were the direct outcome of the evil and malignant passions of men. So, the evil passions and sordid cupidity of the slave dealers, who captured these black men and brought them to our shores and sold them to our ancestors, have been overruled by a higher power, and the great great-grandchildren of these innocent people have become the wards of the American nation, and we are responsible to them for the faithful and conscientious execution of this high and important trust. Blatant demagogues may seek to obscure this truth, and try to make the people of the south to feel that they are under no obligation to the negro; but true men will recognize it, and will not refuse to see themselves steadily and efficiently to the task of helping him to work out his salvation and elevate himself to a higher plane of civilization.

"The inherent forces in the bosom of the white race, which are capable of being utilized for the advance of civilization, will be perceptibly diverted and diminished if the white man harbors a feeling of antipathy toward the negro, and indulges in acrimonious controversy with him. What he ought to do is to indulge himself in the feeling that he must look for good in the countenance of his black brother. If he looks for it he will find it, for it is there. A kindly glance will reveal it, when a contemptuous attitude, or a haughty indifference will effectively obscure it. Let the white man seek by a recognition of the many good qualities and characteristics of the negro, to encourage him to develop those qualities and characteristics. Nothing develops character more effectively than a recognition and appreciation of the good that is in the other man; while a constant, cynical search for the bad, and an utter refusal to see the good, not only hides the good from our vision, but has a blighting effect upon the man who carries with him in his own breast the consciousness that he has not been appreciated. We do a great wrong to the man whose good and true qualities we contemptuously or indifferently refuse to recognize. 'No man liveth to himself.' 'There are many white friends of

the negro who have a sincere desire and purpose to do him full justice, and who make an honest effort in that direction, but who seem to be unable to accomplish much, or to meet with gratifying results in their efforts. They are easily discouraged and turned aside from their purpose, and are too ready to throw up their hands and say: 'What is the use? They are prone to lose faith in the negro, and say: 'Ephraim is joined to his idols: let him alone.' They feel a strong sense of duty, but they have no inspiration of hope. Their efforts are consequently mechanical and listless, and lack the enthusiasm that is essential to success. The trouble with these friends of the negro is, that they have failed to attain to a recognition of the best qualities of the negro character. They do not rightly apprehend and appreciate him. They look for certain qualities which they say he ought to possess, and not finding them they overlook others which he does possess. They form their estimate of him by looking at him in bulk, whereas, in order to get a correct estimate of him they ought to look at the individual members of the race who have made the greatest advance and accomplished the best results. There are negroes, and plenty of them, who are honorable and reliable in a high degree. Let him contemplate these, and not look altogether upon the shiftless elements and the criminal classes. There are plenty of negroes who are industrious and frugal in their habits. Let our white friend think about these, make their acquaintance and look into their honest faces, and not confine his observation and attention to the idle, vagrant, worthless classes.

"The way to judge humanity is by its best specimens, and not by its worst. We see in the best capabilities of the laborer under proper training and environment; and the optimistic spirit, which is our most becoming attitude, should prompt us to bring into play our highest moral and intellectual faculties in order that we may be able to discern the good with a clear and strong vision, and thus get a broad and correct estimate, and not a narrow and perverted one, of our brother in black.

"There are others among the white people who are indifferent to all questions which relate to the problem caused by the presence of the colored people in our midst, and still others who are actively opposed to them, and who never lose an opportunity to strike them with a mailed hand. They can see no good in them, and taunt those who do with the opprobrious epithet of negroophile.

"Nothing in the way of helpfulness is to be expected of these except to open their eyes and decrease their numbers. They are a menace to the best civilization of the times in which we live, and if left to themselves would soon bring about a state of warfare between the blacks and whites. Their number has been on the increase since the breaking of the old relations of master and servant between the white man and the negro, and there are entirely too many of them today; but there are many of us who believe that a broader and more appreciative sentiment is gradually gaining ground among the white people of the south. There are many, very many, who do not join in that sentiment of indifference and hostility, and who are ever ready to insist on justice and fair play toward the negro; and to lend him a helping hand; and there are strong and reasonable grounds for the hope that their number will increase.

"This is not the time and place to discuss and elaborate in extenso the question of the relations between the two races, and, perhaps, the less said about that the better. But there can be no harm in saying and insisting that these relations should be cordial and friendly. The colored man is 'Our Brother in Black,' and belongs to the great brotherhood of the races that inhabit the earth. He is a part of our common humanity, and is entitled to his place in the world, and in the civilization of this American country. Whether he will maintain that place depends absolutely upon him. If he proves himself worthy, he will stand. If he fails, he must go down. Let all good men help him, and see that he has a fair chance."

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WANTS TO BE SENT TO PEN TO PERFECT HIS INVENTION

SOUTHERN COLORED MAN WILL BE A GUEST OF UNCLE SAM.

Savannah, Ga.—When the United States court convenes in Savannah the federal grand jury will be called upon to indict one of the most remarkable negro criminals with which the government has ever had to deal. The man gave the postal authorities their lot to contend with a smoother negro criminal. The prisoner is Lewis H. Wagner, alias Evan P. Harris, a South Carolina negro.

Harris is an exceptionally smart negro and is well educated. He confessed that on a number of occasions he raised postal money orders, in one case making an order for 19 cents and \$5.19. With every evidence of sincerity, Harris declares that he did not commit the crimes for the money he realized on his operations, but that he might break into the federal penitentiary, where he would have the facilities for perfecting an invention which has to do with compressed air.

Whether the motive for Harris' crimes is correct or not, the negro talks in a most convincing manner. He says he has been working on an invention, but has been unable to complete it for lack of facilities. Some one told him, he says, about the variety of tools and assortment of machinery the government has in the federal prison in Atlanta, and he says he came to the conclusion that if he were a prisoner there he could let his inventive inclinations have full play.

Harris will be given an opportunity of investigating the inside of the federal prison in Atlanta. The post office inspectors intend prosecuting him in both Georgia and South Carolina. Harris having operated on both states. In addition to being a clever money order crook, Harris is a sleight-of-hand performer and has a reputation in several Georgia counties where he has given exhibitions. He maintains an elaborate wardrobe and keeps trunks in several towns that he has been wont to visit. He is a lightning change artist. He has been known to appear in a post office wearing overalls and old clothes, with dirt begrimed face and hands, and present a money order within ten minutes after a public appearance in the street, where he was dressed as a dude.

COLUMBUS COLORED BRANCH

Columbus, O.—The negroes of Columbus have been exceedingly active in making a campaign for \$5,000 towards providing a branch Y. M. C. A. for colored young men of the city. There will also be a girls' department. The white people of the city will give \$12,000 for the project. The building will be located conveniently.

The local ministers, business and professional men are very active in the canvass. Among the large contributors are: Wilbur E. King, Charles Hamilton, S. A. Weaver, William Moore, I. D. Huston, Dr. Woodlin, J. W. Williams, James Watson, William Hughes, M. E. Marchant, Robert Payne, R. B. Barcus, G. W. Bowman, William A. Burke, Rev. I. A. Collins and the instructors and employees of the Lincoln Ohio Industrial school, who gave \$50.

A number have remarked that since Springfield, Dayton and Columbus are to have fine branch Y. M. C. A. buildings, perhaps Cleveland and Cincinnati people will wake up and take notice. Cincinnati has a fine new girls' home, which cost \$8,000, leading white citizens having given substantially towards the place.

AS A SLIGHT TOKEN.

A widower belonging to a country village lately led to the altar a fourth bride, says Answers. After the honeymoon the happy couple settled down in his home, and as the surrounding country was new to the lady she was anxious to visit all the places of interest in the locality.

Among the spots visited was the village churchyard, and there the husband and wife passed before a very elaborate tombstone, the property of the bridegroom. The bride, being a little short-sighted, asked him to read the inscription. In solemn tones he read:

"Here lies Susie—, beloved wife of John—; also Jane—, beloved wife of John—; also Mary—, beloved wife of John—."

He stopped abruptly. "What are the words beneath?" innocently asked the lady, and her horror can be imagined when he read:

"Be ye also ready."

BUSINESS TRANSACTION.

"I beg your pardon, sir," said the new clerk, "but that dollar you just took in is a counterfeit."

"That may be," answered the proprietor nervously, "but the woman who gave it to me was the minister's wife."

"But do you take counterfeit money from women just because they happen to be ministers' wives?" "Certainly I do not."

"Didn't you notice the money was phoney?" "Darn it! If you've got to know it, young man, that was the dollar I dropped in the contribution box last Sunday. And look here—your business is to weigh out beans and measure spaghetti—not to keep tab on your employer."

GOT THAT FAR.

She was very literary, and he was not. He had spent a harrowing evening discussing authors of whom he knew nothing, and their books, of which he knew less.

Presently the maiden asked archly: "Of course you've read 'Romeo and Juliet'?" He floundered helplessly for a moment and then, having a brilliant thought, blurted out, happily: "I've—I've read 'Romeo'!"

THE CHICAGO NEGRO

COLORADO RACE SAID TO BE MAKING BETTER PROGRESS IN CHICAGO THAN IN ANY OTHER PART OF UNITED STATES.

Many writers have advanced theories and reasons for so-called race question conditions. The subject has been studied in every section of America with but little success, for the very reason that humanity is not subject to rules, but responds only to the primal laws of nature. The negro, being after all a human being, has simply absorbed such knowledge as has been offered him in the different communities in which he happened to have his being. For this reason Chicago and the surrounding territory have shown more advance than any other portion of the United States. Chicago's great industrial institutions needed labor. During the period between 1870 and 1890 immigration from the south responded to the call. The negro who came worked side by side with the foreign-born laborer under supervision of Yankee bosses. From the one he learned by actual contact how to work steadily, how to use his wages thriftily, the beauties of a home and a definite system of savings. From the latter he acquired a true knowledge of the word liberty, a proper dignity and a manly bearing.

The Chicago stock yards have been responsible for more negroes becoming taxpayers than any other institution in this land, excepting possibly, the Pullman company.

Contrast the horizon of these men with that of eastern negroes, nearly always servants of hotels, clubs or homes, where the nature of their employment brought to their view nothing but ease, splendor of garment, surroundings and extravagance. The eastern "boy" saw "Mr. George" during his hours of recreation and imitated him. He saw the top of society's structure without knowing of its foundation, as did the Chicago boy. Without that influence and without the paternalism of the southland the Chicago negro developed a business ability based upon economy and willingness to work.

These seemed to be the foundations upon which is built Chicago's black citizenship.

Another primitive law prevails there: That is "birds of feather," etc. Notwithstanding any restaurant in town will serve a negro, none need to, for in that territory between Twelfth and Fiftieth streets, along Wabash, State, Dearborn and Armour can be duplicated any downtown restaurant's bill of fare. State street has its Pekin theater, as well as several smaller ones; its bank of \$200,000 capitalization, real estate concerns, department stores, hotels, small shops, even its own colony of artists, an incorporated concern that does a mail order business, its lodges that own their buildings, and its churches their own edifices. A steam laundry is owned and operated by an individual.

As a purely industrial matter, I can mention thirty-five saloons owned outright by negroes and catering to their own trade. And the whiskey business is not out of proportion to the other lines of business. Dentists, physicians and attorneys are plentiful and average well.

As I said before, this business and professional structure rests upon a solid foundation of labor. Asphalt paving gangs and railway construction gangs send into Chicago to their families \$2,250,000 per year. The stock yards concern get blank receipts for over \$600,000 annually. Railways out of Chicago send to the State street merchants a half million in hard-earned wages via negro employees. The Illinois Trust company boasted to your writer of having 900 negro depositors, with some accounts over thirty years old, aggregating \$200,000. To my definite knowledge the Jennings Trust company holds savings for 270 negroes.

With such an industrial showing, and paying taxes on

Iowa State Bystander

BYSTANDER PUBL. CO. Publishers
DES MOINES, IOWA
FRIDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1911.

Official paper of the M. W. U. Grand Lodge of Iowa, A. F. & A. M., and International Grand Congress of America and Western Baptist Association and Western Baptist Association.

Published every Friday by the Bystander Publishing Company, Des Moines, Iowa. Office in Chamberlain building, corner Seventh and Main streets. Iowa phone, W. 999.

JOHN L. THOMPSON, EDITOR.
J. H. SHEPARD, MANAGER.

Entered at the postoffice as second class matter.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One year \$1.00
Six months .75
Three months .50
All subscriptions payable in advance.

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The Iowa State Bystander is the oldest Afro-American journal published in Iowa. It was established in 1894, and is read by nearly all the colored people of Iowa. We have correspondents in the following towns:

Albia.....Miss May Davis
Ft. Madison.....Miss Lulu Williams
Oskaloosa.....Luelia B. Franklin
Washington.....N. L. Black
Moberly, Mo.....Mrs. J. E. Johnson
Mt. Pleasant.....Mrs. M. Etta Bolden

Miss Maudlin Burnaugh
Wasson, Mo.....Miss Bell Lee
Davenport.....Mrs. C. H. Marshall
St. Paul.....Mrs. H. K. Gibbs
Keokuk.....A. J. Fields
Rock Island.....Mrs. W. H. Moore
Moline, Ill.....Miss Mable Tarver
St. Louis City.....Miss Etta Grant
Clinton.....A. A. Bush
Ottumwa.....Miss Lorena Vincent
Cedar Rapids.....Mrs. H. Horn

N. B.—Correspondents: Please mail your letters that contain news for publication not later than Tuesday night to insure publication for the current week; and sign your name, not for publication, but that we may know who writes the news.

Communications must be written on one side of the paper only and be of interest to the public. "Brevity is the soul of wit," remember.

We will not return rejected manuscripts, unless accompanied by postage stamps.

Advertising rates for display ads: 10 cents per inch, for each insertion. Three to six months' contract, 15 cents per inch. Local advertising: 10 cents per line for each insertion. Ten cents per word to a line. For churches and secret societies where admission is charged, one-half of the above-mentioned rates. For professional, legal and announcement cards, yearly contracts, etc., terms are given on application. All advertising is to be paid in advance.

FOR ECZEMA, TETTER AND SALT RHEUM.

The intense itching characteristic of these ailments is almost instantly allayed by Chamberlain's Salve. Many severe cases have been cured by it. For sale by all dealers.

A Friend to Negroes

Lew Arntz, the well known Doctor of Optics, believes in treating the colored people the same as whites. This is evidenced by the fact, he offers to sell or rent to black or white alike, his residence at 3215 Fourth St., Highland Park, which contains city water, sewer, gas, barn, etc. for \$1250, on monthly payments of \$10.

WE SEND SWITCHES and COIFFURES ON APPROVAL

All over the United States, Prepaid (Examination Free.)

HIGH CLASS HAIR GOODS. MODERATE PRICES.

Send sample of hair with a few particulars; we will make an artistic selection and guarantee satisfaction. We send the hair to you prepaid on approval, if you find it perfectly satisfactory and a bargain remit the price. If not return at our expense.

We offer a 22 inch switch, like out of a natural wavy hair man hair to match any ordinary shade.....\$1.98

THE OLIVE HAIR CO., 608 Nic. Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.

Watches....

That you will be proud to carry and at prices that you can afford to buy.

Come in and see the wonderful showing we are making on

\$10.00 to \$32.00

watches. If you are thinking of buying a watch now—or later, your chance is here now. You will have no better opportunity this Spring. Come in now and pick it out

Schlapp's

Sixth and Locust St.

Falcon Flour

is without a superior

ask your grocer



Milled under most sanitary conditions

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MT. PLEASANT.

Mrs. Johnson of Ottumwa spent Thanksgiving in the city.

The Thanksgiving program at the Baptist was very fine indeed. The children rendered some very pretty selections. Much credit should be given Mrs. Smith for her successful labor.

Mrs. K. Bartlett returned home Monday after an extended visit with her children in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Williams of Agency spent Thanksgiving in the city visiting friends.

The Kink Daughters of A. M. E. church gave their annual banquet Thursday evening of last week. The guests were met at the door by the reception committee, composed of Misses Myrtle Burnaugh, Agnes and Louisa Mason, Mrs. Robert Thomas.

The guests were seated at long tables beautifully decorated with snowy linen and pink crysanthemums, and were served to an elegant menu.

When the last course had been duly partaken, a short program was given. Some of the special numbers were solos by Mr. Ralph Burnaugh, Mr. and Harry Burnaugh. The banquet was an event that will long be remembered by the folks who participated. The committee in charge was: Madames Anderson, Ralph Burnaugh, S. H. McCracken, Harry Burnaugh, Clay Reed and Bert Wells.

The Kings' Daughters held a business meeting at the home of Mrs. Clay Reed, after which refreshments were served by the hostess. Next meeting will be with the Misses Agnes and Louisa Mason.

A Thanksgiving ball was given here at the 29th at Strawn's hall. Many out of town people attended and it proved to be a grand success.

BURLINGTON ITEMS.

Among the many blessings the Burlingtonians had to give thanks for this year is the decrease in sickness and deaths, and also to have both of our churches once more presided over by good christian, energetic ministers.

Miss Ida Palmer is in Chicago visiting relatives and friends.

Mr. James Brooks is able to resume his position at the Undertaker's barn after a severe sick spell.

Mrs. Anna Baker, of Peoria, Ill., was a business visitor in this city last week. She was the guest of Mrs. P. King, of Foster street.

The concert given by the Union Baptist Sunday school Thanksgiving evening was quite a success. It was given at the white Baptist church on Washington street.

On last Sunday evening the Union Baptist had a very large attendance. Some who had not been out for two years added to new members on their roll.

KEOKUK NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Ware has bought the property recently owned by Rev. T. L. Smith. The property is located at Thirtieth and Morgan streets.

Mr. George Bland, of Watertown, Ill., visited a few days last week at the home of his mother, Mrs. Fannie Williams, Sixteenth and Fulton street.

Friends in the city deeply regret that Mr. Wilbert Fields, whose illness was reported in last week's Bystander, is still very ill. However, the last report was a little more favorable.

Mrs. C. E. Beckley, who upon returning home from Chicago, where she had been called to attend the funeral of her sister-in-law, Mrs. J. W. Fidler, received word that her son, Montrose, was very ill of pneumonia in Kansas City. She left at once for Kansas City and found him greatly improved. She returned to her home last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Wilson, of Des Moines, is in the city, the guest of Mr. Wilson's mother, Mrs. Geo. Dade, 611 South Eleventh street.

The Christmas program for Bethel A. M. E. Sunday school is being arranged under the supervision of Mrs. Lena Porter. This occasion bids fair to surpass all previous ones. Mrs. Porter has labored with untiring energy in her endeavors to interest the children, and to her much credit is due.

The Union services at the A. M. E. church on Thanksgiving day was quite well attended. Rev. Brown, from the Seventh Street Baptist church, preached an able sermon, which was greatly appreciated by all. The choir that was made up of members of the different churches, rendered excellent music for the occasion.

The Rev. Mr. Johnson, from Texas, preached at the Union Baptist church on the third inst.

The entertainment given by Union Lodge, No. 1, at their hall Thanksgiving evening was a splendid success. A very interesting program was rendered, after which dancing was indulged in. Also a splendid luncheon was served by the committee. They will give another entertainment on Christmas night.

The Masonic reunion held in Union Lodge Hall Thanksgiving night was a splendid success.

A large crowd was present to hear the excellent program given by Keokuk's best talent. Mr. F. D. Fields and Mrs. Garret Johnson gave two very pleasing instrumental selections. Mrs. Mary F. Bland was at her best in a recital from the works of Dunbar.

Mr. W. W. Gross read an excellent paper on the "Origin of Masonry."

The Patroclus Quartette was an instantaneous hit. They were compelled to respond to numerous encores.

Mr. William Martin maintained his ability as "Master of Ceremonies."

Miss Eldora Burton entertained a number of her friends last Wednesday evening. Social games were indulged in until an appropriate hour when light refreshments were served.

The Young Men's Sunday Lecture club at Bethel has been revived and is doing good work.

Miss Ella Scott was hostess to a few invited guests last Friday evening in honor of her sister, Miss Jessie, who spent her Thanksgiving vacation at home.

The usual number of young men went to Ft. Madison Thanksgiving day. Information has been received in the city of the serious illness of Mrs. Mae Scurry, of Chicago, who was formerly Miss Woods of this city. Mrs. Scurry is in St. Luke's hospital.

The Old Folks' concert that was presented at Pilgrims Rest church on Thanksgiving evening was largely attended. The solo by Mrs. Thos. Jefferson, the dialogue by Mrs. Sallie Thomas and Mr. Chas. Wilson, and the chorus led by Mr. Lou Washington were all star hits that occasioned much enjoyment for all.

Mrs. Chas. Enbanks, of Ft. Madison, who has been a patient sufferer of a lingering malady for some time, is in the city receiving treatment of Mr. Edward Robinson, who is deserving of mention because he has won fame for himself in his ability to heal. Upon his own merits he has gained the confidence of a number whom he has helped to recovery. Mr. Geo. Foster is improving under his care. He suffered a paralytic stroke some time ago and was in the hospital several weeks. Mr. Robinson is truly endowed with a supernatural gift.

Mr. Geo. Dandridge, of Omaha, Neb., has returned home after an absence of four years. He will spend several weeks with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Dandridge, of near Summitville.

Mrs. McPadden and daughter, of Hannibal, Mo., are the guests of Mrs. Sallie Vaughn and daughter, Mrs. Wm. Vaughn. McPadden is a sister of Mrs. Vaughn.

Remember the date of the turkey supper at Bethel under auspices of the Mrs. Ollie Reynolds, of Chicago, is here for a few days as guest of her grandmother, Mrs. Penix.

The Coleridge Taylor Music club will meet at the home of Miss Nellie Kellies on the 5th inst. Various numbers, both instrumental and vocal, will be presented by the different members.

Mrs. Julia Hardy and children, of Lagrange, Mo., are visiting at the home of Mrs. Hardy's mother, Mrs. Carter, of near Sandusky. Rev. and Mrs. Hardy expect soon to locate in St. Joseph, Mo.

Miss Daisy Ware, our highly talented and cultured vocalist, appeared in song at Ft. Madison on Thanksgiving day to a very appreciative audience.

Miss Helen Wilson, of Galesburg, Ill., is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. Maggie Smith.

A class of four was admitted to full membership at Bethel last Sunday evening, viz., Miss Mollie Singleton, Mr. and Mrs. Fielding Johnson and Wm. Mills. A musical selection appropriate for the occasion was rendered by Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Wilson of Des Moines.

OSCAR RAPIDS, IOWA.

Mr. Harry Haggin, of Olwin, Iowa, spent Thanksgiving with his mother.

FORD'S HAIR POMADE

MAKES HAIR, KINKY OR CURLY HAIR SOFT, SLEEKER AND MORE PLACID. EASY TO COMB AND PUT UP IN ANY STYLE. THE LENGTH WILL PERMIT UNDEVELOPED FOR PREVENTING HAIR FROM FALLING OUT, DANDRUFF AND ITCHING OF SCALP. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. GET THE GENUINE. PUT UP IN 25-CENT AND 50-CENT BOTTLES WITH CHARLES FORD'S MAKE-UP EVERY PACKAGE.

TRY FORD'S ROYAL WHITE SKIN LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION. MAKES THE SKIN WHITER IMMEDIATELY UPON APPLICATION. WILL NOT IRRITATE THE MOST DELICATE SKIN. UNEXCELLED FOR ECZEMA, SALT RHEUM, PIMPLES, ROUGH SKIN AND FRECKLES. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. IF YOUR DRUGGIST CANNOT SUPPLY YOU WE WILL SEND IT TO YOU DIRECT AT THE FOLLOWING PRICES: SMALL BOTTLE 25 CENTS. 50-CENT BOTTLE 50 CENTS. OZONOID OR MARROW CO. 322 LAKE ST. DEPT. 277 CHICAGO, ILL. AGENTS WANTED.

BOSTON MARKET Co.

Greatest Variety in the City of

Choice Meats, Fish, Poultry and Delicacies.

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320 Sixth Avenue Des Moines, Iowa.

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The most Complete Line We Have Ever Shown

Bangs, Switches, pompadors, Transformations, Braids, Full and Half Wigs and Waves

We also make up any of the above in gray.

Our prices are reasonable and are goods are such that give satisfaction.

OUR DOLL HOSPITAL is complete and we repair any old doll.

Doll Shoes, Slippers, Stockings, Arms, Hands and Feet

F. W. FRANZ

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Robt. Johnson Thanksgiving dance was a success every way a large crowd was there and an enjoyable time was had.

Mr. Orval Spotts and Miss Cecile Spotts of Ottumwa were Thanksgiving visitors with Homer Johnson.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Jones and daughter Edna spent Thanksgiving at the home of their daughter Mrs. Chas. Wilson of Ottumwa.

Mrs. Lena Dewitt of Buxton is visiting at the home of Mrs. E. E. Jones, on north 5th street.

Walter Smith returned to his home in Chicago Monday after spending a month with mother.

Mrs. Oscar Roper and son visited at the home of her father and sister Mrs. W. Lewis Thanksgiving.

Attorney Geo. H. Woodson of Buxton was a business caller in our city last week.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Smith of Des Moines spent Thanksgiving at the home of Mr. Smith's mother Mrs. H. Williams on A. avenue east. Mrs. Smith returned home Friday while her wife remained for a week's visit.

Inell Connell and Thos. Spicer were up from Ottumwa to the Thanksgiving dance.

Mrs. Berth Daniels of Des Moines, spent a ten day visiting the home of her mother Mrs. Jordan Wilson on 7th street.

The Literary will meet every Tuesday night. Mrs. Bell president, Luella Frank vice president, Hattie Flennery secretary, Edna Jones assistant secretary, C. L. Franklin Treasurer, Rev. Bell chaplain, Miss Buckners and Lewis program com. Mrs. M. Henderson chairman of Finance com.

The young people feel the need of such an organization we have some splendid talents here if we could only get the young people awake.

Miss Nora Mottis was shopping in our city one day last week.

Mrs. John Barquet is able to be about again after a few weeks illness.

Mr. Will Jeffers has moved two miles northwest of town he has a better location for his dairy farm.

The 2nd Baptist church gave an entertainment last week, quite a neat sum was raised, they are trying to raise money to remodel their church. Rev. O. Smith is pastor.

Stewards leve luncheon at Mrs. Bells Wednesday after noon from 2 to 5 p. m. Sewing circle meet at the home of Mrs. Franklin Friday afternoon.

When your feet are wet and cold, and your body chilled through and through from exposure, take a big dose of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, going to bed, and you are almost certain to ward off a severe cold. For sale by all druggists.

Columbia Course in Politics.

To Columbia university belongs the credit of offering the first course designed to give students a practical knowledge of the conduct of political affairs. That institution has asked the bureau of municipal research in New York to give the members of the class the benefit of the experience it has derived from the study of the affairs of that city, and the invitation has been accepted. The growing demand for the adoption of the scientific methods of city governments tends support to the view that college men will be in demand in this department of the public service, the propriety and usefulness of a university course established on the lines indicated by the innovation at Columbia.

Haitians a Lazy Lot.

Sydney Brooks, writing to the London Chronicle about Haiti, says the Haitians were the first people in the world to abolish slavery, and Mrs. C. R. Miller, writing in Leslie's Weekly, says of Haiti: "In that little republic, covering about 10,000 square miles, within five days' sail of New York, one may encounter more strange complications and a greater disregard for human life than in the remote countries of the east. Situated in the very heart of the West Indies, where civilization exists in a high degree, Haiti alone has kept her doors closed to progress. She became an independent state more than 100 years ago, her rich lands were already under cultivation, but the lazy natives allowed the plantations to go to ruin, and for a long time have grown up instead."

Farm Employment for Criminals.

Gov. Harris of Ohio believes that criminals can be employed on a farm with advantage to themselves and the state. He proposes that prisoners in the penitentiary who are not confirmed criminals be transferred to the reformatory and put to work on the state farm. "It is the conditions of our cities that breed crime," says the governor. "Most of it can be traced to idleness and drink

STRIKERS IN EUROPE

EXTRACTS FROM BOOKER T. WASHINGTON'S FORTHCOMING BOOK, "THE MAN FARTHEST DOWN."

There is one English word which seems to be more widely known and used in Europe than almost any other. It is the word "Strike." Labor strikes, I have understood, had their origin with the factory system in England. But the people on the continent have improved on the original English device, and have found ways of using it which we, in America, at any rate, have rarely ever heard.

It seems to me that during my short journey on the continent, I heard of more kinds of strikes, and learned more about the different ways in which this form of warfare can be used than I ever learned before in all my life. In Europe one hears, for example, of political strikes, of general strikes, and of agricultural strikes, which are a peculiar and interesting variety of the ordinary labor strikes. There are rent strikes, "hunger riots," strikes of students, even of legislators, and when I was in Budapest, someone called my attention to an account in one of the papers of what was called a "house strike." This was the case in which the tenants of one of the large tenement buildings of apartment houses of the city had gone on a strike to compel the landlord to reduce the rent. They had hung the landlord in effigy in the big central court around which the building is erected, decorated the walls and balconies with scurrilous placards and then created such a disturbance by their jeers and outcries, supplemented with fish horns, that the whole neighborhood was roused. The house strikers took this way to advertise their grievances, gain public sympathy and secure reduction of the rent.

I had an opportunity, during my stay in Europe to get some first-hand information in regard to the manner of these continental strikes. I was in Berlin just before and after the three-day battle between the striking coal yard men of Moabit and the police. In the course of which several of the officers and hundreds of the people were wounded. For several days, one section of Berlin was practically in a state of siege. The police charged the crowd with their horses, trampled the people under foot, and cut them down with their swords. The soldiers hunted the strikers into the neighboring houses, where they attempted to barricade themselves and replied to the attacks of the police by hurling missiles from the windows of the houses into the streets below. At night the streets were in darkness. The strikers had cut the electric wires, thus shutting off the lights so that the police were compelled to carry torches in order to distinguish friends from foes.

At another time, while I was in Flume, Hungary, I had an opportunity to see for myself the manner and spirit in which these strikes are conducted, or rather the way in which they are put down by the police.

I had gone out one day to visit the immigrant station, which is situated on the outskirts of the city, and noticed, on my way thither, a number of policemen on the car. Then apparently at a signal from a man in charge, they seemed to melt away. Half an hour later, while I was at the immigrant station, I was startled by loud cries outside the building. Everyone rushed to the windows. The street was crowded with men, women and children, all running helter skelter in the direction of the city. Some of the hands in a nearby factory, I was told, had gone on a strike. I could not at first understand, however, why everybody seemed in such a state of terror. Very soon I learned they were running from the police, and a moment later the police themselves moved into view.

They were formed in a broad line across the avenue, and marching rapidly, simply swept everything before them. At their head, bearing a heavy cane, was a man in plain clothes. I do not know whether he was an officer or the proprietor of the factory, but I was struck by the haughty contempt with which he surveyed the rabble, as it melted away from in front of him. In a few minutes the street was empty and, so far as I could see, the strike was over.

It was a small affair in any case. There was no bloodshed and almost no resistance on the part of the strikers, so far as I could see. It was sufficient, however, to give me a very vivid notion of the ruthless way in which the governments of these stern military powers deal with rebellious laborers. European governments seem to have the habit of interfering, in a way of which we have no conception in this country, in all the small and intimate affairs of life. So it was not to be expected that they would be able, as the police in this country, to act as a neutral party or refuse to take part in the struggles, as we say, of labor and capital. That is the reason, I suspect, why in Europe strikes almost always turn out to be a battle with the police or an insurrection against the government.

Almost anything may be made, the occasion of a strike in Europe, it seems. Sometimes in Austria and Hungary, I have been told, members of the local diets, or provincial legislatures, go on a strike and refuse to make any laws, until certain demands have been complied with by the central government at Vienna. Sometimes the students in one or more of the national universities go on a strike

because a favorite professor has been moved by the governor or because they are opposed to some particular measure of the governor. Not infrequently in France and Italy, labor disturbances are fomented for political or party purposes, particularly among the employees of the state railway.

Strikes are a favorite weapon of the Socialists when they are seeking to force a political measure through parliament. Until a few years ago, it seemed that a "general strike," in which all the laborers of a city or several cities, suddenly lay down their tools and refuse to return to work until some concession has been granted by the government, was the means by which the Socialists proposed to overturn all the existing governments in Europe. Since the failure of the revolution in Russia and of similar movements on a smaller scale in Italy and elsewhere this form of strike seems to have fallen into disrepute.

The most novel and interesting form of labor insurrection of which I heard while I was in Europe was the "strike of the agricultural laborer." In both Hungary and Italy, the agricultural laborers have for some years past been organized into more or less secret societies, and the outbreaks which have been the more bloody and the more far-reaching in their influence than any labor strike in Europe.

The possibility that farm hands might be organized into labor unions and make use of this form of organization in order to compel the land owners to raise wages, had never occurred to me, and I took some pains to learn the condition in Hungary and Italy under which these organizations have grown up. In the next chapter I shall describe the farm laborer in Italy and Hungary and compare him with the negro farm laborer in the south.

EXHIBITS WIN PRAISE

Montgomery, Ala.—The Alabama Industrial exposition, held at Vandiver park, attracted large crowds of both races, many of whom came especially to see the exhibits in the negro building.

The magnificent corn arch in the center of the first floor of the building was a revelation of the modern methods of raising fine corn. This arch rested upon a rectangular frame thirty-seven feet wide and ten feet high, with a seven-foot aisle. Extra large ears of the finest corn in this state covered the dome of the arch. Three thousand ears of corn were on exhibition in the building. In the center of the first floor was a section reserved for products of colored farmers.

On the first floor of the negro building were exhibits from Tuskegee institute, the agricultural and mechanical college at Normal, Ala., and the Greenville Industrial school. On the second floor were exhibits of farmers, county conference schools and art clubs. The Tuskegee exhibit consisted of all kinds of work done by the students in the various departments, besides a splendid display of the agricultural work at the institute. Fine exhibits from the Tuskegee creamery also attracted visitors. Fine specimens of agricultural and mechanical work of the students at Normal were also on show.

MURPHY'S MAIL

A freckle-faced girl stopped at the post office and yelled out:

"Anything for the Murphys?"

"No, there is not," said the postmaster.

"Anything for Jane Murphy?"

"Nothing."

"Anything for Ann Murphy?"

"No."

"Anything for Tom Murphy?"

"No."

"Anything for Bob Murphy?"

"Not a bit."

"Anything for Jerry Murphy?"

"Nothing at all."

"Anything for Lise Murphy?"

"No, nor Pat Murphy, nor Dennis Murphy, nor for Pete Murphy, nor Paul Murphy, nor John, Jack or Jim Murphy, nor any Murphy, dead, living, unborn, native or foreign, civilized, savage or barbarous, male or female, black or white, franchised or disfranchised, natural or otherwise. No! there is positively nothing individual, jointly, severally, now and forever."

The girl looked at the postmaster in astonishment and said: "Please see if there is anything for Clarence Murphy."—National Monthly.

CHAMBERS FELT NO FEAR

At a well-known club in New York the other day one of those bores who are the bane of all clubs drew his chair up to Robert W. Chambers' and said, genially:

"Chambers, you are writing at the rate of two, and sometimes three, novels every year, to say nothing of your annual sheaf of short stories. Aren't you afraid that a time will come when you will have written yourself out?"

"My dear sir," Mr. Chambers replied, "I have no such fear. Just look at your own case. You have been talking for more than sixty years and you haven't talked yourself out, have you?"

A BUSINESS WOMAN

"If you do not marry me I shall kill myself in your presence."

"Give me until next Saturday at noon."

"To prepare for your wedding?"

"No, to prepare for your suicide. By that time I can have sold the rights to the picture to a moving picture concern."

day when it had been particularly talkative, Colonel Goethals' negro attendant overheard the colonel say:

"You old bird; I'll have you tried if you don't stop talking."

The next day when the colonel sat down to luncheon he had what appeared to be a fine chicken set before him.

"This chicken has a queer taste," he said to his negro, when he sampled it.

"Dat ain't no chicken, boss," the negro replied. "It's dat 'er parrot. It didn't stop talkin'."

URGES FRIENDLY RELATIONS BETWEEN WHITE AND BLACK

JUDGE W. R. HAMMOND DELIVERS STRONG ADDRESS TO NEGROES AT ATLANTA.

Pleading for friendly relations between the races, Judge W. R. Hammond delivered a strong and interesting address at the educational mass meeting held at the Central Avenue theater in the interest of negro education in the south.

His speech in full follows:

"To any thoughtful mind, it goes without saying, and is evident without argument or insistence, that the welfare of both races in this country, and especially in the south, is absolutely dependent upon the friendliness and cordiality existing between them. The growth and development of the organism which we call human society develops and expands a certain amount of force; and whether the best results are obtained depends on whether this force is all utilized for constructive purposes, or whether a part of it, or all of it, for that matter, is destructive in its operation. If a part of it only is constructive, and another part tends in the direction of disintegration and anarchy, then the resultant effect may be upward or downward, forward or backward, according to the predominance of the constructive or destructive elements. If there are warring elements, energy is absorbed in the conduct of the warfare, and the organic body of society suffers because of the lack of the harmonious cooperation that is necessary to its growth and development.

"It follows, then, that the true philanthropist must seek to reconcile warring and discordant elements, and bring all into harmonious co-operation for the general good. Labor must cease to war against capital, and capital must learn to have due regard for the rights of the laboring man. Every class and element must learn to respect every other, and all must obey the golden rule. In this way can civilization be accomplished, its best and most substantial advance, and in no other way is such an advance possible of attainment.

"The negro is a part of the south's civilization. His organic life is bound up with that of the white man in ties that are indissoluble. Fanatical utterances to the contrary notwithstanding, his elimination from the social organism of the south is not possible. All wise men will dismiss the thought, and seek some other solution of the race problem. The white man cannot kill him because he will not submit quietly to the operation. Neither can he transport him because it is too expensive. And these are the only two ways by which he can be eliminated. So it is perfectly evident to any sane mind that he must stay here, and continue for all time to be a vital part of our civilization.

"The question of how he came here is not at all important; but the question of what to do with him, seeing that he is here, is vital. But it may not be amiss to say that we recognize the hand of an overruling providence in the great fact of his presence in the midst of the white man's civilization. An overruling providence is one which overrules the evil designs of evil men, and turns them to good account. Who can name a great battle in the world's history that hasn't been overruled and turned to good account; and yet these battles were the direct outcome of the evil and malignant passions of men. So, the evil passions and sordid cupidities of the slave dealers, who captured these black men and brought them to our shores and sold them to our ancestors, have been overruled by a higher power, and the great great-grandchildren of these innocent people have become the wards of the American nation, and we are responsible to them for the faithful and conscientious execution of this high and important trust. Blatant demagogues may seek to obscure this truth, and try to make the people of the south to feel that they are under no obligation to the negro; but true men will recognize it, and will not refuse to set themselves steadily and efficiently to the task of helping him to work out his salvation and elevate himself to a higher plane of civilization.

"The inherent forces in the bosom of the white race, which are capable of being utilized for the advance of civilization, will be perceptibly diverted and diminished if the white man harbors a feeling of antipathy toward the negro, and indulges in acrimonious controversy with him. What he ought to do is to indulge himself in the feeling that he must look for good in the countenance of his black brother. If he looks for it he will find it, for it is there. A kindly glance will reveal it, when a contemptuous attitude, or a haughty indifference will effectually obscure it. Let the white man seek, by a recognition of the many good qualities and characteristics of the negro, to encourage him to develop those qualities and characteristics. Nothing develops character more effectually than a recognition and appreciation of the good that is in the other man; while a constant, cynical search for the bad, and an utter refusal to see the good, not only hides the good from our vision, but has a blighting effect upon the man who carries within him a latent bounteous consciousness that he has not been appreciated. We do a great wrong to the man whose good and true qualities we contemptuously or indifferently refuse to recognize. 'No man liveth to himself.' 'There are many white friends of

TOOK ONLY ONE TRICK

"I have seen some very remarkable

whist hands," said one of the bridge fiends in a downtown club on Saturday.

"But once, about four years ago, I saw one man hold all thirteen trumps."

"Why, that's not so extraordinary,"

said two or three players broke in all at once; "that's happened lots of—"

"Hold on! I'll tell you. What made this hand remarkable is that the man who held it only took one

trick."

"Nonsense! What are you—"

"It's a fact. When he trumped his partner's ace first time round his partner got up and threw him out of the window."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

THE FOLKS FROM MAINE

The governor of Maine was at the school and was telling the pupils what the people of different states were called.

"Now," he said, "the people from Indiana are called 'Hoosiers'; the people from North Carolina, 'Tar Heels'; the people from Michigan we know as 'Michiganders.' Now, what little boy or girl can tell me what the people of Maine are called?"

"I know," said a little girl.

"Well, what are we called?" asked the governor.

"Mainiacs."—Norfolk Virginian-Pilot.

DOYLE FINDS A HOLMES

Sir A. Conan Doyle had recently an amusing adventure with a Paris cabman. We read that the creator of Sherlock Holmes arrived at the station by the Paris Lyons & Mediterranean railway and hailed a cab.

When he paid the fare the cabman said: "Thank you, monsieur. Conan Doyle."

"How do you know my name?" asked Sir Conan. The cabman replied: "I read in the papers

that you were coming to Nice. I examined you at the station and your hair seemed to me to have been cut by a southern barber and your boots bear traces of the mud which we find at Lyons." Sir Conan, surprised to find a sort of Sherlock Holmes whip in hand, complimented the coachman on his ingenuity and asked if he had noticed any other point of identification.

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Iowa State Bystander

ESTABLISHED FOR CO. PUBLICATION
DES MOINES, IOWA
FRIDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1911

Official paper of the M. W. U. Grand
Lodge of Iowa, A. F. & A. M., and
International Grand Congress of
Herodians of Jericho of America
and Western Baptist Association
Published every Friday by the By-
stander Publishing Company, Des
Moines, Iowa. Office in Chamberlain
building, corner Seventh and Main
streets. Iowa phone, W. 999.

JOHN L. THOMPSON, EDITOR.
A. H. SHEPARD, MANAGER.

Entered at the postoffice as sec-
ond class matter.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One year, \$1.00.
Six months, .75.
Three months, .50.
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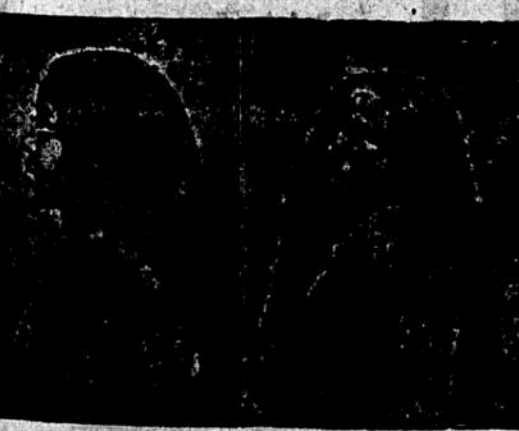


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all lengths, and all conditions of hair, even to the growing of hair on bald
places of the head, many persons accused the idea that such a thing was possi-
ble; but we have grown the hair for hundreds, rapidly achieving success. The
proof of the value of our work is that we are being imitated and largely by
persons whose own hair we have actually grown and the further fact that they
have very frequently mentioned us when trying to sell their goods (paying the
price is the same or "just as good") or referred to PORO. We advise you to
use only PORO Hair Grower, (the oldest and best of its kind.) See that the
name PORO is on every box, not genuine without it. Prepared only by Mrs.
A. M. POPE

Beware of imitations.
Call, or address mail to
MRS. A. M. POPE-TURNBO,
M. L. MOORE, Mo.
MRS. MOLLIE WHITNEY, 726 WEST 10TH, Des Moines, Ia., AGENT FOR PORO

FISTULA—PUT MONEY IN BANK— WAIT UNTIL CURED

Rectal Disease Cured Without a surgical operation. No Chlor-
form, Ether or other general anesthetic used. CURE GUAR-
ANTEED. EXAMINATION FREE. Write for book or
Piles and Rectal Diseases with names and testimonials (FREE)
DR. C. O. CLEMENT
Box 50 and Locust St. (Opposite Bank) Des Moines, Iowa

FOR ECZEMA, TETTER AND SALT RHEUM.

The intense itching characteristic
of these ailments is almost instantly
allayed by Chamberlain's Salve.
Many severe cases have been cured
by it. For sale by all dealers.

A Friend to Negroes
Low Arnts, the well known Doctor
of Optics, believes in treating the color-
ed people the same as whites. This is
evidenced by the fact, he offers to sell
or rent to black or white alike, his resi-
dence at 3215 Fourth St., Highland
Park, which contains city water, sewer,
gas, barn, etc. for \$1250, on monthly
payments of \$10.

WE SEND SWITCHES and COIFFURES ON APPROVAL

All over the United States, Prepaid
(Examination Free.)
HIGH CLASS HAIR GOODS.
MODERATE PRICES

Send sample of hair with a
few particulars; we will make
an artistic selection and guar-
antee satisfaction. We send
the hair to you prepaid on ap-
proval. If you find it perfect-
ly satisfactory and a bargain
remit the price. If not return
at our expense.

We offer a 22 inch switch,
like cut, of natural wavy hu-
man hair to match any
ordinary shade.....\$1.98

THE OLIVE HAIR CO.,
608 Nic. Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.

Watches....

That you will be proud to
carry and at prices that you
can afford to buy.
Come in and see the won-
derful showing we are mak-
ing on

\$10.00 to \$32.00

watches. If you are think-
ing of buying a watch now—
or later, your chance is here
now. You will have no
better opportunity this
Spring. Come in now and
pick it out

Schlapp's
Sixth and Locust St.

MT. PLEASANT.

Mrs. Johnson of Ottumwa spent
Thanksgiving in the city.
The Thanksgiving program at the
Baptist was very fine indeed. The
children rendered some very pretty
selections. Much credit should be
given Mrs. Smith for her successful
labor.

Mrs. K. Bartlett returned home
Monday after an extended visit with
her children in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Williams of Agency
spent Thanksgiving in the city visit-
ing friends.

The Kink Daughters of A. M. E.
church gave their annual banquet
Thursday evening of last week. The
guests were met at the door by the
reception committee, composed of
Misses Myrtle Burnaugh, Agnes and
Louisa Mason. Mr. Robert Thomas.
The guests were seated at long tables
beautifully decorated with spow
lins and pink cypripediums, and
were served to an elegant menu.
When the last course had been duly
partaken, a short program was given.
Some of the special numbers were
sungen by Mr. Ralph Burnaugh, Mr.
and Harry Burnaugh. The banquet
was an event that will long be re-
membered by the folks who partici-
pated. The committee in charge was:
Madames Anderson, Ralph Burnaugh,
S. H. McCracken, Harry Burnaugh,
Clay Reed and Bert Wells.

The Kings' Daughters held a busi-
ness meeting at the home of Mrs.
Clay Reed, after which refreshments
were served by the hostess. Next
meeting will be with the Misses
Agnes and Louisa Mason.

A Thanksgiving ball was given
here at the 29th at Strawn's hall.
Many out of town people attended
and it proved to be a grand success.

BURLINGTON ITEMS.

Among the many blessings the Bur-
lingtonians had to give thanks for this
year is the decrease in sickness and
deaths, and also the fact that our
churches once more presided over by
good christian, energetic ministers.

Miss Ida Palmer is in Chicago visit-
ing relatives and friends.

Mr. James Brooks is able to resume
his position at the Undertaker's barn
after a severe sick spell.

Mrs. Anna Baker, of Peoria, Ill., was
a business visitor in this city last
week. She was the guest of Mrs. P.
Kling of Foster street.

The concert given by the Union Baptist
Sunday school Thanksgiving even-
ing was quite a success. It was given
at the white Baptist church on Wash-
ington street.

On last Sunday evening the Union
Baptist had a very large attendance.
Some who had not been out for two
years added to new members on their
roll.

KEOKUK NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Ware has bought
the property recently owned by Rev.
T. L. Smith. The property is located
at Thirteenth and Morgan streets.

Mr. George Bland, of Watertown,
Ill., visited a few days last week at
the home of his mother, Mrs. Fannie
Williams. Sixteenth and Fulton street.

Friends in the city deeply regret that
Mr. Wilbert Fields, whose illness was
reported in last week's Bystander, is
still very ill. However, the last report
was a little more favorable.

Mrs. C. E. Beckley, who upon return-
ing home from Chicago, where she had
been called to attend the funeral of
her sister-in-law, Mrs. J. W. Fidler,
reported word that her son, Montrose,
was very ill of pneumonia in Kansas
City. She left at once for Kansas City
and found him greatly improved. She
returned to her home last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Wilson, of Des
Moines, is in the city, the guest of
Mr. Wilson's mother, Mrs. Geo. Dade,
611 South Eleventh street.

The Christmas program for Bethel
A. M. E. Sunday school is being ar-
ranged under the supervision of Mrs.
Lena Porter. This occasion bids fair
to surpass all previous ones. Mrs. Por-
ter has labored with untiring energy
in her endeavors to interest the chil-
dren, and to her much credit is due.

The Union services at the A. M. E.
church on Thanksgiving day was quite
well attended. Rev. Brown, from the
Seventh Street Baptist church,
preached an able sermon, which was
greatly appreciated by all. The choir
that was made up of members of the
different churches, rendered excellent
music for the occasion.

The Rev. Mr. Johnson, from Texas,
preached at the Union Baptist church
on the third inst.

The entertainment given by Union
Lodge, No. 1, at their hall, Thurs-
day evening was a splendid success. A
very interesting program was rendered,
after which dancing was indulged in.
Also a splendid luncheon was served
by the committee. They will give an-
other entertainment on Christmas night.

The Masonic reunion held in Union Lodge Hall Thanksgiving night was a splendid success.

A large crowd was
present to hear the excellent program
given by Keokuk's best talent. Mr.
F. D. Fields and Mrs. Garnett Johnson
gave two very pleasing instrumental
selections. Mrs. Mary F. Bland was at
her best in a recital from the works of
Dunbar.

Mr. W. W. Gross read an excellent
paper on the "Origin of Masonry."
The Patrons Quartette was an in-
stantaneous hit. They were compelled
to respond to numerous encores.

Mr. William Martin maintained his
ability as "Master of Ceremonies."
Miss Eldora Burton entertained a
number of her friends last Wednesday
evening. Social games were indulged
in until an appropriate hour when
light refreshments were served.

The Young Men's Sunday Lecture
club at Bethel has been revived and
is doing good work.

Miss Ella Scott was hostess to a few
invited guests last Friday evening in
honor of her sister, Miss Jessie, who
spent her Thanksgiving vacation at
home.

The usual number of young men
went to Ft. Madison Thanksgiving day.
Information has been received in the
city of the serious illness of Mrs. Mae
Scurry, of Chicago, who was formerly
Miss Woods of this city. Mrs. Scurry
is in St. Luke's hospital.

The Old Folks' concert that was pre-
sented at Pilgrims Rest church on
Thanksgiving evening was largely at-
tended. The solo by Mr. Thos. Jeffers-
on, the dialogue by Mrs. Sallie Thom-
son and Mrs. Chas. Wilson, and the chor-
us led by Mr. Lou Washington were all
star hits that occasioned much enjoy-
ment for all.

Mrs. Chas. Ebnanks, of Ft. Madison,
who has been a patient sufferer of a
lingering malady for some time, is in
the city receiving treatment of Mr. Ed-
ward Robeson, who is deserving of
mention because he has won fame for
himself in his ability to heal. Upon
his own merits he has gained the con-
fidence of a number whom he has
helped to recovery. Mr. Geo. Foster is
improving under his care. He suffered
a paralytic stroke some time ago and
was in the hospital several weeks. Mr.
Robeson is truly endowed with a super-
natural gift.

Mr. Geo. Dandridge, of Omaha, Neb.,
has returned home after an absence of
four years. He will spend several
weeks with his parents, Mr. and Mrs.
Rufus Dandridge, of near Summitville.

Mrs. McFadden and daughter, of
Hanibal, Mo., are the guests of Mrs.
Sallie Vaughn and daughter, Mrs. Wm.
Taylor. Mrs. McFadden is a sister of
Mrs. Vaughn.

Remember the date of the turkey
supper at Bethel under auspices of the
Mrs. Ollie Reynolds, of Chicago, is
here for a few days as guest of her
grandmother, Mrs. Penix.

The Coleridge Taylor Music club will
meet at the home of Miss Nellie Kelle-
on the 5th inst. Various numbers, both
instrumental and vocal, will be pre-
sented by the different members.

Mrs. Julia Hardy and children, of
Lagrange, Mo., are visiting at the home
of Mrs. Hardy's mother, Mrs. Carter,
of near Sandusky. Rev. and Mrs. Har-
dy expect soon to locate in St. Joseph,
Mo.

Miss Daisy Ware, our highly talented
and cultured vocalist, appeared in song
at Ft. Madison on Thanksgiving day
to a very appreciative audience.

Miss Helen Wilson, of Galesburg,
Ill., is visiting her grandmother, Mrs.
Maggie Smith, of near Sandusky.

A class of four was admitted to full
membership at Bethel last Sunday eve-
ning, viz, Miss Mollie Singleton, Mr. and
Mrs. Fielding Johnson and Wm. Mills.
A musical selection appropriate for the
occasion was rendered by Mr. and Mrs.
Chas. Wilson of Des Moines.

CEDE RAPIDS, IOWA.

Mr. Harry Raglin, of Olevin, Iowa,
spent Thanksgiving with his mother.

**FORD'S
HAIR POMADE**
MAKES HARSH, KINKY OR CURLY HAIR
GLASSY, SOFTER AND MORE PLIABLE.
EASY TO COMB AND SET UP IN ANY STYLE.
THE LATEST AND MOST PERFECTLY
FOR PREVENTING HAIR FROM FALLING OUT, AND FOR
OF SCALE BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. GET THE GENUINE. PUT UP IN
25c AND 50c BOTTLES WITH CHARLES FORD'S NAME ON
EVERY PACKAGE.

**TRY FORD'S ROYAL WHITE
SKIN LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION.
MAKES THE SKIN WHITER IMMEDIATELY
UPON APPLICATION. WILL NOT IRRITATE
THE MOST DELICATE SKIN. UNEXCELLED
FOR ECZEMA, SALT RHEUM, PIMPLES,
ROUGH SKIN AND FRECKLES. A
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. IF YOUR DRUGGIST CANNOT
SUPPLY YOU, WE WILL SEND IT TO YOU DIRECT AT THE
FOLLOWING PRICES: SMALL SIZE BOTTLE, 25c; LARGE SIZE BOTTLE,
50c. THE OZONIZED OX MARROW CO.,
232 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.**

AGENTS WANTED.

BOSTON MARKET Co.

Greatest Variety in the City of
**Choice Meats, Fish, Poultry
and Delicacies.**
We Strive to Please with the Best of
Goods and Prompt Service
PHONE 765
320 Sixth Avenue Des Moines, Iowa.

HAIR GOODS

The most Complete Line We Have Ever Shown
**Bangs, Switches, pompadors, Transformations,
Braids, Full and Half Wigs and Waves**
We also make up any of the above in gray.
Our prices are reasonable and are goods are such that give
satisfaction.
OUR DOLL HOSPITAL is complete and we repair any
old doll.
Doll Shoes, Slippers, Stockings, Arms, Hands and Feet
F. W. FRANZ
705 Locust St. 2nd door west of Chamberlain Hotel PHONE 2879 WALNUT

Mrs. George Raglin.
Mrs. S. W. Green is on the sick list
this week.

Mr. and Mrs. McDeaires and son, of
Iowa City, visited their daughter, Mrs.
S. W. Green.

Mr. Harry Horne entertained at his
home six of his friends with luncheon.
Miss Lenna Green, of Toledo, Ohio,
spent Thanksgiving with Miss Orga
Morgan.

Mr. Robert McMeary and Miss Tayon
took dinner with Mr. and Mrs. Narcilla
Jackson Sunday.

The Allen guards will meet at the
home of Mrs. Jessie Smith on Wednes-
day, December 6.

The One More Effort club will meet
at the home of Mrs. S. B. Holley on
Friday, December 8. The program of
Sunday evening was in charge of Mrs.
Allie Boyd and the little children. It
was largely attended. Solos by Mrs.
Mable Perkins and Miss Ruth Boyd.
A beautiful solo was rendered by Miss
Boyd.

The quicker a cold is gotten rid of
the less danger from pneumonia and
other serious diseases. Mr. B. W. L.
Hall, of Waverly, Va., says: "I firmly
believe Chamberlain's Cough Rem-
edy to be absolutely the best prepa-
ration on the market for colds. I
have recommended it to my friends
and they all agree with me." For
sale by all dealers.

OGDEN, IOWA.

Special to Bystander.
We are getting on nicely. We have
erected a nice little church at this
point, which is Pilgrim Baptist church,
and have as pastor Rev. J. W. Morton,
who gives us two Sundays a month
and two Sundays at Orolabor. We have
first and third at Ogden. We also have
a very good B. Y. P. U. and Sunday
school. Also a nice literary society on
Monday evening. Mrs. Rev. J. W.
Morton, Mrs. Alice Brown, Mrs. Jessie
Moore and Mrs. Alice Bell have been
on the sick list for a few days but is
all better now.

The Daughters give a public instal-
lation under the auspices of Daughter
Brooks of Des Moines high priestess.
Sir Knight Adams, of Council Bluffs,
was here on Tuesday and set up Knight
at this place.

There was services at the church all
day Thanksgiving. Preaching by past-
or at 11:30. Dinner at 2 p. m. and
a grand concert at 8 p. m. under the
auspices of Mrs. Rev. J. W. Morton as-
sisted by Mrs. F. Jones. Music by Mrs.
Crofford. We would be glad to have
friends visit our town.

Miss Kelley of Kansas City was in
town Thanksgiving.

Jones & Lucas

FUNERAL DIRECTORS
The very best service
guaranteed. Prices the
lowest.
Calls answered prompt-
ly day or night. No
extra charges for dis-
tance—Reverse all
phone charges.
Phone Maple 2548.
Office 649 East Court. Des Moines, Ia.

Mrs. Goldie Morris left for home in
Huntsville, Mo. Saturday.

Mr. H. J. Rogers spent his Thank-
sgiving with his son in Des Moines.

ROCK ISLAND NEWS.

There was an entertainment at the
McKinley Baptist church last Tuesday
evening for the benefit of the church.
Monday a week ago Mr. Wm. Taylor
Sr. was sent to Water town Hospital
for treatment. I hope for him a speedy
recovery.

Last Wednesday the progressive art
club met at the residence of Mrs.
Danglefields for the purpose of distrib-
uting baskets to those whom they
thought would appreciate it. The
baskets were nicely put up with a
chicken vegetables, fruit and salad in
each. We hope that all of our people
were well cared for all over the world
and that many thanks were sent to the
Father above for these kind gifts from
his laborers.

The wayman chapel A. M. E. church
gave special services Thanksgiving day
at 11 a. m. and Rev. W. H. Saunders
preached a soul stirring sermon offer-
ing which all went to the dining parlors
of the church for dinner supper and the
evening concert.

The S. M. T. gave an entertainment
at Beslin Hall Wednesday night a nice
crowd was out and enjoyed the good
music by our home band under the
directions of Prof. R. Jackson and Rev.
L. M. Daniels Presiding of the Keokuk
district will speak the Wayman A. M.
E. Chapel Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Golden Jr. enter-
tained at dinner Thanksgiving Mr. and
Mrs. Chas. Golden Sr. and family and
Mr. and Mrs. H. Houston and family.

Mr. Wm. Taylor spent a part of
Thanksgiving day with his father at
Watertown Hospital.

Mr. Peter Thompson of Rock Island
and Miss Grey of Chicago were united
in marriage by Rev. W. H. Saunders
Tuesday evening Nov. 28, 1911. We
wish them success and happiness
through life.

Mr. R. B. Taborn of the northern
agents for Tuskegee Institute with
headquarters at Chicago was a guest of
Mr. E. B. Hosmer another Tuskegee
agent with headquarters at Rock Island
Thursday and Friday evening. Mr.
Taborn left Friday evening for Chicago
and Mr. Hosmer left Saturday morning
for La Crosse Wisconsin.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Moore entertained
at dinner Sunday Rev. W. H. Saunders.
Grage and Alfred Moore are on the
sick list.

Mrs. S. ann entertained at dinner
Thanksgiving Mr. and Mrs. Britten of
Moline.

When you have a cold get a bottle
of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It
will soon fix you up all right and will
ward off any tendency toward pneu-
monia. This remedy contains no opium
or other narcotic and may be given
as confidently to a baby as to an
adult. Sold by all druggists.

OSKALOOSA.

Miss Carry of Iowa City University
visited her parents Mr. and Mrs. Frank
Allen at 615 B. ave west having spent
her Thanksgiving here will return to
school Monday.

Mrs. N. Wilson of Chicago is visiting
her Brother Mr. Frank Allen at 615 B.
ave west for ten days.

Robt. Johnson Thanksgiving dance was a success every way a large crowd was there and an enjoyable time was had.

Mr. Orval Spotts and Miss Cecile
Spotts of Ottumwa were Thanksgiving
visitors with Homer Johnson.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Jones and daugh-
ter Edna spent Thanksgiving at the
home of their daughter Mrs. Chas. Wil-
son of Ottumwa.

Mrs. Lena Dewitt of Burton is visit-
ing at the home of Mrs. E. E. Jones, on
north 5th street.

Walter Smith returned to his home
in Chicago Monday after spending a
month with mother.

Mrs. Oscar Roper and son visited at
the home of her Father and sister Mrs.
W. Lewis Thanksgiving.

Attorney Geo. H. Woodson of Burton
was a business caller in our city last
week.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Smith of Des Moines
spent Thanksgiving at the home of Mr.
Smiths mother Mrs. H. Williams on A.
avenue east. Mrs. Smith returned home
Friday while his wife remained for a
week's visit.

Inell Connell and Thos. Spicer were
up from Ottumwa to the Thanksgiving
dance.

Mrs. Berth Daniels of Des Moines,
spent a ten day visit at the home of
her mother Mrs. Jordon Wilson on 7th
street.

The Literary will meet every Tuesday
night. Mrs. Bell president Luella
Frank vice president Hattie Flannery
secretary, Edna Jones assistant secre-
tary, C. L. Franklin Treasurer, Rev.
Bell chaplain, Miss Buckner and Lewis
program com. Mrs. M. Henderson
chairman of Finance com.

The young people feel the need of
such an organization we have some
splendid talents here if we could only
get the young people awake.

Miss Nora Motts was shopping in our
city one day last week.

Mrs. John Barquest is able to be
about again after a few weeks illness.

Mr. Will Jeffers has moved two miles
northwest of town he has a better loca-
tion for his dairy farm.

The 2nd Baptist church gave an enter-
tainment last week, quite a neat sum
was raised, they are trying to raise
money to remodel their church. Rev. O.
Smith is pastor.

Stewards leve luncheon at Mrs. Bells
Wednesday afternoon from 2 to 5 p. m.
Sewing circle met at the home of
Mrs. Franklin Friday afternoon.

When your feet are wet and cold,
and your body chilled through and
through from exposure take a big
dose of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy,
bathe your feet in hot water before
going to bed, and you are almost cer-
tain to ward off a severe cold. For
sale by all druggists.

College Course in Politics.

To Columbia university belongs the
credit of offering the first course de-
signed to give students a practical
knowledge of the conduct of political
affairs. That institution has in the
bureau of municipal research in New
York to give the members of the
class the benefit of the experience it
has derived from the study of the af-
fairs of that city, and the invitation
has been accepted. The growing de-
mand for the adoption of the scien-
tific methods of city governments
tends support to the view that college
men will be in demand in this de-
partment of the public service, by the
propriety and usefulness of a uni-
versity course established on the lines
indicated by the innovation at Colum-
bia.

Haitians a Lazy Lot.

Sydney Brooks, writing to the Lon-
don Chronicle about Haiti, says the
Haitians were the first people in the
world to abolish slavery, and Mrs. C.
R. Miller, writing in Leslie's Weekly,
says of Haiti: "In that little republic,
covering about 10,000 square miles,
within five days' sail of New York, one
may encounter more strange complica-
tions and a greater disregard for hu-
man life than in the remote coun-
tries of the east. Situated in the
very heart of the West Indies, where
civilization exists in a high degree,
Haiti alone has kept her doors closed
to progress. She became an independ-
ent state more than 100 years ago,
after rich lands were already under cul-
ture, but the lazy natives allowed
the plantations to go to ruin, and for-
ests have grown up instead."

Farm Employment for Criminals.

Gov. Harris of Ohio believes that
criminals can be employed on a farm
with advantage to themselves and in
state. He proposes that prisoners in
the penitentiary who are not con-
firmed criminals be transferred to the
reformatory and put to work on the
state farm. "It is the conditions of
our cities that breed crime," says the
governor. "Most of it can be traced
to idleness and drink, and idleness is
frequently the cause of drink. There
is little drink in the country and prac-
tically no idleness. If the young man
who had slipped over the bounds of a
law were taught scientific farming he
would come to like it and escape the
associates who carry him down when
he returns to the city."

Milk an Intoxicant.

New York City alone consumes an-
nually 840,000,000 quarts of milk. We
drink 2,300,000 quarts a day. And
this does not include mothers' milk
for infants; just cows' milk—watered
and unwatered, for both infants and
adults. "Milk," says Emerson, "is
readily made intoxicating in warm
climates simply by agitation. This
feature was quickly discovered." Be-
ing placed in a skin and slung from
the shoulder or over the back it was
agitated by the motion of the hunter,
and fermentation was soon well under
way. The skin was undoubtedly none
too clean, some milk of the previous
day being left in it, which would
set it off.

He has achieved success—who has lived long, laughed often, and loved much; who has gained the trust of pure women, the respect of intelligent men, and the love of little children; who has filled his niche and accom- plished his task; who has left the world better than he found it, whether by an improved poppy, a perfect poem, or a rescued soul; who has never lacked appreciation of earth's beauty and failed to express it; who has al- ways looked for the best in others and given the best he had; whose life was an inspiration; whose memory a benediction."—Bessie A. Stanley.

Bankrupt!!!!

The Plymouth Clothing Store Located at
419 W. Wal. St.

PUBLIC NOTICE

The Two Large Clothing Stocks

Bankrupt!!!!

The Economy Clothing and Shoe Store
Located at---
403 W. Wal. St.

known as the Plymouth Clothing Company at 419 Walnut St., and the Economy Clothing and Shoe stock at 403 W. Wal. St. owned by Rubenson and Silver have been declared bankrupt and were sold to the New York Brokerage Co., the highest bidders, on Dec. 7, 1911, by the referee in bankruptcy W. H. Cathcart, by order of Judge McPherson, of the Federal Court--These stocks are two of the largest clothing stocks in Des Moines. The store at 419 W. Walnut was opened about a year ago, and carried the highest grade of clothing and furnishings to be found within the boundaries of the United States. The store at 403 Walnut St. was opened with bright new merchandise about 2 yrs. ago, these stores carried such lines as Becker and Mayer, graduate clothiers of Chicago, Art Craft clothes of New York, M. Wile and Co. of Buffalo, N. Y. Schwab clothes of St. Louis, Fur Coats from Slavik of St. Paul and Duke of York of New York City, Hats, John B. Stetson, Moxine of Philadelphia, Gamble and Sons Chicago, of shirts and collars, Monarch, Cluett, Lion, Gotham and other leading brands, Neckwear and Hosiery, Carter and Holmes, Chicago, Superba, Cohen and Co. of N. Y., Gloves, John C. Allen and Sons, Gloveville and Faultless. This stupendous array of high grade merchandise will be cut and slashed until not a vestige of the former price remains, a sale for the masses, one dollar does the work of two **during this extraordinary 14 day bankrupt sale**

14
Days of
Selling

**SALE OPENS FRIDAY DECEMBER 8TH
AT 9. A. M. SHARP**

14
Days of
Selling

Don't miss this sale... Don't let any thing keep you away---Be a money saver-- Come with the crowd---where your dollar buys you two dollars worth of high grade merchandise. NOTICE: A petition has been circulated and signed by the clothing merchants asking some of the larger papers to reject our advertising. We believe in a square deal, we also believe the public should be informed of the facts that this Big Bankrupt sale will be demoralizing to some of the high priced stores, is self evident. We will allow no concern big or little to undersell or even reach the sacrifice prices that will be in force during this rousing 14 day Bankrupt sale---

Remember The Time and Places!!

THE PLYMOUTH CLOTHING CO. 419 West Walnut
The Economy Clothing Company 403 W. Walnut

DES MOINES, IOWA

The New York Brokerage Company in charge

M. L. URDANGEN, Gen'l Mgr., Iowa Stores,

DAVENPORT NOTES.

The Union Thanksgiving services at Bethel A. M. church were carried out per program. The choir sang beautifully in keeping with the occasion. The large audience joined in reading the 100 Psalm. The president's proclamation was read by Mrs. G. E. Merck. Governor's, read by Miss La. Lewis, of the Davis Congregational church, preached an able sermon. Sub-

ject: "Development of Spiritual Life. The program at evening was put on by the Sunday school and was well attended, and the audience was royally entertained. Mr. J. A. Cissel spoke at Bethel Sunday evening. Subject: "Men and Religion Forward Movement. Eleven laymen of Bethel attended the meeting at St. Pauls Lutheran church Monday evening to hear Mr. Marcell, president of the Colored Col-

lege, on the subject, Men and Religion Forward Movement. Thirty-five members and friends of Bethel A. M. E. church surprised Rev. and Mrs. Stovall with a shower. Mrs. L. A. Porter made the presentation speech on behalf of the stewardestes. Mrs. D. S. Johnson on behalf of the trustees. Mr. Eugene Green on behalf of the stewards, after which, short speeches were made by all present, telling the pastor and family how they all

appreciated them for their christian lives and noble service. Miss Carrie May, Washington, and Mr. Harry C. Buckner were quietly married at the A. M. E. parsonage Tuesday evening. Rev. T. B. Stovall performed the ceremony. Mr. J. H. Harris acted as best man. The Third Baptist church expects to have a pulpit filled in the near future. The game supper given at the resi-

dence of Mrs. Coon on Harrison street Tuesday evening by Club No. 2 of the Third Baptist church, was a decided success. Grand Master E. T. Banks, A. F. and A. M. of Iowa and jurisdiction will make his official visit to Hiram Lodge, No. 19, Wednesday evening, December 20. All members of Hiram lodge are requested to meet at the lodge room on the above date to hail the Grand Master on this, his first

visit. Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Barkley, of Washington, Iowa, are visiting their daughter, Mrs. L. F. Phillips. Mrs. A. D. Sumlin left for Chicago Monday evening, where she will give instructions in tailoring at the McDaniel's Institute. Rev. Stovall and fourteen members held services at the county jail Sunday afternoon. This was a great meeting. Four prisoners expressed a hope

in Christ. Mrs. Hattie Lambert, of South Rock Island, was a Davenport visitor Monday. Mrs. M. O. Culbertson, her son and two daughters of Clinton, Iowa, were the guests of the Scott McGaw home for Thanksgiving. Mrs. L. F. Phillips is planning a lecture tour through the Iowa Conference.