

# IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

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No. 40.

## IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE AFRICAN-AMERICAN PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION OF IOWA.  
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J. L. THOMPSON, EDITOR.  
J. H. SHEPARD, MANAGER.

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Communications must be written on one side of the paper only and be of interest to the public. "Brevity is the soul of wit," remember. We will not return rejected manuscripts, unless accompanied by postage stamps.

## CITY NEWS

Easter hats are ready.—MASON'S.

Mrs. McClinton is again on the sick list.

Frank Simmons is now at Siegel's Furniture Store.

Mrs. Effie Watkins is numbered among the sick this week.

Miss Nell of Montezuma is in our city to remain indefinitely.

Miss Rachel entertained a few of her friends last Friday evening.

Daniel Shortridge has accepted a position at the Grant club.

Bert Williams has been working at Valley Junction for several weeks.

Miss Nellie Leftridge has returned to the city after an absence of several months.

Mrs. C. B. Woods, who has been sick for so long, is better and will soon return to her home.

The A. M. E. Sunday School is preparing a special program for Easter service, March 30th.

Mr. Charles Richardson, who has been seriously ill for some time, was taken to the Iowa Sanitarium hospital Thursday.

Dr. A. G. Edwards is negotiating the purchase of a horse and a pneumatic tire buggy. The doctor says his practice is steadily increasing.

Sunday at St. Paul's A. M. E. church the subject for 10:30, "If God be for us who can be against us." At 7:30, "Reconciliation of the memory." Mr. Geo. I. Holt will sing a solo, other music by the choir.

Don't forget to give me a call Equal Rights Barber Shop and Bath Rooms, 320 West Third street. Bath rooms open until 12 on Sundays.

CHAS. J. ROY, Prop.

Best Milliners on earth.—MASON'S.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Jackson gave a surprise birthday party Wednesday evening in honor of their daughter, Bessie's eighteenth anniversary. The evening was spent in games, dancing and merry making until twelve o'clock.

Geo. Bryan, band-master of Busco & Holland Minstrels No. 3, was in the city Monday, having spent Sunday with his parents at Osceola and to attend the funeral of his brother. He was returning to join the company.

The H. B. S. Reading Circle met with Mrs. Palmer Thursday afternoon entertained by Mrs. L. Denney. The following officers were elected: President, Mrs. F. Jackson; Vice-president, Mrs. L. Denney; Secretary, Mrs. R. A. Wilburn; Assistant Secretary, Mrs. A. Newton; Treasurer, Mrs. J. Hamilton; Mesdames Graves and Palmer, Editor. The club will meet next week with Mrs. Dr. Edwards.

Last Wednesday evening at the beautiful home of Mrs. J. T. Blagburn the Trustees Aid Number One gave their first entertainment, serving supper from 6:30 to 10:30 P. M. to a very large crowd. The evening was spent in social conversation, music and singing. It was one of the most sociable and entertaining event given this season, much credit is due to Mesdames Cleggett, Blagburn, Graves, Elliott, Baker and Thompson.

Latest styles, lowest prices. Mason's

H. R. WRIGHT, Attorney at Law, room No. 212 Iowa Loan & Trust Bldg.

The Republican County Convention will be held tomorrow, (Saturday) at the Auditorium.

Rev. T. L. Griffith pastor of the Corinthian Baptist church spent last week visiting his wife and father-in-law in Albia, his wife is in possession of a baby both mother and child doing well.

Mrs. Chas. Birney, sister-in-law of Mr. W. H. Birney of Sioux Falls, S. D. was in our city on business a few days this week. She is very intelligent and conversant.

Among those who were at the Auditorium last Thursday night to greet Sousa's band were: Misses Lena Gardner, Zoe Richardson, Mamie Mimms, Ora Schaefer, Lula Johnson, Messers. Claude Hawkins, E. W. Thompson, Marshall Swader, Edward Fosett.

The dancing party given at the Cyeing hall by Kenneth Hamilton Wednesday night of last week, was well patronized. Kromer's Orchestra furnished music.

The following program will be rendered by members of the Eureka club on the 19th inst: Quotations from Longfellow, Mrs. H. W. Hughes; Remarks, W. E. Fraizer; Recitation, Miss Ruth Lewis; Report of Critic.

J. H. Mixon, Jeweler, No. 312 West Third street, tunes pianos and repairs organs.

The Iroquois club met at the home of the Misses Allens on Park street. The club will meet next week with Miss Alice Morton and will take up the study of Paul Laurence Dunbar.

PRES. BESSIE JACKSON.  
SECT'Y. LOUISE CLAY.

Lowest prices on earth.—MASON'S.

Mr. E. N. Hyde visited Ames college with members of the legislature Wednesday afternoon and evening, where they were royally entertained by the faculty and students. Mr. P. C. Parks of Orangeburg, South Carolina, made it very pleasant for Mr. Hyde while there.

Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Johnson passed through our city enroute to Albany, Mo. They were the guests of Mrs. J. L. Thompson while here. Mrs. Mollie Watson of the above named place also spent several days of this week with her sister Mrs. Thompson.

### THE APRIL DELINEATOR.

A further generous supply of the Spring fashions, which have now taken definite shape, is given in the current Delineator. The modes of the season are graceful and becoming and in unusual harmony with the new goods and trimmings. The literary features make this number a notable one. Charles G. D. Roberts contributed a novelette The Chatelaine of Cheticamp, the scene of which is laid in Acadia, which the author pictures so delightfully; the action is rapid and full of interest. Dr. S. R. Elliott writes entertainingly of Kate Field, one of the cleverest and versatile of women, who entered so largely into the social life of Washington. A fine pictorial opportunity is grasped in an article on the Interpretation of Beauty, with text by N. Hudson Moore. The Religious Sentiment in Photography will appeal to camera lovers and is especially timely at this season. In the series on Athletics for Women, Regis, Senae, a well-known fencing master, writes of art, and special illustrations are given. The home interests are strongly represented in an article on draperies, the lessons in cookery, and the items on household science; while parents are directly appealed to in Dr. Murray's second paper on the training of children, for whom amusement is provided in more pastimes by Lina Beard and another Brownie story by Silas G. Pratt.

### CHEAP COLONISTS RATES TO THE NORTHWEST?

To Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana, Utah and Northwest Wyoming the Burlington route will sell very cheap tickets every day during March and April from all stations. If you want to get there in quick time, comfortably, yet with least expense, ask your ticket agent about our chair car and tourist sleeping car service, or write me for colonist folder, which tells about it. F. S. Eustis, G. P. A., Chicago, Ill.

### DEATH OF MRS. FITCH.

On last Sunday night, about 10:30 o'clock Mrs. Rose Fitch, who had been a sufferer for more than six months, died at her home 1314 West Nineteenth street, of pulmonary tuberculosis, from which she had suffered or been confined the most of the time since last August. Mrs. Rose Fitch was the wife of Mr. Henry Fitch, an honest, highly respected and a hard working man. She was born in October, 1854 in Alabama, and married to Mr. Fitch twenty-seven years ago and they lived together struggling to make a way in this world, and by hard work they have succeeded well. She was a true wife, an industrious woman, assisting her husband in the management of their business. She was a faithful member of the A. M. E. church and a good member of the Household of Ruth, which had charge of her burial. The funeral services were held at the A. M. E. church, conducted by Rev. H. S. Graves who was assisted by Revs. T. L. Griffith, P. Irvin and Robt. Raikes. The floral tribute was nice. Loving hands done all in their power to relieve Mrs. Fitch from suffering while sick, yet we cannot stop God's will. Her remains were laid to rest in Woodland cemetery. She leaves three sisters, a husband and many friends to mourn her death.

### CALL FOR A NATIONAL REPUBLICAN CONVENTION OF COLORED MEN.

First: The object of the National Afro-American Republican League of the United States will be to educate and instruct the people in Republican politics and to organize Republican clubs to distribute literature and to arouse an interest among the colored people and to work for the interests, advancement and success of the Republican party.

Second: The number to organize a subordinate Republican Club shall not be less than 15. Each Club shall consist of a President, first and second Vice President, Secretary and Treasurer, and Executive Committee of five.

Third: Each Republican Club that has been permanently organized will be entitled to one delegate in the annual session in the National Afro-American Republican League of the United States.

Fourth: Each republican Club will send in a list of the officers and members of their club once a year to the President and General Secretary.

The next annual session of the National Afro-American Republican League of the United States will meet on the 15th of August, 1902, at Springfield, Ohio.

JOHN G. JONES, President,  
3717 Armour Ave. Chicago.  
W. CALVIN CHASE, Gen. Sec'y,  
Washington, D. C.

### RESULT OF PRIMARIES.

The republican primaries last Friday seem to have instructed or selected a Hull delegation on the face of the returns, although Judge Prouty received a majority of the popular vote; he having received 5,925, while Hull received 5,825; yet by impulsion, fraud and trickery Hull controls 133 delegates, while Prouty has 108. At this time we cannot say what will be the ultimate outcome, as there is several alleged frauds in different precincts. We prefer to wait and see what action the county convention will take tomorrow with those alleged frauds. For judicial honors are, Holmes, McVey, Howe and McHenry; Miller for county attorney and Mrs. Frank Dolson for county recorder; Coffin for county clerk and Fred Cope was re-nominated for county auditor.

In the city department James M. Brenton swept the city by an overwhelming majority. While many of the city officers will require the convention to nominate, yet those who now have enough to nominate are: Judge Silvaria,

Harry Gross treasurer; John B. Lucas auditor; Chas. Schramm assessor. For the office of city market master none has enough and it will take several ballots to nominate. Shortridge leads, next is Ratcliff, Keasley and Logan. The latter name is the only colored man that will have a standing in the convention, ranking the lowest in number of delegates. Mr. Ruff never carried a precinct. As our race will only present but one name at the convention the white delegates will have an opportunity to nominate Mr. Logan, which we hope that they will do, for it is wisdom for them to do it at this time.

### WHITHER ARE THE WOMEN DRIFTING.

Not many weeks ago we were passing by a saloon and there standing directly in front of the main entrance, under the glare of the electric lights was a married woman who belongs to the church, a member of several clubs, who poses as a virtuous and true wife and mother, who comes from a good family, was absorbed in conversation with a "dusky hanger-on," who appeared to be about one-half intoxicated and is not fit to associate with reputable people. They were standing near each other and appeared to be talking in a very confidential manner. It has been said that the female in question will indulge in intoxicants and has been seen in such a stupor that she could hardly get on the car. Is such a person as that competent to be called a mother, wife or leading society woman?—Ex.

It pains us to say that our city is infested with such people.

### A CIRCULAR LETTER.

The colored people of Louisiana are imbued with the principle of protection, and they would be very much disappointed should concessions be made with Cuba relative to the tariff.

The reduction of twenty-five per cent, or any reduction whatever, on Cuban sugar would bring untold misery upon the wage-earners of that state. It is they would suffer, because it is the colored men and women who are employed by the sugar producers to cultivate the staple. Therefore, the destruction of that industry would fall upon them. The honored principle of the Republican party has always been in the interest of American industries, every Republican National Convention since 1858 has stood for the protection of American wage-earners, and under the protection system our glorious Republic stands foremost among the powers of the world.

The embodiment of this letter represents ninety-five per cent of the sentiment of the colored people of Louisiana. They are voters, and have stood and will stand by the Republican party just so long as it stands by its principles.

### THE BLACK MOVEMENT TO CENTRAL AFRICA.

To the colored people of the United States of America and other countries, of all orders, associations and societies:

The organizing committee on the movement hereby call you to assemble in mass meetings on the 3rd day of May, 1902 at 9 o'clock a. m., in every settlement, town and city in the land, to consider the necessity of emigrating in large colonies to Central Africa, where we shall unite and build up a government of our own. The same as other races have done. Send in the names of all men, women and children who wish to go, and take up collection for the purchase of supplies, and send to D. R. Thomas, organizing secretary at

Chattanooga, Tenn., so as to reach him by May 28, 1902, which date is fixed for the colored national convention. The Ethiopian uniform, flags and badges will be presented by the secretary of this convention, also the plans for moving the people.

C. B. MARTIN, Chairman.  
J. D. BAKER, Ass't. Organizer  
W. H. SWEENEY, "  
H. M. TURNER, Publisher  
D. R. THOMAS, O. S.

The Twentieth Century Literature Club will meet at the residence of Mrs. Brown, on Crocker street, Thursday afternoon, March 20th., and all members are earnestly requested to be present.

PRES. MRS. L. GOGGINS.  
COR. SEC. MRS. L. CANNADAY.

### HOMESEEEKERS VIA WABASH.

On March 4th and 18th, April 1st and 15th, May 6th and 20th, the Wabash will sell Homeseekers tickets to 32 states and territories at the low rate of one fare plus \$2.00 for the round trip. Any one looking for a home, or wishing to make a pleasure trip should write S. W. Flint, P. & T. A., Wabash, Des Moines, Iowa.

### PUTTING DOWN THE GAMBLERS.

Simple Incident That Broke Up Meeting of Moral Citizens.  
"These games of chance," said the distinguished gentleman who was addressing the representative citizens of the strictly moral town, "cannot be tolerated in our midst." (Cries of "Good! good!") "Shall we, because a social club finds it necessary to raise money, turn our backs and permit the operation of slot machines and other gambling devices?" (Loud shouts of "No! No!") Shall we permit our sons to be lured into the wicked belief that they can be risking a little win much?" (Cries of "Never!") "It's an outrage!" "Down with the gamblers!"

At that instant one of the moral gentlemen happened to glance at the ticker, which had been temporarily set up under the stairway. With a blanched face he dashed in among his fellow-citizens and yelled: "What's broke three-quarters and the bears have everybody on the run!" Four seconds later the meeting was over and the representative citizens of the highly moral town, who were sprinting toward the telegraph office, had forgotten that there ever was or ever might be such a thing as a social club or a slot machine or that gambling ought not to be allowed.

### LOW RATES VIA C. M. & ST. P. RAILWAY.

Home Seekers Rate first and third Tuesday of each month to many points in West, Northwest and South. Settlers Rates every day in March and April to points in Colorado, Utah, Idaho, Montana, Oregon, Washington and California. Settlers rates to Minnesota and North Dakota March 10th, 11th, 13th, 25th, April 1st and 8th. Call at or address City Ticket office 410 Walnut street for all information.

### A Filipino Beverage.

Tuba is the national drink of the Filipinos, and its factories are plentiful throughout the islands, says the New York Herald. The sole plant is a cocoanut palm. A native, armed with a short bolo, chops notches in the trunk and climbs to the top. Up among the great spreading leaves he cuts off the end of the young stem that bears the cocoanuts and ties in its place a hollow joint of bamboo to catch the dripping sap.

The next day our native makes his rounds again, carrying, quiverlike, a hollow section of bamboo over his shoulder, to hold the drink that kindly nature has distilled for him.

The juice is usually colored with bark, which adds a flavor desirable to Filipino palates. It makes a mildly fermented drink, not more intoxicating than sweet cider when fresh, but gathers power with age. They like it only when fresh, however, and a drunken native is rarely seen.

At the market stands the foaming beverage is ladled out of an earthenware jar with a bamboo dipper. For a copper ducado each patron receives his portion in a piece of cocoanut shell.

### GUS MORRIS

Hay,  
Feed,  
Coal  
and Straw  
919 CENTER ST. Phone 697.

### AN OLD DOCTOR'S TIP.

A Simple Rule That Helped Him to Acquire a Lucrative Practice.

A physician of long standing in this city who has a practice that any of his colleagues might envy—and, many in all probability do—recently gave this advice to a young doctor who was just starting out in his profession. The older man is a type of the kind of doctor that is said to be going out of style—the family physician. Whether he is destined to disappear or not, this kind of a physician followed a highly profitable kind of career while it lasted. Many young men used to regard this sort of practice as that to which they all aspired.

"I have always made it a rule," said this experienced man of medicine, "to close every visit to a patient with a question or a comment on his or her physical condition. It is all very well to discuss various questions with one's patients, talk about all kinds of subjects and interest them in any way possible. But the final remark must be connected with the patient's physical condition. Tell him not to forget to take a certain medicine regularly, or tell her that you have never had a case that was just like hers—but in all cases talk last about the illness of the person you have come to see. I learned that when I was a young man from the most popular physician of his time. I always felt indebted to him, for it was not long before I realized the truth of the theory that nothing leaves such a favorable impression on a patient as to emphasize the importance of his malady!"

### An Old Superstition.

Superstition connected with the seventh child of a seventh child is commemorated by a tombstone in a village churchyard near Bridgewater, Somerset, says the London Chronicle. This inscription runs: "Sacred to the memory of Joctress Anne Pousberry, who departed this life December 11, 1813, aged 13 years. Stand and consider the wondrous works of God." "Doctress" was not merely an epithet, but a baptismal name, for she was a seventh daughter, and was, therefore, credited with powers of healing. She practiced in herbs and charms. For king's evil this was her prescription: "Take the legs of a toad. Bake and grind them to powder with pebble and mortar. Place the powder in a bag around the neck of the sufferer."

### First Skates in England.

Blade skates were introduced into England from Holland about 1600 and were seen in London in 1662. John Evelyn, the diarist, under the date Dec. 1 of that year, describes how "divers gentlemen performed before their majesties on the new canal in St. James' park, with skates, after the manner of the Hollanders." But in 1642 Edinburgh had started a skating club and was soon famous for its elegant skaters. In 1772 the first English book on "The Art of Skating" was published by Robert Jones. Though roller skates were employed in Holland in 1770, their use was confined to that country until 1849, when they were introduced in a scene of Meyerbeer's "Prophete" at Paris.

### Grave Filling Device.

A device for use in constructing graves, the invention of Henry D. Cameron, of Burlington, Iowa, is designed to fill the grave with earth after the coffin has been lowered, and to conceal as far as possible the actual throwing of the dirt upon the coffin, the most trying termination of the grave ceremony to the bereaved mourners. It consists of a receptacle, with detachable sides and bottom, and a gate in the latter so arranged as to be capable of being opened to allow the contents to fall. The front is a flexible curtain, extending from the top to the gate, and designed to prevent the earth within from being seen. This receptacle is filled with earth previous to the ceremony and carried to a convenient point. When all is over and the grave is to be filled, the receptacle is placed over it, and the gates opened, thus gently closing the last sad scene in a much more fitting manner than the seemingly cold-hearted return of the earth with a spade.

### Watch Given by Walter Raleigh.

Among the bequests of the late Dr. Edmund Croker of Lisnabrin House, Tallow county, Waterford, Ireland, is a gold watch which Sir Walter Raleigh gave to the infant son of Richard Croker, the direct ancestor of Dr. Croker, in 1589. Sir Walter was sponsor to the infant son, who was named Walter, and to whom the watch was given. Until a few years ago the watch kept excellent time, although the case was worn to the thinness of silver paper.

### Dog Farted the Fencer.

A friend, accompanied by his collier, recently called on M. Prevost at the artist's studio in Paris. After an hour's chat the men decided to fence a while. Scarcely had the bout begun when the dog, thinking his master attacked, flew at his host, knocking him down and out in short order. The fencing-master was all that saved the artist from an even worse injury, for the indignant collier was pulled from his victim with the greatest difficulty.



## Iowa State Bystander.

BY BYSTANDER PUB. CO.

DES MOINES.

IOWA

Along with the horseless and wire-less things we now have the mergeless merger.

Since we are only going to build the canal once it should be built along the best route.

Pipe-smoking is not permitted in the Union League of New York. Pity the poor millionaire.

When Teddy junior gets well probably he will compromise by accepting the hat as a necessary evil.

Even as a little king on his own island, Andrew Carnegie finds his crown is liable to be usurped.

A law of Montana regulates the fees of doctors. A law to regulate collections would please them better.

Persons who sleep with back fences under their windows will heartily approve the proposition to tax cats.

There seems to be no sort of doubt that Mr. Gage's next salary will be considerably larger than his last.

While the balance of trade may be in favor of Uncle Sam the balance of travel is far and away in favor of Europe.

This government can at least be sure that Germany and England are exceedingly friendly at the present moment.

Andrew Carnegie is planting libraries on the Pacific coast and will soon have the continent pretty well girdled with books.

Mexico has sustained a severe jolt from an earthquake, and is now in consternation over the rumored approach of an eclipse.

Mrs. DeWet would rather have her husband die than submit. So would a few other wives on both sides for reasons less patriotic.

It costs forty cents a mile to ride on the Congo railroad. But the train stops every five minutes for a drink and a game of golf.

Young Alfonso's coronation may have to be postponed for lack of a kingdom to go with it if the revolutionists continue to make trouble in Spain.

In Russia tramps are employed as mourners at funerals. Our hobo has too strong a sense of the dignity of his calling to engage in any such distraction.

J. Pierpont Morgan got \$11,239,683 for forming the United States steel trust. Pierp. probably sticks to the theory that the laborer is worthy of his hire.

For a king, Edward isn't half a bad fellow, but he mustn't expect to revive the fashion of knee breeches and retain the friendship of the trousered calfless leg.

General surprise will no doubt be occasioned by the announcement that the Mormons have political control of thirteen states, but luckily the number stops at thirteen.

The sultan has prohibited gambling in his dominions. Nevertheless, the powers will continue buying chances in that grand Turkey raffle which will inevitably come off according to schedule.

King Alexander of Serbia will know better next time than to marry a woman of forty. A woman of forty is just ten years more invincible than Balzac's woman of thirty.

Uncle Russell forgot to pay taxes on one of his farms, and had to bid it in at auction to save it. His chief worry is that this process cost more than the sum claimed by the tax collector.

A hive of bees belonging to the government was stolen from the Agricultural Department a few days ago. Up to the hour of going to press, however, the government had not missed any red-hot stoves.

Mr. Schwab enjoys the distinction of being one of the very few persons who has refused to grant a second interview to an emperor. Mr. Schwab knows how to take care of our dignity as well as his own.

John Chinaman's oath to tell the whole truth and all the rest of it is valued by the New York police court only after John has wrung the neck of a chicken, according to the religion of his country. It is the custom of many of our witnesses to wring the neck of their conscience before they draw on imagination.

The New York business man who writes to a newspaper to complain about "that laziest, most independent, inefficient, listless, inconsequent, shiftless, headless, stupid, sulky, precocious, worthless being known as the office boy," was, of course, a model lad in all respects when he was young.

Even the latest of the big dictionaries is already out of date. Prof. McGee of the bureau of ethnology has coined the term Amerind, to designate the American Indian, and it has been officially adopted by the bureau.

## THE NEWS IN IOWA

MOLSBERRY BILL PASSES.

Only Seven Votes Cast Against Railroad Indebtedness Measure.

Des Moines, March 14.—The Molsberry bill removing the limit of indebtedness of railroad corporations in Iowa went through the senate yesterday morning with only seven votes against it. The vote stood 38 yeas and 7 nays. Those voting against the measure were Crossley, Dowell, Garst, Healy, Porter, Wilson and Winne. The debate on the measure was continued for an hour or more before a vote was reached.

Harriman made an extended speech in support of the measure, appealing to the members not to become prejudiced against the bill just because it had the word "railroad" in it. He said the Iowa law limiting the bonded indebtedness of railroads to two-thirds their capital stock was passed fifty years ago, and the same rule was then made to apply to other corporations except insurance companies. Since then times and conditions have changed. When the law was first passed the railroads of the state were new and needed restrictions placed about them.

Molsberry closed debate on the bill by proposing an amendment to take the place of the one proposed by Healy. The Healy amendment provided that nothing in the creation of an indebtedness in excess of the limit now fixed by law for the purpose of acquiring, cancelling or withdrawing the stock of such corporations, or for the purpose of acquiring the stock or indebtedness of any other corporation. Molsberry proposed instead to amend the bill providing that the two-thirds limit of indebtedness shall not be exceeded except when the articles of incorporation originally provide therefor or are amended to include such provision.

He thought this amendment would meet the contingency feared by Healy that bonds might be issued to squeeze out minority stockholders, and not embarrass the railroads at any time. Healy contended that the Molsberry amendment did not cover the ground he sought to cover. The Healy amendment was voted down, however, and the Molsberry amendment adopted, and then the bill went to a vote. This is the bill which has been accused of being one of the first steps toward the location of the new Burlington company in Iowa in furtherance of the Northern Securities company merger plan.

### SENATORS BY PEOPLE.

Resolution Favoring Their Election by People Recommended.

Des Moines, March 11.—Representative Hughes, of Iowa county, has introduced the following joint resolution petitioning congress to call a convention to amend the constitution so as to provide for the election of United States senators by popular vote and it was recommended passage by the federal relations committee.

"Whereas, a large number of state legislatures have at various times adopted memorials and resolutions in favor of the election of United States senators by popular vote, and

"Whereas, the national house of representatives has on four occasions, within recent years, adopted resolutions in favor of this proposed change in the method of electing United States senators, which were not adopted by the senate; and

"Whereas, article V of the constitution of the United States provides that congress, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, and believing there is a general desire upon the part of the citizens of the state of Iowa that the United States senators should be elected by a direct vote of the people; therefore, be it

"Resolved, By the general assembly of the state of Iowa, that the legislature of the state of Iowa favors the adoption of an amendment to the constitution which shall provide for the election of United States senators by popular vote, and joins with other states of the union in respectfully requesting that a convention be called for the purpose of proposing an amendment to the constitution of the United States as provided for in article V of the said constitution, which amendment shall provide for a change in the present method of electing United States senators, so that they can be chosen in each state by direct vote of the people; be it further

"Resolved, That a copy of this joint resolution, and application to congress for the calling of a convention, be sent to the secretary of state of each of the United States, and that a similar copy be sent to the president of the United States senate, and to the speaker of the house of representatives."

### BRUCE-EMMERT CONTEST.

Text of Report Filed by Majority of Committee.

Des Moines, March 12.—The special committee appointed to investigate the Bruce-Emmert contest from the Cass-Shelby district filed its report with the senate just before adjournment Wednesday, and it will be taken up today. The report of the committee throws the whole question in the hands of the senate. Bruce is declared to have received 4,031 votes and Emmert 4,016 votes. Most of the report is devoted to a recital of the evidence regarding the vote in Pleasant township, where Emmert charged that the ballots might have been tampered with. The majority of the committee are of the opinion that the ballots were not tampered with, and therefore should not be thrown out. The democratic members of the committee are of the opinion that the vote of the township should be thrown out, as there was a chance of their being tampered with, and so state in a separate report filed by them. If the vote in Pleasant township is thrown out, Emmert will be seated, and if it is counted Bruce will be seated. The filing of the report of the committee simply transfers the contest from the committee to the senate, where it will probably be taken up today.

### Killed By a Thunderbolt.

Cedar Falls, March 12.—Charles Pierce was struck by lightning and killed. He was working near New Hartford.

## OMNIBUS BILL IS READY

AGREED UPON BY HOUSE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE.

Measure Carries \$731,577.50. Only \$38,100 Less Than Recommended by Board of Control.

Des Moines, March 10.—The house committee on appropriations, after a three hours' session Saturday, recommended for passage the omnibus bill containing the appropriations for the institutions under the board of control. The committee cut down the amounts asked by the board on a small number of items and struck out a few entirely, reducing the total that was requested by \$38,100. The bill as recommended for passage carried with it a total appropriation of \$731,577.50 in extraordinary appropriation. This is distinct from the amount allowed by the state in per capita support.

While the appropriations committee cut down the total asked by the board by the amount named, \$38,100, it also inserted in the omnibus bill one item larger than the board asked. This is for additional room and facilities for hospital purposes at the Soldiers' Home at Marshalltown. In the biennial report the board of control recommended \$8,000 for a woman's hospital, but the G. A. R. committee that inspected the home, when they appeared before the committee, urged that more hospital facilities were necessary, owing to the increasing age and infirmities of the inmates, and indicated these were more imperatively demanded than a woman's hospital. To this the board of control makes no objection, as in recommending \$8,000 for a woman's hospital it followed the recommendation of Commandant Horton.

The omnibus appropriation bill as recommended does not include \$138,000 already appropriated by the legislature for the hospital at Cherokee. Of the \$138,000 is for the purchase of additional land. For additional land at the Soldiers' Orphans' Home at Davenport, \$25,000 is appropriated; for Glenwood, \$25,000; for Mt. Pleasant, \$25,000; for Independence, \$39,000; for Clarinda, \$39,000.

The senate committee has not yet acted on the omnibus bill. It is known Senator Garst is in favor of little cutting down of the board of control recommendations. The action of the house committee, backed up as it will probably be by the house, leaves little doubt an increased levy will have to be made, inasmuch as the board of control appropriations, as fixed by this bill, will more than consume the amount reported by the treasurer and auditor as available in the biennial period for extraordinary appropriations.

### SOLONS AT AMES.

Ames College Proved a Delightful Host for the Legislators.

Ames, March 14.—Members of the legislature were entertained royally at the agricultural college. Practical illustrations were made of what is being done at college, even to the cooking, the raising of prime beef, the making of excellent butter and cheese. It was one of the best junkets the state has ever known. The day was fine, the college officials and the students genial and attentive, there was something worth while to see.

One of the favorite places of the visitors was the cow barn where the great prize winners of the Chicago stock show and other thoroughbred animals were kept. Another place was the creamery and the cheese factory. Here the visitors were served butter, milk, water and cheese. The program was carried out as planned. The speakers were most of them present and substitutes were necessary. One of the pleasant affairs was the program of silent toasts at the dairy lunch in the dining hall. Judge Stevens of Boone, presiding and calling upon various members of the general assembly for speeches. The topics were well selected and gave opportunity for the display of wit and humor.

In addition to visiting buildings where the different courses of study are taught, where the practical illustrations are made and where the stock is kept, where faculty and student life reside and many other places of interest, the visitors went to an immense tent on the campus for a conference of acquaintanceship. It was there the speeches were made.

The addresses were pertinent to the situation. President Beardshear talked about appropriations, but only in a manner pleasing and wholly justifiable. He explained the workings of the college, and the future. Then others talked, including Governor Cummins, Lieut. Governor Herriott and Representative Temple. Proceeding the speeches was a program, interspersed with college yells of a novel and fetching character.

### DEATH OF JOHN S. MURPHY.

Well Known Editor Stricken While at His Work.

Dubuque, March 11.—John S. Murphy, editor of the Telegraph-Herald, died suddenly at 5:15 p. m. yesterday. He was about to leave the office for home at 4 p. m. when he was stricken in the chest which he had felt, lightly in the morning, and an hour later he was dead, efforts to sustain the heart by injections having been made in vain. Not reading the import of the attack, he requested those about him to keep it secret and his family was not summoned.

### Oil Field at Frederika.

Tripoli, March 14.—Between fifteen and twenty barrels of oil have been taken from wells which were sunk near the little town of Frederika, five miles north of here. The find is believed to be genuine, and several companies have secured options on land in the vicinity and are putting down prospect holes. The oil is of a high grade, and was found only thirty feet below the surface. Some are skeptical of the find, but it is generally believed to be genuine, as it cannot otherwise be accounted for.

### Another City is Wiped Out.

Vienna, March 13.—A dispatch to the Neue Freie Presse from Constantinople today announces that the town of Kyankari, northeast of Angora, in Asia Minor, was destroyed by an earthquake March 12. No details of the disaster had been received. Kyankari had 20,000 inhabitants.

## THE LEGISLATURE.

Des Moines, March 8.—The senate passed a resolution memorializing congress to pass an act strengthening the interstate commerce commission. There was no opposition. The bill creating a fire and police commission to govern these departments on a non-partisan basis in Des Moines was also passed. Crawford's bill taking the appointment of water works trustees in cities of the first class out of the hands of the judiciary and placing it in the hands of the mayor was passed. This bill applies to the cities of Dubuque and Sioux City, and is passed as a result of the recent supreme court decision holding the old law unconstitutional. Blanchard's bill providing for the condemnation of a fish way and its erection in the Bonaparte dam was passed. It was amended so as to provide for the governor's approval of the award agreed upon with Meek Bros., owners of the dam, in the condemnation proceedings before the contract of the fish way is binding on the state. Courtwright's bill providing for a uniform bond for all public officers was passed. The bill by Ball, giving the City of Iowa City authority to construct a dam across the Iowa river near the State University and to convert the tract of land just across the river from the university into a park, passed without opposition. Adjourned till Tuesday.

House.—The house passed a large number of bills of minor importance. Adjourned till Monday.

Des Moines, March 10.—House.—Most of the session was consumed in passing legalizing acts and minor measures, only about sixty members being present. A large number of petitions in favor of the standard insurance policy bill were introduced by different members. Black of Mills filed a motion to reconsider the vote by which the house passed the bill to authorize the granting to the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad company, its successors or assigns, a right of way through lands owned by the state and used by the institution for the feeble minded children at Glenwood.

Des Moines, March 11.—Senate.—By a vote of 33 to 9 the senate passed the ways and means committee bill for the taxation of railroad property on a basis of stocks and bonds, net and gross earnings and physical condition. The measure requires publicity of the records of the executive council in making the assessment and its reasons for reaching results. Senator Porter moved to substitute the Nichols stocks and bonds law of Ohio, but this was defeated 112 to 33. He then moved to amend to make the provision relating to the clause to compel the council to publish the valuation of stocks and bonds and its reasons for reaching results. It was lost by viva voce vote after refusal of the subcommittee to explain the language of the bill. Senator Porter's amendment to require the council to publish the assessed value per mile of each road, the value per mile on the different bases—gross and net earnings, physical condition and stocks and bonds bases—was lost by a viva voce vote. Senator Hayward proposed an amendment, which was lost, to strike out the section relating to ascertaining the stocks and bonds value. Addresses in favor of the committee's measure was made by Senators Lewis, Hubbard and Junkin.

House.—Representative Timothy Donahue, of O'Brien county, proposed a resolution of sympathy for the English in their defeat last Friday, and the capture of General Methuen by the Boers. This resolution followed upon the heels of the defeat of the author's resolution of sympathy for the Boers. The house committee on railroads voted to report for passage the Carter bill reducing the passenger fare on railroads in Iowa to 2 cents a mile, and to report without recommendation the Donahue bill to require railroads to furnish all public officials with passes. The house defeated a bill to eliminate the circle from the top of tickets on the official ballot at Iowa elections. A bill passed the house creating a board of examiners for opticians. Black's bill, providing for the election of supervisors by the whole county and abolishing supervisor districts, was taken up. The committee substitute for the bill provided that 25 per cent of the votes in each district must petition for the change. Sweeley offered an amendment giving 25 per cent of the people of the entire county the power to compel an election. Wise offered an amendment to the amendment providing that 25 per cent of the voters in a majority of the districts may demand an election. Wise's amendment was lost. Sweeley's amendment was passed. The committee substitute passed.

Des Moines, March 12.—Senate.—The senate took up the Molsberry bill, giving Iowa railway companies the right to issue bonds in excess of two-thirds of their capital stock. This bill has been discussed among the senators for several days. The bill permits to be done legally whatever has and is being done by suzerainty and based on a favorable decision of the supreme court, declaring that bonds issued were valid, even though they might be in excess of two-thirds of the capital stock. The bill was opposed by Senator Healy, and was discussed at some length, but did not come to a vote. Healy proposed an amendment providing that the bonds shall not be sold to acquire stock in other corporations or to cancel stock in the corporation. The bill to require railroads to keep posted bulletins giving the time of arrival and departure of trains in all depots was amended to require the bulletins to show whether trains are late or on time, and passed.

House.—The house passed the bill giving the state board of health power to enforce its regulations in places where the local boards refuse or neglect to do so. The bill will now become a law, having been passed by both houses. Hawk introduced a bill providing for the appointment of a commission to make a study of the different methods of recording and registering land titles. The commission is to report to the next legislature. Hawk was the author of the Torrens

land bill, and his belief is that the commission will report in favor of it. Edwards' bill requiring railroad companies to file plats of all lines owned or operated in the several counties of the state with county auditors, was passed.

Des Moines, March 13.—Senate.—Consideration of the Molsberry bill to remove the limit of indebtedness which the law theoretically provides for railroad companies, was resumed and after addresses by Harriman, Molsberry and Healy, the bill was passed. Courtwright's bill to increase the state subsidy of the farmers' institutes from \$50 to \$100 was passed. Senator Hayward called up the bill which makes the orphan in the Davenport home state wards. The soldiers' orphans are now state wards. There are fifty children in poor houses in the state. Children are sent to the industrial schools instead of to the Davenport home because the former are county charges and not state wards. The bill was not disposed of. The Bruce-Emmert contested election case was debated at length, but not disposed of.

House.—A quiescent was given woman suffrage by the lower house of the Iowa general assembly today. By a vote of 56 to 38 the resolution for the submission of a constitutional amendment for equal suffrage was defeated. Not a word was said in debate. The report of the committee recommending indefinite postponement of the resolution was read by the clerk, Chairman Sweet, of the committee on amendments and suffrage, moved its adoption, the speaker waited two minutes for remarks and ordered the roll called. Among bills passed were the following: By Payne, requiring county auditors to compile and prepare a financial report of the county; by Langan of Clinton, providing for the establishment of a barbers' examining board to regulate the practice of barbering and to issue licenses to barbers; the bill provides for a commission of three, their salaries to be paid wholly from fees; by Sweet, amending section 2522, requiring milk dealers and operators of creameries to make reports to the dairy commission and providing a penalty for their failure to do so.

## WOMAN'S SUFFRAGE DEAD

BY VOTE OF 56 TO 38 IT IS INDEFINITELY POSTPONED.

Bill Killed in the House with No Debate on the Measure.

Des Moines, March 14.—The resolution for an amendment to the constitution of Iowa providing for the submission of a general election of the question of equal suffrage was defeated in the house yesterday through the adoption of the report of the committee on constitutional amendments recommending indefinite postponement. The vote was 56 to 38 in favor of the adoption of the report. Thus the measure was defeated without really reaching the floor of the house and without any debate having ensued.

The galleries of the house, the cloak room and nearly all of the vacant space in the rear of the seats of members were crowded with women interested in the outcome of the special order of the suffrage resolution which was called at 10:30. It was expected that some member would take the floor in favor of the resolution, but the organization against suffrage was so strong that by the adoption of the report by the committee, no opportunity was given for word play. The vote was as follows:

Yeas—Barker, Barkley, Bealer, Blakemore, Boysen, Calderwood, Cassel, Cheney, Christianson, Clarke, Collo, Cruikshank, Dadds, Flenniken, Frudden, Gilest, Hamann, Hertert, Hilsinger, Hufschmidt, Hughes, Jenks, Jones, Keagy, Kendall, Kling, Kolt-hoff, Koontz, Langan of Clinton, Larrabee, Leach, Layman, McClure, McFarland, Marshall, Mattes, Meraverry, Mordhorst, Nagle, Payne, Pipper, Robinson, Roome, Secor, Sokol, Springer, Stuckslager, Sweet, Temple, Utterback, Walters, Wilson of Washington, Wise and Wright—56.

Nays—Anderson, Bailey, Black, Buchanan, Campbell, Carden, Carter, Cowles, Crouse, Cummings, Davenport, Dunham, Edwards, Elker, English, Freeman, Furry, Graff, Greene, Haselquist, Hawk, Head, Kerr, Langan of Crawford, McClurkin, Moore, Nichols, Patton, Powers, Pritchard, Stratton, Sweeley, Teachout, Waiden, Warren, Willett, Wilson of Buena Vista, and Mr. Speaker—38.

### HENRY HOMEWARD BOUND.

German Prince Sails From New York on Deutschland.

New York, March 12.—Prince Henry of Prussia, sailed for Germany on board the Hamburg-American liner Deutschland yesterday afternoon. His last day in America was spent entirely on board the Deutschland, but it was well filled with pleasing incidents.

The prince breakfasted early and about 10 o'clock began to receive official farewell visits, including representatives of Germany in this country and those of the United States government. Mayor Low of New York was also a caller and the prince, in bidding him farewell, gave a hint that he had some intention of returning to America for a second visit. The prince, in reply to the mayor's expressions, said: "I thank the citizens of New York for all their kindness to me, which I appreciate deeply. If I should return to America I should feel when I reached New York that I was once more at home."

### BILL IS DEFECTIVE.

The War Tax Measure Will Have to Be Withdrawn.

Washington, March 12.—The house bill repealing the war revenue taxes has been found to be so loosely drawn and defective that the senate finance committee may report an entire substitute for the measure. It is not the intention of the bill to repeal the war taxes, but only to put it into language that will carry out that intention. The most serious defect is in the tobacco schedule, which, in the form passed by the house, would not only remove the war tax, but in all probability would also reduce it below the rate which existed before the passage of the house bill.

## VICTORY FOR THE BOERS

BRITISH GENERAL CAPTURED BY DELAREY'S FORCE.

The Casualties Include Several of the British Royal Artillery Killed at the Guns.

London, March 11.—The text of Lord Kitchener's dispatch announcing the capture of General Methuen is as follows:

"Pretoria, Saturday, March 8.—I greatly regret to have to send you bad news of Methuen. He was moving with 900 mounted men, under Major Paris, and 300 infantry, four guns and pom-pom, from Wynburg to Lichtenburg, and was to meet Greyling, with 1,300 mounted men at Roivarsfontein today. Yesterday morning early he was attacked by Delarey's force, between Twe-Bosch and Palmietkloof. The Boers charged on three sides. "Five hundred and fifty men have come in at Mariboga and Kraaipan. They were pursued by the Boers four miles from the scene of the action. They report that Methuen and Paris, with the guns, baggage, etc., were captured by the Boers. Methuen, when last seen, was a prisoner. I have no details of the casualties, and suggest delaying publication until I can send definite news. I think this sudden revival on the part of Delarey is to draw off the troops pressing Dewet."

In a second dispatch dated Sunday, March 9, Lord Kitchener says: "Paris has come in at Kraaipan, with the remainder of the men. He reports that the column was moving in two parties. One, with the ox-wagons, left Twe-Bosch at 3 a. m. The other with the mule wagons, started an hour later. "Just before dawn the Boers attacked. Before reinforcements could reach them the rear guard broke. In the meantime a large number of Boers galloped up on both flanks. These at first were checked by the flank parties but the panic and stampede of the mules had begun and all the mule wagons, with a terrible mixture of mounted men, rushed past the ox-wagons. All efforts to check them were unavailing. Major Paris collected forty men and occupied a position a mile in front of the ox-wagons, which were then halted. After a gallant but useless defense the enemy rushed in to the ox-wagons and Methuen was wounded in the thigh. Paris, being surrounded, surrendered at 10 a. m. Methuen is still in the Boer camp."

Then follows the number of casualties as already cabled. The killed include Lieutenants G. R. Venning and T. P. W. Nesham of the Royal Artillery, who were both killed while serving their guns with case-shot.

As Lord Kitchener announced that Major Paris had surrendered, and also telegraphed that he had reached Kraaipan with the remainder of the men, it may be inferred that the Boers released the major and his companions. London, March 11.—General Delarey's victory is generally admitted to be one of the worst reverses the British have had throughout the war. The newspaper correspondents in South Africa have not yet been allowed to describe the affair. The only additional details available are contained in a further dispatch from Lord Kitchener, which Mr. Broderick, the secretary for war, read just as parliament was adjourning. This dispatch shows that the first confusion was caused by native boys with led horses, who galloped through the mule convoy as the latter was endeavoring, by Lord Methuen's direction, to close on the ox convoy. The disorder among the mules communicated itself to the mounted troops, and the Boers, dressed in khaki and riding alongside the wagons, frustrated all the attempts of the British officers to rally their forces. Great confusion ensued among this portion of the mounted troops, they and the mule wagons galloping three miles beyond the ox wagons, where they were cut off. The force under General Delarey was almost entirely dressed in British uniforms. This made it impossible for the infantry to distinguish between their own men and the enemy when the mounted troops were driven on them. In a private telegram just received here Lord Kitchener says: "I find Methuen has a fractured thigh, but he is reported to be doing well. It is feared that Lord Kitchener's incomplete accounts have not told the worst, but among the newspapers and the public there is a tendency to accept Mr. Broderick's advice to suspend judgment pending the receipt of details. The morning papers will admit the extreme gravity, and even the humiliation of British prestige abroad, involved in such a reverse inflicted by a body of Boers of equal numerical strength. It is recognized that, although the damage is more moral than material, it will certainly have the effect of prolonging Boer resistance for many months."

### Danish West Indies.

Copenhagen, March 10.—The treaty providing for the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States, was discussed in the folketing Saturday. The premier and foreign minister, Dr. Deuntz made a long speech, which created an excellent impression. Only Johan Ottesen and a few others spoke against the sale of the islands. Ottesen demanded a plebiscite. The question will come up again today. The session was not an open one. There will be two readings of the treaty in open session.

"The principal ingredient in all these patent medicines is the same. It must be a powerful drug. What is it? 'Printer's ink.' There is no great harm in falling down unless you stay down. A petroleum well has been known in Zante, one of the Ionian islands, for nearly three thousand years. It is mentioned by Herodotus, who was born 484 years before the Christian era. Western Judge—"Has the jury come to an agreement?" Foreman (with a broken nose and black eye)—"I don't know, yer honor. Most of them are unable to speak at present."

Crawford—"If you're not going out to buy a new hat, what do you want with a dollar?" Mrs. Crawford—"Why, you can't get a decent seat at the matinee for less than a dollar."



# The Diamond Bracelet

By MRS. HENRY WOOD,  
Author of East Lynne, Etc.

## CHAPTER XVI.

In an obscure room of a low and dilapidated lodging house, in a low and dilapidated neighborhood, there sat a man one evening in the coming twilight; a towering, gaunt skeleton, whose remarkably long arms and legs looked little more than skin and bone. The arms were fully exposed to view, since their owner, though he possessed and wore a waistcoat, dispensed with the use of a shirt. An article, once a coat, lay on the floor, to be donned at will—if it could be got into for the holes. The man sat on the floor in a corner, his head finding a resting place against the wall, and he had dropped into a light sleep, but if ever famine was depicted in a face, it was in his. Unwashed, unshaven, with matted hair and feverish lips; the cheeks were hollow, the nostrils white and pinched, and the skin around the mouth had a blue tinge. Some one tried and shook the door; it aroused him, and he started up, but only to cower in a bending attitude and listen.

"I hear you," cried a voice. "How are you tonight, Joe? Open the door." The voice was not one he knew; not one that might be responded to.

"Do you call this politeness, Joe Nichols? If you don't open the door, I shall take the liberty of opening it for myself, which will put you to the trouble of mending the fastenings afterwards."

"Who are you?" cried Nichols, reading determination in the voice. "I'm gone to bed, and can't admit folks tonight."

"Gone to bed at 8 o'clock?"

"Yes, I'm ill."

"I will give you one minute, and then I come in. You will open it if you want to save trouble."

Nicholls yielded to his fate and opened the door.

The gentleman—he looked like one—cast his keen eyes around the room. There was not a vestige of furniture in it; nothing but the bare, dirty walls, from which the mortar crumbled, and the bare, dirty boards.

"What do you mean by saying you were gone to bed, eh?"

"So I was. I was asleep there," pointing to the corner, "and there's my bed. What do you want?" added Nichols, peering at the stranger's face in the gloom of the evening, but seeing it imperfectly, for his hat was drawn low over it.

"A little talk with you. The last sweepstake you got into—"

The man lifted his face and burst forth with such eagerness that the stranger could only arrest his own words and listen.

"It was a swindle from beginning to end. I had scraped together the ten shillings to put in it, and I drew the right horse and was shuffled out of the gains and I have never had my dues, not a farthing of 'em. Since then I have been ill, and I can't get about to better myself. Are you come, sir, to make it right?"

"Some—the stranger coughed—'friends of mine were in it, also,' said he; 'and they lost their money.'"

"Everybody lost it; the getters-up bolted with all they had drawn into their fingers. Have they been took, do you know?"

"All in good time; they have left their trail. So you have been ill, have you?"

"Ill! Just take a sight of me! There's an arm for a big man."

He stretched out his naked arm for inspection; it appeared as if a touch would snap it. The stranger laid his hand upon its fingers, and his other hand appeared to be stealing furtively toward his own pocket.

"I should say this looks like starvation, Joe."

"Some at night akin to it."

A pause of unsuspicion and the handcuffs were clapped on the astonished man. He started up with an oath.

"No need to make a noise, Nichols," said the detective with a careless air. "I have got two men waiting outside."

"I swear I wasn't in the plate robbery," passionately uttered the man. "I knew of it, but I didn't join 'em, and I never had the worth of a salt spoon after it was melted down. And they call me a coward, and they leave me here to starve and die! I swear I wasn't in it."

"Well, we'll talk about the plate robbery another time," said the officer, as he raised his hat; "you have got those bracelets on, my man, for another sort of bracelet. A diamond one. Don't you remember me?"

The prisoner's mouth fell.

"I thought that was over and done with all this time—I don't know what you mean," he added, correcting himself.

"No," said the officer, "it's just beginning. The bracelet is found and has been traced to you. You were a clever fellow, and I had my doubts of you at the time; I thought you were too clever to go on long."

"I should be ashamed to play the sneak and catch a fellow in this way. Why couldn't you come openly in 'our proper clothes' not come playing the spy in the garb of a friendly civilian."

"My men are in their proper clothes," returned the equable officer, "and you will have the honor of their escort presently. I came because they did not know you, and I did."

"Three officers to a single man, and he a skeleton!" uttered Nichols, with a vast show of indignation.

"Ay! but you were powerful once and ferocious, too. The skeleton aspect is a recent one."

"And all for nothing. I don't know about any bracelets."

"Don't trouble yourself with inventions, Nichols. Your friend is safe in our hands, and has made a full confession."

"What friend?" asked Nichols, too eagerly.

"The lady you got to dispose of it for you to the Jew."

Nicholls was startled to inaction. "She hasn't split, has she?"

"Every particular she knew or guessed at. Split to save herself."

"Then there's no faith in woman."

"There never was yet," returned the officer. "If they are not at the top and bottom of every mischief, Joe, they are sure to be in the middle. Is this your coat?" touching it gingerly.

"She's a disgrace to the female sex, she is," raved Nichols, disregarding the question as to the coat. "But it's a relief now I'm took, it's a weight off my mind; I was always expecting it, and I shall get food in the Old Bailey at any rate."

"Ah," said the officer, "you were in good service as a respectable servant; you had better have stuck to your duties."

"The temptation was so great," observed the man, who had evidently abandoned all idea of denial; and now that he had done so, was ready to be voluble with remembrance and particulars.

"Don't say anything to me," said the officer. "It will be used against you."

"It came along of my long legs," cried Nichols, ignoring the friendly injunction, and proceeding to enlarge on the feat he had performed. "I have never had a happy hour since; I was second footman there, and a good place I had; and I had wished, thousands of times, that the bracelet had been in a sea of molten fire. Our folks had taken a house in the neighborhood of Ascot for the race week, and they had left me at home to take care of the kitchen maid, and another inferior or two, taking the rest of the servants with them. I had to clean the windows afore they returned, and I had driven off till the Thursday evening, and out I got on the balcony, to begin with the back drawing room."

"What did you say you got out on?"

"The balcony. The thing with the green rails around it, what encloses the windows. While I was leaning over the rails afore I begun, I heard something like click—click going on in the fellow room at the next door, which was Colonel Hope's. It was like as if something light was being laid on the table, and presently I heard two voices beginning to talk, a lady's and a gentleman's, and I listened—"

"No good ever comes of listening, Joe!" interrupted the officer.

"I didn't listen for the sake of listening, but it was awful hot, a standing outside there in the sun, and listening was better than working. I didn't want to hear neither, for I was thinking of my own concerns, and what a fool I was to have idled away my time all day till the sun came on to the back winders. Bit by bit I heard what they were talking about—that it was jewels they had got there, and that one was worth 200 guineas. Thinks I, if that was mine, I'd do no more work. After awhile I heard them go out of the room, and I thought I'd have a look at the rich things, and I stepped over slanting ways on to the little ledge running along the houses, holding on by our balcony, and then I passed my hands along the wall till I got hold of the balcony—but one with ordinary legs and arms couldn't have done it. You couldn't, sir!"

"Perhaps not," remarked the officer.

"There wasn't fur to fall if I had fell, only on to the kitchen leads under; but I didn't fall, and I raised myself on to their balcony, and looked in. My! what a show it was! stunning jewels, all laid out there; so close that if I had put my hand inside it must have struck all among 'em; and the fiend prompted me to take one. I didn't stop to look; I didn't stop to think; the one that twinkled the brightest, and had the most stones in it was the nearest to me, and I clutched it and slipped it into my footman's undress jacket, and stepped back again."

"And got safe into your own balcony."

"Yes; but I didn't clean the window that night. I was upset like by what I had done, and I think, if I could have put it back again, I should; but there was no opportunity. I wrapped it up in my winder leather, and then I put it up the chimney in one of the spare bedrooms. I was up the next morning afore 5, and I cleaned my winders; I'd no trouble to awake myself, for I had never slept. The same day towards evening you called sir, and asked me some questions—whether we had seen any one on the leads at the back, and such like. I said, as master was just come home from Ascot, would you be pleased to speak to him."

"Ah," again remarked the officer, "you were a clever fellow that day. But if my suspicions had not been strongly directed to another quarter, I might have looked you up more sharply."

"I kept it by me for a month or two, and then I gave warning to leave. I thought I'd have my fling, and I became acquainted with her—that lady—"

and somehow she wormed out of me that I had got it, and let her dispose of it for me, for she said she knew how to do it without danger."

"What did you get for it?"

The skeleton shook his head. Thirty-four pound, and I had counted on a hundred and fifty. She took an oath she had not helped herself to a sixpence."

"Oaths are plentiful with the genus," remarked the detective.

"She stood to it she hadn't, and she stopped and helped me to spend it. After that was done, she went over to somebody else who was in luck; and I have tried to go on, and I can't; honestly or dishonestly; it seems all one; nothing prospers, and I'm naked and famishing—and I wish I was dying."

"Evil courses never do prosper, Nichols," said the officer, as he called in the policeman, and consigned the prisoner to their care.

So Gerard was innocent!

"But how was it you skillful detectives could not be on this man's scent?" asked Colonel Hope of the officer, when he heard the tale.

"Colonel, I was thrown off. Your positive belief in your nephew's guilt infected me, and appearances were very strong against him. Miss Seaton also helped to throw me off; she said, if you remember, that she did not leave the room; but it now appears she did leave it when your nephew did, though only for a few moments. Those few moments sufficed to do the job."

"It's strange she could not tell the exact truth," growled the colonel.

"She probably thought she was exact enough since she only remained outside the door and could answer for it that no one had entered by it. She forgot the window. I thought of the window the instant the loss was mentioned to me, but Miss Seaton's assertion that she never had the window out of her view prevented my dwelling on it. I did go to the next door, and saw the very fellow who committed the robbery, but his manner was sufficiently satisfactory. He talked too freely; I did not like that; but I found he had been in the same service 15 months, and, as I must repeat, I laid the gulf to another."

"It is a confoundedly unpleasant affair for me," cried the colonel; "I have published my nephew's disgrace and guilt all over London."

"It is more unpleasant for him, colonel," was the rejoinder of the officer.

"And I have kept him short of money, and suffered him to be sued for debt, and I have let him go and live amongst the runaway scamps over the water, and not hindered his engaging himself as a merchant's clerk; and, in short, I have played the very deuce with him."

"But reparation is, doubtless, in your heart and hands, colonel."

"I don't know that, sir," testily concluded the colonel.

(To be continued.)

## Floating Button Factory.

Taking the factory to the raw material instead of bringing the material to the factory, is an innovation just put in operation on the Mississippi river by a button factory, and it is a plan that has many practical advantages.

This factory is about forty-two feet long and twelve feet wide, fitted with all the necessary machinery for the manufacture of buttons, and provided with a three-horse-power engine for its work.

The principal material used by this factory is mussel shells, which are found at nearly all points along the river, and one of the great expenses in conducting the business heretofore has been the cost of transporting the shells. Now the factory has reversed the operation and will go to the mussels.

When a bed of shells is found the boat will drop its anchor and go to work. When the bed is exhausted it will move on to a new location. In this fashion it will go from state to state, from Minnesota to Louisiana, passing along with the seasons, and always enjoying the most desirable weather of the Mississippi valley.

## Automobile Poachers.

A Paris correspondent tells of some wholesale poaching of automobilists, who used their "car" as a trap for the game and made off with enormous "bags" of plunder while the gamekeeper slept. The trick was so clever that, barring the feelings of the birds who failed of being "preserved" for the guns of sporting owners, the automobile poachers must be congratulated on accomplishing their purpose. They pretended to have broken down while driving along the high road, and told the peasants and the gamekeeper, with many lamentations, they would be forced to remain all night in the field adjacent. The gamekeeper, though he says it was against his will, aided the men in moving the car to a place of safety until certain repairs could be effected. These "repairs" were made in the dead of night by robbing the preserves of nearly every partridge and quail they contained and making off with the booty.

## Nearness of Relationship.

A little miss of five, living in Washington, conspired with her brother, age four, to save enough pennies to buy papa and mamma presents. A friend of the family noticed that mamma's present was much finer and more expensive than papa's and was impelled by curiosity to inquire why the bulk of the savings had been expended for the mother. The little miss replied: "Well, you see, papa is only related to we children by marriage, while mamma is our relative by bormation."

## HUMOR OF THE DAY.

### Bright Sayings and Merry Jest by Reckon-ized Funmakers.

"Business is frightfully dull today," said the junior partner of the tailoring firm.

"No wonder," said the senior partner, angrily. "Who wrote our 'ad' for the papers to-day?"

"I did. Why?"

"Because it says: 'Do you need an overcoat? Try our melton and frieze.'"

Some One Must Pay the Bills.

Auxiliary Groom—I thought you said something or other about a check; I don't see any.

Angry Father-in-Law—You blithering idiot, your wife is a regular check-book. Every time either of you want anything she writes me a note and I've got to cash it.

## Only Waiting.

"Doesn't it make you the least bit envious to see what elegant furniture Mrs. Evesly is putting into her house next door?"

"Not a bit. My husband says it will be sold by the sheriff within six months—and I'll be there to buy."

## Few Things in Stripes.

"Will you kindly show me what you have here?" asked the visitor to the pen.

"With pleasure," replied the warden, who had once worked in a dry goods store; "we have a few things in stripes that I think will interest you."

## A Rare Brand.

"This," the salesman said, handing out another package, "is also an excellent substitute for coffee. It is very wholesome. It makes red blood."

"Haven't you something," asked the young woman with the earrings, "that makes blue blood?"

## Already.

"That boy," remarked old Cerberus, drily, after the youthful hope and pride had been led off to the spanking department, "has the bump of litigation very strongly developed; he is already vigorously engaged in contesting the parental will."

## A Sacrilegious Desire.

Mrs. Jones—What's become of that silk smoking jacket you gave your husband for his birthday?

Mrs. Smith—Oh, I had to make that over into a sofa pillow. He actually wanted to sit around and smoke in it.

## Nice Man.

Cadleigh—Won't you give me another dance?

Miss Wiggins—Really, Mr. Cadleigh, you've had nearly all so far, and—

Cadleigh—Yes, you know, it's just to spite Miss Pechis. We've had a quarrel.

## Not Prepared.

Whyte—Bjenks calls himself a practical politician.

Black—A practical politician! Why, I asked him to change a \$10 bill for me on election day last year and he said he couldn't do it.

## Winning His Way.

Nell—I have been assigned to read a paper on "The Ideal Woman" at the next meeting of the club.

Jack—Well, all you will need to do is to stand up on the platform and let them look at you.

## A Recognized Trait.

"Her little boy has such a manly way about him."

"Yes; I noticed when I was there the other day that he found fault with what they had to eat."

## A Stock-Market Dose.

"You look thin and haggard, Jim."

"Yep. I took too much of a debilitating mixture."

"What was it?"

"Sugar and copper."

## A Difference.

"This is perfectly delightful!"

"But this is open to objections."

## A Measure of Time.

The pupil—it seemed to me that I must have practiced all of two hours.

The professor—But I'm sure you didn't. If you had practiced two hours it would have seemed like six.—Puck.

## An Obstacle.

"There is always room at the top," said the Good Adviser.

"Indeed, yes," answered the Unfor-

tunate Person, "but the elevator is not always running."

## Owes Them All.

Towne—I didn't see Borrowings at the club smoker.

Browne—No, he doesn't attend those functions any more. I fancy it's because he's sure to meet somebody there he owes.

Towne—I beg pardon. Did you say somebody he "knows," or "owes?"

Browne—It doesn't matter. It's the same thing.

## The Other View.

"It seems to me," said the lady with a severe glance, "that the newspapers print some dreadful things."

"Yes," answered the reporter; "it often makes me sad to think that people insist on doing shocking things and compelling us to write about them."

## He Was Late.

"Here, waiter, gimme my hat."

"What kind of a hat was it, sir?"

"A new one."

"I beg pardon, sir, but the new ones have been all gone a half hour ago."

## Sorry She Asked.

"Why, Bridget," said her mistress, who wished to rally her for the amusement of her company upon the fantastic ornamenting of a huge pile, "why, Bridget, did you do this?"

"Indade it was meself that did it," replied Bridget. "Isn't it pretty, mum. I did it with yer false teeth, mum."—Pearson's Weekly.

## The Goldfisc.

"I had a terrible time last night. A crank called at my house and I had an awful time getting him to go away."

"Threatening, was he?"

"Yes; he threatened to tell me all about his exploits on the links."

## Taking the Short Cut.

Mrs. Galey (musingly)—Suppose I should publish your love letters, dear?

Mr. Galey—Why not simply make a public acknowledgment that you married a fool?

## Light Trifles.

"How queer!" exclaimed Miss Pertie Goodwin at the Wagner recital. "My foot has gone to sleep—and in all this noise, too!"—Chicago News.

It is a terrible thought that a man, after fighting Mother Hubbards while on earth, will have to wear one when he becomes an angel in heaven.—Atchison Globe.

## Rusty—Where'd ye git de quarter?

Dusty—I struck up an acquaintance wid a trained dog wot was goin' to the bakery for two bits' worth of bread.—Indianapolis Sun.

Mr. Johnson: Don't you think it am easier to coax a woman than to drive her?

Mr. Jackson—Dunno; but I find it am a durned sight safer.—Puck.

"A little quarrel now and then helps a love affair."

"Yes, the lover leaves off buying roses, and gets a chance to catch up with the tailor's bill."—Tit-Bits.

Paul—Percy, what is your idea of success?

Percy—My idea of success? Well, it is having people run after me who used to run away from me.—Detroit Free Press.

"What is an inventor?" asked the teacher.

"An inventor," replied the inventor's son promptly, "is something designed by nature for the use of a promoter."—Chicago Evening Post.

Mrs. Hilly—Is Mrs. Swagger at home?

Servant—No, ma'am, she went out to call on you.

Mrs. Hilly—How very fortunate for us both!—Boston Post.

"Dickie, when you divide those five caramels with your little sister did you give her three?"

"No, ma, I thought they wouldn't come out even, so I ate one 'fore I began to divide."—What to Eat.

"Why don't you go to work?" asked the well-meaning friend.

"I don't dare to," answered Willie Washington. "People would think my father had disinherited me, and it would ruin my credit."—Washington Star.

A trotting horse in Bloomfield, N. J., named Tattler, has made a record. While housed in Theodore T. Maxfield's stable, in Franklin street, he succeeded in getting his right hind hoof in his mouth. After an hour's hard work by Edward O'Neill, a blacksmith, the animal was relieved from his uncomfortable position.

## Try One Package.

If "Dedance Starch" does not please you, return it to your dealer. If it does, you get one-third more for the same money. It will give you satisfaction and will not stick to the iron.

The demand for sincerity is far in excess of the visible supply.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. See a bottle.

Beets yield 12 to 13 per cent of their weight in sugar.

ALWAYS USE RUSS BLEACHING BLUE, acknowledged the leading brand. Made by The Russ Company, South Bend, Ind.

The better a man thinks he is the more foolish he acts.

Is your home supplied with the greatest of pain relievers? Hamlin's Wizard Oil—greatest remedy for rheumatism.

Couples who get divorced and marry again need re-pairing.

Half an hour is all the time required to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Sold by druggists, 10c. per package.

Wives usually appreciate a husband's compliments longer than any others.

You Can Get Allen's Foot-Ease Free. Write to-day to Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y., for a FREE sample of Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures sweating, damp, swollen, aching feet. Makes new or tight shoes easy. A certain cure for Chilblains and Frost-bites. At all druggists and shoe stores; 25 cents.

The average man learns much by experience.

Some experts have little ability and much confidence.

Settlers and Homeseekers, Attention. The Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R. is making very low rates to all points in Minnesota, North Dakota and the Northwest, including Pacific Coast. Before making arrangements elsewhere, consult M. & St. L. agents.

Church news and gambling terms are curiously commingled in the following item, which appears in the religious column of a paper in Hutchinson, Kan.: "The Baptist church at Leoti will lose its pastor because another church has raised the ante. The Leoti people refuse to call the raise, and will stay out and draw another pastor."

1,213 BUS. ONIONS PER ACRE. Salzer's New Method of onion culture makes it possible to grow 1,300 and more bus. per acre. There is no vegetable that pays better. The Salzer's Seed Co. annually distributes nearly one eighth of a million lbs. of onion seed, and is now seed-selling same at 60c. and up per lb.

Notice. John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., will mail you their mammoth catalog, together with 150 kinds of flower and vegetable seeds. Market gardeners' list, 10c. postage. W. N. U.

Brakemen call a jug of whiskey a "crate of saakes."

## LITTLE FALLS.

Eastern capitalists connected with the Westinghouse Electric Company lately bought the splendid Water Power at Little Falls, Minn., and are now arranging to build a trolley line east and west to tap the adjoining country. The balance of the water power, transformed into electricity, will be utilized for large mills and factories in Little Falls, and for some time to come the eyes of the whole country will be turned towards this city because of the nature and vastness of these improvements.

We own the best business property in the heart of the city, and residence lots near the mills and factories or depot and business district, farm lands in 40, 80 and 160-acre pieces, near the new trolley lines, and 5, 10 and 20 acre garden tracts inside and adjoining the city limits.



## BILLINGS' PHILOSOPHY.

It costs less to agree with a phoo than to differ with him.

All men owe much more to chance than they are willing to admit.

Men who live the least to make munny, live the most to spend it.

Old age is a perch where all the shames, sorrows and ills of life cum to roost.

Obstinacy might be excusable in a wise man, but wise men are never obstinate.

The best friend and the worst enemy than any man has got is his conscience.

Luv, which is simply the result of fear, will turn to hate the first good chance it gets.

There is nothing that God loves more, and nothing that makes us all feel better, than thankfulness.

The man who won't profit by the experiences of others, ain't a going to profit much by his own.

Take all the folly and foolishness out of this world, and there would be but little excitement, and no fun at all in living in it.

When the bottom does fall out of a simply comik fool, he all goes to pieces in such a way that he never can be mended again.

All human nature luv to take the chances. There is grates fun in seeing how near you can go to a mule's heels without getting highested.

I have no doubt there is a perfectly honest man in the world somewhere, but I will travel 250 miles to see him, and give 10 dollars for the sight after I get there.

To lie well a man must have a greasy tongue, a level face, and abuv all a smart memory, so that he can tell the same lie at least twice alike out of 3 times.

A true kritick is like a bee; he hums for hunny, and nothing else, wherever he lights.—Josh Billings in New York Weekly.

## HOUSEWIFE SUGGESTIONS.

A few drops of turpentine in hot starch adds luster to ironed linen.

Arrowroot tied in a thick cotton rag and boiled with linens and cottons imparts an odor to them that is pleasing.

English pottery with Dutch mottoes seems an anomaly and rather incongruous, but the effect is quaint and attractive. Candlesticks with strange birds and beasts appeal to the eye.

Silk and linen are woven together to make the handsomest table damask. Sometimes the goods is brought out in mauve, gold and white and an especially pretty pattern was all in soft sooty pink.

A shelf supported by brackets and from which falls a curtain is a good scheme to conceal a radiator. Then the shelf may be embellished by a large brass or copper pot or a few pieces of bric-a-brac.

To avoid wrinkling bodices and jackets they should be hung on frames such as men use for their coats, winding the frames first with cloth or silk, upon which, if desired, orris or other sachet powder may be sprinkled.

Little used matting, as in spare chambers or upper summer rooms, should be swept very clean, then wiped with a cloth wrung out of sweet milk. Do this once a year—it keeps the straw live and to a degree pliant. If the milk wash is used in a living room or on a piazza, follow it up by wiping with very clear water to keep the floor from drawing flies.—Chicago News.

## PEOPLE'S QUEER WAYS.

In the extreme north and extreme south of England some remains can be traced of the old style of harvest home, which was usually celebrated during September. The emblem of it was the kern-baby, or, as it is called in the north, the kern-dolly, a tiny sheaf made of the last stalks of grain cut, tied with bright ribbon and carried home by the harvest queue, to be afterward hung on the wall of the great straw barn, while the harvesters feasted on boiled mutton and potatoes and home-brewed beer and then danced till morning.

A party of Bedouin Arabs, with camels, horses and donkeys, which camped for some weeks at the zoological gardens in Vienna, took with them, when they left for Trieste, seven Viennese brides, to whom they will be married with Arabian rites upon reaching their destination. All the women had property. Thirty others who wanted to take up a desert life were rejected because of their poverty.

A traveler in Abyssinia writes: "We here found quite a new currency—thin bands of iron, 2 feet long, 1 inch wide, sixteen of which go to the Abyssinian dollar. They are called 'derma.'"

Chicago News.

## ITEMS OF INTEREST.

South Dakota has more Indians (\$1,000) than any other state. Of the territories Indian Territory has 66,000 and Arizona 25,000.

The common measure of road distance in Greece is the pike, three-quarters of an English yard, 1,000 pikes being about 750 yards.

The orange tree is very fruitful; a single tree will produce 20,000 oranges fit for use. A good lemon tree will produce 8,000 lemons.

By the advice of eminent oculists, the authorities of Munich have decided no longer to use gas or petroleum for lighting school rooms.

A curious custom prevails in Korea. If a man meets his wife in the street he ignores her presence and passes by as if she were a stranger.

## NEWS FROM BUXTON.

Several new comers have come to reside with us.

Auty, S. Joe Brown of Alba was an over Sunday visitor in Buxton.

The ladies of the Willing Workers entertained at the ball Saturday night.

Presiding Elder J. W. Malone has just closed his Quarterly Conference here.

Reports show that the church is improving, spiritually and materially. Excellent meetings were held on the Sabbath. The elder was very much pleased with the church and its work.

Rev. Ed. Jackson of Alba preached the afternoon sermon at St. John's A. M. church.

Excellent meetings are reported at the B. Y. F. U. and the attendance is good.

Mr. A. Lewis who plays cornet in St. John's A. M. E. choir, is soon to be assisted by Mr. Addison Brooks with his clarinet.

## OSCEOLA BUDGETARIAN.

Our little burg was very much shaken up, when on last Wednesday word reached us of the very sad and sudden death of Harry Bryant at New Hampton, his remains were brought home and buried from the A. M. E. church Saturday morning, conducted by Rev. Wade. The floral tributes were numerous and beautiful. Harry was born and reared in Osceola, loved by every one his friends being among both white and colored which was easily shown by the attendance at the funeral. The deceased leaves a father, mother and five brothers besides a host of relatives to mourn his demise.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bryant of Des Moines were called here to the funeral of their brother Harry.

Rev. Wade and wife returned Monday from Cleveland where they held services Sunday. The church was crowded in the evening. The sermon which he announced drew forth much comment it being, My Heart is Fixed. The people of Cleveland are preparing to build a union church far both Methodist and Baptist to worship in, they are at present holding services in the hall.

Geo. Bryant of the Nashville students was called home to attend the funeral of his brother, he returned to his company Monday.

Mrs. M. Shelton of Charlton attended the funeral of Harry Bryant.

Mrs. Amanda Williams is somewhat indisposed at this writing.

The concert given at Cleveland by the members and friends of the A. M. E. church was a grand success, about \$32.00 was realized. Much credit is given to Mrs. Wade and Mr. Oliver, with the assistance of the entire company for the management and faithful efforts in pushing the concert through.

Misses Anna Williams and Beatrice Wade have been compelled to resort to vaccination to enter school.

Mrs. J. Griffin continues quite poorly. Subscribe for the Bystander and be up to date.

## TUSKEGEE NOTES.

The average attendance of students so far this term is 1328 before the term shall have closed it is likely to be increased.

A German professor of Dresden Germany was a visitor at Tuskegee a few days ago. He was here studying the educational and industrial conditions of the institution. He plans to return and further study our methods.

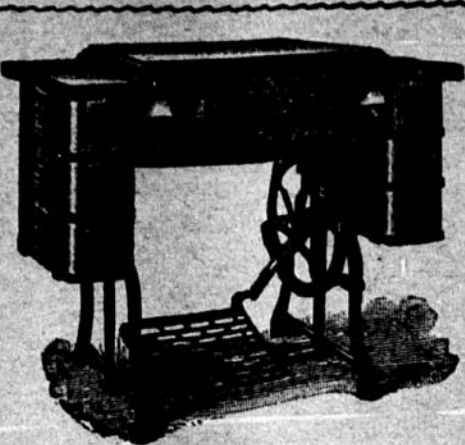
The finishing touches are now being done on the Carnegie library. In short it will be open to the public, that all might enjoy the benefits of Mr. Carnegies liberal purse.

Should Chinatown Be Burned? Chinatown, in San Francisco, according to the president of the board of health, should be burned. As it is at present, it cannot be rendered sanitary except by total obliteration.

## TRICK OF VOICE.

How One Lawyer Keeps the Judge From Sleeping.

There is said to be a lawyer in Philadelphia who possesses a trick of the voice to which a certain measure of his success in United States Supreme court practice is due. The trick consists in wakening a judge. Whether it is a common practice for the high dignitaries of the federal supreme bench to indulge in a nap in the course of a long and tedious argument, such happenings are not unknown, and it is well for an able logician of the bar to be prepared for it. The trick of wakening a sleepy judge would seem to be something in the nature of slamming a law book under his nose or connecting his personality with the current of an electric battery. But the trick is explained as purely a matter of sound involved in the skillful control of the voice. It is said that a barrister practiced in the art and rhetoric of addressing the bench can gather all the waves of sound from his throat into a focus and deposit it in the office of the judge's ear with the general effect of a bomb. The trick, however it is accomplished, is said to have been worked repeatedly with success on the late Judge McKenna, whose habit of going to sleep on the bench was once a notorious subject of comment in the litigation over the Berliner telephone patents. This queer trick of the voice, while it is said to be the peculiar property of one celebrated lawyer, is probably attempted often with varying success by others.—Philadelphia Record.



## THE LATEST Wheeler & Wilson

NO ADVANTAGES CONTAINED IN NO OTHER SEWING MACHINE.

It combines great speed with light running and silence, sewing three yards of goods while other machines sew two.

It makes a stitch on heavy goods that is elastic and strong and will not pucker the delicate material.

It has a practical set of steel attachments covering a large range of work. Not "how cheap," but "how good" should be your guide in buying a sewing machine. Do not be satisfied without first giving the

"No. 9"

WHEELER & WILSON MFG. CO.  
72 and 74 Wabash Ave.  
CHICAGO, ILL.

## Proposed Highway for Bicycles.

A perfect highway from New York to San Francisco, in as near a straight line as it is possible to make it, with a width of 120 feet, for the use of automobiles and bicycles, as well as for the use of the farmer, is a thing that the Automobile club of America will try to bring about. The subject was seriously discussed at a banquet, in honor of members of the National Highway Commission, at the Waldorf-Astoria in New York, when plans were made and the route announced. Besides a direct path from New York to San Francisco, passing through Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha and Ogden, a club wants a highway along each coast. Congress will be asked to appropriate one-third of the expense, and the states, counties, townships and cities en route will be asked to pay the rest; the owners of property benefited to donate the right-of-way. The club and highway commission have on their list of membership the names of some of the foremost men of America.

What a Girl Did.

A girl named Ackerman, aged 14, daughter of an English laborer, has just completed her education. She has never missed being present since the school was opened, and in completing her 3,451 attendances is said to have walked 6,000 miles. She has passed every standard successfully and in the three subjects on first grade drawing obtained "excellent" prizes in free-hand and model, as also in the three stages of the specific subjects, literature, domestic economy and animal physiology, and in one stage in physical geography. She has also obtained 26 other prizes for good attendance, sculpture, knitting, etc.

## Take Your Meals at the PEOPLE'S SHORT ORDER LUNCH ROOM

And you wont go to waste for lack of proper food. Cooking to order in home style.

## Choice Line of Cigars and Tobacco.

MRS. I. M. JONES Prop.  
318 W. Third Street.

## BETHEL A. M. E. CHURCH KEOKUK, IOWA.

Corner of Fourteenth and Second Streets, Pastor F. J. Peterson D. D. Residence 1818 Fulton Street.

Services Preaching 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Class 12:00 m. Sunday School 2:30 p. m. Christian Endeavor 6:30 p. m.; Prayer Meeting Wednesday 7:30 p. m. Class meeting Friday 7:30 p. m. All are welcome to these services.

## CHURCH ANNOUNCEMENT.

The Corinthian Baptist Church—situated on 11th St. between Crocker and School Sts. Preaching at 11 A. M.; Sunday School at 10 o'clock. Preaching at 7 P. M.

Rev. T. L. Griffith, Pastor.

St. Paul A. M. E.—Corner of Second and Center Streets. Preaching at 10:30 a. m.; Sunday School at 9 o'clock; Epworth League at 7 p. m.; Preaching at 8 p. m. L. J. Phillips, pastor.

First African Baptist Church—Corner School and Fourth streets. Rev. F. Lomack pastor. Preaching 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school 2:30 p. m.; Mr. M. E. Humes, Superintendent. Young People's meeting 7 p. m., preaching 8:00 p. m.

Burns M. E.—East Second and Des Moines street.—Sunday services, preaching at 11:00 a. m. and 4 p. m. Sunday School at 12:30. Prayer and Class meeting, Wednesday 8 p. m. All are welcome. Rev. C. W. Holmes, pastor, 220 Des Moines street.

Mount Nebo Baptist Church—E. Second street, between Locust and Grand avenue.—Sunday service, preaching at 11 a. m.; Sunday School 12:30 p. m.; Superintendent, Rose Johnson. Preaching at 8 p. m. Rev. J. H. Bell, pastor.

Tabernacle Baptist Church—Mission—situated over 616 East Locust street. Preaching 11 a. m.; Sunday School 2:30 p. m.; preaching at 8 p. m. Rev. J. R. Winbush, pastor.

## SECRET ORDERS.

North Star Lodge, No. 2, A. F. A. M.—Meets First Thursday in each month at Masonic Hall—Fourth and Court avenue. J. H. Shepard, W. M.; T. S. Ruff, secretary.

King Solomon Commandery, No. 6.—Meets Second and Fourth Thursday in each month at Masonic hall. Fred Jackson, M. O.; G. H. Clegg, Rec.

Naomi Court, No. 3—meets Second Monday of each month at Masonic hall. Mrs. E. L. Shepard, matron; Mrs. Fred Jackson, secretary.

St. Olive Court, No. 4—Meets First Thursday of each month at Masonic hall. Mrs. E. L. Shepard, matron; Mrs. George Midgett, secretary.

Charity Lodge, No. 2192, G. U. O. of O. F.—Meets First, Second and Third Tuesday each month at Odd Fellows hall on West Sixth and Walnut streets. D. Burns, N. G.; F. Brown, P. S.

H. H. of R., No. 339 of G. U. O. of O. F.—Convenes the first and third Tuesday in each month, promptly at 8 o'clock. Mrs. B. J. Holmes, M. N. G. Mrs. G. L. Williams, W. R. Knights and Ladies of Honor of the World No. 178 Victoria Lodge—meets every Monday evening at Webster's Hall, corner of Tenth Center streets. Mrs. E. A. Wood, Proctor. Mrs. Rose Johnson, Secretary.

## BYSTANDER, one year \$1.50.

## Career and Character of Abraham Lincoln.

An address by Joseph Choate, Ambassador to Great Britain, on the career and character of Abraham Lincoln—his early life—his early struggles with the world—his character as developed in the later years of his life and his administration, which placed his name so high on the world's roll of honor and fame, has been published by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway and may be had by sending six (6) cents in postage to F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

## AGENTS WANTED!

Electric Comb Cure Falling Hair, Cure Dandruff and Straightens Kinky and Curly Hair.

WE want lady or men agents in every town. You can sell one of these Electric Combs in every family. Sample to introduce 40 cents. Agents are dropping every thing else to get this agency. \$4.00 to \$8.00 a Day Easy.

ELECTRIC COMB CURE CO., 936 Good Block, Des Moines, Iowa.

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Located in Des Moines in 1899. After many years in the regular practice, we now devote all our time to the treatment of Chronic, Nervous and Special Diseases. Cure guaranteed or money refunded. All medicines furnished ready for use from our own laboratory. No detention from business. Patients at a distance treated by mail and express. Medicines sent everywhere free from cost of postage. Charges low. Thousands of patients cured. Age and experience are important. State your case plainly. Send for testimonials, books, etc. Consultation free and confidential, personally or by letter.

**SEMINAL WEAKNESS AND SEXUAL DEBILITY,** producing losses, pimples and blotches on the face, rushes of blood to the head, pains in back, forgetfulness, bashfulness, aversion to society, loss of sexual power, loss of manhood, cured for life. We cure above diseases and make you fit for marriage.

**VARICOCELE** and other diseases of the male system cured by our absolutely vigorous and healthy condition.

**WE CURE** for life. Skin Diseases, Blood Poison, Swellings, Ulcers, Sores, Gonorrhea, Gleet, and all Private Diseases cured or money returned. 84-page book sent free.

**STRICTURE** cured by our method. Don't let this affliction run along. Our 30 years' experience in its successful treatment is a guarantee to you that we are able to handle your case in person or by mail. All medicines sent well packed and free from gaze.

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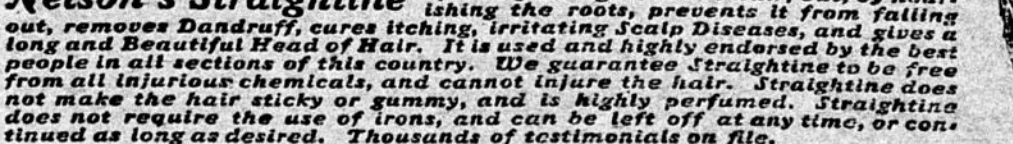
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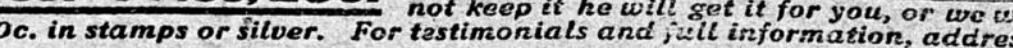
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C. R. I. & P. GOING EAST.

ARRIVE DEPART

9:30 pm Chicago Limited..... 9:35 pm

4:30 pm Day Express & Mail..... 4:40 pm

1:15 pm Night Limited..... 1:21 pm

11:31 pm Day Express..... 11:48 pm

9:10 pm Hawkeye Limited..... 9:16 pm

C. R. I. & P. GOING WEST

8:30 am Denver Limited..... 8:35 am

4:55 pm Night Limited Express..... 5:00 pm

4:00 pm Day Express..... 4:15 pm

3:30 am Rocky Mountain Limited..... 3:40 am

1:40 am Fast Mail..... 1:46 am

C. R. I. & P. TO KEOKUK.

11:30 am Eldon..... 6:55 pm

3:50 pm Keokuk..... 7:10 am

## DES MOINES & FORT DODGE.

6:30 pm. Huysen Mail & Express..... 12:10 pm

10:45 am. Tars and Fort Dodge..... 4:4 pm

8:15 pm. Minn. and St. Louis..... 9:00 pm

4:40 am. St. Paul and Minn. Flyer..... 8:30 am

## WINNETKA BRANCH.

11:30 am. Minn. and St. Louis..... 4:40 pm

4:50 pm. Mail and Express..... 7:30 am

6:40 pm. Freight..... 8:45 am

## CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN-NORTH.

8:15 pm. Chicago and St. Paul Lim..... 8:30 pm

10:45 am. Chicago and St. Paul Ex..... 8:40 am

12:30 pm. Twin Cities Special..... 9:30 am

## CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN-SOUTH.

6:50 am. Kansas City Limited..... 7:00 am

10:30 am. Day Express..... 11:40 am

7:30 pm. Night Express..... 8:45 pm

## CHICAGO BURLINGTON & QUINCY.

12:15 pm. Albia and Burlington Pass..... 13:15 pm

7:00 pm. Albia Passenger..... 8:00 am

7:00 pm. Albia Accommodation..... 5:45 am

## KEOKUK & WESTERN.

PASSENGER TRAINS LEAVE Q. STATION.

10:35 am. Mail and Express..... 12:40 pm

8:50 pm. Mail and Express..... 8:55 am

## CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN.

6:15 pm. Sioux City, N. & W..... 9:10 am

1:15 pm. Colorado Special..... 4:40 pm

4:40 am. Chicago Limited..... 9:30 am

## CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS.

12:15 pm. Chicago Limited..... 9:30 am

7:30 pm. Chicago Express..... 11:00 am

7:30 pm. Chicago Express..... 11:00 am

## CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS.

10:50 am. Omaha & Pa. Express..... 8:00 am

8:15 am. St. Louis Passenger..... 10:45 pm

9:15 pm. St. Louis Eastern Ex..... 10:30 am

## CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS.

7:30 pm. Storm Lake Express..... 4:05 pm

1:05 pm. Fondra & Sioux City Lim..... 9:05 am

C. M. & ST. P.—BOONE LIME

## CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS.

1:55 pm. Boone Mail and Express..... 3:40 pm

7:40 pm. Mail and Express..... 40 am

4:40 am. Chicago Limited..... 9:30 am

## CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS.

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12:45 pm. Sioux City & Omaha..... 2:00 am

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This is what Captain Beall says to-day: Dr. C. M. McLean cured me of Catarrh of the Bladder, and after it had produced a chronic catarrh of the stomach which was killing me, and when all the other doctors had made a failure of my case you took hold of it and cured me. I have not had a pain or ache or a sign of catarrh for seven years, and I want the world to know it. Very respectfully yours, GEORGE BEALL.

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so that it will be an ornament to the home.

### CLINTON ITEMS.

Richards and Pringles Minstrels held the boards last Tuesday night at the Economic theatre. The show while some parts was good, was not up to some of the performances given by this well known organization in the past, it was very largely patronized by our colored people.

Mrs. F. E. McNeill is on duty again at the candy kitchen after several days' confinement in her room on account of illness.

The B. Y. P. U. of the Second Baptist church gave a donkey social Wednesday night.

Mrs. C. V. Bush and daughter Estella arrived home Friday night from Moline where the latter had been engaged to assist at a concert given on Thursday night by Messrs W. Turk and H. Robinson, they report the concert a success.

Jesse Mann a former Lyons boy after a two or three absence from the city has returned to locate once more, he and his estimable wife have taken up a residence in Lyons near the home of his father. Mann Jesse is busy fitting up cosy tonorial parlors on 7th., in this city.

### MARSHALLTOWN ITEMS.

The members of the First Baptist church are making preparations to send their minister Rev. Wickerson to Saylor to attend the Ministers and Deacons' Union which is to be held in the near future.

Mrs. Melonia Grundy returned home Friday evening after spending a few days out of the city on business.

L. D. Lowery who has been employed as porter in Wright and Walker's barber shop received a telegram summoning him home Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Sutor were very pleasantly surprised Monday evening by their friends it being their wedding anniversary and Mr. Sutor's birthday.

Mrs. Geo. Young who has been ill is convalescent.

Grandma Young who has been quite sick is better at this writing.

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### MT. PLEASANT NEWS.

The Baptist and Methodist Sunday School are preparing for Easter exercises.

Rev. Bowling was a west bound passenger last Monday.

Rev. John Smith of Council Bluffs who is home on a visit, preached at the A. M. E. church Sunday night.

The A. M. E. Sunday School elected the following officers last Sunday Superintendent, Mrs. Grandison; Assistant Superintendent, Miss Lydia Bartlett; Secretary Grace Taylor; Treasurer, Cora Taylor Librarian, Carrie McCracken; Organist, Myra Carter; Teacher, J. A. Carter and Misses Lydia Bartlett and Ione Mason.

Chas. McCracken is employed at the Harlow House.

Mr. Robert Hackley is organist at the A. M. E. church.

Mrs. Perry Greenup has returned to Fairfield.

Orange Clement who was called here by the illness of his sister Mr. Emerson Jones returned to his home last week.

The election of trustees of the A. M. E. church took place Wednesday evening.

Mr. Henry Hudson and daughter Bell moved to Kentucky last week.

The I. K. S. club met with the Misses Bartlett Thursday night. The study of German has been added to the work with Mrs. Grandison as instructor. At the meeting with the Misses McCracken two weeks ago, Miss Ione Mason was elected President; Nora Bartlett, Vice-President, Lydia Bartlett Secretary, Myra McCracken, Corresponding Secretary; Cora Taylor, Treasurer; Julia Bartlett, Critic; Carrie McCracken, Chaplain.

Mr. M. Watts and family have moved to East Henry street.

Mrs. Henry has moved into the house with Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Coalsen.

### The Disease Bori Bori.

Dr. Charles Hose, of Sarawak, after many experiments, has formed the theory that the disease bori bori arises in tropical regions from the consumption of moldy rice. Dr. Strange ways Pigg of Cambridge has expounded the theory in England.

### He Collects Antique Statuary.

Stanford White is one of the largest collectors of antique statuary in America. Not only is his house in Gramercy park, New York, a veritable museum of Greek and Roman art, but the lawn is now filled to overflowing with other examples.

### Odd Names in Virginia.

One county of West Virginia has among its political subdivisions the Slab Fork, the Marsh Fork, the Shady Spring, the Clear Fork and the Trap Hill districts. Another has the Pipe Stem and the Jumping Branch districts.

### Queer Japanese Custom.

At the birth of a Japanese baby a tree is planted that must remain untouched until the marriage of the child. When the nuptial hour arrives the tree is cut down and the wood is transformed into furniture.

### ALBIA NOTES.

Mrs. Burton and Mrs. Taylor came in Albia from Hilton Monday.

The members of the A. M. E. church gave a social at the Masonic hall Saturday evening.

Mr. John Thomas and his father came in home Friday from out near Chariton.

Rev. and Mrs. T. L. Griffith are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby boy at the parental home Mrs. C. Thom s.

Quarterly meeting was held at Buxton on Sunday and a number of people from Albia went over.

### BURLINGTON, IOWA.

Miss Annie Black returned to her home in Missouri after an extended visit with her cousin Mrs. J. J. Ivy of this city.

The colored voters of the city of Burlington never fail to take advantage of rights and privileges at the ballot box, as will be shown on all occasions of this kind.

Mrs. Warfield was a visitor in our city last week.

Mr. Jao. Ross and Mr. A. Hedge of Monmouth spent Friday in this city.

Mr. C. L. Washington of Cleveland, Ia. and Grand Chancellor R. P. of Iowa Jurisdiction, installed the officers of Hawkeye lodge No. 8. K. P. L. Martin, C. C.; J. J. Ivy, V. C.; J. H. Peeny, K. R. and S.; A. Graves, M. E.; S. Mitchell, M. E.; Jas. Dean, M. A.; S. W. Smith, Prelate. A. Woods, I. G.; Wm. Lesley, O. G.

Mrs. Wm. Remy of South Fourth street is on the sick list.

The entertainment at St. John's A. M. E. church was quite a success.

The members of the Industrial club are making preparations for an entertainment to be given about April 1st.

### SIOUX CITY ITEMS.

The revival meeting at the A. M. E. church are still in progress. Rev. W. H. Speese is being ably assisted by the evangelist Rev. J. L. Warton, of Lake Forest, Ill. The meetings are good—five asking for pardon. Rev. J. L. Warton, as an evangelist, is successful in his work wherever he goes.

Mr. Isaac Watkins of Sioux Rapids, Ia. is in the city for a short visit with his children, Mrs. R. H. Early, Mr. C. Watkins and Miss E. Watkins.

Rev. W. A. Magott will preach his farewell sermon on the 23d of March.

The hard time social, under the auspices of Misses Jessie Morriweather and Kate Comely, given for the benefit of Rev. W. A. Magott, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Carr, proved one of the most successful events given in local colored circles. Twenty Dollars was realized which was presented to the pastor.

Miss Rhetta Dodd left for her home in St. Paul, Minn. She will be missed by her young friends.

Mr. E. E. Lewis of the First Baptist church preached at Mt. Zion Baptist church Sunday evening to a large and appreciative audience.

The Improvement society met with Mrs. F. A. Hackley Thursday afternoon.

The ladies pleasure class was royally entertained by Mrs. J. W. Norris.

The ladies discussed the current events of Washington City, after which a three course luncheon was served. All report a good time.

Mr. Esther Wallden is dangerously ill and little hopes are entertained for her recovery.

The trip around the world was a grand affair which was given by the ladies of the A. M. E. church. We, on our journey started from New York, crossed the waters to Paris where we were served a luncheon, then we went to Venice, in going up the rugged passage our guide lost his way, but when day dawned we found ourselves in the city where we lunched, then made our way to Tokyo, Japan where we were served tea and rice. We turned our thoughts to America and found ourselves in Boston, Mass., where we were served boston baked beans and brown bread, from there we went to Washington City where we were highly entertained by the president. At a late hour we wandered home to have our journey as a night's dream.

The Trustees of Mt. Zion Baptist church gave a banquet at Thompson's hall Wednesday evening. Music was furnished by Messrs. Holmes, Williams Cayon and Murry.

The children of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Carter have the Measles.

Somebody has complained the significance of the editorial "we." It may have a variety of meanings, for example, when you read, "we have hog cholera in our midst," means that the person who read the Bystander and don't pay for it is ill. So please cure yourself by leaving your payment with the agent, 707 Panoah St.

### Too Radical for Arkansas.

The Hot Springs citizen who shot two men because they refused to drink with him pleads self-defense. But even in Arkansas it is hardly to be assumed that a man who declines to take a drink is so dangerous a madman that the safety of others depends on his being shot on sight.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

### A Fatherland Joke.

Charles F. Saacke returned from Germany on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse with the following Fatherland joke, upon which he was not required to pay duty. The translation is his own: "What is the difference between the Lord Almighty and Kaiser Wilhelm?" "The Lord Almighty knows everything; the Kaiser knows better."

### Rosetti Resented Intrusion.

Toward the latter part of Dante Gabriel Rossetti's life he rarely left his house and garden and preferred to see his friends and acquaintances by appointment. Woe betide the too intrusive stranger. It is said that one day an enterprising man called, duly armed with a letter of introduction, and the servant was nearly yielding to the impulsive stranger, whereupon the painter of "Dante's Dream" leaned over the banister and said, in a firm, mellifluous voice, "Tell the gentleman that I am not at home."

### J. P. Morgan's Dream in Boyhood.

"The dream of my boyhood days," observed J. Pierpont Morgan to a friend recently, "was to be a farmer and have the finest stock in the world—the dolce far niente of the farmer's life was my fancy." "Well, you have your farm and your stock—to say nothing of stocks," retorted the friend. "Well, but I am the man of all work, and I haven't got the dolce far niente, and can't buy it either, big as price as I might be willing to pay for it."—New York Times.

### Salvors Want to Keep Warm.

Crews of several big oil tankers now at Point Breeze have appealed to the consuls of their various countries for assistance to secure the electrical heating of the vessels, and have made threats to desert unless their condition is ameliorated. No fire of any kind is allowed on board of these vessels. Most of them have electric plants for lighting and the sailors argue that heating arrangements can be installed cheaply.

### Gamblers Are Superstitious.

Habitual gamblers are perhaps the most superstitious persons in the world. They invariably carry little portable mascots in their pockets, and it would be impossible to persuade them to enter into a game of chance if by some inadvertence their mascots were not with them. Lumps of lead, coins, snake rattles, locks of hair, cauls, bits of bone, hairpins, are some of these charms.

### Fairy Tales Becoming Realities.

The century is beginning with the great achievement of wireless telegraphy. With what it will end passes the imagination of man if progress into the secrets and resources of nature continue at the same rate. We have already realized in common business life some of the wonders of the ancient fairy tales.—Baltimore American.

### The Partridge Detested in Turkey.

In Turkey the partridge is detested because once it betrayed the prophet to his enemies, and its legs are red because they were dipped in the blood of Hassan. If a man kills a panther he is imprisoned for twenty-four hours and then is handsomely rewarded. The crane is respected and it is a crime to kill it.

### Tricky Dentist's Punishment.

A Berlin dentist was sentenced the other day to five years' imprisonment, a fine of 1,000 marks (\$238) and five years' loss of titles and privileges, for overcharging, cheating and injuring his patients as well as compelling them to sign contracts while under the influence of anaesthetics.

### Carnegie's Coat of Arms.

Andrew Carnegie's coat of arms shows a reversed crown surmounted by a liberty cap. A weaver's shuttle and a shoemaker's knife are upon the escutcheon, Scotch and American flags are the supporters, and below is the legend, "Death to Privilege."

### Wheat for Semi-Arid Districts.

Wheat-growing in the semi-arid districts of the west has been rendered less uncertain, it is thought, by the introduction of macaroni and several other varieties of wheat, which have already given promise.

### New York's Civil Service.

Next year's appropriation for the civil service commission of New York city is \$36,000. The state expends for the same purpose \$40,000, of which \$2,450 is for printing and \$11,000 for postage.

### Early Definition of Santerer.

A santerer is believed by some etymologists to have originally signified a man without lands, such a person naturally wandering to and fro in search of employment.

### Doctors in Congress.

There is one physician in the present senate and four physicians in the present house of representatives. There is one clergyman in the present house of representatives.

### Population's Rate of Increase.

Such has been the increase in population in civilized countries that the space occupied by one person a century ago must now contain three.

### Filipinos Make Good Servants.

An army officer who recently returned from our Pacific possessions says: "The Filipinos, whatever may be their faults, make the best servants in the world, if you can cure them of petty thievery. Overcome that, and you have an ideal servant. At home here we are confronted everlastingly by the servant-girl proposition. Bring the Filipino men here and the servant girl will be a dead issue. The men are small, active and not afraid of work. They could be trained to do general housework, just as the Chinese do out on the Pacific coast."

### JUDICIAL INDIGNATION.

**A Judge's Verdict on the Conduct of Two Ungrateful Young Men.**  
Street Cleaning Commissioner Iglehart was in Philadelphia a few days ago on business connected with his department, and met a friend who offered him some whisky of an untold age and most nectarian flavor. Now, Col. Iglehart is a member of the South River Club, and it goes without saying that he is a judge of a few things besides the best way to clean streets. His description of that whisky is something to give the strongest blue-ribboner a pang of regret. He will not tell the name of the brand or where it is to be gotten, for he says if he did a large part of male Baltimore would move bodily to Philadelphia.

But Col. Iglehart's friend told him a little story in connection with that whisky. It seems that there is a club where it can be secured—or could be before it got so scarce. One day two young men entered and called for this brand. Each poured out a drink and each—horror of horrors!—poured water into it and tossed it off. The bar-keeper fell up against the wall and then quit work for the day. The board of governors held a meeting and suspended the two young men for a year.

Some time later this same friend of Col. Iglehart who tells the story fell in with Judge R., one of the eminent jurists of Philadelphia, at that time holding a place on the bench. He offered the judge some of the famous whisky and told him the story of the two young men who had watered it. The judge closed his eyes and allowed his head to fall back, while he enjoyed the entrancing liquid.

"Suspended them for a year?" he said at last. "Only that? I'd have hanged the ——— rescals if I'd had anything to do with it!"—Baltimore Sun.

### MELTING OLD PLATES.

**Tons of These Used for Printing Money to Serve as Ship Ballast.**  
This was "melting day" at the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. All the plates, rolls and dies used in printing gold and silver certificates, postage and revenue stamps, bonds and postal cards during 1901 were loaded early this morning on two big trucks. Although the precaution had been taken to spoil the face of each plate with a file, four strapping employees of the Treasury Department rode on each truck. A Treasury committee rode in a carriage.

The procession went to the Navy-yard foundry, where the plates were unceremoniously dumped into one of the furnaces, to come out as pig steel and to be used for ballast for war-ships. There were twenty tons of plates, rolls and dies, from which were printed last year \$2,200,000,000 in gold and silver certificates of various denominations, and \$889,000,000 in postage stamps, besides hundreds of millions of bonds, revenue stamps and postal cards.

The engravers are now at work on the plates, rolls and dies for 1903. Those in use now will be destroyed next February.—New York World.

### "Faithful" Service Rewarded.

The late Judge Smyth, so much better known as "the Recorder," used to have a reminiscence of another lawyer who now enjoys much distinction at the bar and for a time rejoiced in judicial honors, but who was at the time the managing clerk of a law office on the same corridor with that of the future recorder.

"I met him in the hall one day," said the old judge, "and he was evidently very much agitated. I inquired the nature of his trouble. Almost weeping, he answered: 'I have been discharged, discharged without a word of explanation, after five years of faithful service. It is very hard.' And then he quite gave way, and added, in tears: 'And you know, Mr. Smyth, you know what affidavits I have made for that man.'"

### Mr. Brown's Wild Ride on a Shovel.

C. Henry Brown, 60 years old, of Heitt, Ohio, was persuaded by friends to go coasting. The old man procured a scoop shovel and said he preferred to ride on that instead of a sled. He started down a steep incline and rode for half a mile. When the bottom of the hill was reached Brown ran into a stone wall. He was rendered unconscious and lay in the snow for six hours. He was finally picked up and taken to his home, where he is in a critical condition. The track Brown rode on is almost straight up and down, and composed of solid ice.

### She Wanted a Change.

The latest argument against skyscrapers comes from the kitchen. A cook in a West Side top-floor flat gave warning the other day. "Shure an' it's no intertainment I have," was her answer when asked her reason for leaving. "It's too high fur me to see anything of what's goin' on in the street down below. If," magnanimously, "yer will take a ground-floor flat somewhere I'd stay wid yer. Then I could look out the window and see what's goin' on an' 'twould be more intertainin' fur me."—New York Evening Sun.

### Gave Them a Rest.

"I don't see," she complained, "why they always set me alongside of some awfully wise professor or philosopher or writer or something of that kind whenever I'm invited out to dinner."

"I suppose," her friend answered, "that they do it for the benefit of the great men they set you next to. Most men who are engaged in intellectual pursuits like to relax at such affairs and net have to talk sense, you know."



## NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL

Des Moines, March 13, 1903.

The house committee on horticulture voted to recommend for passage a substitute for the Secor forest reserve bill. This is the measure providing for the exemption from taxation of forest and fruit tree reserves, and is endorsed by the state forestry association. Fruit tree reservations are to be exempt for five years and forest tree reserves as long as they are maintained, providing there are at least 200 trees to the acre and the property is used for no other purpose, such as pasture.

The senate committee on appropriations passed a resolution to the effect that it was the sense of the committee that not more than \$75,000 should be appropriated for an exhibit at the St. Exposition in 1903. The matter was discussed at some length by the committee and \$75,000 was agreed upon as about the proper amount, in view of the other demands on the treasury. Some members of the committee suggested \$100,000 and \$125,000, but both of these motions were voted down. The appropriation for monuments in memory of the Iowa regiments that fought at Lookout Mountain was discussed by the committee. The bill calls for an appropriation of \$35,000, and although this amount will not be given, it was practically decided to make some appropriation for this purpose.

Members of the legislature who watched the campaign in Polk county are of the opinion that the result will be an increase in the sentiment in favor of the primary election bill now pending in both houses. This bill was introduced by Senator Crossley, with a view of restricting the primaries to each party, and for this purpose it is provided that all of the parties shall hold their primaries on the same day. It has been amended to some extent by the committee and has been recommended for passage in the house.

Among the bills acted on by the house committee on agriculture last week was one by Caldwell intended to give each farmer's institute the right to send a delegate to the annual state convention. It was recommended for passage. It is expected the bill will encounter some opposition on the floor for the reason it contemplates an important change in the composition of the agriculture convention. Some of the farmers hold the convention is too largely under the sway of the politicians. If this bill goes through it will send to the annual convention delegates from farmers' institutes from sixty or more counties in the state. One of the objections urged to the bill is that it will enable institutes to organize suddenly in order to hurry delegates to the convention in the interest of some person or measure. In order to prevent this the bill has been amended so as to provide that in order for an institute to be eligible to select a delegate it must have been organized a year. Another amendment provides for an annual report to the secretary of agriculture November 15. At the present time farmers' institutes are not represented in the annual agricultural convention. Each county and district fair association is entitled to a delegate, and in counties where no delegate is sent from a fair association the board of supervisors may select a delegate to represent the county. It is not the intent of the bill to cut off any delegates already provided for by law. If there is more than one properly organized institute in a county, each will be entitled to a delegate. Guthrie county now has two institutes.

### HILLARD IS FOUND GUILTY.

Supervisor Convicted of Misappropriation of County Bridge Funds.

Council Bluffs, March 10.—The case of the state vs. Charles Hillard, a member of the Harrison county board of supervisors, which has been on trial in the district court at Logan for the past two weeks, came to a close, when the jury, after being out but a few minutes, returned a verdict of guilty as charged. This is the first of the cases that were brought against the entire board, and will probably have a very decided effect on the trial of other members which is to follow. The charge was misfeasance in office and the misappropriation of the bridge funds of the county. An argument will be made for a new trial at the session of the court today, and, failing to secure one, it is said that the case will be carried to the supreme court. The source of the trouble seems to be a fight between the cities of Logan and Missouri Valley over the location of the county's poor farm.

Mrs. Anna Ratliff of Salem has just reached her eighty-fifth milestone. Her children, grandchildren and great-grandchildren met at her home in honor of the occasion and with well filled baskets and friendly greetings spent the day to the satisfaction of all present. Mrs. Ratliff is perhaps the oldest pioneer in Henry county, coming to the territory in the fall of 1837 and still owning the farm her husband purchased from the government, it never having changed hands.

Mayor Berg of Dubuque has issued an order to the saloons to close at 11 o'clock p. m. The order goes into effect at once. All wine rooms will be abolished and on Sunday all saloons remain closed till 2 p. m. The police are instructed to rigidly enforce the order. This order is in line with the plan of Archbishop Keane, but somewhat modified. It will be regarded, however, as a victory won by the archbishop, as it is the first regulation of saloons attempted for years.

Maude—"When you refused him my hand, papa, did he get down on his knees?" Pater—"No, I didn't notice just where he hit!"

Tauker—"I see in the paper that Andrew Carnegie said riches are a curse." Caulker—"Well, I'll be damned."

"Noticed a large crowd gathered in front of your house this morning. Worrit; what was the matter?" "I was discharging the cook."

"Well, how does it seem to be engaged to such a wealthy girl?" "Fine! Every time I kiss her I feel as if I were taking the coupons off a government bond."

## EX-GOV. ALTGELD DEAD.

Death Said to Be Due to Cerebral Hemorrhage.

Joliet, Ill., March 13.—Former Governor John P. Altgeld died in Room 58, Hotel Monroe, yesterday morning at 7:30 o'clock. He had been unconscious since midnight.

Mr. Altgeld was the principal speaker at a pro-Boer meeting Tuesday night in the Joliet theater.

Just at the close of his speech, a sudden dizziness seized him and he was assisted from the stage. The meeting proceeded, the audience not realizing what had happened. Mr. Altgeld was taken to the door of the theater where several vomiting spells seized him. This continued for nearly an hour and was so pronounced that he could not be removed to the hotel.

Physicians were instantly summoned and Mr. Altgeld was carried to the hotel across the street. He retained consciousness and urged the newspaper men to keep the affair quiet for fear of alarming his wife. Shortly before midnight he became unconscious.

He remained in this condition until death. At 3:41 in the morning it was thought he had died, but he revived and from that time until shortly before the end showed wonderful vitality, although he made no move.

The medical men here had a banquet that night at which Dr. J. B. Herrick of the Rush Medical college of Chicago delivered a lecture on heart disease. He and other physicians were called from the banquet to attend the patient. They remained with him the balance of the night. When the end came they worked his arms vigorously to revive respiration, but all to no purpose. The cause of death is given as cerebral hemorrhage, there having been apoplectic seizure of the brain.

John Peter Altgeld, ex-governor of Illinois, was born in Germany in December, 1847. He was brought to the United States when three years old, settling with his parents at Mansfield, Ohio. He was educated in the public schools and was still attending when the war broke out. Although only sixteen years of age, he enlisted and fought to the close of the war. After the war he taught school in Missouri and studied law, being admitted to the bar in 1869. He was elected state's attorney of Andrew county, Missouri, in 1874 and resigned in 1875 to go to Chicago, where he took up the practice of law. He was unsuccessful as a candidate for congress in 1884, but was elected judge of the superior court of Chicago, serving from 1886 to 1891. He was elected governor of Illinois in 1892-1895. During his term he pardoned Meiden, Schwab and Neebe, known as the anarchists, and his act caused widespread comment at the time. He was a prominent advocate of the free coinage of silver during the Bryan campaign.

### NO WAIT FOR PANAMA BILL.

Senate Committee Satisfied With Nicaragua Canal Route.

Washington, March 13.—The senate committee on isthmian canals yesterday decided by a vote of 4 to 1 to report the Hepburn bill providing for the construction of an isthmian canal via the Nicaraguan route. The action of the committee was taken at a called meeting held during the afternoon, and came after a brief report by Senator Morgan, chairman of the committee, detailing the result of a conference with Secretary Hay as to the status of diplomatic negotiations with the Central American republics concerning the canal. He stated that the secretary had told him that there are no negotiations in progress between the United States and Colombia concerning the Panama route, and that the new minister from Colombia had not even presented his credentials; but that on the other hand the representatives of this country and those of Nicaragua and Costa Rica had been in consultation and had agreed upon practically all the points to be covered in concession treaties, nothing really being left in that connection but to put the agreements in writing. He said that the governments of those two countries had manifested a disposition to make all the concessions the United States could ask to aid in the construction of a canal, and that among these concessions is one of perpetual right of way.

**Friar Lands in Philippines.**  
Washington, March 13.—Contrary to published reports, it was authoritatively stated that the president had not appointed any one to negotiate for the sale of the friar lands in the Philippines to the United States. The president, however, has the matter under consideration, and as soon as Governor Taft can arrange for a conference with the president the whole matter will be discussed, with the probability that a commission will be appointed to see what can be done toward acquiring these lands.

**Bring Back Carter's Pals.**  
Washington, March 12.—The officials of the department of justice will make every effort to secure the extradition from Canada of Gaynor and Green, who are charged with complicity in the Savannah frauds for which Captain Oberlin M. Carter was sent to the penitentiary. The officials are looking up the law and the treaty bearing on the subject and as soon as this is completed they will ask the state department to take steps to secure the extradition of the men.

**Gen. De Wet Is Shot.**  
London, March 5.—A dispatch from Harrismith, Orange River Colony, says that Boer prisoners report that Gen. De Wet was shot in the arm during the recent attempt to break through the blockhouse line held by the New Zealanders, in the vicinity of Harrismith.

"What is your policy?" inquired the inquisitive individual of a great railroad lawyer. "Our policy," replied the railroad lawyer, "is millions for defense, but not a cent for damages."

The late Senator Cushman K. Davis of Minnesota was asked by President McKinley what he thought of the appointment of General Joe Wheeler in the army during the war with Spain. "I think it would be one of the best appointments you could make. Mr. President," replied Davis, "I am a living witness to Wheeler's grit and persistence. During the Rebellion he chased me like the very devil through five states."

## CONGRESS.

Washington, March 8.—House.—The house today closed the general debate upon the bill to classify the rural free delivery service and place the carriers under the contract system. It is expected the vote will be taken on Monday.

Washington, March 10.—Senate.—For nearly two hours today Vest, of Missouri, addressed the senate in opposition to the pending ship subsidy bill. No member of the body has been accorded more flattering close attention than he received. Despite his evident feebleness, he spoke with force and fire, and at times became brilliantly eloquent. He carefully analyzed the pending measure, and particularly attacked the present navigation laws, which he declared were relics of barbarism, and responsible for the decline of our merchant marine.

Tillman, of South Carolina, followed with a brief speech in opposition to the bill. He denounced the policy of giving subsidies to anybody, particularly to individuals and corporations engaged in the formation of shipping trusts.

House.—The bill to classify the rural free delivery service and place the carriers under the contract system, which has been debated in the house for over a week, was passed today, but in a form that completely changed the purpose for which it was framed. Before it was passed the bill was altered radically by its opponents. All the provisions relating to the placing of carriers under the contract system were stricken out, and the salary system not only was continued, but the maximum salary of carriers was increased from \$500 to \$600 per annum. A motion offered by Williams, democrat, of Illinois, to recommit the bill with instructions to report back an amendment providing for the dismissal from the service of carriers who should use their influence in favor of any particular candidate, was voted down, 96 to 141.

Washington, March 11.—Senate.—For several hours today the senate had the ship subsidy bill under consideration. Mallory, of Florida, made an extended speech in opposition to the measure. He analyzed the bill carefully and held that there was no good reason for its enactment into law, saying he believed it would not accomplish the results hoped for it by its promoters. His opposition was based chiefly on the ground that it would extend the favor of the United States treasury to private individuals and corporations without a just return for the expenditure. "Congress never in its history," Mallory said, "passed a measure of this character. It has passed many laws to advance private gains under the pretence of public policy, but never one so absolutely bald and bold in its advancement of private purposes as this measure." He would go as far as any senator to put the American merchant marine on a footing of equality with that of other nations, but he could not endorse a measure so at variance with every public principle of right and justice. Frye referred to the fact that it had been claimed that the clause in section 6 of the ship subsidy bill, which directs payment to the owner or owners of any vessel of the United States "duly registered by a citizen of the United States," would place under the provisions of the bill the four ships that had been admitted to an American register. He therefore submitted an amendment, which was adopted, making the clause read "hereafter built and registered in the United States or now duly registered."

House.—The house today entered into consideration of the postoffice appropriation bill, as usual during general debate on an appropriation bill, the members who spoke devoted themselves to everything except the bill before the house. Early in the day Thayer, of Massachusetts, attempted to take advantage of the division among the republicans on the subject of reciprocity by bringing forward a resolution to investigate reports that the sugar trust would be the chief beneficiary of Cuban reciprocity. He tried to overturn a decision of the speaker in order to secure action on his solution, but the republicans came up solidly against such a course and he was checkmated. Brantley, a Georgia democrat, made a speech in favor of Cuban reciprocity, and Meyer, a Louisiana democrat, against it. Hill, of Connecticut, made some remarks on his monetary bill. The feature of the day, however, was a speech by Burleson, of Texas, attacking Secretary Hay for declining to request the British authorities to furnish passports to go through the British lines to Rev. Hiram W. Thomas and wife, who desire to go to South Africa to distribute Boer relief funds collected in Illinois.

Washington, March 12.—Senate.—Again today the ship subsidy bill occupied practically the entire time of the senate. McCumber presented a carefully prepared argument, in which, as a representative of an agricultural state, he favored the bill on the ground of its protective features. Dewey, one of the members of the committee on commerce, delivered an elaborate speech, in which he analyzed the arguments both for and against the proposition to pay subsidies to the shipping industries. Both as an argument and as an oratorical effort the speech was brilliant and was listened to attentively by senators and by throngs in the galleries. His peroration, in which he pictured in glowing language the result of the operation of the bill, elicited hearty applause from the galleries. A few bills were passed, including one providing for the redemption of Hawaiian silver coins and the substitution therefor of American silver coins.

House.—General debate on post-office appropriation bill continued in the house today, a number of topics being discussed. The proceedings were enlivened by a clash between Corliss, of Michigan, and Richardson, of Alabama, on the subject of the Pacific cable. This is the second time the two members have locked horns on the cable question. Sims, of Tennessee, devoted some time to showing how the house had been "buncoed," he considered, in connection with the permanent census bill. Dougherty, of Mis-

souri, discussed rural free delivery; Jackson, of Kansas, the government ownership of telegraphs; and Greene, of Pennsylvania, the Philippine situation. The latter argued that if we would proclaim our purpose to grant independence to the Filipinos the insurrection would cease instantly.

Washington, March 13.—Senate.—After the passage of a considerable number of unobjectionable bills today the senate resumed consideration of the ship subsidy measure. Berry, of Arkansas, a member of the commerce committee, which reported the bill, made a vigorous argument in opposition to it. He charged that the bill would foster trusts and monopolies in the shipping industry, and that already J. Pierpont Morgan and his associates were forming a syndicate for the control of the shipping on the Atlantic. In this connection, he became involved in a colloquy with Hanna, of Ohio, who maintained that the ships acquired by Morgan from foreign countries could not participate in the subsidies provided by the pending measure. Perkins, of California, another member of the commerce committee, delivered a carefully prepared speech in support of the bill, maintaining that it would aid the prosperity of the entire country. Wellington, of Maryland, presented the credentials of Arthur P. Gorman, elected a senator from Maryland for a term of six years, beginning on March 4, 1903. They were read and filed. Hale, of Maine, presented the conference report on the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill. The report was agreed to without comment. In presenting the Hepburn bill for the construction of an isthmian canal, without amendment, and with a recommendation that it pass, Morgan, of Alabama, said the report of the committee would be ready in a day or two.

House.—The house today closed general debate on the postoffice appropriation bill and completed consideration of twelve of the twenty-seven pages of the bill. No amendments were adopted. The principal portion of the general debate today was devoted to the discussion of the appropriations for rural mail facilities. Jenkins, of Wisconsin, presented a detailed statement of his reasons for his theory that Cuba is now under the sovereignty of the United States, which sovereignty, he contends, can not be alienated without an act of congress. Jenkins' views attracted considerable attention.

## LONG RESIGNS.

SECRETARY OF NAVY HANDS IN HIS RESIGNATION.

Long Talked of Change in Cabinet Now Only a Matter of Few Weeks' Time.

Washington, March 11.—The third change in the cabinet of President Roosevelt occurred yesterday when Secretary Long submitted his resignation in a graceful letter, it being accepted in one equally felicitous by the president. The change was made complete by the selection of Representative William Henry Moody of the Sixth congressional district of Massachusetts as Mr. Long's successor in the navy department.

The correspondence exchanged was as follows:  
Navy Department, Washington, March 10.—My Dear President: Will you accept this as my resignation of the secretaryship of the navy, to take effect on the first day of May next, or sooner, of course, if you shall at any time so wish? It has been to me a delightful service. I leave the official circle of your cabinet, in which my association with you and its members has been so happy, with high appreciation of your administration and with most cordial wishes for its success and for you personally. Very truly yours,  
(Signed.) John D. Long.  
The President.

White House, Washington, March 10, 1902.—Dear Mr. Secretary: It is with very sincere regret that I accept your resignation. I shall always account it a privilege not only to have served with you during the last six months, but to have served with you at the outset of President McKinley's administration. I have seen you in both relations and it has never been my good fortune to be associated with any public man more single-minded in his devotion to public interest. Our relations have not been merely official, but also those of personal friendship. May all the good fortune you so richly deserve attend you wherever you go. Sincerely yours,  
Theodore Roosevelt.

To the Hon. John D. Long, Secretary of the navy.

REVOLUTIONISTS WIN.

Are in Absolute Control Outside Two Big Towns.

New York, March 14.—The revolutionists now hold all interior provinces of the isthmus outside of Panama and Colon, cables the correspondent of the Herald. The Ecuadorian government, the dispatch says, has sent special orders to the local authorities in Guayaquil to make the visit of the United States cruiser Philadelphia as pleasant as possible. Formal protest has been made by the Colombian minister to Quito against the Ecuadorian expedition on the eastern frontier. The protest is based on the tripartite convention signed in Lima, Peru, in 1894.

Statute Unconstitutional.

Washington, March 11.—The United States Supreme court decided the Illinois anti-trust statute to be unconstitutional because of the provision of the law exempting agricultural products and live stock from the operation of the law. The decision was rendered in the case of Thomas Connelly and others against the Union Sewer Pipe company of Ohio, and was delivered by Justice Harlan.

End Rebellion in a Month.

Hong Kong, March 13.—Marshall Su, who recently arrived at the scene of the Kwang Si rebellion and took command of the imperial forces, has defeated the rebels at Lung Chow. Su expects to suppress the rising in a month.

"Papa, what is it that makes a statesman good?" "Death, my son."

## ANOTHER GRAND REPORT.

From His Majesty's Dockyard, Portsmouth, England.

Where Upwards of 16,000 Men Are Constantly Employed.

Some time ago the Portsmouth Times and Naval Gazette published a most thrilling and remarkable experience of the wife of Mr. Frederick Payne, himself connected with the Portsmouth dockyard for many years. The report produced a great sensation, not only to Portsmouth, but throughout the country, being considered of sufficient importance for reproduction and editorial comment by the leading metropolitan and provincial press of England, as showing the marvelous power which St. Jacobs Oil possesses as a cure for Rheumatism, its application having effected a perfect cure in the case of Mrs. Payne, after having been a helpless cripple and given up by several physicians.

We have now further evidence of its intrinsic value as a Pain Conqueror. Our readers will do well to follow the intelligent and highly interesting details as given in Mrs. Rabbets own words:

"To the Proprietors St. Jacobs Oil—  
"Gentlemen: My husband, who is a shipwright in His Majesty's dockyard, met with an accident to his ankle and leg, spraining both so badly that his leg turned black from his knee to his toes. The doctor said it would be months before he could put his foot to the ground, and it was doubtful whether he would ever get proper use of his leg again.

"A few days after the accident I had a book left at the door telling about St. Jacobs Oil, so I procured a bottle from our chemist, Mr. Arthur Creswell, 379 Commercial Road. I began to use St. Jacobs Oil, and you may guess my surprise when in about another week from that date my husband could not only stand, but could even walk about, and in three weeks from the time I first used the Oil my husband was back at work, and everybody talking about his wonderful recovery. This is not all. Seeing what St. Jacobs Oil could do gave me faith in your Vogeler's Curative Compound, also favorably mentioned in the book left at my house. I determined to try the compound on my little girl, who was suffering from a dreadful skin disease, the treatment of which has cost me large sums of money in going from one doctor to another with her, all to no purpose.

She has taken two bottles of Vogeler's Curative Compound, and one would now hardly take her for the same child. Her skin has such a nice healthy color after the sallow look she has always had.

"I shall never cease to be thankful for the immense benefit we have derived from these two great remedies of yours. I think it a duty to recommend these medicines now I have proved their value.

(Signed.) "Elizabeth S. Rabbets,  
"93 Grafton Street, Mile End,"  
"Landport, Portsmouth, England."

A liberal free sample of Vogeler's Compound will be sent by addressing "St. Jacobs Oil," 343 Baltimore.

The above honest, straightforward statement of Mrs. Rabbets evidence is stronger and far more convincing than pages of paid advertisements, which, though in themselves attractive, yet lack that convincing proof which Mrs. Rabbets' description of her own experience supplies. St. Jacobs Oil has a larger sale throughout the world than that of all other remedies for outward application combined, and this can only be accounted for from the fact of its superiority over all others.

Some newspapers are so modest they can hardly show their type face.

Judge Craig Biddle was escorting a visitor to Philadelphia over the city, and as they passed the penitentiary the visitor inquired blandly: "Judge, is that a new distillery?" "Not exactly," answered the judge, "but it is a rectifying plant."

"You say O'Hannagan leaves the orphans home a large legacy?" "Be dead, it's purty large." How much?" "Twelve children an' a goat, begorra."

## NEW CURE FOR KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.

Bright's Disease, Rheumatism, Gravel, Pain in the Back, Dropsy, etc., you will upon request be mailed.

A LARGE TRIAL CASE FREE.

Disorders of the Kidneys and Bladder cause Bright's Disease, Rheumatism, Gravel, Back, Bladder Dropsy, etc. For these diseases a Positive Specific Cure is found in a new botanical discovery, the wonderful Kava-Kava Shrub, called by botanists the piper methystricum, from the Ganges River, East India. It has the extraordinary record of 1,200 hospital cures in 80 days. It acts directly on the kidneys, and cures by draining out of the blood the poisonous Uric Acid, Lithates, etc., which cause the disease.

James Thomas, Esq., of the Board of Review Bureau of Penalties, Washington, D. C., was cured after many physicians failed and he had given up all hope of recovery. Nathaniel Anderson, Esq., of Greenwood, S. C., writes: "Was a sufferer of Kidney and Bladder troubles, which caused two hemorrhages of the kidneys; had to urinate every few minutes; physicians told him his case was incurable, but was completely cured by Alkavie. Alvin D. Lane, Auburn, Me., writes: 'Was cured of Rheumatism, which was so severe as to cause him to use crutches. Hundreds of similar testimonials can be produced if desired. Many ladies, including Miss Viola Deuring, Petersburg, Ind., Mrs. E. K. Dinsmore, South Deerfield, Mass., also testify as to its wonderful curative powers in Kidney diseases and other disorders peculiar to women."

"That you may judge of the value of this Great Discovery for yourself, we will send you one Large Case by mail free, only asking that you enclose yourself you will recommend it to others. It is a Sure Specific and can not fail. Address, The Church Kidney Cure Company, No. 406 Fourth Avenue, New York City."



## THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

LESSON XII, MARCH 23; EPHESIANS 5:11-21—TEMPERANCE LESSON.

Golden Text—"He Not Drunk with Wine, Wherein Is Excess"—Ephesians 5:18—Two Great Moral Kingdoms Contending for Supremacy in Our Hearts.

"Foolish talking." "This means more than mere random talk; it is that talk of fools which is folly and in together." "Alford. 'Jesting.' Profligate, unclean of innocence. 'Foolish talking is the coarse talk of fools; jesting, the more refined half-suggestive of vice or profanity in the conversation or writing of a witty man of the world.'—Cook.

"Unfruitful works of darkness." "Vices joined with themselves and perish; virtues put to flight and abound." "Jerome. Good fruit cannot grow in darkness. But that which should bring forth good fruit in the light, when placed in insect death." "Reprove them" by word and by example.

"Walk circumspectly." With accuracy, strictness, looking on every side to see that the right path is taken. "Not as the heathen, who carelessly through life, visiting saloons and places of evil, going far astray, but just to salt into the eye of the maelstrom of sin, to see how looks. Such are fools. 'But as wise,' keeping in the right way; avoiding temptations; looking carefully for the ways that lead to the right end."

"Redeeming the time." Redeem means to buy up, to get possession of; time here means opportunity, the right or fitting time. The word is therefore meant, improve every opportunity; use your time to the best advantage; make every opportunity yield its utmost of good. "Because many days are evil." Because there are many temptations and dangers, hidden currents, secret pitfalls, enemies on every side. These "evil days" are largely connected with intemperance and its accompaniments.

"Submitting yourselves one to another." Not seeking to rule, but to help each other. We must lose our own life in the larger life of the church, the society, the organization. Still it must be the "fear of God," only in those things which are right.

"And be not drunk with wine, wherein is excess, but be filled with the Spirit." First: The Kingdom of Intemperance. The proverb is found in Luke 15:13, where the prodigal is described as wasting his substance in riotous living. The nature of all intoxicating drinks is to lead to excess; the appetite for wine increases; it excites all passions, all the feelings, and leads to actions which would not otherwise be performed. Riot, dissoluteness, anger, hate, intemperance, vice, murder, all lie in the bottom of the wine cup.

Illustration. "A story is current in the Orient of a wise old sheik, who gave to a young Arab prince, from whom he was about to part, a list of crimes, and bade him choose the one which seemed least harmful. The young prince turned to horror from murder, theft, and loss of virtue, and told the patriarch he would choose intemperance. 'You have chosen that,' said the wise old man, 'which will bring you all.'

"The Waste of Wealth. In the Strand Magazine is a series of illustrations, the object of which is to show in a most vivid and surprising way the waste of wealth in the United Kingdom during a period of sixty-three years from last June, from 1840 to 1903. The same practically, would be true of the United States.

If the national drink bill had remained unpaid during that time, and assuming that no interest was charged on the unpaid millions, the drinkers of the United Kingdom would have cost the nation the face to face with a liability of \$2,514,000,000 or \$33,200,000,000. "This would absorb one-tenth of the whole world's wealth. In fact, it would practically be necessary to mortgage the United Kingdom itself to pay the bill." The gold and silver in the whole world would pay only one-ninth of the bill. All gold and silver together would pay only one-third. It would take the output of all the gold and silver mines in the world, ninety-five years, to pay the rest of the bill.

The latest suspension bridge over Niagara, 800 feet long, is entirely built of steel, of which 3,658 1/2 cubic feet were used. If a bridge was erected on similar lines out of the precious metal provided by our "drink gold," before the last ounce was used the bridge would be spanning an abyss 22,072 feet wide. The Niagara bridge weighed a ton for each foot of its span; therefore, to balance 24,388 tons of steel, the bridge on the same plan would have to be constructed, having a length of almost eleven miles; that is to say, if one end rested on the heights of Hightgate, one could promenade right across London and not reach the bridge until one arrived at the gates of the Crystal Palace.

Second: The Way of Escape—Be Filled with the Spirit. The Holy Spirit of God, and thus with all the pure and holy feelings, acts, tastes, and love that belong to the kingdom of God.

1. If one is filled with the Spirit, there will not be room for the spirit of evil. 2. He will have no taste for the things that find their inspiration in intemperance. He will be opposed to them as contrary to his nature.

Religious life, expressed in religious worship, is one of the greatest of all aids to a temperate life. Let this fill the life before intemperance has a chance to assail it. Social religious life, against the social temptations of strong drink. So thankfulness to God for the good will strengthen us against the ingratitude of doing what he hates and forbids.

Learn by Heart. Each scholar should learn by heart some texts of Scripture on the subject of temperance. Everyone should sign the temperance pledge.

Sometimes people object to having boys sign a temperance pledge or promise not to use intoxicating beverages. Mr. John B. Gough, the popular temperance lecturer, who had been intemperate, but afterward reformed, said: "If the pledge had been offered me when I was a boy in Sabbath school I should have been spared those seven dreadful years."

Aim of Musical Instruction.

Frank Damrosch, superintendent of music in New York's public schools, says the aim of the schools should be to make the children not musicians, but simply lovers of music.

Whaling Fleet Decreasing.

Since 1890 the number of ships in the American whaling fleet has decreased from ninety-seven to forty. There is a steady falling off in the production of both sperm oil and whalebone.

Thought Inspired by a Kiss.

"Well, how does it seem to be engaged to such a wealthy girl?" "Fine! Every time I kiss her I feel as if I were taking the coupon off a government bond."—Life.





**Mrs. Francis Podmore, President W. C. T. U., Saranac Lake, New York, Owes Her Health to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Read Her Letter.**

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—For several years after my last child was born I felt a peculiar weakness, such as I never had experienced before, with severe pains in the ovaries and frequent headaches.

"I tried the doctor's medicines and found it money worse than wasted. A friend who had been cured through the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** advised me to try it. I did so, also your Sanative Wash, and I must say I never experienced such relief before. Within six weeks I was like another woman. I felt young and strong and happy once more.

"This is several years ago, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is my only medicine. If I ever feel bad or tired a few doses brings instant relief."—MRS. FRANCIS PODMORE.

**\$5000 FORFEIT IF THE ABOVE LETTER IS NOT GENUINE.**

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhoea, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy, **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

## RED RIVER VALLEY LANDS! IN THE CORN BELT

**WHEAT LANDS—FLAX LANDS—CORN LANDS—GRAZING LANDS.** Rich soil, big crops, convenient markets, excellent schools, good water—the ideal grain and stock country. Several creameries being established. Wild land, \$8 to \$20 per acre. One crop of flax often pays the entire cost of the land. Improved farms, \$12 to \$35 per acre. **EASY TERMS.** Write and state how large a farm you want, and maps and descriptions will be mailed promptly. **H. E. GRANDALL LAND CO., Colfax, N. Dak.**

**PREVENT CONTAGIOUS DISEASES WITH A GERMO-KILLER.** **ROCKWELL'S** Germicide, 10¢ per bottle. **Dr. W. G. FAYNE, Marshalltown, Iowa.**

**GALLSTONES CURED.** Immediate relief. **Dr. W. G. FAYNE, Marshalltown, Iowa.**

**MAKE YOUR FORTUNE QUICKLY WITH SMALL CAPITAL.** Our new method of operating on the stock and grain market prescribes all risks and profits. **THE UNION INVESTMENT CO., Bialto Building, Chicago, Ill.**

**FARM LANDS!** 50 acres in Kossuth County, Iowa, \$25.00. 100 acres in Kossuth County, Iowa, well improved, \$50.00 per acre. Write us quick for a descriptive list of 75 good pieces for a home or investment in Minnesota, North and South Dakota. Price from \$4.00 an acre upward. Also ask for map of Minnesota and Iowa. It is free. **VARLAND LAND CO., Globe Bldg., ST. PAUL, MINN.**

**"ALL WRIGHT FOR MORE THAN HALF A CENTURY."** **ROMAN EYE BALMS** FOR WEAK, EYES AND EYELIDS. **WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILL CO., New York.**

**KEEP YOUR SADDLE DRY!** THE ORIGINAL **TOWER'S** **FISH BRAND POMMEL SLICKER** PROTECTS BOTH RIDER AND SADDLE IN THE HARDEST STORM. **AT J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, MASS. 39**

**CAPSICUM VASELINE** (PUT UP IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES) A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve headache and neuralgia. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralgic and gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say it is the best of all of your preparations. Price 15 cents. All drug stores or other dealers, or by sending this amount to us in postage stamps we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine. **CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO., 17 State Street, New York City.**

**EASE, DURABILITY, SIMPLICITY** with **G & J TIRE** Accidents are rare, pleasure is increased by their superior elasticity, and you can mend them with your hands—no tools required. Our automobile tires are just as safe, satisfactory and reliable. **G & J TIRE COMPANY, Indianapolis, Ind.**

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## THEY CONTROL THE COUNTRY.

**How the Railroad Kings Have the Land Parcelled Out Among Them.**

Here, then, is a vast continent belted and banded and criss-crossed with 200,000 miles of railroads. Many of the roads are great independent lines, and some are systems controlled by groups of men outside the five large syndicates. But practically half the stupendous network, affecting in one way or another every inhabitant in the country, is in possession of five little bodies of men with headquarters in New York.

A strip of land hundreds of miles wide, beginning at the Washington ports in the northwest and sweeping east of the lakes, is practically an industrial field of Mr. Hill and Mr. Morgan. In Mr. Harriman's hands, in some measure is the prosperity of California and the southwestern states, as well as of a broad strip up the Mississippi valley, a fertile band through the prairie states, and all the habitable land reaching west from the Rockies to the coast. The central Atlantic states live to the rhythm of the New York Central and the Pennsylvania railroad.

It is true that one can go from Boston to San Francisco, from the gulf to St. Paul and travel not a mile on the roads of the railroad giants, but only through a very narrow pathway and for the most part within view of competing syndicate lines on either side. And who that travels on railroads or sends his products by railroads within our borders does not do so over some railroad line controlled by that syndicate?

When it is remembered, furthermore, says M. G. Cunniff in the World's Work, that Morgan men are directors in Vanderbilt roads, Hill men in Pennsylvania roads, Gould men in Harriman roads, and that every other possible interweaving of common control exists throughout the great groups, the lines of demarcation melt away and we see dimly outlined a condition of affairs which may possibly take the hue of monopoly.

## A PIGEON RANCH.

**Eighty Acres Devoted to the Rearing of the Birds.**

What is said to be the only pigeon ranch in the world is near Los Angeles, Cal. It covers about eight acres of sandy, gravelly ground in the bed of the Los Angeles river, where there is an abundance of water. Here stands an enormous ark-shaped loft, or pigeon house, whose crannies of architecture are concealed by the thousands of pigeons upon the roof. Fifteen thousand birds fairly cover the ground and loft, so that at times from a distance it appears as though some of the snow from the neighboring Sierras had been dropped upon the roof. The increase of this gigantic flock is enormous. If the market should fall the owner would be utterly unable to feed his birds, as in less than two years he would by calculation have a million birds on his hands. Fortunately the demand is better than the supply and the pigeon ranch sends about 40,000 squabs a year to the market.

The statistics of this unique ranch are interesting. The estimated output for the month is 3,000, the gross income being about \$9,000 a year. The average price per dozen for the birds is about \$3, sometimes ranging up to \$10. The expense of maintaining such an enormous flock is considerable. The birds are fed three times a day, each meal costing approximately for all \$5, so the annual food bill is about \$5,500. The food consists mainly of wheat, screenings, boiled meal and stale bread. The daily consumption is about twelve sacks of screenings, eight sacks of wheat and many gallons of boiled meal. The bread is an additional fattener given during the week.

Curious Mix-Up in Hungary. Two brothers married two sisters a year or two ago at Sandorfalva, in Hungary. It is necessary in Hungary that a civil marriage should precede the ceremony in the church. At the civil ceremony Emmerich Tanks was married to Katiza Patay and Francis Tanks to Mary Patay. Then the young couples went to the church for the final ceremony. At the altar the brides somehow changed places, eventually leaving the church married to the wrong husbands. The bridegrooms appealed to the priest for advice, but he said the bride's father could settle the matter. That gentleman agreed to give his decision at the termination of the wedding feast. By that time, however, he had drunk not wisely but too well, and was incapable of anything. The matter had to be brought before the courts, which decided to give the brides to the men they loved.

Foreign Locomotives in France. The arrival of a number of locomotives in France constructed at Munich has naturally had a very ill effect upon Gallic public opinion, which is becoming irritated at the importation of so many foreign locomotives when the home concern are said to be crying aloud for orders. That the state should purchase American locomotives, and other companies should give out contracts to a Vienna firm, may be excusable under the circumstances, but the purchasing of locomotives from Germany, which may eventually be at war with France, and is supplying what is classified as war material, is intolerable to the Gaul.—The Engineer.

Never Discard Uniform. The Russian emperor and all members of the imperial family, being officers of the army, are always dressed in uniform, with their trousers inside their top-boots.

"Th' mon thot Ol marry must be a hero." "A hero, is that darlint? Thin lit me till yez that there wor a toime when Ol stood phere th' shots wor thickest." "Awn whin wor that, Paddy?" "Whin Ol wurked in th' shot tower."

Farmer Prymm (in city theatre)—"Better take off your hat, Sary; all the other wimmin folks has their off." His Wife—"Let them, the brazen things! Nobody'll ever have a chance to say that I'd do anything in a show-place that I wouldn't do in church."

If we continue our policy of expansion, a Kentucky colonel thinks that the United States of America will soon be bounded on the north by the aurora borealis, on the south by the procession of the equinoxes, on the east by primeval chaos, and on the west by the day of judgment.

Just after her husband had arrived at the hospital his wife gained consciousness. "Did she get it?" the wife asked feebly. "Get what, dear?" he answered, bending over her. "Why that last yard of ribbon marked down from ten cents; I saw it first, and made up my mind the other woman should not have it without a struggle."

For Her Sister's Sake. Stendal, Ind., Mar. 10th.—Mrs. Sarah A. Shrode of this place says:

"I suffered much as many other women do with Kidney and Bladder Troubles. I tried many medicines but got no relief until I used Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"Nine boxes of this remedy cured me completely and I feel it my duty to my fellow women to make this statement.

"I can heartily recommend them to any woman suffering with Kidney and Bladder Ailments."

The words of Mrs. Shrode will be good news to many of her suffering sisters. Dodd's Kidney Pills have proven themselves to be sick women's best friend for they are as effective in all cases of Female Weakness as in Bladder and Kidney Disease.

The Western Union Telegraph company consumes 100,000,000 envelopes a year.

Many School Children Are Sickly. Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders and Destroy Worms. At all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

There is no end to the hill some of us would fain climb.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—John P. Boyer, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

It is easier to buy the good opinion of the world than to merit it.

How's This? We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations he may have by him.

West & Trux, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.; Walbridge, Kinman & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Platinum is worth a great deal more than gold.

When You Go to Buy Bluing, Ask for Russ Bleaching Blue, Made by The Russ Company, South Bend, Ind.

The president has cut out the hand-shaking feature at the White House, but the knee-shaking by visiting office-holders is still painfully plentiful.

The hotel runner doesn't run the hotel.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Laxative Broom Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Little white lies can be converted into large black ones.

**KANSAS** Most prosperous State in the Union. Leads in corn, wheat and stock raising. Fine climate. Farmers growing rich. For reliable information about farms and ranches, write Kansas Immigration Bureau, 501 Kansas St., Topeka, Kansas.

**HERPICIDE** before the magic touch of Newbro's Herpicide, the latest scientific discovery. It kills the dandruff germs. Destroy the cause, you remove the effect. Kill the dandruff germ, and your hair will grow abundantly.

St. ANTONIO, IDAHO, Dec. 8, '99. Herpicide does all that you claim for it. It has cleared my head from dandruff, and left my hair fine and soft. **ORANGE M. CROMBER.**

For Sale at all First-Class Drug Stores

**Man's Mission on Earth.** Medical Book Free.

Know Yourself Manual, a book for men only, sent Free, postpaid, sealed, to every male reader mentioning this paper; 6c. for postage. "The Science of Life, or Self-Preservation," the Gold Medal Prize Treatise, the best Medical Book of this or any age, 50c. pp., with engravings and prescriptions. Elegant 12c. Edition, full gilt, ONLY 4c. paper covers. Interior abridged edition 25c. GET THE BEST. Address the Peabody Medical Institute, 4 Rutland St., opp. Bay State House, Boston, Mass., the oldest and best in this country. Write today for these books; keys to health and happiness. Consultation, in person or by letter, 2 to 6 Sunday, 10 to 1.

The Peabody Medical Institute has many limitations, but no equals.—Boston Herald.

## CONGRESSMAN HOWARD.

**Of National Reputation Are the Men Who Recommend Pe-ru-na to Fellow Sufferers. A Remarkable Case Reported From the State of New York.**



CONGRESSMAN HOWARD, OF ALABAMA.

House of Representatives, Washington, Feb. 4, 1899. The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Gentlemen:—"I have taken Peruna now for two weeks, and find I am very much relieved. I feel that my cure will be permanent. I have also taken it for la grippe, and I take pleasure in recommending Peruna as an excellent remedy to all fellow sufferers."

M. W. HOWARD.

Congressman Howard's home address is Fort Payne, Ala.

Most people think catarrh is a disease confined to the head and nose. Nothing is farther from the truth. It may be that the nose and throat is the oftentimes affected by catarrh, but if this is so it is only because these parts are more exposed to the vicissitudes of the climate than the other parts of the body.

Every organ, every duct, every cavity of the human body is liable to catarrh. A multitude of ailments depend on catarrh. This is true winter and summer. Catarrh causes many cases of chronic disease, where the victim has not the slightest suspicion that catarrh has anything to do with it.

The following letter which gives the experience of Mr. A. C. Lockhart is a case in point:

Mr. A. C. Lockhart, corner Cottage St. and Thurston Road, Rochester, N. Y., in a letter written to Dr. Hartman, says the following of Peruna:

"About fifteen years ago I commenced to be ailing, and consulted a physician. He pro-

posed a free catarrh book. Address: The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

**\$25.00** IS WHAT YOU CAN SAVE. We make all kinds of scales, also B.B. Pumps, water valves and Windmills. **BECKMAN BROS., DES MOINES, IOWA.**

**OKLAHOMA 500 HOMESTEAD CLAIMS** DICK T. MORGAN, El Reno, O. T.

**PATENTS GUARANTEED** MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE, Patent Lawyers, Washington, D.C. Established 1861. Guide Book Free.

**HOWE SCALES** BEST IN THE WORLD. ALL KINDS FOR ALL PURPOSES. Write for Free Catalogue.

The only scale with ball bearings. **BORDEN & SELLECK CO., CHICAGO.**

**W. N. U., Des Moines, Mo. 11.—1902.**

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## ROCK ISLAND AND TRI-CITY.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. John Foy or Moline a pair of twin babies. Mother and babies doing well.

Prof. Hayes Robinson of Moline gave a very interesting musical at Narr hall, Thursday evening. The selection by Robinson's orchestra was well rendered, special praise being due to the young Professor, as he is the only colored man in the orchestra and their instructor too. Mrs. Stella Bush Emerson of Clinton presided at the piano. Such entertainments are a credit to the community as they show the talent possessed by our home people. Those assisting were Mr. W. Turk the famous baltone, the Wilson sisters and Mr. Woodard as reader.

Mrs. Bush of Clinton after remaining in Moline four days accompanied her daughter to Clinton Friday morning, while in the city they were the guests of Mrs. Robinson on 12th street.

The Tourist Overture Club met in a regular meeting Wednesday with the President Mrs. F. King. After disposing of all other business election of officers as follows: President, Mrs. Johnson Davenport; Vice-president, Foster, Davenport; Secretary, Mrs. Genevieve Toliver, Rock Island; Assistant, Mrs. Bull Taylor, Rock Island; Treasurer, Mrs. A. Moore and Critic, Mrs. F. King of Rock Island. The club adjourned to meet in a called meeting at Mrs. Foster in Davenport the 15th inst. Mrs. Toliver will entertain the club at the club at their regular meeting in April.

We were glad to see the Editor of the Bystander take the stump which he did in the political fight against Captain Hull and we hope to see the man of their choice make as complete a victory in the end as he has thus far won. Success to Mr. Thad Ruff.

James Toliver is to be commended for the excellent programme he had prepared for the Mason's entertainment two weeks ago, also for the manner in which he is now endeavoring to have one equal that for the K. T. services Easter Sunday.

Mrs. Chas. Moss is quite ill at her home in Davenport.

Mrs. G. G. Green who has been suffering with rheumatism for several weeks is now able to be out, her many friends will be glad to know of her entire recovery as soon as possible.

Miss Julia Hill of Davenport left for a month's visit in Chicago Friday.

Every one is commenting Mr. W. H. Moore upon the manner in which he discharges his new duties as night baggage man at the new C. R. I. and P. depot.

## TRAIN TOOK ITS OWN PHOTOGRAPH.

A large, handsome engraving, 18x28 inches, has been made of "The Burlington's Number One" while going at 60 miles an hour between Chicago and Denver. It is the best picture of a train in motion ever taken, and "the train took the picture itself." This is explained in a folder which will be sent free on application. Price of large engraving 20 cents. Postage stamps will do. Address P. S. Eustis, General Passenger Agent, C. B. & Q. Ry., 209 Adams street, Chicago. 3-37

## LITERARY NOTES.

Nesbit's new story, which will be published in the autumn, will have the queer title, "The Wouldbegoods."

S. R. Crockett's new book, "Love Idylls," will be published soon. It will be uniform in size with "An Englishwoman's Love Letters."

Maurice Thompson's "Alfies of Old Vincennes" is to be published in Great Britain, as is also "The Story of Eva," the Chicago novel by Will Payne.

Few persons are aware, even in England, that a privately printed collection of unpublished writings from the pen of Robert Louis Stevenson is about to be issued.

In Dr. Minot J. Savage's new book, "The Passing and the Permanent in Religion," the author tries to make clear the great positive elements of religion which cannot pass away.

Henry James was recently told that Sarah Grand, the novelist, says she was 14 years old before she ever learned to read or write. "She hasn't learned to write even yet," he remarked.

Edmund Gosse is about to become a publisher. His first venture will be a collection of the poems of his friend Austin Dobson which have been written since July, 1899, when the last edition of his collected poems was published. The new book will contain about thirty pieces, among them being poems on the war and on the late queen. Mr. Gosse intends to charge \$3.20 for each copy.

A new book on "Modern Strategy," which is said to be a work of importance, will be published soon. It is the work of Capt. Walter H. James of the British army. It is a treatise on the strategy of today and deals with the effect which railroads and telegraphs and the increase of newspapers have had on war. The campaigns chosen to illustrate it are chiefly taken from the Napoleonic wars and those of recent times. At the end of the book a chapter has been added on the effect of modern weapons upon tactics.

## IN A NUTSHELL.

In size, not counting colonies, the European powers stand in this order: Russia, Austria, Germany, France, United Kingdom, Italy.

## THE MEMORY OF HER BOY.

Touching Incident Related Concerning Ex-Empress Eugenie.

An American woman, a noted reader and elocutionist, relates a touching incident in which she had a part during her stay in England. The present queen, then princess of Wales, gave a luncheon on board the royal yacht. The elocutionist received an invitation and accepted. Among the royal personages present was the sad-eyed, beautiful Eugenie, the dethroned empress of the French, who still grieved for her son, killed by the Zulus of South Africa.

"After lunch, and during the idle hour before tea was served," says the elocutionist, "the princess asked me if I would recite something. I had often recited for her royal highness before, but on this occasion she wished me to do so especially for the Empress Eugenie.

"I asked the princess if she had any choice as to what I should recite. She said no, but suggested one of the many characteristic little American poems she had heard me recite before. So I decided to give 'Kentucky Belle.'"

"Most Americans know the poem, with its pathetic story of a thoroughbred horse which a woman gave to one of Morgan's riders, a 16-year-old boy, whom she had nursed from death to life, to carry him back to his home."

"The empress was close to me. I saw the tears gradually gather in her great, sad eyes and fall silently down her pale cheeks. I had touched, and touched deeply, a chord. Her memory took her back to Africa, where her dead boy lay pierced to the heart by the spears of the savages."

"When the poem ended the empress rose, and, coming up to me, folded me to her heart, and, with a voice trembling with emotion, said: 'God bless you, my child! You have made me feel as I have never felt since my poor boy was killed—God bless you! I shall never forget this day! Then she kissed me, and, drawing me to a seat by her, and holding my hand in hers, she talked to me for a long time.'—Youth's Companion.

## THEIR TONGUES BETRAY THEM.

Character Reading by a New Method Now Popular in Paris.

And still they come. Linguistics is the last craze in Paris. If one prefers to call it glossomancy, well and good. Under either name it means tongue reading and it threatens to compete with palmistry.

That a tongue may tell the character of the owner is a safe proposition. A tongue may even, to expert eyes, tell the condition of the owner's liver and from such data many conclusions may be reached. Given the state of a man's liver, history and prophecy both seem possible to even the average logician.

But linguistics has to do only with the shape and form of the tongue. A big tongue, it seems, indicates frankness; a short tongue, dissimulation; a long and broad tongue, garrulity and generosity; a narrow tongue, concentration and talent; a short, broad tongue, garrulity and untruth. The man with a very short and narrow tongue is a liar of true artistic merit.

The disclosures of linguistics may be thrilling, but palmistry has one advantage which guarantees its supremacy over the rival science. The subject need not stop talking during a palmist's reading.

## One on James J. Hill.

"Speaking of James J. Hill," said St. Paul man, the other evening, "I can tell you a story of him."

"It was away back in the 80s, when the late lamented Harry Ives was Mr. Hill's private secretary, and Mr. Hill was giving away pigs of purest breed to the farmers of the northwest, in order to encourage stock-raising along the line of the Great Northern road and thus build up its traffic. The state fair was in progress in St. Paul, when, one September morning Ives opened Mr. Hill's mail and found a letter from a farmer, which read as follows:

"Mr. J. J. Hill—Dear Sir:—I went to St. Paul and to the fair, as you told me. I looked for you at your office, and also at the fair grounds. I found plenty of hogs of your species, but could not find you anywhere."

## Maine's Lobsters.

As a lobster-catching state Maine stands pretty nearly at the top, and Knox county leads all the other counties that have a rocky seacoast in the total number trapped last year.

The total number of crustaceans taken in the state last year shows a slight falling off from the record of 1900. Still the fishermen are not worrying yet for fear that the industry is going to pieces, or that the lobsters are being fished out.

In 1901 the total number caught was 7,990,265, against 8,232,115 in 1900. These totals include only those sold, no record being made of those eaten by the natives. Knox county fishermen took more than a quarter of the total.

## How He Got Inspiration.

Sir Toby Butler, the Irish solicitor-general of James II., was fond of his glass; but on one occasion, being engaged by an important suit, he was induced by his friends to pledge himself not to drink a drop of liquor until the conclusion of the trial. Having gained the verdict, Sir Toby was congratulated both on his forensic success and on the abstinence which was assumed to have contributed not a little to the result. "Not so fast," replied the advocate; "I pledged my word I would not drink a drop of claret till I had concluded my argument, and no more I did. But I soaked two loaves of bread in two bottles of claret and I ate them."

## The Burmese Soun.

The Burmese soun is a harp, the body being modeled like a boat, with a long, high prow. The instrument has a scale from low A in the bass clef to F in the G clef. It is used to accompany vocal music.

## FORECAST OF FASHIONS.

A fish effect of Hamburg is pretty on a wash frock.

Lawn collars with colored borders are the latest fad.

Very long waisted effects are now the fashion for small children.

Black grenadines, both plain and figured, are offered in great varieties.

A popular style of trimming for the street and everyday hat is the draped silk scarf.

Gainsborough and Duchess of Devonshire hats appear among the high-priced millinery.

Rich, dull black is exceedingly becoming to golden-haired, fair-complexioned women.

Embroidered pongees appear beautiful in the excellence of their fiber and needleworked design.

Costly netted fringes add greatly to the grace of the sweeping, clinging gowns of soft fabrics.

Long, unlined sleeves are again the mode of evening gowns. They are made long over the hands.

Entire gowns of crape for either the street or the house are exceedingly handsome, and always becoming.

Plaited and founced skirts will be worn the entire summer season for morning, afternoon and evening.

French challis and sheer nun's veiling are two very favorite materials in the preparing of the summer outfit.

Black and white is perhaps the most favored combination of the season, and some lovely effects are to be seen in simple materials.

All waists have a becoming fullness at the front and skirts are extra full at the bottom. Puff effects are also noticeable on the sleeves.

Striking-looking parasols are those made of silk of broad pronounced stripes, running around the upper part of the parasol, while the lower part is of chiffon and silk.

Mercedized satens, which very closely resemble satin foulard, and soft silk and linen mixtures in dainty colorings, striped, dotted, and plain of surface, are among the favored materials for shirt waists for morning wear this spring.

## HAPPY TIT-BITS.

"Poor Mattie, her marriage was a disappointment." "Was it?" "Oh, yes; she didn't get half the nice presents she counted on."

"You are not addicted to any kind of athletics, are you?" "Athletics?" "Gracious man, I earn a good living for a family of seven."

"The doctor says I must go away for a change of climate," said Mrs. Dukane. "If that's all you need," replied Dukane, "stay right here, and the change of climate will come to you."

"Wait a minute," she said to the young man. Now, the young man, being a wise party, immediately went to the telephone and told his friends he would possibly be with them in two hours.

Mistress—Bridget I am tired of your carelessness. Only look at all that dust lying about on the furniture; it is six months old at the very least. Maid (very dignified)—Then it is no fault of mine. You know, very well, num, that I have been with you only three months.

## WHAT THE LAW DECIDES.

A loan made to a married woman on her credit, although she gave notes therefor payable to her husband, which are void, is held in National bank vs. Tyndale (Mass.), 51 L. R. A. 447, to sustain an action at law against her estate upon the common counts for money lent or money had and received.

Bona-fide residence of the plaintiff in a suit for divorce is held, in Bell vs. Bell, U. S. Adv. Sheets 551, to be necessary to give jurisdiction of a suit for a divorce against a resident of another state, and a recital of facts necessary to give jurisdiction is held not to be conclusive on the courts of another state.

Actual notice of proceedings for divorce in a court of the state which has always been the domicile is held, in Atherton vs. Atherton, U. S. Adv. Sheets 544, not to be necessary to bind a non-resident defendant if reasonable efforts to give her actual notice are required by the state statutes and are actually made.

## ODDS AND ENDS.

There are now fifty-eight factories, with 250,000 horse-power in the French Alps.

The number of Japanese at present living in the United States is estimated at \$5,000.

The population of the German empire includes 3,000,000 who use the Polish language.

The Neodesha (Kas.) Register has a report of a shale bed that shows the prints of horses' feet, shod.

In New Hampshire the state government pays a bounty on dead grasshoppers at the rate of \$1 a bushel.

"Tartar" morocco is the leather of which the new card cases and purses are made. The colors are delicate and artistic.

Although the letter carriers have been ordered to wear shirt waists, they are not forbidden to deliver mail in wrappers.

## Had Seen Enough of Show.

An Oklahoma paper tells of a farmer who went to town and thought he would treat himself by attending an opera. He went up to the ticket window and plunked down a \$5 gold piece and asked for a good seat. The show was the "Forty Thieves." The ticket agent shoved out a ticket and a dollar in change. Picking up the dollar the farmer started out of the building. "Hold on!" called the ticket seller, "you've forgotten your ticket." "Keep it, dern yer," replied the farmer. "I don't care to see the other thirty-nine."

## A Patrick Henry in Congress.

For a number of years Mississippi has sent a Patrick Henry to congress. He does not claim, as many Patrick Henrys do, to be the only and sole lineal descendant of the immortal patriot, but he comes from that famous branch of the family just the same. Mr. Henry is the nephew of Patrick Henry, who represented the seventh district in the last two congresses. For nearly 100 years the eldest son in the Henry family has been named Patrick in honor of the great Virginian.—Washington Times.

## The Teacher Failed.

In a school for colored children there was a little boy who would persist in saying "have went." The teacher kept him in one night and said: "Now, while I am out of the room you may write 'have gone' fifty times." When the teacher came back he looked at the boy's paper and found the task completed. Fifty times he had written "have gone." But alas, upon the other side of the paper was written, "I have went home."

## Faith and Works.

One day recently a Berkeley student in one of Professor L. Dupont Syle's classes came into the recitation room so late that the English teacher made a mild remonstrance at the extreme tardiness of the young man. "Professor," replied the young fellow in excusing himself, "my watch was slow. I shall have no faith in it after this." "My dear fellow," said Syle, "what you need is not faith, but works."—San Francisco Wave.

## Talented Princess.

The most interesting member of the Danish Court is the Princess Waldemar. She is an artist, her special line being scenes from animal life, and judges declare that, if she had been stimulated by necessity, she might have rivaled Rosa Bonheur. She is to be found in her studio every morning, brush in hand, and clad in a long painter's blouse, at 7 o'clock, absorbed in her favorite occupation.

## Reading for the Blind.

Representative Dayton of West Virginia recently introduced a bill in the House providing that books, pamphlets and other matters in raised characters for the use of the blind shall be transmitted through the mails to blind readers and returned to depositors free of charge. This matter must be sent in unsealed packages not weighing over seven pounds.

## Californians Scorn Pennies.

They haven't any use for pennies in California. In Los Angeles they circulate a little, owing to the fact that many Eastern people have made that town their adopted home. Everywhere else in the state these small coins are scorned because they are thought of too little financial significance.

## Arizona's Application for Statehood.

The application of Arizona for admission to the rights of statehood is based less upon its growth in population than in wealth and manufactures. By the census of 1870 the investment in manufactures in Arizona was only \$150,000. In 1880 it was \$270,000, in 1890 \$615,000, and last year \$10,100,000.

## "Uncle Sam's" Marine Hospitals.

The government owns and operates twenty-one marine hospitals and operates two additional hospitals in leased buildings (New York and Dutch harbor, Alaska). There are besides 115 relief stations, where patients receive hospital or dispensary treatment.

## Swedish Dynamite Gun.

A Swedish officer named Elmeln has invented a dynamite gun, which is said to be capable of piercing double the thickness of steel penetrable by any other known gun. The gun has been bought for the Swedish navy.

## Classified as to Church Attendance.

Justice Phillimore of England, the other day declared that modern church-goers are "oncurs," not "twicers," while non-church-goers are either "has-beeners" or "never-wasers."

## Persian Ladies Dress Like English.

The British consul-general at Meshed reports that the Persian ladies are adopting the English style of dress, and that all articles of ladies clothing are in great demand there.

## Saved Half His Wages.

One of the large dry goods stores in Montgomery, Ala., is owned by a colored man who began life as a porter and made it a rule never to save less than half his wages.

## Possibly Green or White.

A Kansas City man's full dress suit was stolen one night recently and the detective who was sent to investigate the case asked, "What color was it?"

## Clean Up!

Spring is coming and it will pay you to begin at once to beautify your home. Take the lawn, spade up the flower beds, trim the shrubbery and remember that you can buy.

Rakes, Hoes, Spades, Pruning Shears and all kinds of lawn and garden supplies of the best quality at very low prices at the Iowa Seed store. We handle also hardy shrubs, roses, etc., at less than half the price usually charged by nurserymen. Call and see them.

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The newest plan for reducing the flesh exacts no particular self-denial. Those who are anxious to try its effects need renounce only water with their meals. But they are required to make up for the water they avoid at meals by the amount to be drunk during the day. Not less than two quarts of water is the daily allowance. The results are soon noticed and are said to be as lasting as those of any other method of reduction.

## Human Nature Exemplified.

An Atchison father who has a lazy worthless son sent him adrift on Saturday at noon, saying he never wanted to see him again. The young man's mother carried on in a pitiful way, but the father was inexorable, the young man must get out and shift for himself. The young man went away saying he would return a rich man some day and make his father ashamed of himself. His mother said he was a noble boy, and swooned. The night at 6 o'clock the kitchen door opened softly, and the young man came in, carrying a small armful of wood. When supper was ready he took his usual place at the table, and ate with his accustomed appetite. The father said nothing, but the mother waited on her son with unusual care, as though he had returned with the fortune he had talked about at noon.—Atchison Globe.

## AS TRUE AS GOSPEL.

There is always compensation. Our angels go out that our archangels may come in.

Unhappy is the man for whom his own mother has not made all other mothers venerable.

It is poor wit who lives by borrowing the words, decisions, men, inventions and actions of others.

What an absurd thing it is to pass over the valuable parts of a man, and fix our attentions on his infirmities.

Virtue will catch as well as vice by contact; and the public stock of honest, mainly principle will daily accumulate.

A greater value should be set on having received instructive and useful lessons than of possessing great store of wealth; for the latter is transitory good, the former is durable.

There is scarcely a generalization for one sex which does not apply equally to the other, so perfectly alike in nature are men and women. The difference is only in circumstances.

## FRILLS OF FASHION.

Variations in children's gowns blossom out from time to time, even though they are very slight, and small girls rival their mothers in their ambition to keep up to date.

Soft wool materials make up very prettily in this way. In figured French flannel the collar may be made of the same and trimmed with rows of narrow braid or velvet ribbon. Skirts of the small gowns are usually plain, but the older girls have some sort of trimming, either tucks, stitched bands, ruffles or velvet folds, stitched on.

The long-waisted mode, in which the last line rounds down low in front, is conspicuously evident among the gowns for girls over 10 years of age, and the small gowns for dainty little girls of 6 imitate this fashion as much as possible by having the long waist all around. Guimpe dresses, which never seem to go out of style, are suitable for all ages, from 6 to the more mature years of middle age.

Bolero jackets are very popular in the kingdom of small costumes, and the attempt to produce the effect of stoles ends in seen in one little gown, where narrow lace revers are carried down the entire length of the front, as shown in the illustration. Another pretty effect is made by two box plaits in front, one at either side from the yoke to the hem, and two in the back, giving a long effect to the waist, which is defined with a narrow velvet belt ending in small velvet rosettes at either side of the front on the plaits. The skirt gathers on to the waist between the plaits, which apparently are a continuation of those in the waist. A sailor collar of lace covers the shoulders in the back and opens in front over a yoke of tucked white silk or batiste.

Thin gowns of point d'esprit for party wear are variously trimmed with ruffles, ruffles, lace insertion and rows of colored satin ribbon. A pretty feature of the small girl's costume is the cont and hat to match.—New York Sun.