

IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

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No. 33.

IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE AFRO-AMERICAN PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION OF IOWA.
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J. L. THOMPSON, EDITOR.
J. H. SHEPARD, MANAGER.

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Communications must be written on one side of the paper only and be of interest to the public. "Brevity is the soul of wit," remember.
We will not return rejected manuscript, unless accompanied by postage stamps.

CITY NEWS

Henry Gaiter was on the sick list last week.

Clinton Shaving Parlor, 202 W. 4th wants your patronage.

Hayes Bell, senior member of Bell Bros., has been very sick with the pneumonia for some time.

J. H. Mixon, Jeweler, No. 312 West Third street, tunes pianos and repairs organs.

Mr. and Mrs. John Glass entertained Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Thompson at dinner last Sunday. An elegant dinner was served.

Mrs. Anna Hall entertained Mrs. Nelson Watkins of Albaty, Mo., Mr. Gus Watkins and wife at dinner last Sunday.

Don't forget to send in your order for the BYSTANDER while it is only \$1.00 for twelve months.

Mr. and Mrs. O. S. Ruff entertained at dinner Sunday afternoon. Covers were laid for twelve.

It is said that invitations will soon be out announcing the marriage of some prominent society people.

Miss Mable Whitmer and Miss Carrie Field of Spain are in this country visiting relatives. They are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Lewis of Olive.

Artist Tabernacle will give an entertainment at Odd Fellows hall, corner of Sixth and Walnut, Monday, Jan. 27. Come and have a grand time.

Don't forget to give me a call. Equal Rights Barber Shop and Bath Rooms, 320 West Third street. Bath rooms open until 12 on Sundays.

CHAS. J. ROY, Prop.

Mr. Rollen Weeks spent last Sunday in Oskaloosa visiting friends. While there he was the guest of Miss Effie Finley. He reports a very pleasant time. Des Moines girls look out.

Herbert Clark, son of T. A. Clark, who returned to the city last week to finish with his class in the East Side High School, will graduate in June. He is very ambitious to secure a good education.

The Enclave Social Club went at the home of Mr. H. W. Hughes, 939 West Eleventh street, Wednesday evening, the 20th inst. The election of officers will be held on that date and all members are requested to be present. By order of the President.

Mr. George Logan, son of Jeff Logan, is a candidate for Market Master, subject to the decision of the Republican convention. Mr. George Logan was born and raised in this city and has a host of friends who are giving him their loyal support.

Mr. and Mrs. Powell entertained about 20 of their friends last Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Hawkins of Milwaukee, who has been their guest for several weeks. Whist and dancing was enjoyed until a late hour then refreshments were served.

The Iroquois Social club met Thursday at the home of Miss Gertrude McCraven and proceeded to elect the following officers: President, Miss Bessie Jackson; Vice President, Gertrude McCraven; Secretary, Louise Clay; Asst. Secretary, Bulah Allen; Treasurer, Francis Walker. Miss Gertrude Hyde chairman of program committee. The club will meet next Thursday with Gertrude Hyde, 1326 Grand avenue.

Mrs. Nelson Watkins left last Monday to spend a few days with her daughter, Mrs. Ida Johnson of Webster City. Mrs. Mollie Watson accompanied her.

Mrs. Geo. Morton gave a elaborate dinner last Thursday in honor of Mrs. Hawkins of Milwaukee. Those ladies present report an enjoyable time and acknowledge Mrs. Morton as a first class hostess. The La Chid Wrinkles were enjoyed by all.

Mr. and Mrs. G. D. McDonald entertained Mr. and Mrs. Powell and a few other friends in honor of Mrs. Powell's friend, Mrs. W. Hawkins of Milwaukee, on Thursday evening Jan. 16, from 8 until 12, at their cozy cottage, 1188 West Second and University avenue. The house was beautifully illuminated with gas lights.

Mr. W. H. Scott, one of our well known citizens, who has been in poor health for some time, became partially unbalanced in mind and wandered away from home last Saturday in a demented condition. He was found near Valley Junction Monday and was taken home where he is receiving the care of the best physicians. It is to be hoped that he will soon recover.

Patronize the

Clinton Shaving Parlor,
202 West Fourth St.

BARBERS:

HENRY CURTLEY S. E. MORGAN.

When in Oskaloosa, Iowa, stop at Mr. Peter Williams, No. 216 North A street, for good meals and room.

A COLORED REPUBLICAN LEAGUE ORGANIZED.

Pursuant to call about 40 colored republican voters met at the court house last Friday evening and organized a league, after a great deal of discussion and parliamentary tactics. The committee on permanent organization reported the following officers which were adopted: President J. F. Blagburn; Vice President, Clifford Williams; Secretary, John L. Thompson; Treasurer, E. T. Banks. Executive committee R. N. Hyde, H. R. Wright, A. L. Smith, Tracy Blagburn and Chas. Bradford. The league is composed of some of the leading young men of the city. It will in all probabilities be made a member of the National League, only dealing with state and national affairs.

CITY ELECTION.

The approach of spring brings with this year the biennial election of city officers in every department. The various offices are eagerly sought after by a large number of candidates, all of whom we presume are good men, well qualified for the office they aspire for. But the voter who make up his choice should consider well many things. First he should lay aside his own preference if there seems to be other aspirants better qualified. Then too he should see that all interest will be represented. He should see that men of high ideals good morals and temperate in habits are selected.

The progress and intelligence of our city demand this. Therefore voters you should be very careful in making your selection; do not let greed, money or other things change your vote.

DR. A. G. EDWARDS.
Physician and Surgeon.

IOWA PHONE 1081 MUTUAL PHONE 460
(Office) Miles Drug Store

OFFICE HOURS: 9 to 10 a. m.
12 to 4 p. m.
7 to 9 p. m.

Over 764 West Ninth Street.



FOR MAYOR OF DES MOINES.

It is with some degree of pleasure that we are able to present this cut, which is a true likeness of Alderman James P. Patrick, who is a strong candidate for Mayor of our city. Elsewhere will be found the platform or a few of the principles which he states for the public.

Mr. Patrick was born in Ohio, 1836; came to Fayette county, Iowa in 1857, where he worked on a farm as a farm hand until the civil war came and Lincoln issued his proclamation, calling for volunteers to suppress the rebellion and cement our Union. He was one of the gallant young men who offered their service; enlisting in Co. F of Third Infantry May, 1861 and served four and a half years—during all of the time he was with Grant and Sherman. After the war he settled in McGregor, Ia., where he went into the hardware business and remained there 25 years. He then moved to Des Moines and established the wholesale hardware house of Patrick & Luthie where he remained until 1900. He then went in with the Dempsey Manufacturing Co. where he is now. Four years ago the Republicans elected him Alderman of the Second ward and again in 1900 for his second term. His high integrity, honest purpose and fair dealings has made him the most popular of any of the councilmen. He is punctual, faithful, believes in having clean streets and an up to date city in every respect; an advocate of organized labor and protecting the interest of the city in every department. He is broad, high minded and a friend to the colored race; as he often says that the slavery question was the cause of him enlisting in the civil war to emancipate the slaves. He will if nominated and elected deal justly by all classes and will work for the advancement of our progressive city. His many friends will appreciate any support the colored voter may render him.

FOR CITY ASSESSOR.

Mr. J. G. Beck, one of the well known and active republican workers of this city, is a candidate for City Assessor. He was born in Boone county, Iowa in 1868. His parents moved to this city the same year where young Beck grew up to manhood, receiving a good common school education, later he attended the Business college. He has always worked in coal mining business, either wholesale or retail. He was appointed first deputy city assessor under Mr. French, where he has served for 4 years, and if experience amounts to anything then Mr. Beck ought to be selected. He is familiar with every detail of the work and would make a good man. He is an active republican worker; has always been found fighting for the g. o. p. and other candidates, and now his friends think it is time to reward him. He has been a delegate to different city, county, congressional and state conventions. If elected he will see that the colored race shall be represented as a deputy assessor. He earnestly solicit your support.

Take Your Meals at the

**PEOPLE'S
SHORT ORDER
LUNCH ROOM**

And you won't go to waste for lack of proper food. Cooking to order in home style.

Choice Line of Cigars and Tobacco.

MRS. I. M. JONES Prop.
318 W. Third Street.

Plan for Reducing Flesh.

The newest plan for reducing the flesh exacts no particular self-denial. Those who are anxious to try its effects need renounce only water with their meals. But they are required to make up for the water they avoid at meals by the amount to be drunk during the day. Not less than two quarts of water is the daily allowance. The results are soon noticed and are said to be as lasting as those of any other method of reduction.

Northern Democratic associates in a contest over an inquiry into the Louisiana instrument, which, however, is merely typical.

John R. Thayer, for example, a Democratic member from the Worcester district, is not certain that he shall follow Mr. Underwood in this battle. Mr. Thayer says that the stupidity of the Southern people in bringing this issue so squarely to the attention of Congress passes all bounds; he thinks they could have found ways of "controlling" the Negro vote, without flying in the face of the Federal Constitution. He believed the Louisiana Constitution would be held by the United States Supreme Court to be in violation of the Federal Constitution and that this should be the settlement of the question.

The attitude of Southern Republicans is always interesting in such controversies. They are much more favorable to action on the lines now proposed than they were toward the Force bill of a decade ago. Representative Dayton of West Virginia typifies their feelings when he says that while his state is now Republican, if there should be a "slip up" any year, the Democrats would promptly utilize their power to eliminate the Negro, just as has been done in Maryland. Mr. Dayton is accordingly very earnest for action on the Moody resolution.

Chicago, Aug. 5, 1901.

TO ALL WHOM THIS MAY CONCERN
GREETING:

Reposing special trust and confidence in the Masonic Ability, prudence and integrity of the Illustrious Isaac L. Brown of Marshalltown, Iowa, he is hereby appointed and commissioned as the Illustrious Deputy for the state of Iowa, with full power and authority to organize temples of the Mystic Shrine and consisteries of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of the 32nd degree, and Councils of Royal and Select Masters of the Cryptic Rite, and to do all other acts for the advancement of the order, and report the result of his work from time to time of the undersigned.

All commissions and appointments of all other deputies for the state of Iowa, except the Illustrious Isaac L. Brown, 33, is hereby revoked and annulled, and it is hereby understood and directed that the Illustrious Isaac L. Brown, 33, will have the exclusive control and chagre of all the work in the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, Mystic Shrine and Cryptic Rite in the state of Iowa, and is hereby further authorized and empowered to visit all the consisteries and temples and councils of Royal and Select Masters in the state of Iowa, and give them proper instruction and revive the work and set the temples and consisteries and Counsel into active work and to hold a special election of the above named bodies and forward a report of the Officer's Election to the undersigned. The next session of the United Supreme Council will be held at Springfield, Ohio, August 4, 1902, at which time and place representatives from all the consisteries and temples and Councils in the state of Iowa are requested to be present.

JOHN G. JONES, 33,
Sup. Grand Commander and Imperial Grand Potentate.
3717 Armour avenue.

BYSTANDER one year for \$1.00.

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Hay,
Feed,
Coal
and Straw

919 CENTER ST. Phone 697.

OSCEOLA BUDGETARIAN.

Our city was visited by a heavy snow storm on the 20th.

Mr. Jno. Bryant has returned from a very pleasant visit among relatives at Gallatin, Mo.

Albert Harris is visiting his mother, Mrs. Amanda Williams, at this writing, which is quite a treat to both, as he has not been home for over three years.

Our schools and churches have been closed for a week owing to the smallpox scare.

The Dixie Concert company are now making a successful tour through South Dakota.

George Bryant of the "Nashville Students," made an over Sunday visit with his parents last week.

Rev. Wade went to Chariton last Saturday to officiate at the wedding of Mr. Charles Shelton and Miss Mira Pitts at the home of Mrs. A. Snelton. We wish the couple much success.

Roy Bryant returned from his visit in Des Moines last week. He says there is no place as dear to him as Osceola.

Mr. Charles Washington passed through our city last week enroute to his home in Cleveland. He had been up to Des Moines attending to business.

The King's Daughters and Sons met at the parsonage Monday evening. It being visitors' night, quite a number were present. A very interesting debate was listened to, subject, "Resolved, That Woman is Man's Superior," the Daughters taking the affirmative and the Sons the negative. After much discussion the judges decided in favor of the affirmative.

Mrs. Joe Wilson and daughter, Ora, were in from the country Monday.

Rev. Wade and wife will spend Sunday in Cleveland, where he will conduct services.

Mrs. Joe Williams is considerably indisposed at this writing.

Andy Jackson informs us that he will spend next Sunday with his best in Des Moines. We wonder if he will.

We were very much pained to learn of the sad demise of Mrs. M. O. Chiberson of Clinton, and extend to the bereaved family our heartfelt sympathy.

PORT MADISON.

Mrs. James P. Bowman, G. Mack and G. Jackson entertained Thursday, January 16, at the home of Mrs. Bowman, 219 Walnut street, Mrs. L. White assisting in receiving the guests.

The decorations of the parlor and dining room were carnations and smilax. The dining room was lighted with small candelabra, which presented a very beautiful appearance. The menu was very elaborate and was served in four courses: First course, chicken salad, salted almonds and wafers; second, oyster patties and pickles; third, ham and hot rolls; fourth, fruit ice cream, chocolate cake, marble cake and coffee.

The reception was enjoyed by all who were fortunate enough to be present.

Rev. J. D. Mills, who has been visiting friends and relatives in Glasgow, Mo., has returned.

Rev. J. Underwood went to New Boston and assisted Rev. O. McChesnut in the revival.

That young lady on Fifth street would "hush" if Mr. Robert Scott would make his appearance.

Mr. and Mrs. Amos Rush entertained in honor of Mr. Aljournal McGruder Monday evening at their home on Fifth street.

Mr. A. M. McGruder departed Tuesday for Chicago where he will make his future home.

Why is it that a certain young man on Fifth street is seen so much in the vicinity of 1024 Fourth street?

We would like to know if a certain young lady still thinks that "absence makes the heart grow fonder."

Mrs. L. White, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. P. Bowman, will depart for her home in Kansas City Thursday.

Presiding Elder McDonald, who spent several days in the city this week has gone to his home in Macon City.

Subscribe for the Bystander.

MARSHALLTOWN NEWS.

R. J. Wright is spending a few days in Des Moines on business and visiting his sons, Lawyers H. R. and Col. F. Wright.

Mr. and Mrs. George Young, who have been visiting friends and relatives in the east, have returned home after a pleasant visit.

Miss Clara Wilkinson received the sad news of her father's death, Mr. Samuel Wilkinson of Vinton, Iowa, Sunday evening. She left Monday to attend the funeral.

Mr. Albert Jackson, steward at the Pilgrim Hotel, expects to attend the Dudley Business college in the near future.

Rev. Arthur of Oskaloosa, who has been filling the pulpit of the First Colored Baptist church, leaves for his home Monday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Reed Warren entertained a skating party Tuesday evening which was one of the most enjoyable events of the season.

Mr. Henry Flippino, who has been employed by Mr. Henry Pappe the last years, has been appointed assistant clerk in his large clothing house.

Mrs. George Sutor, who has been sick the last ten days, is very much improved.

Mrs. Howard of Albion is spending a few days in the city with her daughter, Mrs. George Sutor.

Iowa State Bystander.

BY BYSTANDER PUB. CO.

DES MOINES, IOWA.

ADDRESSED BY DOLLIVER

JUNIOR SENATOR TALKS TO THE LEGISLATORS.

Address Before the Joint Convention Which Had Re-elected the Two Senators.

Des Moines, Jan. 23.—Following is the address of Senator Dolliver before the joint convention which had just re-elected Senators Allison and Dolliver to the United States senate.

"Mr. President: Senators and Representatives of the joint convention, it is a very great pleasure to me to have the opportunity for a few moments before the convention for the purpose of acknowledging the honor which you have conferred upon me—an honor which I shall always cherish as the highest distinction of my life. You have not only elected me to this great office, but you have given me a great opportunity, and by the strength of all the thoughts you have put into me here, I am here to promise you and through you the great constituency in behalf of which you have acted, to be diligent and faithful so far as in me lies in my service."

"It is a fortunate thing to represent a state like ours. It has for more than a generation had a distinct leadership in the affairs of the American people. Its leadership has been a new thing. It has been almost from the entrance of the state into the Union. In so far as it depended upon individuals we have our unbroken record largely to the influence of the man now grown venerable in our service this day for the sixth time honored, and who has been a leader in the public service since he never lost sight of the land marks of common sense."

"The leadership of Iowa has been unbroken even to the present time. It has been looked upon with more or less question, if not suspicion, and yet the state of New York and the state of Ohio, the state of Ohio, torn by political rivalries, was following the wild notions of Geo. H. Pendleton and Samuel F. Gray, the state of Iowa was quietly recording its opinion in favor of the resumption of specie payment and well ordered government in the United States."

"When the state of Massachusetts was championed by the triumphant hero of Gen. Benjamin B. Butler in the midst of what might have been admitted to be a historic episode, that commonwealth, this state of ours was quietly going about its political business without any delusions of any kind whatsoever, and as it is to me a great honor to be called upon to speak for a commonwealth with a record like that."

"We have for more than a generation borne steadfast and I may say unflinching witness in behalf of the economic system which we in this state have chosen, which is our own time, before the eyes of all men, has wrought the present day miracles of industrial and commercial progress in this state."

"Without any special or direct interest as many of the communities had in the schedule of the protective tariff, the state of Iowa has always been in the front of the general prosperity of the American market places an adequate reason for its faith in the principle represented in our system."

"There never has been a time when an American never will be a time when an American industry, making an American product, and a precarious fight with foreign competitors will not find among our people the spirit of encouragement and the spirit of devotion in the laws of the United States. And yet nobody is any longer blind to the fact that with many of the states of the United States the rates of duty, which, in 1897, were regarded as reasonable and were, in fact, reasonable, have since that time, and the curious and inconsistent of our industrial and commercial life, become unnecessary, and, in many cases, even absurd. They stand as our statute books today, no longer a shield for American labor, but they have in many cases been turned as a weapon of offense against the American people."

"I believe that I speak for the average judgment and good sense of the whole country of Iowa when I say that the defects in our laws ought to be corrected, and I express a confidence that the congress of the United States will be able to do so. I am ready to the principle upon which the protective tariff rests, to correct these defects in a business-like way, unless we are prepared to admit that our country has become helpless in the presence of questions like these."

"William McKinley, standing almost in the presence of the shadow of martyrdom, uttered words which we all feel were words of truth and which I believe that every opportunity will come to me and to my distinguished colleague to do whatever can be done in the present hour of our nation's affairs and give expression and effect to the opinions propounded by our late president on the eve of his death. I believe that I stand for a new era in American affairs, an era that will be forever associated with his name, an era of enlarged markets, an era of expansion of our commerce, an era of reciprocity, not only with our neighbors near at home, but with the nations of the world and the islands of the sea."

"The hand that killed William McKinley was not aimed at him. Nobody could think of such a thing as killing that gentle and kindly man. It was aimed at our institutions, at our government, at our laws, at all government and at all law. They killed McKinley, but they never touched the institutions of the United States. They are invulnerable; they are imperishable; and even if they did not care when the hour was that the reins of authority slipped from his hands into the hands of another, I feel sure that the hour of his death will be rejoiced together with the millions of our countrymen that when his hand fell from the helm that he passed to that man of courage and of sturdy manhood, that sturdy soldier of the United States—Theodore Roosevelt."

"And now I desire again to thank you and to wish this session of the general assembly the full measure of success in the administration of Governor Cummins inaugurated under circumstances so auspicious a place famous and memorable in the annals of Iowa."

The atmosphere, if compressed, would make a thirty-five feet deep around the globe.

An interesting lawsuit will soon be tried in Seattle. A telephone girl refused to connect a subscriber with the fire department, where he desired to give notice of a fire which had just broken out. A loss of \$60,000 was incurred, and the insurance company and the owner of the property are about to sue the telephone company for the damage sustained.

A novel system of adornment for rooms has been perfected by a London Electrician. The walls are lined with panels of transparent glass, which are faced with well-known pictures, through which filters subdued electric light. The effect is the same as the light of a stained glass window, and is quite artistic. There is no glare, and the pictures can be chosen according to the taste of the owner of the room.

The maddest man in Kansas is a gentleman named Martin, of Holton. He is such a rabid prohibitionist that he wouldn't use whiskey to kill bed-bugs. Almost every day he receives word that some Kansas City or St. Joseph whiskey house has sent him a jug of liquor by express. He never calls at the express office for it, but other parties call and sign for it, using his name, and trot off smilingly, anticipating a delightful jag.

Change the Orthography. Several of the Swiss cantons have officially decided to adopt the simplified French orthography introduced by the French ministry of education some months ago.

THE NEWS IN IOWA

NEW PRIMARY LAW.

Senator Crossley Introduces a Comprehensive Measure.

Des Moines, Jan. 23.—Senator Crossley of Madison has introduced a bill providing for the nomination of officers and the election of delegates to political conventions by a primary election. All political parties are to participate in this election, which is to be held the first Friday in June of each year. The voting places and judges and clerks of election are to be the same as for the regular election, held in November. Where registration is required the primary election day is to constitute a day of registration. Tickets for the election are to be prepared by the county auditor and the names of all candidates are to be filed with him at least ten days before the primary election day. If the candidates are to be voted on in more than one county they are to be filed with the secretary of state and he is to transmit them to the county auditors. All of the ballots for all political parties are to be voted on in the same ballot box and after the count is completed they are to be replaced in the box. The returns for the different parties are to be sealed and returned to the county auditor the same as in general elections. The county auditor is to certify them to the chairman of the county central committees of the different parties. At the conventions these returns are to be reviewed and the candidates receiving the highest number of votes are to be declared the nominees of the party. In case of a tie the matter is to be decided by lot. Delegates to the county convention are also to be voted on at the primaries. Candidates for nomination to state offices are to pay to the secretary of state upon the filing of their names, the sum of \$100, candidates for district offices the sum of \$10 for each county, and if to be voted for in only one county they are to pay \$10 to the county auditor. The county is to bear all the expenses of the primary election. No party having cast less than 2 per cent of the total vote is to be allowed to participate in the primary election and no party having cast 10 per cent of the vote is to be allowed to place its nominees on the election ballot by petition.

INSURANCE LAW INVALID.

Curative Act of the 28th Assembly of No Effect.

Des Moines, Jan. 23.—Judge Prouty stated to counsel yesterday that he would declare unconstitutional the curative insurance law, passed by the last Iowa state legislature, which provides that the amount due on policies and shares of the stock shall be considered as debts of the insurance corporations and deducted from the assessments and which was passed as a remedial act to the former law that made double assessments and taxation against insurance companies possible. The decision, which will be handed down in a few days, will be the first of its kind in the state, being a test of the insurance law of the Twenty-eight general assembly, and an appeal will be taken to the supreme court to get the higher court's ruling on this question of taxation of insurance companies and insurance policy and share holders.

The decision will effect about \$5,000,000 worth of insurance moneys and credits of individual share and policy holders in Des Moines alone, to say nothing of the great money interests throughout the state that will be effected, the decision therefore being one of the most important of the past two years. The decision will be handed down in the cases brought by the Hawkeye Insurance company of Des Moines against the board of supervisors and the board of review of the city council, which cases were consolidated and tried to Judge Prouty.

The decision will leave the insurance companies of the state no better off than they were before the last legislature passed the curative act, as under Judge Prouty's decision the insurance companies must still pay their state taxes and the shareholders, who form the company, must pay the taxes on the individual accounts held by them as members of the company. It is probable that another effort will be made by the present legislature now in session to grant relief to the insurance companies of the state and straighten out the taxation muddle.

CHARLES THOMAS SET FREE.

Des Moines, Jan. 22.—Charles Thomas, charged with the murder of Maeo Scofield, was discharged by Justice Duncan upon the conclusion of the presentation of the state's testimony. When Judge Spurrier announced that the state had made its case and rested, William McHenry, for the defendant, filed a motion to dismiss. The motion was as follows:

"Now comes the defendant, Charles Thomas, and moves the court, the state having rested, for a dismissal of the information."

"First. Because the evidence in this case fails to establish the allegation of the state that Mabel Scofield was murdered."

"Second. That if the evidence does establish the fact Mabel Scofield was murdered, the state has failed to show that reasonable grounds exist for believing that she was murdered by this defendant."

Justice Duncan ruled in the first portion of the motion only; that he was satisfied that evidence had not been submitted to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that a crime had been committed, or to create a presumption in his mind sufficiently strong to warrant him in committing the defendant. He ordered the action dismissed and the defendant discharged.

Gas Kills Smith's Father.

Council Bluffs, Jan. 18.—George F. Smith, father of Congressman Smith of this city, was found dead in his room at the Ogden hotel. He is supposed to have been accidentally suffocated by gas, a half open fixture being found in the room. He was 74 years of age and leaves two sons and a daughter. He was a building contractor in this city for many years, and has lived in retirement for some time.

Artificial wood, made from pulp, is coming into use. By this patented process excellent imitations of oak, mahogany and rosewood are produced.

VISIT IOWA CITY.

LEGISLATURE AND STATE OFFICERS VISIT UNIVERSITY.

Governor Cummins Dedicates New Hall of Liberal Arts.

Des Moines, Jan. 24.—Two hundred and twenty-five members of the legislature and others left Des Moines on the 7 a. m. Rock Island train for Iowa City. Ninety per cent of the members of the legislature took advantage of the excursion. Among the passengers were Gov. A. B. Cummins, Senator Jonathan P. Dolliver, Lieutenant Gov. John Harriott, Speaker Eaton, Chancellor William Bayard Craig of Drake university and others.

Upon the arrival of the train Governor Cummins, members of the legislature and guests were escorted to the opera house headed by the battalion. Half way from the depot the marching party met the students of the university, with regents and members of the legislature were seated on the benches formed a double line reaching to the opera house, the law and medical departments leading.

The opera house seats only 1,000 people and hundreds who desired admission were turned away. The members of the legislature were seated on the balcony and the guests on the main floor and the battalion and as many as possible of the students in the balcony. On the stage, in addition to Governor Cummins, were President McLean and members of the faculty, Senator Dolliver, Chancellor Craig of Drake university and President William F. King of Cornell college.

During the exercises a large banner hung suspended from the balcony stating the legislature in law face and bearing the words, "\$250,000 for a New Medical Building."

The need for a new building to replace the structure used by the medical college destroyed by fire March 10, 1901, was emphasized by W. I. Babb, president of the board of regents, in a brief address reviewing the history of the building.

President McLean called the eleventh convention of the State university to order, after which S. A. Swisher presented Gov. Cummins with a gavel made from wood taken from the first capitol building.

Governor Cummins made a brief speech, talking less than ten minutes, and then introducing Senator Dolliver. Dolliver also spoke briefly and in a happy vein. He said: "I have labored with the president of this institution to get the president of the United States to come here. He has other engagements. I also labored with him in trying to get the greatest unofficial man in the United States—Grover Cleveland—to come here. He had an engagement in South Carolina. I happened to dedicate this new building of yours two years ago, and now after all this unselfish devotion I find myself basely betrayed and the work of making a speech again thrust upon me."

"I know you do not want a long speech. With that banner starting me in the face I realize that you do not want to hear from me but want a chance to get at the men who sit behind me—members of the legislature."

Dolliver then spoke of dedicating the building not to Iowa, but to the world. Speaker Eaton, Senators Garst and Junkin, Representatives Temple and Chancellor Craig spoke briefly congratulating the university on the successful completion of the building.

At the conclusion of the exercises the procession formed and marched to the liberal arts building. Here occurred the formal opening of the building, after which luncheon was served at the Kirkwood hotel. During the afternoon a reception was held in the new building and the guests visited the buildings of the university and other points of interest in the city. During the afternoon, also, President McLean held a reception at his residence in honor of Governor Cummins and members of the legislature.

Returning the train left Iowa City at 5:17 p. m.

CITIES HAVE POWER.

May Compel Bicycle Riders to Carry Lights at Night.

Des Moines, Jan. 24.—The right of cities to enact ordinances regulating the privileges of vehicles on streets is upheld by the supreme court in the case of Des Moines vs. W. S. Keller, the defendant having been convicted of a violation of the city ordinance requiring bicycle riders to carry a light after dark when riding on the streets of the city. The defendant was fined the minimum amount under the city regulations and the case appealed to test the validity of the ordinance. The court says: "That a municipal corporation has absolute control of its streets is generally conceded, and it is equally true that it may enact such ordinances governing the use thereof as shall be necessary in its judgment to protect the public. Bicycles are now generally treated as vehicles having no common right to the use of the highways."

"The noiseless, swift and light character of a bicycle distinguishes it from all other vehicles used on the highways. In the night on a paved street it is silent as death, it glides along without any of the noise made by horses drawing a carriage. Its approach is generally unheralded and pedestrians who are called upon to cross a street are usually without warning of its proximity by a swish of wheels or the clatter of hoofs."

"A requirement that bicycle riders use lamps during the night is but a just and reasonable exercise of control over public highways, for the protection of others whose rights thereon are as great as theirs."

We are all caught oftener than we imagine.

Smith's Debts Count Up.

Cedar Rapids, Jan. 21.—Up to the present time the debts of W. A. Smith, the missing dairyman of this city, foot up to the amount of \$12,904.51, and yet there are more to follow. Suits have been commenced in the superior court, the district court and the federal court, the latter asking that Smith be declared a bankrupt. A receiver has been appointed and all his property attached in Linn, Benton and Johnson counties. Efforts to find him have been fruitless.

A man's income is not so important to him as his out go.

CONGRESS.

Washington, Jan. 20.—Senate.—Debate on the Philippine tariff bill began in the senate tomorrow. On behalf of the majority of the committee on the Philippines, Chairman Lodge today reported the measure and gave notice that he would call it up at 2 o'clock tomorrow. Rawlins, of Utah, acting for the minority of the committee, offered a substitute for the bill of the majority and announced that he would submit some remarks on it at the conclusion of Lodge's statement in support of the majority report.

During the greater part of today's session the measure providing for the establishment of a department of commerce was under consideration. An effort was made by Nelson, of Minnesota, to secure a vote, but the opposition to many of its provisions became so strong that the effort had to be abandoned.

House.—The time of the house of representatives was occupied today in general debate on the urgent deficiency appropriation bill. An item in the bill carrying \$500,000 for a military post at Manila precipitated a long debate, in which some of the ablest debaters on both sides of the house took part. A semi-humorous speech by Clark, of Missouri, elicited a reply from Cannon, of Illinois, which in turn drew the fire of De Armond, of Missouri. Others who participated were Richardson, of Tennessee; Grosvenor, of Ohio; Alexander, of New York; Crow, of Pennsylvania; Williams, of Illinois, and Underwood, of Alabama.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Senate.—For nearly three hours today the senate had under consideration the Philippine tariff bill. The measure was made the unfinished business and probably will hold that position of preference until it shall have been voted on finally. The debate was opened by Lodge, of Massachusetts, chairman of the committee on Philippines. He introduced in a free-hand way the reasons which had actuated the majority in presenting the measure and urged strongly its enactment into law at an early date. He explained with some minuteness the necessity for the legislation embodied in the bill and concluded with an appeal to the senate and to congress to deal with the questions relating to the Philippines as they might arise, and to keep clear of vague words and to raise false hopes in the minds of the Filipinos. In an impassioned peroration he besought congress not to give mortgages on an unknown future. Rawlins, of Utah, delivered a vigorous speech in support of the minority substitute, in which independence was promised to the Filipinos so soon as a stable government could be established in the Philippines. His discussion of the general Philippine question covered much of the ground that has been gone over during the past two years.

The debate throughout he was accorded careful attention. As a conclusion to the debate for the day Bacon, of Georgia, sharply criticized the secretary of war for an alleged violation of the law in issuing an order permitting vessels flying a foreign flag to participate in the commerce between the United States and the Philippines.

House.—In the absence of other pressing business, the house managers are allowing the widest latitude in the debate on the urgent deficiency bill now pending in the house. The irrigation of arid lands in the west and the advisability of retaining control of the Philippines were the main topics under discussion today. The speakers were Sibley, of Pennsylvania; Dinsmore, of Arkansas; Newlands, of Nevada; Mondell, of Wyoming; Robinson, of Indiana; Kerns, of Illinois; Gaines, of Tennessee; Van Diver, of Missouri, and Green, of Pennsylvania.

Washington, Jan. 22.—Senate.—Debate on the Philippine tariff bill was not continued in the senate today, no member of the body being prepared to proceed with the discussion. The bill providing for the establishment of a department of commerce was under discussion for nearly two hours. Little progress was made with it, as, while the debate disclosed no objections to the main features of the bill, there was a disposition on the part of the senate to give it careful consideration.

House.—Some of the old partisan fires were injected into the proceedings of the house today when the item in the urgent deficiency bill appropriating \$500,000 for a military post at Manila, which the democrats have been using as a text for speeches in opposition to the Philippine policy of the administration for the last three days, was reached. Cannon, in charge of the bill, confessed that the appropriation was subject to a point of order and it went out. In lieu thereof he offered an amendment to appropriate the same sum for "shelter and protection" of the officers and enlisted men of the army on duty in the Philippines. This the chair held to be in order and it at once became the subject of a very spirited debate in which Richardson, the minority leader, Williams, of Mississippi and De Armond of Missouri were pitted against the chairman of the appropriations committee.

Partisan applause rang out on each side to cheer the respective champions and there seemed to be a solid line-up on each side of the political aisle. But when the vote came to be taken Cummings, a New York democrat, voted with the republicans, turning angrily on his political brethren as he did so, and with clenched fist in their faces cried out that he hoped he might be paralyzed when he refused to vote to protect an American soldier. The vote on the adoption of the amendment stood yes 121, nays 100.

A huge shark was recently captured at East London, South Africa. When ripped open, the monster, which measured eighteen feet long, was found to have quite recently swallowed a British soldier. The man's body and uniform were intact, save for a small portion of one shoulder, which had been cut off.

An automatic photographic machine takes your picture in twenty seconds, and passes out the card to you. A five-cent piece dropped in a slot sets the machine in operation.

A perfectly proportioned man should weigh twenty-eight pounds for every foot of his height.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

Des Moines, Jan. 23, 1902.

The first copies of the second biennial report of the board of control have just come from the binder and will be distributed to members of the legislature at once. The report has heretofore been quite fully outlined. The volume is a valuable one of 740 pages. The part of the report dealing with the Iowa State college at Ames has been modified in accordance with the understanding reached between the trustees and the board. Chapter two of the report on state farms contains much interesting matter relating to the state farms. Attention is called to the fact that the amount of land owned by the state in connection with its institutions is very small. This leads the board to say: "But evidently those on whom evolved the duty of securing land for state institutions did not realize the possibilities of the future, and in this respect they were not different from others, for who could have foretold forty or fifty years ago that land subject to entry at \$1.25 an acre, would at the opening of the twentieth century be in demand at prices ranging from \$40 to \$80, and even more per acre?"

Judge Kinne of the board of control is preparing a map redistricting the insane districts of the state. This is preliminary to the opening of the Cherokee hospital. Des Moines may be transferred from the Mt. Pleasant district to the Clarinda district.

The educational legislation sought by the teachers of the state at this session of the general assembly was set in motion at a meeting of the legislative committee of the Iowa State Teachers' association at the Savery. Approval was given by the committee to measures allowing graduates of institutions of required standard licenses to teach; to a compulsory education bill; to a bill for the establishment of rural high schools; the consolidation of rural independent districts into school townships, and the transportation of pupils in such townships; to the idea contained in the bill providing for the election of the city superintendent for a fixed term of office; to the establishment of more normal schools, and to several other educational propositions. The members of the committee at the meeting were Superintendent A. W. Stuart of Ottumwa, Superintendent S. H. Sheakley of Des Moines, chairman of the committee, Prof. J. J. McManis of Cedar Falls and Superintendent O. J. McManus of Council Bluffs. Superintendent Barrett was also present at the meeting.

Mrs. Evelyn H. Belden, of Sioux City, has arrived in Des Moines and taken charge of the opening work for suffrage in the legislature. She will be here several days and will assist Miss Daisy Delighton, of Shenandoah, in getting acquainted with the members. She will also assist in the preliminary work, using her influence to secure the appointment of men on the constitutional amendments committee who are known to not be prejudiced against suffrage. It is not her intention to be here all of the session, but she will be here from time to time. She did not intend to be here at all, but was sent for by the workers here in order to assist in getting the work started.

The board of health, at its recent session, through its legislative committee, considered the legislation that will be advanced this session. An increased appropriation, totaling \$10,000, will be asked for to enable the board to do additional work. The increase will suffice to pay a state bacteriologist, for which office provision is wanted. More severe penalties for violation of the quarantine laws will be sought. The board wants the legislature to clear up the present doubtfully worded sections of the code relating to how the expenses of quarantine shall be borne, as between cities and counties. It is understood that the board of health will not directly attack the osteopaths, but will await the introduction of a bill which, it is said, the osteopaths will present regulating osteopathic practice. This bill will be examined by the legislative committee of the board of health and if it is not suitable modifications will be urged. The board feels the legislature ought to regulate it. Dr. A. M. Linn made a verbal report to the board showing the Tama Indians had nearly all recovered from smallpox and that a part of the wickiups of the tribe had been burned.

The county auditors in state convention at Des Moines, endorsed J. F. Wall, of Mt. Ayr, for auditor of state. They refused to go on record as asking the legislature for an increase in the salaries of county auditors, although they believe the present system is unjust.

The supreme court holds that John McGregor, the man who first came into fame by his attack on the character of Governor Shaw, must pay \$1,500 damages to William H. Rule of Crawford county, for malicious prosecution.

Governor Cummins issued his first proclamation on the 20th. It is for the purpose of setting apart January 29, the birthday of the martyred president, as a time for the giving of donations to help build the proposed McKinley monument at Canton.

At a joint caucus of the members of the senate and house to select trustees of the Agricultural College to succeed L. B. Robinson, of Harlan, James H. Wilson, of Adair county, better known as "Prairie Jim" Wilson was named. The other candidates were the present incumbent, L. B. Robinson and Silas Wilson, of Atlantic. Senator Hazleton was chairman of the caucus, and Asmus Boyesen secretary. Ten votes were cast in the caucus, and Mr. Wilson was elected on the first ballot, the result being as follows: James H. Wilson, 6; L. B. Robinson, 2, and Silas Wilson, 2.

Washington, Jan. 20.—The democratic steering committee of the house reached a decision today on a line of policy to be recommended to the caucus of the minority of the house. The committee also agreed to request Representative Hay of Virginia, chairman of the democratic caucus, to call a caucus for next Friday night for the purpose of passing upon the report of the steering committee.

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The Diamond Bracelet

By MRS. HENRY WOOD.

Author of East Lynne, Etc.

CHAPTER I.

The afternoon of a hot June day was drawing towards evening, and the great world of London—for it was the height of the season—was beginning to think of dinner. In a well-furnished dressing room, the windows being open for air, the blinds drawn down to exclude the sun, stood a lady whose maid was giving the touch to her rich attire. It was Lady Sarah Hope.

"What bracelets, my lady?" asked the maid, taking a small bunch of keys from her pocket.

"None, now; it is so very hot, Alice," added Lady Sarah, turning to a young lady who was leaning back on the sofa, "have them ready displayed for me when I come up, and I will decide then."

"I have them ready, Lady Sarah?" returned Miss Seaton.

"If you will be so kind, Hughes, give the key to Miss Seaton."

Lady Sarah left the room, and then the maid, Hughes, began taking one of the small keys off the ring. "I have got leave to go out, miss," she explained, "and am going directly. My mother is not well, and wants to see me. This is the key, miss."

As Miss Seaton took it, Lady Sarah reappeared at the door. "Alice, you may as well bring the jewel box down to the back drawing room. I shall not care to come up here after dinner; we shall be late as it is."

"What's that about a jewel box?" inquired a pretty looking girl, who had come from another apartment.

"Lady Sarah wishes me to bring her bracelets down to the drawing room, that she may choose which to put on. It was too hot to dine in them."

"Are you not coming in to dinner to-day, Alice?"

"No. I walked out, and it has tired me, as usual. I have had some tea instead."

"I would not be you for all the world, Alice! To possess so little capability for enjoying life. No, not even for you, Alice."

"Yet if you were as I am, weak in health and strength, your lot would have been so smoothed to you that you would not repine at or regret it."

"You mean I should be content," laughed the young lady. "Well, there is nothing like contentment, the sages tell us. One of my detestable school room copies used to be 'Contentment is happiness.'"

"I can hear the dinner being taken in," said Alice; "you will be late in the dining room."

As Lady Frances Chenevix turned away to fly down the stairs, her light, rounded form, her elastic step, all telling of health and enjoyment, presented a marked contrast to that of Alice Seaton. Alice's face was indeed strangely beautiful; almost too refined and delicate for the wear and tear of common life; but her figure was weak and stooping and her gait feeble. Of exceedingly good family, she had suddenly been thrown from her natural position of wealth and comfort to comparative poverty, and had found refuge as "companion" to Lady Sarah Hope.

Colonel Hope was a thin, spare man, with sharp brown eyes and sharp features, looking so shrunk and short, that he must have been smuggled into the army under weight, unless he had since been growing downwards. No stranger could have believed him at ease in his circumstances, any more than they could have believed him a colonel who had seen hard service in India, for his clothes were frequently threadbare. A black ribbon supplied the place of gold chain, as guard to his watch, and a blue, tin-looking thing of a galvanized ring did duty for another ring on his finger. Yet he was rich; of fabulous riches, people said; but he was of a close disposition, especially as regarded his personal outlay. In his home and to his wife he was liberal. They had been married several years, but had no children, and his large property was not entailed; it was believed that his nephew, Gerard Hope, would inherit it, but some dispute had recently occurred, and Gerard had been turned from the house. Lady Frances Chenevix, the sister of Lady Sarah, but considerably younger, had been paying them an eight months' visit in the country, and had now come up to town with them.

Alice Seaton lay on the sofa for half an hour, and then, taking the bracelet-box in her hands, descended to the drawing rooms. It was intensely hot; a sultry, breathless heat, and Alice threw open the back windows, which, in truth made it hotter, for the sun gleamed right through the leads which stretched themselves beyond the window, over the out-buildings at the back of the row of houses.

She sat down near the back window and began to put out some of the bracelets on the table before it. They were rare and rich; of plain gold, of silver, of pearl, of precious stones. One of them was of gold links, studded with diamonds. It was very valuable, and had been the present of Colonel Hope to his wife on her recent birthday. Another diamond bracelet was there, but it was not so beautiful or so costly as this. When her task was done, Miss Seaton passed into the front drawing room, and threw up one of its large windows. Still there was no air in the room. As she stood at it a handsome young man, tall and powerful, who was walking on the opposite side of the street, caught her

eye. He nodded, hesitated, and then crossed the street as if to enter.

"It is Gerard!" uttered Alice, under her breath. "Can he be coming here?" She walked away from the window hastily, and sat down by the bedecked table in the other room.

"Just as I supposed!" exclaimed Gerard Hope, entering, and advancing to Alice with stealthy steps. "When I saw you at the window, the thought struck me that you were alone here, and they at dinner. Thomas happened to be airing himself at the door, so I crossed and asked him, and came up. How are you, Alice?"

"Have you come to dinner?" inquired Alice, speaking at random, and angry at her own agitation.

"I come to dinner!" repeated Mr. Hope. "Why, you know they'd as soon sit down with the hangman."

"Indeed, I know nothing about it. I was in hopes you and the Colonel might be reconciled. Why did you come in? Thomas will tell."

"No, he won't. I told him not. Alice, the idea of your never coming up till June! Some whim of Lady Sarah's I suppose. Two or three times a week for the last month have I been marching past this house, wondering when it was going to show signs of life. Is Francis here still?"

"Oh, yes; she is going to remain here some time."

"To make up for—Alice, was it not a shame to turn me out?"

"I was extremely sorry for what happened, Mr. Hope, but I knew nothing of the details. Lady Sarah said you had displeased the Colonel, and after that she never mentioned your name."

"What a show of smart things you have got here, Alice! Are you going to set up a bazaar?"

"They are Lady Sarah's bracelets," "So they are, I see! This is a gem," added Mr. Hope, taking up the fine diamond bracelet already mentioned. I don't remember this one."

"It is new. The Colonel has just given it to her."

"What did it cost?"

"Do you think I am likely to know? I question if Lady Sarah heard it herself."

"It never cost a farthing less than 200 guineas," mused Mr. Hope, turning the bracelet in various directions, that its rich diamonds might give out their gleaming light. "I wish it was mine."

"What should you do with it?" laughed Alice.

"I do not understand," returned Alice. She really did not.

"I beg your pardon, Alice. I was thinking of the colloquial lingo familiarly applied to such transactions, instead of to whom I was talking. I meant to raise money upon it."

"Oh, Mr. Hope!"

"Alice, that's twice you have called me 'Mr. Hope.' I thought I was Gerard' to you before I went away."

"Time has elapsed since, and you seem like a stranger again," returned Alice, a flush rising to her sensitive face. "But you spoke of raising money. I hope you are not in temporary embarrassment."

"A jolly good thing for me if it turns out only temporary," he rejoined. "Look at my position! Debts hanging over my head—for you may be sure, Alice, all young men, with a limited allowance and large expectations, contract them—and thrust out of my uncle's home with the loose cash I had in my pockets, and my clothes sent after me."

"Has the Colonel stopped your allowance?"

CHAPTER II.

Mr. Hope laid down the bracelet from whence he had taken it, before he replied.

"He stopped it then, and I have not had a shilling since, except from my own resources. I first went upon tick; then I disposed of my watch and chain, and all my other little matters of value; and now I am upon tick again."

"Upon what?" uttered Alice.

"You don't understand these terms, Alice," he said, looking fondly at her, "and I hope you may never have occasion. Frances would, she has lived in their atmosphere."

"Yes, I know what an embarrassed man the Earl is, if you allude to that. But I am grieved to hear about yourself. Is the Colonel implacable? What was the cause of the quarrel?"

"You know I was to be his heir. Even if children had come to him, he had undertaken amply to provide for me. Last Christmas he suddenly sent for me, and told me it was his pleasure and Lady Sarah's that I should take up my abode with them. So I did, glad to get into such good quarters, and stopped there, like an innocent, unsuspecting lamb, till—when was it, Alice?—April. Then the plot came out. They had fixed upon a wife for me, and I was to hold myself in readiness to marry her at any given moment."

"Who was it?" inquired Alice, in a low tone, as she bent her head over the bracelets.

"Never mind," said Mr. Hope, "it wasn't you. I said I would not have her, and they both, he and Lady Sarah, pulled me and my taste to pieces, and assured me I was a monster of ingratitude. It provoked me into confessing that I liked somebody else better, and the Colonel turned me out."

Alice looked her sorrow, but she did not express it.

"And since then I have been having a fight with my creditors, putting them off with fair words and promises. But they have grown incredulous, and it has come to dodging. In favor with my uncle and his acknowledged heir, they would have given me unlimited time and credit, but the breach is known, and it makes all the difference. With the value of that at my disposal!"—nodding at the bracelet—"I should stop some pressing trifles and go on again for awhile. So you see, Alice, a diamond bracelet may be of use even to a gentleman, should some genial fortune drop such into his hands."

"I sympathize with you very much," said Alice, "and I wish I had it in my power to aid you."

"Thank you for your kind wishes; I know they are genuine. When my uncle sees the name of Gerard Hope figuring in the insolvent list, or among the outlays, he—Hark! can they be coming up from dinner?"

"Scarcely yet," said Alice, starting up simultaneously with herself, and listening. "But they will not sit long today because they are going to the opera. Gerard, they must not find you here."

"And get you turned out as well as myself! Not if I can help it. Alice!"—suddenly laying his hands upon her shoulders, and gazing down into her eyes—"do you know who it was I had learned to love, instead of—of the other?"

She gasped for breath, and her color went and came.

"No—no; do not tell me, Gerard."

"Why, no, I had better not under present circumstances, but when the good time comes—for all their high-road indignation must and will blow over—then I will! and here's the pledge of it." He bent his head, took one long, earnest kiss from her lips, and was gone.

Agitated almost to sickness, trembling and confused, Alice stole to look after him, terrified lest he might not escape unseen. She crept partly down stairs, so as to obtain sight of the hall door and make sure that he got out in safety. As he drew it open, there stood a lady just about to knock. She said something to him and he waved his hand toward the staircase. Alice saw that the visitor was her sister, a lady well married and moving in the fashionable world. She met her and took her into the front drawing room.

"I cannot stay to sit down, Alice; I must make haste back to dress, for I am engaged to three or four places to-night. Neither do I wish to horrify Lady Sarah with a visit at this untoward hour. I had a request to make to you and thought to catch you before you went in to dinner."

"They are alone and are dining earlier than usual. I was too tired to appear. What can I do for you?"

"In one word—I am in pressing need for a little money. Can you lend it me?"

"I wish I could," returned Alice; "I am so very sorry. I sent all I had to poor mamma the day before we came to town. It was only £25."

"That would have been of no use to me; I want more. I thought if you had been misersing up your salary you might have had a hundred pounds or so by you."

Alice shook her head.

"I should be a long while saving up a hundred pounds, even if dear mamma had no wants. But I send to her what I can spare. Do not be in such a hurry," continued Alice, as her sister was moving to the door. "At least wait one minute till I fetch you a letter I received from mamma this morning in answer to mine. You will like to read it, for it is full of news about the old place. You can take it home with you."

(To be continued.)

TRIMMED HAT FOR "MERIKY."

America Too Big for an English Woman and She Returned.

One day a stout person penetrated from the laundry to the drawing-room door, hastily pulling down the sleeves over her scarlet muscular arms. "If you please, Missus," she said, "doost' think th' young lady as is so clever at trimmin' th'ats a'd be so kind as to trim me oop one?" A 'ardly like to ask, but hoo's that kind a' thowt a'd try. The young lady, a visitor in the house, was greatly taken with the idea, and the dolly tub was left to itself for a time while Eliza expounded her views, which were definite, as to choice among the prevailing fashions. When the work of art was completed she expressed high satisfaction. "A' wanted to luk well wen a' goes over there to my son and 'is family, d'yo see?" "Over where, Eliza?" "Why, over at Meriky, Missus; a'm going to see un just now. A' meant to las' year, but a' couldna save quite enuf for th' passage money; now w' yo' washin' all winter that's a' right, so a'm goin' over in th' Teutonic week after next to 'ave a look round at them aw'. There's my sister's 'usband out too since last Barnaby, and my neebour as well. While work's been slack in town, folks thowt they'd try th' other side." So Eliza tried the other side, too, but not finding it to her liking, returned to Milltown and reappeared at the washub with as little in the way of travelers' tales as any one who ever left her native land.—Nineteenth Century.

Reforms in Old Mexico.

President Diaz is said to be considering plans to check the trusts in Mexico. One of the greatest of these is the great Mexican lottery, with drawings once a month in the City of Mexico. Does Diaz contemplate any interference with that?—St. Louis Star.

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CHAPTER III.

Alice left her sister standing in the room and went upstairs. But she was more than one minute away; she was three or four, for she could not at first lay her hand upon the letter. When she returned her sister advanced to her from the back drawing room, the folding doors between the two rooms being as before, wide open.

"What a fine collection of bracelets, Alice!" she exclaimed, as she took the letter. "Are they spread out for show?"

"No," laughed Alice; "Lady Sarah is going to the opera, and will be in a hurry when she comes up from dinner. She asked me to bring them all down, as she had not decided which to wear."

"I like to dress before dinner on my opera nights."

"Oh, so of course does Lady Sarah," returned Alice, as her sister descended the stairs, "but she said it was too hot to dine in bracelets."

"It is fearfully hot. Good-by, Alice. Don't ring; I will let myself out."

Alice returned to the front room and looked from the window, wondering whether her sister had come in her carriage. No. A trifling evening breeze was arising and beginning to move the curtains about. Gentle as it was, it was grateful, and Alice sat down in it. In a very few minutes the ladies came up from dinner.

"Have you the bracelets, Alice? Oh, I see."

Lady Sarah went to the back room as she spoke, and stood before the table looking at the bracelets. Alice rose to follow her, when Lady Frances Chenevix caught her by the arm and began to speak in a covert whisper.

"Who was that at the door just now? It was a visitor's knock. Do you know, Alice, every hour since we came to town I have fancied Gerard might be calling. In the country he could not get to us, but here—Was it Gerard?"

"It—it was my sister," carelessly answered Alice. It was not a true answer, for her sister had not knocked, but it was the readiest that rose to her lips, and she wished to escape the questioning.

"Only your sister," sighed Frances, turning to the window with a gesture of disappointment.

"Which have you put on?" inquired Alice, going toward Lady Sarah.

"These loose fancy things; they are the coolest. I really am so hot; the soup was that favorite soup of the colonel's, all capsciums and cayenne, and the wine was hot; there had been some mistake about the ice. Hill trusted the new man, and he did not understand it; it was all hot together. What the house will be tonight I dread to think of."

Lady Sarah, whilst she spoke, had been putting the bracelets into the jewel box, with very little care.

"I had better put them straight," remarked Alice, when she reached the table.

"Do not trouble," returned Lady Sarah, shutting down the lid. "You are looking flushed and feverish, Alice; you were wrong to walk so far today; Hughes will set them to rights tomorrow morning; they will do till then. Lock them up and take possession of the key."

Alice did as she was bid. She locked the case and put the key into her pocket.

"Here is the carriage," exclaimed Lady Frances. "Are we to wait for coffee?"

"Coffee in this heat," retorted Lady Sarah. "It would be adding fuel to fire. We will have some tea when we return. Alice, you must make tea for the colonel; he will not come out without it. He thinks this weather just what it ought to be; rather cold, if anything."

Alice had taken the bracelet box in her hands as Lady Sarah spoke, and when they departed carried it upstairs to its place in Lady Sarah's bedroom. The colonel speedily rose from the table, for his wife had laid her commands on him to join them early. Alice helped him to his tea, and as soon as he was gone, she went up stairs to bed.

To bed, but not to sleep. Tired as she was, and exhausted in frame, sleep would not come to her. She was living over again her interview with Gerard Hope. She could not in her conscious heart affect to misunderstand his implied meaning—that she had been the cause of his rejecting the union proposed to him. It diffused a strange rapture within her, and though she had not perhaps been wholly blind and unconscious during the period of Gerard's stay with them, she now kept repeating the words: "Can it be? can it be?"

It certainly was so. Love plays strange pranks. Thus was Gerard Hope, heir to fabulous wealth, consciously proud of his handsome person, his herculean strength, his towering form, called home and planted down by the side of a pretty and noble lady, on purpose that he might fall in love with her—Lady Frances Chenevix. And yet the well-laid project failed; failed because there happened to be another at that young lady's side, a sad, quiet, feeble-framed girl, whose very weakness may have seemed to place her beyond the pale of man's love. But love thrives by contrasts and it was the feeble girl who won the love of the strong man.

Yes; the knowledge diffused a

strange rapture within her as she lay there at night, and she may be excused if, for a brief period, she gave range to the sweet fantasies it conjured up. For a brief period only; too soon the depressing consciousness returned to her that these thoughts of earthly happiness must be subdued, for she, with her confirmed ailments and conspicuous weakness, must never hope to marry as did other women. She had long known—her mother had prepared her for it—that one so afflicted and frail as she, whose tenure of existence was likely to be short, ought not to become a wife, and it had been her earnest hope to pass through life unloving and unloved. She had striven to arm herself against the danger, against being thrown into the perils of temptation. Alas! it had come insidiously upon her; all her care had been set at naught, and she knew that she loved Gerard Hope with a deep and fervent love. "It is but another cross," she sighed, "another burden to surmount and subdue, and I will set myself, from this night, to the task. I have been a coward, shrinking from self-examination; but now that Gerard has spoken out, I can deceive myself no longer. I wish he had spoken more freely that I might have told him it was useless."

CHAPTER IV.

It was only towards morning that Alice dropped asleep; the consequence was, that long after her usual hour for rising she was still sleeping. The opening of her door by some one awoke her; it was Lady Sarah's maid.

"Why, miss! are you not up? Well, I never! I wanted the key of the jewel box, but I'd have waited if I had known."

"What do you say you want?" returned Alice, whose ideas were confused, as is often the case on being suddenly awakened.

"The key of the bracelet box, if you please."

"The key?" repeated Alice. "Oh, I remember," she added, her recollection returning to her. "Be at the trouble, will you, Hughes, to take it out of my pocket; it is on that chair under my clothes."

The servant came to the pocket and speedily found the key. "Are you worse than usual, miss, this morning?" asked she, "or have you overslept yourself?"

"I have overslept myself. Is it late?"

"Between nine and ten. My lady is up, and at breakfast with master and Lady Frances."

Alice rose the instant the maid had left the room, and made haste to dress, vexed with herself for sleeping so long. She was nearly ready when Hughes came in again.

"If ever I saw such a confusion as that jewel box was in!" cried she, in as pert and grumbling a tone as she dared to use. "The bracelets were thrown together without law or order—just as if they had been so much glass and tinsel from the Lowther Arcade."

"It was Lady Sarah did it," replied Alice. "I would have put them straight, but she said leave it for you. I thought she might prefer that you should do it, so I did not press it."

"Of course her ladyship is aware there's nobody but myself knows how they are placed in it," returned Hughes, consequently. "I could go to that or to the other jewel box, in the dark, and take out any one thing my lady wanted without disturbing the rest."

"I have observed that you have a gift of order," remarked Alice, with a smile. "It is very useful to those who possess it, and saves them from trouble and confusion."

"So it do, miss," said Hughes. "But I came to ask you for the diamond bracelet."

"The diamond bracelet!" echoed Alice. "What diamond bracelet? What do you mean?"

"It is not in the box, miss."

"The diamond bracelets are both in the box," rejoined Alice.

"The old one is there, not the new one. I thought you might have taken it out to show some one, or to look at yourself, miss, for I'm sure it's a sight for pleasant eyes."

"I can assure you it is in the case," said Alice. "All are there except what Lady Sarah had on. You must have overlooked it."

"I must be a great donkey if I have," grumbled the girl. "It must be at the very bottom, amongst the cotton," she soliloquized, as she returned to Lady Sarah's apartments, "and I have just got to take every individual article out to get at it. This comes of giving up one's keys to other folks."

Alice hastened down, begging pardon for her late appearance. It was readily accorded. Alice's office in the house was nearly a sinecure; when she had first entered upon it Lady Sarah was ill, and required some one to sit with and read to her, but now that she was well again Alice had little to do.

Breakfast was scarcely over when Alice was called into the room.

Hughes stood outside.

"Miss," said she, with a long face, "the diamond bracelets not in the box. I thought I could not be mistaken."

"But it must be in the box," said Alice.

"But it is NOT," persisted Hughes, emphasising the negative; "can't you

believe me, miss? What's gone with it?"

Alice Seaton looked at Hughes with a puzzled look. She was thinking matters over. It seemed cleared again. "Then Lady Sarah must have kept it out when she put in the rest. It was shewho returned them to the case; I did not. Perhaps she wore it last night."

"No, miss, that she didn't. She wore only those two—"

"I saw what she had on," interrupted Alice. "But she might also have put on the other without my noticing. Then she must have kept it out for some purpose. I will ask her. Wait here an instant, Hughes, for, of course, you will like to be at a certainty."

"That's cool," thought Hughes, as Alice went into the breakfast room, and the colonel came out of it with the newspaper. "I should have said it was somebody else who would like to be at a certainty instead of me. Thank goodness it wasn't in my charge last night, if anything dreadful has come to pass. My lady don't keep out her bracelets for sport. Miss Seaton has left the key about that's what she has done, and it's hard to say who hasn't been at it; I knew the box had been ransacked over."

"Lady Sarah," said Alice, "did you wear your new diamond bracelet last night?"

"No."

"Then did you put it into the box with the others?"

"No," languidly repeated Lady Sarah, attaching no importance to the question.

"After you had chosen the bracelets you wished to wear, you put the others into the box yourself," exclaimed Alice. "Did you put in the new one, the diamond, or keep it out?"

"The diamond was not there."

Alice stood confounded. "It was on the table at the back of all, Lady Sarah," she presently said; "next the window."

"I tell you, Alice, it was not there. I don't know that I should have worn it if it had been, but I certainly looked for it. Not seeing it, I supposed you had not put it out, and did not care sufficiently to ask for it."

Alice felt in a mesh of perplexity; curious thoughts, and very unpleasant ones, were beginning to come over her. "But, Lady Sarah, the bracelet was indeed there when you went to the table," she urged. "I put it there."

"I can assure you that you labor under a mistake as to its being there when I came up from dinner," answered Lady Sarah. "Why do you ask?"

"Hughes has come to say it is not in the case. She is outside, waiting."

"Outside now? Hughes," called out her ladyship; and Hughes came in.

"What's this about my bracelet?"

"I don't know, my lady. The bracelet is not in its place, so I asked Miss Seaton. She thought your ladyship might have kept it out yesterday evening."

"I have neither touched it nor seen it," said Lady Sarah.

"Then we have had thieves at work."

"It must be in the box, Hughes," spoke up Alice. "I laid it out on the table, and it is impossible that thieves—as you phrase it—could have come there."

"Oh, yes, it is in the box, no doubt," said her ladyship, somewhat crossly, for she disliked to be troubled especially in hot weather. "You have not searched properly Hughes."

"My lady," answered Hughes, "I can trust my hands, and I can trust my eyes, and they have all four been into every hole and crevice of the box."

Lady Frances Chenevix laid down the Morning Post and advanced. "Is the bracelet really lost?"

(To be continued.)

NAPLES BREAKFAST VENDORS.

They Make the Morning Air Vocal with Their Calls.

The air of Naples becomes vocal with the characteristic calls of the breakfast vendors. "Hot, hot, and big as apples!" shout the sellers of peeled chestnuts. These are boiled in huge caldrons in a reddish broth of their own making, which is further seasoned with laurel leaves and caraway seed. A cent's worth of the steaming kernels, each of which is as big as a large English walnut, is a nourishing diet that warms the fingers and comforts the stomach of troops of children on their way to school, or rather to the co-operative creches, or nurseries, where one poor woman, for a cent a day each, takes care of the babies of a score of others who must leave them behind to earn the day's living.

Meantime dignified cows pass by, "with measured tread and slow," shaking their heavy bells and followed by their beguiled offspring, whose business it is to make them "give down" their milk at the opportune moment, and to let the milkman take it. Nothing can be funnier than this struggle between the legitimate owner, the calf, and the wily subtraher of the lactal treasure. Although tied to his mother's horns with a rope long enough to reach, and even lick her bag, but not to get satisfaction out of it, his bovine wit is often sharp enough to give the slip to the noose and elude the vigilance of the keeper, occupied, perhaps, for the moment, in quarrelling with some saucy maid servant over the quantity of milk to be paid for. The scene which ensues is worthy of the cinematograph. As a sequel calf's tail is nearly pulled off, but he has spooled the oppressor's game for one day, anyhow.—The Century.

Call a man a donkey and he is apt to kick.

THE NEWS FROM BUXTON.

(Special to the BYSTANDER.)
 Fred and Mrs. A. K. Jackson are the
 parents of a fine baby girl.
 Mr. Geo. Willis was an over Sunday
 visit to his Oklahoma.
 Mrs. Monroe of Chicago is visiting
 friends and relatives in Buxton.
 W. E. Washington of Muchakinock
 spent Sunday in Buxton.
 Mrs. C. G. Southall who has been very
 ill is slowly improving.
 Miss Anna Terry of Boone is here visit-
 ing her sister Mrs. Paris Smith.
 W. A. Wells & Co., are filling four big
 ice houses—preparing for the hot weather
 of the summer.

There was a large attendance at St.
 John's A. M. E. church Sunday. Rev.
 Williamson preached an excellent sermon
 and the choir sang beautifully.
 The services at the Baptist church were
 well attended and everybody enjoyed the
 services of songs and sermons.

Sunday at 6 p. m. Rev. Williamson
 joined in holy wedding Mrs. Wiston to
 Mr. Scott, both of Buxton.

Mrs. Thomas Patton spent Sunday at
 the Morris home on Maine street.
 Recently we learned that Mr. Simon
 Terry of Cedar Rapids is to take up the
 ministry. Mr. Terry is well known to us
 and many others here. We are pleased
 with Mr. Terry's step and are satisfied
 that he will make one of the best ministers
 in the conference. Success to Bro. Terry.
 Paris Smith is improving rapidly.
 Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Sears have a fine
 baby boy.

MT. PLEASANT NEWS.

T. L. Burnett is employed in the barber
 shop of S. H. McCracken.

Mr. J. Mosley was taken to Keokuk
 Monday to have an operation performed
 on one of his feet. In trimming a corn
 on his little toe not long ago he cut too
 deep and blood poison has resulted from
 it.

The concert given by Blind Boone at
 the University chapel Jan. 17, was highly
 appreciated by all who attended. The
 proceeds were for the Epworth League at
 the M. E. church, yet a number of
 Boone's people attended.

The stewardess Board gave an enter-
 tainment Thursday evening for the Pro-
 siding Elder.

The young people are taking advantage
 of the fine weather and a number of
 skating parties are being given.

The friends of Mrs. Clay Reed were
 pleased to see her out Sunday.

Mrs. Lulu Shelton was baptised at the
 First Baptist church Sunday afternoon by
 Rev. Holling.

Quarterly meeting at the A. M. E.
 church Feb. 2.

ALBIA NOTES.

On Saturday evening the W. W. society
 of the A. M. E. church gave an entertain-
 ment at the A. M. E. church.

Messrs. Warr Taylor, P. A. Reed
 Michel and Mrs. Maggie Gordon of Hil-
 ton were in Albia this week.

On Wednesday evening the young peo-
 ple of Albia gave a dance in the Masonic
 hall. All present report an enjoyable
 time.

Mr. Will Green of Buxton has been in
 Albia a greater part of this week.

Mr. H. McDonald of Pueblo, Colo.,
 has been in Albia a part of this week.

On Sunday afternoon Mr. and Mrs.
 E. F. Butler entertained at dinner Mrs.
 Grayson, Mr. and Mrs. U. S. Jones, Mr.
 and Mrs. Barton, Mrs. M. F. Ward and
 Mr. Monroe Davis.

A Prominent Chicago Woman Speds.

Prof. Roxa Tyler, of Chicago, Vice-
 President Illinois Woman's Alliance,
 in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough
 Remedy says: "I suffered with a severe
 cold this winter which threatened to
 run into pneumonia. I tried different
 remedies but I seemed to grow
 worse and the medicine upset my
 stomach. A friend advised me to try
 Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and I
 found it was pleasant to take and it re-
 lieved me at once. I am now entirely
 recovered, saved a doctor's bill, time
 and suffering, and I will never be with-
 out this splendid medicine again."
 For sale by all Druggists.

Original Meaning of Prejudice.

Prejudice was originally nothing
 more than a judgment formed before-
 hand, the character of such judgments
 being best indicated by the present
 meaning of the word.

State Proud of Miss Keller.

Miss Helen Keller is an Alabama
 girl. She was born in Tusculum, and
 the people of Alabama have always
 been proud of her wonderful career.

An Old Lady's Mistake.

Cardinal Gibbons was formerly a
 frequent visitor to Cape May and
 usually took long walks morning and
 afternoon by the seashore. He always
 wore his cardinal's skull cap of scarlet
 silk, of which an inch or so showed be-
 low the rim of his silk hat. One after-
 noon while he was on the board walk
 an old lady stopped him and said:
 "Excuse me, sir, but the lining of your
 hat has slipped down in the back."
 The cardinal thanked her gravely, but
 as soon as she left laughed heartily at
 her mistake.

ANNOUNCEMENT CARDS.

Please announce my name as a can-
 didate for Mayor of Des Moines, subject
 to the republican city convention.
 James P. Patrick.

I hereby announce my name as a
 candidate for City Assessor, subject to
 the republican city convention.
 Jacob G. Beck.

The Republican league (colored)
 recently organized, will meet next
 Monday evening at the court house, on
 Third street, for the purpose of adopt-
 ing constitution and by-laws as re-
 ported by committee. All colored
 voters are invited to come and join the
 league.

J. FRANK BLAGBURN, Pres.
 JOHN L. THOMPSON, Sec.

ORIGINAL NOTICE.

In the District Court of the State of
 Iowa, in and for Polk county:

Birdie Gay }
 vs } March Term, A. D. 1902.
 John Gay }

To John Gay: You are hereby not-
 fied that on or before the 8th day of
 February, A. D. 1902, there will be a
 petition on file in the Clerk's office of
 the district court, in and for Polk
 county, Iowa, claiming of you a di-
 vorce from the bonds of matrimony
 that is now existing between you and
 plaintiff, on the grounds of desertion
 without a cause, and such other relief
 as may be just and equitable, and un-
 less you appear and make defense
 thereto, on or before noon of the 4th
 day of March, A. D. 1902, which is
 the second day of the said March of
 1902 term of court, which is held at
 the court house at Des Moines, Polk
 county, Iowa, default will be rendered
 against you and decree rendered there-
 on as prayed for in the petition, dated
 this 11th day of January, A. D. 1902.
 J. B. RUSH,
 Attorney for plaintiff.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION.

To Estin Weeks:
 You are hereby notified, that the
 following described real estate, situ-
 ated in Polk County, Iowa, to-wit: Lot
 Thirteen (13) Block B, Des Moines Co's
 Addition to town of Polk City, Iowa,
 was sold for the taxes of 1895, 1896 and
 1897 on the Fifth day of December,
 1898 to J. L. Sands. That the certi-
 ficate of sale thereof has been assigned
 to and is now owned and held by J. W.
 Reigel, and that the right of redemp-
 tion will expire, and a Treasurer's
 Deed for said land will be made unless
 redemption from such sale be made
 within ninety days from the date of
 completed service of this notice. You
 will govern yourself accordingly.
 Dated Seventh day of November, A.
 D., 1901.
 J. W. REIGEL,
 Owner of certificate.

LONGER DAYS.

Now the days are growing longer
 And it seems so much like spring,
 And sometime I sit and listen
 For to hear the sparrow sing.

Winter's here but soon will leave us
 And we know the next is spring,
 There we will all sit and listen
 To the sparrows as they sing.

Now the nights are getting shorter
 As the spring comes rolling in,
 An the song we've heard so often,
 If we live, we'll hear again.

And I guess we'll go a fishing
 When we see our pretty spring,
 And we'll have our same old pleasure
 As we hear the sparrow sing.

Now, the spring seems to come faster
 As we in our years decline;
 Think dear when I stop to ask you,
 Sweetheart, when will you be mine.

Now the trees will soon be budding
 And the bees will hum around,
 Think of me my corinne darling
 When I'm layed beneath the ground.

But before I close this poem
 I will dedicate to you,
 While with thee I loved you darling,
 But to me you were untrue.

H. J. PIERCE.
 Minneapolis, Minn.

Sullivan's Instruments Sold Well.

Sixteen of the violins and violon-
 cellos owned by the late Sir Arthur
 Sullivan were recently sold for \$1,800.
 The greatest prize realized for any
 one of the instruments was \$350, which
 was paid for a violinello by Joseph
 Guarnerius.

COLD INDEED.

Some of the Old Tricks of Liquid Air.
 Liquid air is, perhaps, the coldest
 thing in the world. It is so cold that
 a cake of ice is like a fierce fire as com-
 pared with it, for a kettle of liquid air
 placed on a cake of ice will boil just
 as water boils over a hot fire. It
 freezes mercury so hard that one can
 drive nails in it. The story is told that
 Mr. Charles E. Tripler, the experi-
 menter in liquid air, recently took a
 quart can of the remarkable substance
 with him on a visit to a friend. On
 the way he stopped in a restaurant to
 eat a beefsteak. The waiter brought
 in a hot broiled steak and placed it in
 front of Mr. Tripler. As soon as the
 waiter's back was turned Mr. Tripler
 hastily opened the can and exposed the
 meat to the liquid air. Instantly the
 steak was frozen hard as a rock. When
 the waiter came back his customer
 complained that the steak was frozen.
 So the waiter called the head waiter,
 and the head waiter blamed it all on
 the cook and the cook was at a loss to
 explain, and the result was that the
 frozen steak was taken back into the
 kitchen as a mysterious curiosity. A
 new steak was broiled for Mr. Tripler,
 and this one he ate with much relish.

CHURCH ANNOUNCEMENT.

The Corinthian Baptist Church—situated on
 11th St., between Crocker and School Sts.
 Preaching at 11 A. M.; Sunday School at 10
 o'clock. Preaching at 7 P. M.
 Rev. T. L. Griffith, Pastor.

St. Paul A. M. E.—Corner of Second and Center
 Streets. Preaching at 10:30 A. M.; Sunday
 School at 9 o'clock; Epworth League at 7
 P. M.; preaching at 8 P. M. L. J. Phillips,
 pastor.

First African Baptist Church—Corner School
 and Fourth streets. Rev. F. Lonsack pastor.
 Preaching at 10:30 A. M.; Sunday School at 9
 P. M.; Mr. M. E. Houston, Superintendent.
 Young People's meeting 7 P. M., preaching
 8:30 P. M.

Burns M. E.—East Second and Des Moines
 street.—Sunday services, preaching at 11:00
 A. M. and 4 P. M. Sunday School at 10:30
 Prayer and Class meeting, Wednesday 8 P. M.
 All are welcome. Rev. C. W. Holmes, pastor.
 220 Des Moines street.

Mount Nebo Baptist Church—E. Second street,
 between Locust and Grand avenue.—Sunday
 service, preaching at 11 A. M.; Sunday School
 10:30 P. M.; Superintendent, Rose Johnson.
 Preaching at 8 P. M. Rev. J. H. Bell, pastor.

Tabernacle Baptist Church—Mission—Situated
 on 6th East Locust street. Preaching 11 A.
 M.; Sunday School 9:00 A. M.; preaching at
 8 P. M. Rev. J. E. Winans, pastor.

SECRET ORDERS.

North Star Lodge, No. 2, A. F. A. M.—Meets
 First Thursday in each month at Masonic
 Hall, 10th and Grand streets. J. H. Shep-
 ard, W. M.; T. S. Ruff, secretary.

King Solomon Commandery, No. 6.—Meets
 Second and Fourth Thursday in each month
 at Masonic hall. Fred Jackson, M. C.; G. H.
 Clegg, Sec.

Naomi Court, No. 3—meets Second Monday
 in each month at Masonic hall. Mrs. J. H.
 Shepard, matron; Mrs. Fred Jackson, Secre-
 tary.

St. Olive Court, No. 4—Meets First Thursday
 of each month at Masonic hall. Mrs. Susan
 White, matron; Mrs. Flora Majors, secre-
 tary.

Clarity Lodge, No. 2192, G. U. O. of O. F.—
 Meets First, Second and Third Tuesday each
 month at 605 East Locust street. J. H. Shep-
 ard, W. M.; D. Burns, N. G.; F. Brown, P. S.

H. H. of R., No. 309 of G. U. O. of O. F.—Con-
 venses the first and third Thursday in each
 month, promptly at 8 o'clock. Mrs. B. J.
 Holmes, M. N. G. Mrs. G. L. Williams, W. R.
 Knights and Ladies of Honor of the World. No.
 178 Victoria Lodge—meets every Monday
 evening at Webster's Hall, corner of Tenth
 Center streets. Mrs. E. A. Wood, Proctor.
 Mrs. Rose Johnson, Secretary.

What a Girl Did.

A girl named Ackerman, aged 14,
 daughter of an English laborer, has
 just completed her education. She has
 never missed being present since the
 school was opened, and in completing
 her 2,451 attendances is said to have
 walked 6,000 miles. She has passed
 every standard successfully and in the
 three subjects on first grade drawing
 obtained "excellent" prizes in free-
 hand and model, as also in the three
 stages of the specific subjects, litera-
 ture, domestic economy and animal
 physiology, and in one stage in phys-
 ical geography. She has also ob-
 tained 26 other prizes for good attend-
 ance, sculpture.

Dairies of New York.

Outside of the business of supply-
 ing New York with city milk, the
 farmers of New York state have an
 investment of \$43,450,000 in cows, and
 a corresponding amount in dairy
 farms and fixtures—an amount not
 less than \$150,000,000.



BEFORE USING.



AFTER USING.

Nelson's Straightline

Makes KINKY CURLY Hair Straight.

The Ideal HAIR DRESSING.

FREE FROM ALL INJURIOUS CHEMICALS.
 GUARANTEED PERFECTLY HARMLESS.

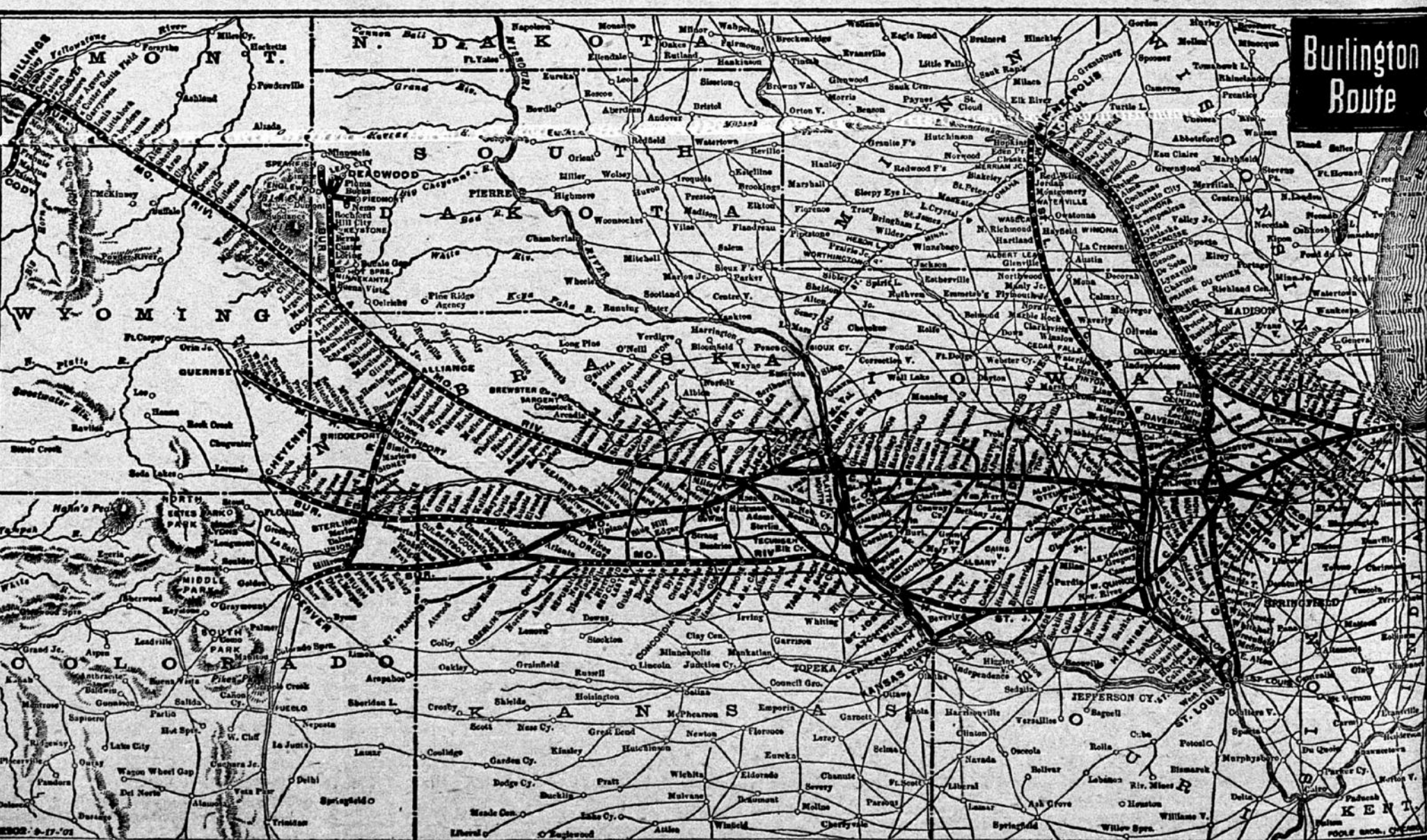
Nelson's Straightline Not only straightens the hair, but, by nour-
 ous, out, removes dandruff, cures itching, irritating scalp diseases, and gives a
 long and beautiful head of hair. It is used and highly endorsed by the best
 people in all sections of this country. We guarantee Straightline to be free
 from all injurious chemicals, and cannot injure the hair. Straightline does
 not make the hair sticky or gummy, and is highly perfumed. Straightline
 does not require the use of irons, and can be left off at any time, or con-
 tinued as long as desired. Thousands of testimonials on file.

Sold at all drug stores. Price, 25c.

in large cans—Contains One Month's treatment. If your druggist does
 not keep it he will get it for you, or we will mail it to any address, se-
 curely wrapped on receipt of 30c. in stamps or silver. For testimonials and full information, address

NELSON MANUFACTURING CO., 1333-1335 E. Franklin St., Richmond, Va.

AGENTS CAN MAKE BIG MONEY SELLING THIS WONDERFUL PREPARATION. WRITE AT ONCE FOR TERMS



-GREAT ALTERATION SALE-

Annual Sale of Muslin Underwear

AND

Half Price Sale of Jackets and Ulsters.

A combination of Sales that is sending the January Trade our way. All our Immense Stocks of the VERY BEST GOODS GOING AT A SACRIFICE.

BE SURE TO GET YOUR SHARE.

Seeley-Howe-LeVan Co.

HALF PRICE

All 27-inch Jackets
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Collars.....2c
Cuffs.....4c

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KEOKUK SPECIAL.

The sunrise prayer meeting on Sunday morning is well attended and the interest increasing.

A large crowd greeted the Bluid Boone Concert company on Friday evening at the A. M. E. church. Much credit is due the committee for the financial success of the entertainment.

The second quarterly meeting of the conference year will be February 16th. We are expecting P. E. Malone to be present.

The Stewards are planning for a rally in February.

This is the week of prayer and Friday will be observed as fast day. The cottage prayer meetings will be held every afternoon next week.

The Sunday School officers for the ensuing year were elected Tuesday evening. Superintendent, I. A. Lone; assistant superintendent, Mrs. Jackson; secretary, Madeline Fox; treasurer, C. W. Alden; teachers, Mesdames Woodward, Holmes, Jackson, Woods, Beekley, Misses Draine, Turner, Messrs. Chriss and Alden, Dr. Peterson; organist, Miss Carrie Lowe.

CLINTON.

The trustees of the A. M. E. church are arranging for a course of entertainments to be given in the near future.

Mrs. Belle Stepp left for her home in Chicago Saturday after a brief visit. Mrs. Blanche Newsome left for her home in Elgin last week after several weeks' stay in Clinton.

G. W. Luckey visited in Clinton the past week.

Rev. Searey is conducting a series of protracted meetings at his church this week with fair success. He is assisted by Rev. Higgins of Moline.

Clinton experienced a beautiful fall of snow on Monday, the heaviest of the season, although it was not very heavy. It gives the city a charming wintry appearance.

R. D. Smith is taking a course in arithmetic, grammar and penmanship in the Clinton Business college.

SIoux CITY NOTES.

We are glad to note that Rev. W. H. Speese is at his post once more. Presiding elder Malone held quarterly meeting at the A. M. E. church Sunday. There was a full attendance to all the services.

The ladies of the Mt. Zion Baptist church tendered Rev. Allen W. Maggett a surprise party Friday night in honor of his birthday.

The drawing social was a success, and quite a sum taken in. The famous Canadian Jubilee singers were at the M. E. church Monday evening and sang to a large and appreciative house.

Mrs. Lucy Wright and Mrs. James Parsons have returned to our city to reside permanently.

Mr. John Wilson of Pierre, S. D., is visiting in our city, shaking hands with old friends.

Those on the sick list are: Master Charlie Carter, Mr. Thomas Ferguson and Mr. Daniel Whidden.

The I. G. D. of the Knights of Labor, J. H. Johnson of Omaha is in

our city this week to inspect the tabernacle of this place.

Messrs. Albert Williams and Theo. Lashly gave a party at the latter's home Saturday evening to thirty young people. All had a jolly good time.

The ladies pleasure club met with Mrs. F. A. Hackley Friday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Pettit and Mr. and Mrs. James Chatten have gone on the road with a troupe called "The Royal Coons."

There was a surprise party Wednesday night on Mr. B. Yussim. The evening was spent with instrumental and vocal music. It was a late hour that welcomed them home.

Mrs. E. Grant has taken up her work as superintendent of the A. M. E. Sunday school after an absence of two months.

Mrs. J. W. Norris entertained at dinner Monday afternoon Elder Malone, Rev. A. W. A. Maggett and Mr. and Mrs. John Morgan.

BETHEL A. M. E. CHURCH

Corner of Fifteenth and Blandin Street.
Pastor F. J. Peterson D. D. Residence
1318 Fulton Street.

Services: Preaching 10:30 a.m. and 7:30 p.m.
Class, 12:00 p.m. Sunday School 2:30 p.m. Christian Endeavor 6:30 p.m. Prayer Meeting Wednesday 7:30 p.m. Class Meeting Friday 7:30 p.m. All are welcome to these services.

TRICK OF VOICE.

Now One Lawyer Keeps the Judge from Sleeping.

There is said to be a lawyer in Philadelphia who possesses a trick of the voice to which a certain measure of his success in United States Supreme court practice is due. The trick consists in waking a judge. Whether it is a common practice for the high dignitaries of the federal supreme bench to indulge in a nap in the course of a long and tedious argument, such happenings are not unknown, and it is well for an able logician of the bar to be prepared for it. The trick of waking a sleepy judge would seem to be something in the nature of slapping a law book under his nose or connecting his personality with the current of an electric battery. But the trick is explained as purely a matter of sound involved in the skillful control of the voice. It is said that a barrister practiced in the art and rhetoric of addressing the bench can gather all the waves of sound from his throat into a focus and deposit it in the office of the judge's ear with the general effect of a bomb. The trick, however it is accomplished, is said to have been worked repeatedly with success on the late Judge McKennan, whose habit of going to sleep on the bench was once a notorious subject of comment in the litigation over the Berliner telephone patents. This queer trick of the voice, while it is said to be the peculiar property of one celebrated lawyer, is probably attempted often with varying success by others.—Philadelphia Record.

CARRIER PIGEONS.

Their Use on Land and Sea Is Steadily Increasing.

Here is a new word for you, columbophilism. It means raising and training messenger pigeons. Within the last few years this industry has grown wonderfully. The governments of Belgium, Germany, France and the United States are training these birds to serve as messengers from army stations. The United States makes use of them more especially from ships. Nearly every one of our big ships carries a coop of homing pigeons, as they are called, which are released as occasion demands, and almost without exception the birds go with unerring swiftness to their home on shore, carrying a tiny tube fastened to one leg, which contains a message written on the thinnest of paper. They can be depended upon to go a hundred miles at a speed of fifty miles an hour when they are three years old. Special attention has recently been paid in France to the use of carrier pigeons by the cavalry. The bird is placed in a wicker tube lined with hair to deaden the effect of the jolting. Three such tubes can be carried in a basket, which is attached to the rider's shoulders in the same way as a knapsack. The bird's feet are drawn up and its wings are folded when it is placed in the tube, and a light form of folding cage is carried, in which the birds can rest and eat during a halt. Twelve men are sent every year from the French cavalry ranks to attend a course of instruction in the treatment and handling of pigeons at the military pigeon station at Vaugrard. The sense that guides the pigeon back to its home is as much a mystery now as it ever was. When set at liberty, it immediately rises in the air in a spiral, higher and higher, as if getting its bearings, then it goes in the right direction. A nightfall the bird goes into camp near water, and early next morning resumes the journey.—Little Chronicle.

BLACK SKIN REMOVER.



A Wonderful Face Bleach AND HAIR STRAIGHTENER.

both in a box for \$1. or three boxes for \$2. Guaranteed to do what we say and to be the "best in the world." One box is all that is required if used as directed.

A WONDERFUL FACE BLEACH. A PEACH-LIKE complexion obtained if used as directed. Will turn the skin of a black or brown person four or five shades lighter, and a mulatto person perfectly white. In forty-eight hours shade or two will be noticeable. It does not turn the skin in spots but bleaches out white, the skin remaining beautiful without continual use. Will remove wrinkles, freckles, dark spots, pimples or bumps or black heads, making the skin very soft and smooth. Small pox pits, tan, liver spots removed without harm to the skin. When you get the color you wish, stop using the preparation.

THE HAIR STRAIGHTENER. That goes in every one dollar box is enough to make anyone's hair grow long and straight, and keeps it from falling out. Highly perfumed and makes the hair soft and easy to comb. Many of our customers say one of our dollar boxes is worth ten dollars' worth of hair oil. Get your dollar box. THE NO-SMELL, Brown in free.

Any person sending us one dollar in a letter or Post-Office money order, express money order or registered letter, we will send it through the mail postage prepaid; or if you want it sent C. O. D., it will come by express, etc. extra.

In any case where it fails to do what we claim, we will return the money or send a box free of charge. Packed so that no one will know contents except receiver.

CRANE AND CO.

122 West Broad Street, RICHMOND, VA.

Beat Out of an Increase of His Pension.

A Mexican war veteran and prominent editor writes: "Seeing the advertisement of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, I am reminded that as a soldier in Mexico in '47 and '48, I contracted Mexican diarrhoea and this remedy has kept me from getting an increase in my pension for on every renewal a dose of it restores me." It is unequalled as a quick cure for diarrhoea and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by all Druggists.

Typhoid Killing British Soldiers.

During the first three months of this year there were, among the British troops in South Africa, 6,253 cases of typhoid fever, 1,060 of which proved fatal.

ROCK ISLAND AND TWIN CITY NOTES.

(Last Week's Items.)

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Wulph in Moline, a baby boy. Mother and child doing well. No wonder grand-ma and grand-pa Inghram are all smiles.

Mrs. L. Moss entertained the Toussaint L'Overture club at her cozy home, 1715 Harrison street, Davenport. Business of the club discussed from 2 to 4; reception of guest from 4 to 6. The guests of the club were Mesdames W. Baker, Windsor and Chesterfield. The ladies of the club rendered an interesting program. The hostess served an elegant three course luncheon; each guests plate being adorned with two carnations. The whole club felt encouraged by the kind remarks each visitor made. Mrs. Foster will entertain the club the 22, at her home in Davenport.

Mr. Will King of Galesburg was a Sunday guest again of Miss Farrell. However all are glad to see the young man as won numerous friends while here.

Mrs. John King entertained at a whist party Tuesday evening in honor of her cousin Mrs. Cornelius of Chicago Heights. The hostess served a dainty lunch, such as she has a reputation for. At a late hour the guests departed, having expressed themselves as having a delightful time.

The Ladies Aid Society of St. Paul's A. M. E. church in Moline gave another of their fine "possum" suppers at the Art gallery Wednesday evening the 15th inst.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Moss will entertain a number of friends Thursday evening in honor of Mrs. Cornelius. Cards will be the order of the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. John Lemme have gone to Chicago to remain indefinitely.

Mr. Burt Bradley, a former Moline young man, was married to Miss Minona Lovett of Pittsburgh, Pa., last week. Miss Lovett it will be remembered spent the summer of 1900 in R. I. We wish them much happiness.

(This Week's Items.)

Mrs. Cornelius, who has been visiting with her aunt Mrs. Calloway and cousin Mrs. Jao. King, returned to her home in Chicago Heights last Saturday.

Mr. Wm. Moore of Forty-second street and Elventh avenue has exchanged his home for another on Thirty-ninth street and Thirteenth avenue. This is a splendid change, as it will give him a nice seven room house and as will be four blocks closer to his work. We enjoy seeing our race securing nice houses for themselves.

Mr. and Mrs. Moss entertained six couples at a whist party Thursday evening in honor of Mrs. Cornelius. The ladies' first prize was won by Mrs. S. Kays; gentlemen's prize being won by C. J. Toliver. An elegant luncheon was served by the hostess at ten o'clock. At a late hour the guests departed, each considering the host and hostess among the best entertainers in Davenport.

Proposed Highway for Bicycles.

A perfect highway from New York to San Francisco, in as near a straight line as it is possible to make it, with a width of 120 feet, for the use of automobiles and bicycles, as well as for the use of the farmer, is a thing that the Automobile club of America will try to bring about. The subject was seriously discussed at a banquet, in honor of members of the National Highway Commission, at the Waldorf-Astoria, in New York, when plans were made and the route announced. Besides a direct path from New York to San Francisco, passing through Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha and Ogden, the club wants a highway along each coast. Congress will be asked to appropriate one-third of the expense, and the states, counties, townships and cities en route will be asked to pay the rest; the owners of property benefited to donate the right-of-way. The club and highway commission have on their list of membership the names of some of the foremost men of America.

The Mother's Favorite.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the mother's favorite. It is pleasant and safe for children to take and always cures. It is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, and is the best medicine made for these diseases. There is not the least danger in giving it to children for it contains no opium or other injurious drug and may be given as confidently to a babe as to an adult. For sale by all Druggists.

Must Buy Off Girl's Parents.

In Turkestan every wedding engagement begins with the payment of a substantial consideration to the girl's parents. If a girl jilts her lover the engagement gift has to be returned, unless the parents have another daughter to give as a substitute.

Britains Degenerating Physically.

According to Arnold White, an English critic, the inhabitants of the British Isles are degenerating physically. He bases his conclusions on the results of recruiting for the Boer war. In the Manchester district alone 3,000 out of 11,000 men who offered themselves for military service were certified unfit to endure a soldier's life.

Sultan Doctors Himself.

The Sultan of Turkey is devoted to the study of chemistry and has given a good deal of time to the study of medicine, a study which he first took up because of fears that his life was in danger from poison. He now doctors his own ailments so long as they are not of a serious nature.

Rosetti Resented Intrusion.

Toward the latter part of Dante Gabriel Rossetti's life he rarely left his house and garden and preferred to see his friends and acquaintances by appointment. Woe betide the too intrusive stranger. It is said that one day an enterprising man called, duly armed with a letter of introduction, and the servant was nearly yielding to the impulsive stranger, whereupon the painter of "Dante's Dream" leaned over the banister and said, in a firm, mellifluous voice, "Tell the gentleman that I am not at home."

J. P. Morgan's Dream in Boyhood.

"The dream of my boyhood days," observed J. Pierpont Morgan to a friend recently, "was to be a farmer and have the finest stock in the world—the dolce far niente of the farmer's life was my fancy." "Well, you have your farm and your stock—to say nothing of stocks," retorted the friend. "Well, but I am the man of all work, and I haven't got the dolce far niente; and can't buy it either, big a price as I might be willing to pay for it."—New York Times.

Sailors Want to Keep Warm.

Crews of several big oil tankers now at Point Breeze have appealed to the consuls of their various countries for assistance to secure the electrical heating of the vessels, and have made threats to desert unless their condition is ameliorated. No fire of any kind is allowed on board of these vessels. Most of them have electric plants for lighting and the sailors argue that heating arrangements can be installed cheaply.

Gamblers Are Superstitious.

Habitual gamblers are perhaps the most superstitious persons in the world. They invariably carry little portable mascots in their pockets, and it would be impossible to persuade them to enter into a game of chance if by some inadvertence their mascots were not with them. Lumps of lead, coins, snake rattles, locks of hair, nails, bits of bone, hairpins, are some of these charms.

Fairy Tales Becoming Realities.

The century is beginning with the great achievement of wireless telegraphy. With what it will end passes the imagination of man if progress into the secrets and resources of nature continue at the same rate. We have already realized in common business life some of the wonders of the ancient fairy tales.—Baltimore American.

The Partridge Detested in Turkey.

In Turkey the partridge is detested because once it betrayed the prophet to his enemies, and its legs are red because they were dipped in the blood of Hassan. If a man kills a partridge he is imprisoned for twenty-four hours and then is handsomely rewarded. The crane is respected and it is a crime to kill it.

Tricky Dentist's Punishment.

A Berlin dentist was sentenced the other day to five years' imprisonment, a fine of 1,000 marks (\$238) and five years' loss of titles and privileges, for overcharging, cheating and injuring his patients as well as compelling them to sign contracts while under the influence of anaesthetics.

Carnegie's Coat of Arms.

Andrew Carnegie's coat of arms shows a reversed crown surmounted by a liberty cap. A weaver's shuttle and a shoemaker's knife are upon the escutcheon, Scotch and American flags are the supporters, and below is the legend, "Death to Privilege."

Wheat for Semi-Arid Districts.

Wheat-growing in the semi-arid districts of the west has been rendered less uncertain, it is thought, by the introduction of macaroni and several other varieties of wheat, which have already given promise.

New York's Civil Service.

Next year's appropriation for the civil service commission of New York city is \$86,000. The state expends for the same purpose \$40,000 of which \$2,450 is for printing and \$11,000 for postage.

Early Definition of Saunterer.

A saunterer is believed by some etymologists to have originally signified a man without lands, such a person naturally wandering to and fro in search of employment.

Doctors in Congress.

There is one physician in the present senate and four physicians in the present house of representatives. There is one clergyman in the present house of representatives.

Population's Rate of Increase.

Such has been the increase in population in civilized countries that the space occupied by one person a century ago must now contain three.

Feed Exists in Wyoming.

Wyoming has 35,000,000 acres of good grazing lands. There are about 1,000,000 cattle and 3,000,000 sheep in the state. Between the cattle men and sheep men exists a feud that not infrequently leads to murder. Sheep, as you may or may not know, feed in so close order that when a flock has fed over a range, not a spear of grass remains. Cattle browse at random, and leave behind more than they eat, so that the range may provide sustenance for two or three herds, one following the other.

Filipinos Make Good Servants.

An army officer who recently returned from our Pacific possessions says: "The Filipinos, whatever may be their faults, make the best servants in the world, if you can cure them of petty thievery. Overcome that, and you have an ideal servant. At home here we are confronted everlastingly by the servant-girl proposition. Bring the Filipino men here and the servant girl will be a dead issue. The men are small, active and not afraid of work. They could be trained to do general housework, just as the Chinese do out on the Pacific coast."

No Fashion: Many Styles.

As if to prove conclusively the infinite number of ways in which a comparatively simple thing may be done, note the various fashions in which men hold their cigars in their mouths. Every man seems to work out his own way of smoking a cigar, evolving it slowly from the first time, when he placed it carefully in the middle of his mouth and blew the smoke out as if he were whistling. There is no accepted conventional standard; no fashion, but many styles.—New York Post.

Where Sedan Chairs Survive.

Will it be believed that the Sedan chair still exists in a bustling town not far from Paris—in Orleans? In this pretty city, says a Paris newspaper, especially on Sundays at the hour of mass, the classic Sedan chair, as it was known to the gallants of the Eighteenth century, is borne through the streets by robust carriers, its occupants being aged people and invalids, to whom the jolting of a carriage is intensely disagreeable.

Cocoanuts at Their Best.

Before the shell of the cocoanut becomes thick and hard and while the meat is soft and about the consistency of clabber, many of the nuts are gathered and sold upon the street corners of South American cities and in the drink shops. The nuts are cut open with a machete. The milk proves a most refreshing drink, while the meat is eaten with a spoon, or more often with a silver cut from the shell.

The Imitation "Reuben."

The imitation "Reuben," clad in a linen duster and carrying a carpetbag, no longer fools the people in New York streets. Time was when such a man, if he had a guileless expression, and concealed his advertising dodge long enough, could collect a crowd anywhere; nowadays, people who are much in the streets have become too "wise."—New York Press.

Coffee a Barometer.

Drop a lump of sugar in a cup of hot coffee, watch the bubbles rise without disturbing the coffee. If they collect in the middle the weather will be fair. If they adhere to the cup, forming a ring, rain will fall. If they separate, floating in unfixed position, it is a sure sign of changeable weather. Picnickers, watch your cup of coffee in the morning.

Kind to the Negroes.

R. B. Weddington, a Union county, North Carolina, farmer who died recently, lived in the kindest relations with the negroes, and in his will he gave three tracts of land to three of his faithful colored servants, leaving money to others. The remainder of his estate, amounting to 1,650 acres, he bequeathed to the Methodist church.

Gain of Some Cities.

In the ten years between 1890 and 1900, Passaic, N. J., gained 113 per cent in population; Butte, Mont., 184; Superior, Wis., 160; Newcastle, Pa., 185; Seattle, Wash., 83; Waterbury, Conn., 60; St. Joseph, Mo., 96; East St. Louis, Ill., 95; Jacksonville, Fla., 65, and South Omaha, Neb., 222 per cent.

Self-Supporting Students.

It is worth noting in these days that in the graduating class at the University of Vermont this year was a young woman who supported herself doing housework through the entire four years' course, and a young man who supported himself by working at his trade of stone-cutter.

Britains Population and Ours.

Forty-one and one-half millions of people are now crowded into the United Kingdom. A similar density of population in the United States would mean a total population in this country, excluding the dependencies, of about one billion thirty-six millions.

Objected to Being in Novel.

Dan Godfrey, the famous British band-leader, has recently obtained damages for libel from a publisher and a woman author for putting him into a novel, also an injunction against the further publication of the book.

British Coal Fields.

South Wales raises more coal than any other part of Great Britain, nearly 29,000,000 tons a year. Twenty-seven millions come from Midland co-liers and 26,000,000 from York and Lincolnshire.

Odd Advertising in Chicago.

The following advertisement appears in a Chicago paper: "Young men having a large circle of friends exerting their influence can obtain their fall clothes free of charge. Address, etc."

Demand for Meerschaum Pipes.

Among retail dealers, it is said that the demand for meerschaum pipes and holders has greatly decreased in the last few years. French briar has supplanted it in popularity.

THE FACT THAT
St. Jacobs Oil
Has cured thousands of cases of Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Sprains, Bruises, and other bodily aches and pains, is a guarantee that it will cure other cases. It is safe, sure and never failing. 25c & 50c.

ACTS LIKE MAGIC!
CONQUERS PAIN

Plowing in January
is what the farmer in the Southwest is doing while you are trying to keep your family and your stock from freezing.

If you are interested in securing a home in a country where outdoor work is done the year around, write for a free copy of the handsomely illustrated pamphlet, "Homes in the Southwest," which describes the country along the Santa Fe and Santa Rita Rivers in New Mexico and Texas, and will help you find a better place to live.

L. K. SAFFER, T. P. A., R. L. S. W. B. W. L. BEATHE, G. P. T. L. S. L. S. W. B. 212 Kautz Building, St. Louis, Mo.

\$3.00 WILDOUGLAS SHOES \$3.50
UNION MADE.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOE MAKER.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS
Cure Headache, Constipation, Chills and Fever, and all Bile and Bowel Complaints. All Druggists. Price 25 cents a box. WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS CO., New York.

RED RIVER VALLEY FARMS
for sale at low prices. Good farms from \$8 to \$27 per acre according to location and improvements. Write for list and map. Many of these farms will double in value in 18 months. F. W. FLANDERS, Warren, Minn. Cashier First Nat. Bank.

CLOVER
Largest growers of Clover, Timothy and Grasses. Our northern grown Clover, for vigor, frost and drought resisting properties, has justly become famous. SUPERIOR CLOVER, bu. \$5.80; 100 lbs. \$9.80. La Crosse Prime Clover, bu. \$5.60; 100 lbs. \$9.20. Samples Clover, Timothy and Grasses and great Catalog mailed you for 4c postage. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. LA CROSSE, WIS.

Less Work for You, Less Worry, too!

USE **Diamond "C" Soap**

AN HONEST, PURE TALLOW SOAP.

THE CUDAHY PACKING COMPANY, SOUTH OMAHA, NEB.

Has No Equal. DEFIANCE STARCH 16oz.

DEFIANCE STARCH is the cheapest laundry starch—one-third more for the same money, and it's the best starch made, too—the best in the world—16 ounces for 10 cents.

If your grocer does not keep it send us his name and we will send you one trial package.

REQUIRES NO COOKING PREPARED FOR LAUNDRY PURPOSES ONLY.

MANUFACTURED BY MAGNETIC STARCH MFG CO. OMAHA, NEB.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured
by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

Sold by Druggists, 75c. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The dog who does not love his owner is very rare.

DO YOUR CLOTHES LOOK YELLOW?
If so, use Russ Bleaching Blue. It will make them white as snow. All grocers, 10c.

Laughing at a man's alleged funny story will please him more than the telling.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 20.—For many years Garfield Tea, the Herb Cure, has been earning reputation that is fast. It is UNIVERSALLY praised! This remedy presents unusual attractions to HERBS that cure in Nature's way—by removing the cause of the disease; it is PURE; it cleanses the system, purifies the blood and establishes a perfect action of the digestive organs. It is equally good for young and old.

All Sufferers From Rheumatism should try MATT J. JOHNSON'S 6088. Guarantee goes with it. Try it.

Most men think they are more important than their neighbors.

Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold
Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Price 25c.

If a woman is heartless it is the fault of some man.

OKLAHOMA 500 HOMESTEAD CLAIMS
DICK T. MORGAN, El Reno, O. T.

Buyer's Guide
Send for my list of fine FARMS and RANCHES in Lyon County, L. A. GRIMSLEY, Bushong, Kansas.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY
gives quick relief and cures without pain. Book of testimonials and 16 DAYS' treatment FREE. DR. H. H. GIBBS, 808 S. E. 10th St., St. Louis, Mo.

GENTLEMEN HERE IS YOUR CHANCE
Are you married? If not, why not? We will give the names, addresses and descriptions of twelve ladies who wish to marry. Ages from 17 to 40. They have from \$10,000 to \$77,000 in cash. We send sealed, free of these names for 10c or all twelve for 25c. Send for all and take your choice. The most favored. WHY NOT MARRY RICH! Address: FREE, 677, Lancaster, Pa.

WRAGG TREES We Grow Them
So we can guarantee them. All the varieties known as "best" are from our nurseries. Handsome illustrated catalogue on request. THE OLD RELIABLE.

J. WRAGG & SONS CO., WAUKEE, IOWA

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS
Cure Headache, Constipation, Chills and Fever, and all Bile and Bowel Complaints. All Druggists. Price 25 cents a box. WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS CO., New York.

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Largest growers of Clover, Timothy and Grasses. Our northern grown Clover, for vigor, frost and drought resisting properties, has justly become famous. SUPERIOR CLOVER, bu. \$5.80; 100 lbs. \$9.80. La Crosse Prime Clover, bu. \$5.60; 100 lbs. \$9.20. Samples Clover, Timothy and Grasses and great Catalog mailed you for 4c postage. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. LA CROSSE, WIS.

QUESTIONS RAILROADS.
GOVERNOR CUMMINS WANTS FULLER INFORMATION.

Introduced List of Questions to Executive Council And That Body Gives Endorsement.

Des Moines, Jan. 20.—At the meeting of the state executive council Friday Governor Cummins introduced a resolution embodying a list of questions as to additional information desired from the railroads to aid in their assessment and taxation. Saturday the council made slight changes in wording of the questions, added question No. 9 referring to gross earnings and adopted the questions by unanimous vote. As adopted they are as follows:

- AS TO GROSS EARNINGS.**
1. Do your books show gross earnings upon business originating and terminating within this state, distinct from other earnings?
 2. If so, state the amount in detail, using the form shown in schedule 6.
 3. Do your books show your gross earnings upon business originating in this state and terminating elsewhere, and upon business originating elsewhere and terminating in this state, distinct from other earnings?
 4. If so, state the amount in detail, using the form shown in schedule 6.
 5. State also the gross earnings of the Iowa lines upon the business mentioned in question 3, computed upon the basis of the length of haul in Iowa, as compared with the haul elsewhere, using the form shown in schedule 6.
 6. Do your books show your gross earnings upon business neither originating nor terminating in this state, but passing over your Iowa line as a part of it, separate from other earnings?
 7. If so, state the amount in detail, using the form shown in schedule 6.
 8. State also the gross earnings of the Iowa lines upon the business mentioned in question 6, computed upon the basis of the length of haul in Iowa as compared with the haul elsewhere, using the form shown in schedule 6.
- If your books or records do not show definitely or specifically the information requested in the preceding interrogatories, from what source did you secure the information upon which you based your answers given in schedule No. 6 of your annual report to the executive council for the year 1901, and upon what basis were your computations made?
- Instructions: The above questions are intended to apply as a whole to your road in this state, without regard to divisions or branches.
- AS TO OPERATING EXPENSES.**
1. Explain fully the basis used in arriving at the several amounts stated under headings B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z, in schedule 7 of your annual report to the executive council for the year 1901.
 2. If the item under heading B, in schedule 7, have you charged the entire cost of renewals or the excess of cost over former construction?
 3. What have been the cost of the renewals included in heading C, schedule 7, in excess of the cost of former construction?
 4. State how much you have charged in schedule 7 for new sidings and for raising or lowering tracks above or below crossings at grade in cities or towns?
 5. How much did you expend for betterments during the year ending December 31, 1901, and how was the excess over the amount paid from earnings produced?
 6. How much did you expend in all for betterments during the year ending December 31, 1901, and how was the excess over the amount paid from earnings produced?
- COMPARATIVE VALUES.**
1. Is the average value per mile of your line in this state as great or greater or less than the average value per mile of your entire system? State fully your reasons for the answer given.

SECOND SHOCK SEVERE.
Additional Houses Razed in Chilpancingo, Mexico.

City of Mexico, Jan. 20.—Chilpancingo, the capital of the state of Guerrero, has had two days of indescribable panic and consternation, when Friday there came a repetition of the earthquake shock of Thursday, razing to the ground many houses spared in the first earthquake. The people are camping out in the alameda and in the fields. Hundreds of families are ruined. The buildings destroyed include the barracks of the Seventeenth battalion, from which the soldiers were marched out quickly, thus saving their lives. The school buildings are all wrecked, but luckily the children were all saved, their teachers having rare presence of mind and giving the order for them to march to the street when the first trembling of the earth began Thursday. The parish church, which was being repaired, having been injured in a recent earthquake, was destroyed. When the shock began it was nearly filled with worshippers who fled in dismay, women being knocked down by men. Fortunately all had gained the street when the heavy stone arches fell in. It is believed that every one escaped though soldiers are removing the debris, which is piled in great heaps. Governor Mora and his secretary escaped from the state palace in time to save themselves, and proceeded to aid the wounded and panic stricken populace. The statue of General Nicholas Bravo was thrown down, and the town government building so badly cracked that its fall is momentarily expected. The church of San Mateo, in one of the outer districts was nearly destroyed. Among the dead already found are four young men and two young girls. The list of gravely wounded is long, one, including many prominent citizens. At the town of Chilpancingo many buildings were wrecked and three persons killed outright while four were injured. In the towns of Tixtla and Marchitlan many buildings were cracked. At Iguala several buildings fell in and there was general wreckage in shops. At Zumpango del Rio three persons were badly injured and the prison, town hall, schools and courts are wrecked. The whole region affected by the earthquakes of Thursday and Friday has been the seat of marked seismic movements for several years.

Lynch Will Not Go to England.
Paris, Jan. 20.—Colonel Arthur Lynch, the recently elected member of the house of commons for Galway City, who is said to have fought on the side of the Boers in South Africa, in an interview with a representative of the Associated Press today, denied that he had tried to go to England for the opening of parliament. Colonel Lynch said he had not left Paris for the good reason that he appreciated the fact that he would not be allowed to reach his goal—the house of commons.

The fool who had much, wanted more and lost all.

A Cure for the Tobacco Habit.
Mrs. J. K. A. W. High street, Des Moines, Iowa, has discovered a harmless and inexpensive remedy for the tobacco habit, which has cured her husband and hundreds of others. Any druggist can put it up. The prescription and directions sent free for a stamp to pay postage.

Some men think that by doing nothing, they are doing right.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, etc. in a bottle.

Actions speak louder than words, but they don't lie as loud.

ALL UP-TO-DATE HOUSEKEEPERS use Russ Bleaching Blue. It makes clothes clean and sweet as when new. All grocers.

Love may not be blind at the start, but it is never apt to see its finish.

TO KILL THE DANDRUFF GERM.

Is the Only Possible Way of Having a Permanent Cure.

If you see a woman or a man with luxuriant glossy hair, you may be sure neither has dandruff to amount to anything. In nearly every case where women and men have thin, brittle hair, they owe it to dandruff. There are hundreds of preparations that "claim" to cure dandruff, but not one but Newbro's Herpicide tells you that dandruff is the result of a germ burrowing into the scalp, and that permanent cure of dandruff and its consequent falling and baldness can only be had by killing the germ; and there is no other preparation that will destroy that germ but Newbro's Herpicide. "Destroy the cause, you remove the effect."

There are forty counties in Texas the residents of which have to seek legal advice in other counties, as they have not a single attorney of their own.

Bennet Burleigh, the noted English war correspondent, reports a suggestive conversation between a British officer and a Boer field cornet, under a flag of truce. The former asked: "When do you think the war will be over?" "Oh," replied the other, "when you people are able to catch a horse with an ox-wagon; not before."

Not so many years ago, there was a veteran teacher in the Boy's High school, who often made his classes wince under the lash of his bitter sarcasm and ready wit. One day a little half-starved, yellow cur stayed in the school, and the boys thought they saw a chance to express their feelings toward "Fussy," who was busy in another room. The frightened mongrel was picked up, quickly fitted with a pair of large spectacles, and placed on the teacher's chair. "Fussy" entered the room, walked to his desk, calmly surveyed the work of his pupils, and then, turning to them, pleasantly said: "In my absence, I see you have held a business meeting and elected one of your number chairman."

These are Plain Words.
Marshfield, Mo., Jan. 20th.—Mr. J. F. King of this place makes the following statement:

"I have suffered untold agony for twenty years with Lame Back and Acute Kidney Disease, and in that time have never been two days together clear of misery, and for some of the time I could not walk a step or even sit up.

"Last spring, after trying many doctors and every remedy that could be thought of, I began a treatment of Dodd's Kidney Pills. The good results were almost immediate and for the last seven months I have seen more comfort and pleasure than I have for twenty years before.

"Any one with Kidney Disease or Lame Back that will not try Dodd's Kidney Pills deserves to suffer."

No, Maude, dear; by floating population we do not mean the people who are in the swim.

THE CHILDREN ENJOY

Life out of doors and out of the games which they play and the enjoyment which they receive and the efforts which they make, comes the greater part of that healthful development which is so essential to their happiness when grown. When a laxative is needed the remedy which is given to them to cleanse and strengthen the internal organs on which it acts, should be such as physicians would sanction, because its component parts are known to be wholesome and the remedy itself free from every objectionable quality. The one remedy which physicians and parents, well-informed, approve and recommend and which the little ones enjoy, because of its pleasant flavor, its gentle action and its beneficial effects, is—Syrup of Figs—for the same reason it is the only laxative which should be used by fathers and mothers.

Syrup of Figs is the only remedy which acts gently, pleasantly and naturally without griping, irritating, or nauseating and which cleanses the system effectually, without producing that constipated habit which results from the use of the old-time cathartics and modern imitations, and against which the children should be so carefully guarded. If you would have them grow to manhood and womanhood, strong, healthy and happy, do not give them medicines, when medicines are not needed, and when nature needs assistance in the way of a laxative, give them only the simple, pleasant and gentle—Syrup of Figs.

Its quality is due not only to the excellence of the combination of the laxative principles of plants with pleasant aromatic syrups and juices, but also to our original method of manufacture and as you value the health of the little ones, do not accept any of the substitutes which unscrupulous dealers sometimes offer to increase their profits. The genuine article may be bought anywhere of all reliable druggists at fifty cents per bottle. Please to remember, the full name of the Company—**CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.**—is printed on the front of every package. In order to get its beneficial effects it is always necessary to buy the genuine only.



Miss Marion Cunningham, the Popular Young Treasurer of the Young Woman's Club of Emporia, Kans., has This to Say of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Your Vegetable Compound cured me of womb trouble from which I had been a great sufferer for nearly three years. During that time I was very irregular and would often have intense pain in the small of my back, and blinding headaches and severe cramps. For three months I used **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, and aches and pains are as a past memory, while health and happiness is my daily experience now. You certainly have one grateful friend in Emporia, and I have praised your Vegetable Compound to a large number of my friends. You have my permission to publish my testimonial in connection with my picture. Yours sincerely, MISS MARION CUNNINGHAM, Emporia, Kans."

\$5000 FORFEIT IF THE ABOVE LETTER IS NOT GENUINE.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhoea, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone," and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues, and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

CAPSICUM VASELINE
(PUT UP IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES)

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-alleviating and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve headache and rheumatism. We recommend it as the best and safest external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralgic and gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "it is the best of all of our preparations." Price 15 cents, at all druggists or other dealers, or by sending this amount to us in postage stamps we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the name of the manufacturer is on the wrapper, and we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the name of the manufacturer is on the wrapper, and we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the name of the manufacturer is on the wrapper, and we will send you a tube by mail.

CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO.,
17 State Street, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CONTENTED FARMER
is the man who never has a failure in crops, gets splendid returns for his labors, and has best social and religious advantages, together with splendid climate and excellent health. These we give to the settlers on the lands of Western Canada, which comprises the great prairie and ranching lands of Manitoba, Assiniboia, Alberta and Saskatchewan. Exceptional advantages and low rates of fare are given to those desirous of inspecting the Fall grain lands. The handsome forty-page Atlas of Western Canada sent free to all applicants. Apply to F. F. FIDLEY, Sup't. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to N. Bartholomew, Canadian Government Agent, 305 Fifth St., Des Moines, Iowa.

GALLSTONES CURED—Immediate relief and permanent cure. No operation. DR. W. C. FAYNE, Marshalltown, Iowa.

W. N. U., Des Moines, No. 4.—1902.

SALZER'S SEEDS Never Fail

It is a fact that Salzer's Seeds are grown in more gardens, and planted on more farms in America than any other. There is reason for this.

SALZER'S SEEDS NEVER FAIL.

No matter how poor the soil or how late the season, Salzer's Seeds produce. We are the largest growers of Vegetable and Farm Seeds, supplying over 100,000 acres of the following named crops at unprecedentedly low prices:

150 Kinds for 15c, Postpaid.

20 kinds of rarest flowering Radishes
15 kinds of rarest flowering Cabbages
15 kinds of rarest flowering Cauliflowers
15 kinds of rarest flowering Broccoli
15 kinds of rarest flowering Brussels Sprouts
15 kinds of rarest flowering Kale
15 kinds of rarest flowering Turnips
15 kinds of rarest flowering Potatoes
15 kinds of rarest flowering Peas
15 kinds of rarest flowering Beans
15 kinds of rarest flowering Corn
15 kinds of rarest flowering Wheat
15 kinds of rarest flowering Oats
15 kinds of rarest flowering Rye
15 kinds of rarest flowering Barley
15 kinds of rarest flowering Clover
15 kinds of rarest flowering Grass
15 kinds of rarest flowering Hay
15 kinds of rarest flowering Alfalfa
15 kinds of rarest flowering Lucerne
15 kinds of rarest flowering Medick
15 kinds of rarest flowering Vetch
15 kinds of rarest flowering Ryegrass
15 kinds of rarest flowering Timothy
15 kinds of rarest flowering Orchard Grass
15 kinds of rarest flowering Kentucky Bluegrass
15 kinds of rarest flowering Perennial Ryegrass
15 kinds of rarest flowering Annual Ryegrass
15 kinds of rarest flowering Italian Ryegrass
15 kinds of rarest flowering English Ryegrass
15 kinds of rarest flowering French Ryegrass
15 kinds of rarest flowering German Ryegrass
15 kinds of rarest flowering Hungarian Ryegrass
15 kinds of rarest flowering Polish Ryegrass
15 kinds of rarest flowering Russian Ryegrass
15 kinds of rarest flowering Turkish Ryegrass
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15 kinds of rarest flowering French Ryegrass
15 kinds of rarest flowering German Ryegrass
15 kinds of rarest flowering Hungarian Ryegrass
15 kinds of rarest flowering Polish Ryegrass
15 kinds of rarest flowering Russian Ryegrass
15 kinds of rarest flowering Turkish Ryegrass
15 kinds of rarest flowering Spanish Ryegrass
15 kinds of rarest flowering Portuguese Ryegrass

Our great catalogue, postpaid worth \$1.00 to every wide awake gardener and farmer, is mailed to you upon receipt of 5c. postage, or with above 150 seeds for but 15c. postage.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED COMPANY, La Crosse, Wis.

THE CHILDREN ENJOY

Life out of doors and out of the games which they play and the enjoyment which they receive and the efforts which they make, comes the greater part of that healthful development which is so essential to their happiness when grown. When a laxative is needed the remedy which is given to them to cleanse and strengthen the internal organs on which it acts, should be such as physicians would sanction, because its component parts are known to be wholesome and the remedy itself free from every objectionable quality. The one remedy which physicians and parents, well-informed, approve and recommend and which the little ones enjoy, because of its pleasant flavor, its gentle action and its beneficial effects, is—Syrup of Figs—for the same reason it is the only laxative which should be used by fathers and mothers.

Syrup of Figs is the only remedy which acts gently, pleasantly and naturally without griping, irritating, or nauseating and which cleanses the system effectually, without producing that constipated habit which results from the use of the old-time cathartics and modern imitations, and against which the children should be so carefully guarded. If you would have them grow to manhood and womanhood, strong, healthy and happy, do not give them medicines, when medicines are not needed, and when nature needs assistance in the way of a laxative, give them only the simple, pleasant and gentle—Syrup of Figs.

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WANTED—OIL AGENTS
Good reliable, energetic men, to sell our high grade line of Lubricating Oils, Greases, Belting, Rope, Bar and House Paints, White Lead, etc., either exclusive or as a side line, locally or traveling on commission. The Industrial Oil & Supply Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

COMMITTEES ANNOUNCED

MACHINERY OF THE LEGISLATURE NOW IN WORKING ORDER.

List of the Men Who Will Shape the Legislation of the Present Session.

The standing committees of senate were announced by Lieutenant Governor Herriott on the 21st. In announcing the committees, Mr. Herriott spoke as follows:

"Senators, pursuant to your directions and the procedure of the senate heretofore, I have assigned the members to various committees for the transaction of the necessary work of the session. The lists are now submitted. Respecting the assignments I desire first to submit a suggestion regarding a rearrangement of the committees in the matter of their rank; second, to set forth the reasons for certain changes and additions made; and, third, to indicate the purpose in view in the make up of the committees.

"By custom the order of mention in their first announcement has been taken as a significant of the rank and importance of committees. At each legislative session temporary and fluctuating interests have induced presiding officers to shift their order more or less. This naturally has resulted in some confusion and ill-assortment in rank. Committees related to each other are not grouped together, but are scattered here and there in the list. Thus the committee on schools, No. 11, appears between that on educational institutions, No. 22, is flanked by public health and military. Later charitable institutions, No. 28, comes between federal relations and elections. The rank of the committee pertaining to insurance and fire is no less illogically assorted, the order being: Agriculture, No. 14; labor, No. 15; mines and mining, No. 32; commerce, No. 31; manufactures, No. 30; and horticulture and forestry, No. 29. If one were to judge solely from the order of mention manufactures and commerce are matters of little concern to the people of Iowa.

"A better arrangement would present the committees in groups comprising those assigned to the same objects, and group following group in the order of relative importance. After the committees of ways and means, judiciary and appropriations it is suggested that those relating to the industries and labor interests of the state, then those on business corporations, then those on city, county and state affairs and institutions, and finally political and miscellaneous committees. While it is within the discretion of the president under your grant of authority to make such rearrangement he has not deemed it advisable, but submits the matter as worthy of your consideration.

"In harmony with the recommendation just made the committee on agriculture has been enlarged and advanced. The predominant interests of our citizens and taxpayers are in the farm, dairy and garden and industries subsidiary thereto and the advancement of the welfare of those devoted to them is the chief concern of this body. The great wealth which they represent, the high distinction Iowa has attained in the raising of cereals and stock, both on this continent and abroad, the large number of state and local institutions, the thousands supported or assisted by the state for the promotion of agriculture make appropriate the action here taken.

"In the past few years there has developed a marked popular interest in our public libraries and the number and influence of these educational institutions have greatly increased. The desirability of promoting them, the importance of extending the usefulness of our traveling libraries and the work of the library commission, and the historical and educational value of the capital have led me to enlarge the committee on 'libraries.' In a rearrangement as urged this committee should be advanced to the group comprising the state institutions. The number of rules has been increased from five to nine in number, and the committee on fish and game from three to five.

"A new committee has been created to consider matters connected with telegraph and telephone companies. The increased use of telephones in our towns and cities and of late among our farmers has produced a host of problems. The granting of franchises, the rights of such companies in our streets and highways, the location of poles and wires and the general regulation of such service are matters that require particular legislative consideration.

"Mindful of the fact that you come to this chamber as representatives of the people who support our state government by contributions of taxes levied on their property, the majority of the membership of the two ranking committees in particular have been selected with a view to reformatory changes in our revenue laws which the people have indicated they desire. For several years there has been an increasing popular demand for reform in our methods of assessing corporate property for taxation, especially the property of railroads. In the recent conventions of the party whose adherents prevail in this assembly the contests were squarely made on this issue; numerous resolutions were adopted calling for modification of the laws as well as insuring not only the equitable assessment of the railroad but the full valuation of their property; and the nominations for state officers were generally made in harmony with such sentiment. Various expressions by the rank and file of the party. The committees on ways and means and judiciary that have most to do with the consideration of revenue measures have, therefore, been composed for the most part of those who have taken the lead in prescribing definite and uniform procedure which shall guide and assist our administrative officers in assessing railroads and thereby reduce to the lowest degree practicable the intrusion of personal property for taxation, especially in this important work of government or the perversion of assessorial power. All views have been recognized and some who may oppose material modification of the existing statutes have been included in the make-up of the committees.

"Aside from selecting a favorable majority of each committee that will be concerned with such reform measures, I have not presumed to indicate, let alone dictate, what precise form or what the character of the needed legislation should be. This, as I conceive my duties, would be to go beyond my province as your presiding officer. It is perhaps unnecessary for me to say that I shall be in full sympathy with any well ordered measure having such needed reforms in view that may be agreed upon, but no little practical experience in the administration of the present law warrants me in urging the desirability of substantial modifications in the directions indicated."

The following is the list of senate committees:

The committees as named by Lieutenant Governor Herriott are as follows:

Finance—Senators Junkin, Healy, Lewis, Hayward, Klassen, Griswold, Lister, Brighton, Crossley, Trewin, Arthur, Hartshorn, Hogue, Porter, Emmert, Lambert.

Judiciary—Senators Healy, Blanchard, Trewin, Hobart, Hazelton, Hubbard, Lister, Dowell, Moffit, Crawford, Whipple, Courtright, Molesberry, Ball, Townsend, Porter.

Appropriations—Senators Garst, Harriman, Alexander, Allyn, Smith of Mitchell, Fitch, Barker, Smith of Des Moines, Spaulding, Brooks, Fitzpatrick, Wilson, Lyons, Ball.

Agriculture—Senators Harriman, Klassen, Brooks, Crossley, Hopkins, Arthur, Allyn, Spaulding, Hogue, Griswold, Jun, Garst, Maytag, Wilson, Young of Lee, Smith of Des Moines.

Railroads—Senators Hobart, Craig, Klassen, Mardis, Arthur, Smith of Mitchell, Griswold, Hubbard, Bachman, Townsend, Porter, Smith of Des Moines.

Cities and Towns—Senators Alexander, Hayward, Blanchard, Hazelton, Brighton, Hubbard, Mardis, Junkin, Crawford, Harper, Dowell, Young of Washington, Wilson, Smith of Des Moines.

Suppression of Intemperance—Mardis, Harriman, Arthur, Bachman, Smith of Mitchell, Young of Washington, Spaulding, Fitzpatrick, Brooks, Winne, Young of Lee, Lyons.

Congressional and Judicial Districts—Hazelton, Blanchard, Moffit, Lister, Fitzpatrick, Harriman, Mardis, Bachman, Molesberry, Lambert, Lyons.

Industrial Relations and Suffrage—Craig, Allyn, Blanchard, Healy, Hubbard, Brighton, Hobart, Courtright, Molesberry, Bishop, Lambert.

Insurance—Smith of Mitchell, Hobart, Allyn, Hayward, Moffit, Lister, Hazelton, Whipple, Maytag, Townsend, Emmert, Lyons.

Schools—Crossley, Trewin, Hopkins, Moffit, Lister, Fitzpatrick, Molesberry, Whipple, Ball, Townsend, Bishop.

Banks—Alexander, Hayward, Allyn, Trewin, Young of Washington, Brooks, Lewis, Wilson, Tallman.

Building and Loan—Griswold, Mardis, Healy, Bachman, Crossley, Harper, Courtright, Winne, Townsend.

Telegraphs and telephones—Hayward, Trewin, Young of Washington, Whipple, Maytag, Brooks, Porter, Lambert, Bishop.

Labor—Brighton, Mardis, Alexander, Maytag, Klassen, Smith of Mitchell, Harper, Lyons, Lambert.

Penitentiaries—Arthur, Blanchard, Dowell, Bishop, Craig, Griswold, Fitzpatrick, Townsend, Porter.

Senatorial and Representative Districts—Hubbard, Hazelton, Hobart, Lister, Griswold, Molesberry, Winne, Maytag, Fen, Lyons, Young of Lee.

Highways—Klassen, Craig, Bachman, Spaulding, Hazelton, Hartshorn, Lewis, Young of Lee, Tallman.

Corporations—Hobart, Blanchard, Lister, Hazelton, Hubbard, Harriman, Whipple, Fen, Lyons, Young of Lee.

Compensation of Public Officers—Lister, Griswold, Smith of Mitchell, Spaulding, Hartshorn, Porter, Smith of Des Moines.

Public Health—Bachman, Allyn, Moffit, Hayward, Dowell, Molesberry, Crawford, Young of Washington, Emmert, Wilson, Smith of Des Moines.

Educational Institutions—Courtright, Arthur, Alexander, Craig, Healy, Tallman, Emmert, Ball, Townsend, Bishop.

Religious, Moral, and Pensions—Whipple, Hubbard, Brooks, Young of Washington, Crawford, Harper, Young of Lee.

Printing—Allyn, Brighton, Trewin, Mardis, Griswold, Courtright, Lambert, Tallman, Bishop.

Federal Relations—Crawford, Craig, Hogue, Hartshorn, Lewis, Young of Lee, Smith of Des Moines.

Charitable Institutions—Fitzpatrick, Hobart, Junkin, Crossley, Hogue, Hopkins, Harper, Lister, Porter.

Electricity, Railroads, Harriman, Junkin, Lewis, Courtright, Tallman Townsend.

Claims—Hartshorn, Garst, Spaulding, Crawford, Lewis, Emmert, Young of Lee.

Commerce—Griswold, Alexander, Hayward, Arthur, Dowell, Hogue, Ball.

Manufactures—Maytag, Smith Hayward, Bishop, Wilson.

Public Buildings—Brooks, Mardis, Garst, Winne, Emmert.

Religious, Moral, and Pensions—Whipple, Hubbard, Brooks, Young of Washington, Crawford, Harper, Young of Lee.

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1908	149,708 Pairs.
1909	209,182 Pairs.
1910	1,259,754 Pairs.
1911	1,566,720 Pairs.

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Has No Equal.
DEFIANCE

Defiance Starch is the cheapest laundry starch—one-third more for the same money, and it's the best starch made, too—the best in the world—16 ounces for 10 cents.

If your grocer does not keep it send us his name and we will send you one trial package.

STARCH 16oz.

REQUIRES NO COOKING PREPARED FOR LAUNDRY PURPOSES ONLY

MANUFACTURED BY MAGNETIC STARCH MFG CO OMAHA, NEB.

FISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION

Deafness Cannot Be Cured
by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The dog who does not love his owner is very rare.

DO YOUR CLOTHES LOOK YELLOW?
If so, use Russ Bleaching Blue. It will make them white as snow. All grocers, 10c.

Laughing at a man's alleged funny story will please him more than the telling.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 20.—For many years Garfield T. the Herb Cure, has been earning a reputation that is rare. It is UNIVERSALLY praised! This remedy cures all kinds of ailments, and those in search of health: it is made of HERBS that cure in Nature's way—by removing the cause of the disease: it is PURE; it cleanses the system, purifies the blood and establishes a perfect action of the digestive organs. It is equally good for young and old.

All Sufferers From Rheumatism
should try MATT J. JOHNSON'S 6088. Guarantee goes with it. Try it.

Most men think they are more important than their neighbors.

Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold
Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Price 25c.

If a woman is heartless it is the fault of some man.

OKLAHOMA 500 HOMESTEAD CLAIMS
for Sale, DICK T. MORGAN, El Reno, O. T.

Buyer's Guide
Send for my list of fine FARMS and RANCHES in Lyon County, L. A. GRIMLEY, Bushong, Kansas.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY
gives relief from the most distressing and dangerous cases. Book of testimonials and 10 DAYS' treatment FREE. DR. H. H. GREEN'S SOUS, Box 8, Atlanta, Ga.

GENTLEMEN HERE IS YOUR CHANCE!
Are you married? If not, why not marry an heiress? We have the names, addresses and descriptions of twelve ladies who wish to marry. Ages from 17 to 45. They have from \$10,000 to \$77,000 in cash. We send five of these names for a card. Send for all and take your choice. Earliest offers given. Write to: THE HEIR-ESS CLUB, 215 E. 12th St., St. Louis, Mo.

WRAGG TREES We Grow Them
So we can guarantee them. All varieties known as "best" are from our nurseries. Handsome illustrated catalogue on request. THE OLD RELIABLE.

J. WRAGG & SONS CO., WAUKEE, IOWA

"ALL WRAGG-FOR MORE THAN HALF A CENTURY"

WRIGHT'S INDIAN PILLS
Cure Headache, Constipation, Chills and Fever, and all Bilious Complaints. All Druggists. Price 50 cents a box. WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS CO., New York.

RED RIVER VALLEY FARMS
for sale at lowest prices. Good farms from \$8 to \$27 per acre according to location and improvements. Write for list and map. Many of these farms will double in value in 18 months.

F. W. FLANDERS, Warren, Minn. Dealer First Nat. Bank

CLOVER
Largest growers of Clover, Timothy and Grasses. Our northern grown Clover, for vigor, frost and drought resisting properties, has justly become famous. SUPERIOR CLOVER, bu. \$5.50; 100 lbs. \$9.50. LA CROSSE PRIME CLOVER, bu. \$5.50; 100 lbs. \$9.50.

Samples Clover, Timothy and Grasses and great Catalog mailed you for 6c postage.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO.
LA CROSSE, WIS.

QUESTIONS RAILROADS.
GOVERNOR CUMMINS WANTS FULLER INFORMATION.

Introduced List of Questions to Executive Council And That Body Gives Endorsement.

Des Moines, Jan. 20.—At the meeting of the state executive council Friday Governor Cummins introduced a resolution embodying a list of questions as to additional information desired from the railroads to aid in their assessment and taxation. Saturday the council made slight changes in wording of the questions, added question No. 9 referring to gross earnings and adopted the questions by unanimous vote. As adopted they are as follows:

- AS TO GROSS EARNINGS.**
1. Do your books show your gross earnings upon business originating and terminating within this state, distinct from other earnings?
 2. If so, state the amount in detail, using the form shown in schedule 6.
 3. Do your books show your gross earnings upon business originating in this state and terminating elsewhere, and upon business originating elsewhere and terminating in this state, distinct from other earnings?
 4. If so, state the amount in detail, using the form shown in schedule 6.
 5. State also the gross earnings of the Iowa lines upon the business mentioned in question 3, computed upon the basis of the length of haul in Iowa, as compared with the haul elsewhere, using the form shown in schedule 6.
 6. Do your books show your gross earnings upon business neither originating nor terminating in this state, but passing over your Iowa line or some part of it, separate from other earnings?
 7. If so, state the amount in detail, using the form shown in schedule 6.
 8. State also the gross earnings of the Iowa lines upon the business mentioned in question 6, computed upon the basis of the length of haul in Iowa as compared with the haul elsewhere, using the form shown in schedule 6.
 9. If your books or records do not show definitely or specifically the information requested in the preceding interrogatories, from what source did you secure the information upon which you based your answers given in schedule No. 6 of your annual report to the executive council for the year 1901, and upon what basis were your computations made?

AS TO OPERATING EXPENSES.

1. Explain in detail the basis used in arriving at the several amounts stated under headings B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, and J, in schedule 7 of your annual report to the executive council for the year 1901.
2. In the items under the heading C, in schedule 7, have you charged the entire cost of renewals or the excess of cost over former construction?
3. What has been the cost of the renewals included in heading C, schedule 7, in excess of the cost of former construction?
4. State how much you have charged in schedule 7 for new sidings and for raising or lowering tracks above or below crossings at grade in cities and towns.

BETTERMENTS.

1. How much did you expend for betterments upon the line of your road during the year ending December 31, 1901?
2. How much did you expend in all for betterments during the year ending December 31, 1901, and how was the excess over the amount paid from earnings produced?

INTEREST AND DIVIDENDS.

1. What has been the average interest charge per mile on the bonded debt of your entire system, paid during each of the three years last preceding this report?
2. What has been the average dividend paid per mile of your entire system during each of the three years last preceding this report?

COMPARATIVE VALUES.

1. Is the average value per mile of your line in this state as great or greater or less than the average value per mile of your entire system? State fully your reasons for the answer given.

SECOND SHOCK SEVERE.

Additional Houses Razed in Chilpancingo, Mexico.

City of Mexico, Jan. 20.—Chilpancingo, the capital of the state of Guerrero, has had two days of indescribable panic and conservation, when Friday there came a repetition of the earthquake shock of Thursday, razing to the ground many houses spared in the first earthquake. The people are camping out in the alameda and in the fields. Hundreds of families are ruined. The buildings destroyed include the barracks of the Seventeenth battalion, from which the soldiers were marched out quickly, thus saving their lives. The school buildings are all wrecked, but luckily the children were all saved, their teachers having rare presence of mind and giving the order for them to march to the street when the first trembling of the earth began Thursday. The parish church, which was being repaired, having been injured in a recent earthquake, was destroyed. When the shock began it was nearly filled with worshippers who fled in dismay, women being knocked down by men. Fortunately all had gained the street when the heavy stone arches fell in. It is believed that every one escaped though soldiers are removing the debris, which is piled in great heaps. Governor Mora and his secretary escaped from the state palace in time to save themselves, and proceeded to aid the wounded and panic-stricken populace. The strike of General Nicholas Bravo was thrown down, and the town government building so badly cracked that its fall is momentarily expected. The church of San Mateo, in one of the outer districts was nearly destroyed. Among the dead already found are four young men and two young girls. The list of gravely wounded is a long one, including many prominent citizens. At the town of Clitla many buildings were wrecked and three persons killed outright while four were injured. In the towns of Tixtla and Marchitlan many buildings were cracked. At Iguala several buildings fell in and there was general wreckage in shops. At Zumpango del Rio three persons were badly injured and the prison, town hall, schools and courts are wrecked. The whole region affected by the earthquakes of Thursday and Friday has been the seat of marked seismic movements for several years.

Lynch Will Not Go to England.
Paris, Jan. 20.—Colonel Arthur Lynch, the recently elected member of the house of commons for Galway City, who is said to have fought on the side of the Boers in South Africa, in an interview with a representative of the Associated Press today, denied that he had tried to go to England for the opening of parliament. Colonel Lynch said he had not left Paris for the good reason that he appreciated the fact that he would not be allowed to reach his goal—the house of commons. The fool who had much, wanted more and lost all.

A Cure for the Tobacco Habit.
Mrs. J. Kay, A. W. High street, Des Moines, Iowa, has discovered a harmless and inexpensive remedy for the tobacco habit, which has cured her husband and hundreds of others. Any druggist can put it up. The prescription and directions sent free for a stamp to pay postage.

Some men think that by doing nothing, they are doing right.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, etc. a bottle.

Actions speak louder than words, but they don't lie as loud.

ALL UP-TO-DATE HOUSEKEEPERS.
use Russ Bleaching Blue. It makes clothes clean and sweet as when new. All grocers.

Love may not be blind at the start, but it is never apt to see its finish.

TO KILL THE DANDRUFF GERM.
Is the Only Possible Way of Having a Permanent Cure.

If you see a woman or a man with luxuriant glossy hair, you may be sure neither has dandruff to amount to anything. In nearly every case where women and men have thin, brittle hair, they owe it to dandruff. There are hundreds of preparations that "claim" to cure dandruff, but not one but Newbro's Herpicide tells you that dandruff is the result of a germ burrowing into the scalp, and that permanent cure of dandruff and its consequent falling and baldness can only be had by killing the germ; and there is no other preparation that will destroy that germ but Newbro's Herpicide. "Destroy the cause, you remove the effect."

There are forty counties in Texas the residents of which have to seek legal advice in other counties, as they have not a single attorney of their own.

Bennet Burleigh, the noted English war correspondent, reports a suggestive conversation between a British officer and a Boer field cornet, under a flag of truce. The former asked: "When do you think the war will be over?" "Oh," replied the other, "when you people are able to catch a horse with an ox-wagon; not before."

Not so many years ago, there was a veteran teacher in the Boy's High school, who often made his classes wince under the lash of his bitter sarcasm and ready wit. One day a little half-starved, yellow cur strayed into the school, and the boys thought they saw a chance to express their feelings toward "Fussy," who was busy in another room. The frightened mongrel was picked up, quickly fitted with a pair of large spectacles, and placed on the teacher's chair. "Fussy" entered the room, walked to his desk, calmly surveyed the work of his pupils, and then, turning to them, pleasantly said: "In my absence, I see you have held a business meeting and elected one of your number chairman."

These are Plain Words.
Marshfield, Mo., Jan. 20.—Mr. J. F. King of this place makes the following statement:

"I have suffered untold agony for twenty years with Lame Back and Acute Kidney Disease, and in that time have never been two days together clear of misery, and for some of the time I could not walk a step or even sit up.

"Last spring, after trying many doctors and every remedy that could be thought of, I began a treatment of Dodd's Kidney Pills. The good results were almost immediate and for the last seven months I have seen more comfort and pleasure than I have for twenty years before.

"Any one with Kidney Disease or Lame Back that will not try Dodd's Kidney Pills deserves to suffer."

No, Maude, dear; by floating population we do not mean the people who are in the swim.



Miss Marion Cunningham, the Popular Young Treasurer of the Young Woman's Club of Emporia, Kans., has This to Say of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Your Vegetable Compound cured me of womb trouble from which I had been a great sufferer for nearly three years. During that time I was very irregular and would often have intense pain in the small of my back, and blinding headaches and severe cramps. For three months I used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and aches and pains are as a past memory, while health and happiness is my daily experience now. You certainly have one grateful friend in Emporia, and I have praised your Vegetable Compound to a large number of my friends. You have my permission to publish my testimonial in connection with my picture. Yours sincerely, Miss MARION CUNNINGHAM, Emporia, Kans."

\$5000 FORFEIT IF THE ABOVE LETTER IS NOT GENUINE.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhoea, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone," and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues, and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

CAPSICUM VASELINE
(PUT UP IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES)

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and with not a blister the most delicate skin. The pain-alleviating and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve headache and sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralgic and gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "it is the best of all of our preparations." Price 12 cents, at all druggists or other dealers, or by sending this amount to us in postage stamps we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine. CHESBROUGH MFG. CO., 17 State Street, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CONTENTED FARMER
is the man who never has a failure in crops, gets splendid returns for his labors, and has best social and religious advantages, together with splendid climate and excellent health. (These we give to the settlers on the lands of Western Canada, which comprises the great grain and ranching lands of Manitoba, Assiniboia, Alberta and Saskatchewan. Exceptional advantages and low rates of fare are given to those desirous of inspecting the Fall grain lands. The handsome forty-page Atlas of Western Canada sent free to all applicants. Apply to F. Pedley, Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to N. Bartholomew, Canadian Government Agent, 301 Fifth St., Des Moines, Iowa.

GALLSTONES CURED—Immediate relief and permanent cure. No operation. DR. W. C. PAYNE, Marshalltown, Iowa.

W. N. U., Des Moines, No. 4.—1902.

SALZER'S SEEDS
Never Fail

It is a fact that Salzer's Seeds are grown in more gardens, and planted on more acres in America than any other. There is reason for this. **SALZER'S SEEDS NEVER FAIL.**

No matter how poor the soil or inclement the weather, Salzer's Seeds produce. We are the largest growers of Vegetable and Farm Seeds, supplying over 6,000,000 seeds, and have made the following unprecedented offer:

150 Kinds for \$9.00, Postpaid.

20 kinds of the finest vegetable seeds: 12 magnificent eggplant seedlings, 12 glorious tomato plants, 12 beautiful lettuce seedlings, 12 splendid beet roots, 45 gorgeously beautiful flower seeds.

150 kinds for only 16 cents.

above 150 sorts, which will furnish you bushel baskets full of magnificent seeds and plants of every kind, together with our great catalog telling all about our seeds and plants, and best vegetable and farm seeds—all for but 16 cents in stamps.

C. W. Salzer & Co., 2 Hardy Street, Des Moines, Iowa, postpaid \$9.00; 2 Hardy Street, Des Moines, 2 Cents and 7 Apple-Will Ironed, hardy as oak—the 12 postpaid for \$1.00.

Our great catalog, mailed weekly worth \$100 to every man, woman, and farmer, is mailed to you upon receipt of 5c. postage, or with all orders for seeds.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED COMPANY, La Crosse, Wis.

THE CHILDREN ENJOY

Life out of doors and out of the games which they play and the enjoyment which they receive and the efforts which they make, comes the greater part of that healthful development which is so essential to their happiness when grown. When a laxative is needed the remedy which is given to them to cleanse and sweeten and strengthen the internal organs on which it acts, should be such as physicians would sanction, because its component parts are known to be wholesome and the remedy itself free from every objectionable quality. The one remedy which physicians and parents, well-informed, approve and recommend and which the little ones enjoy, because of its pleasant flavor, its gentle action and its beneficial effects, is—Syrup of Figs—and for the same reason it is the only laxative which should be used by fathers and mothers.

Syrup of Figs is the only remedy which acts gently, pleasantly and naturally without griping, irritating, or nauseating and which cleanses the system effectually, without producing that constipated habit which results from the use of the old-time cathartics and modern imitations, and against which the children should be so carefully guarded. If you would have them grow to manhood and womanhood, strong, healthy and happy, do not give them medicines, when medicines are not needed, and when nature needs assistance in the way of a laxative, give them only the simple, pleasant and gentle—Syrup of Figs.

Its quality is due not only to the excellence of the combination of the laxative principles of plants with pleasant aromatic syrups and juices, but also to our original method of manufacture and as you value the health of the little ones, do not accept any of the substitutes which unscrupulous dealers sometimes offer to increase their profits. The genuine article may be bought anywhere of all reliable druggists at fifty cents per bottle. Please to remember, the full name of the Company—**CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.**—is printed on the front of every package. In order to get its beneficial effects it is always necessary to buy the genuine only.

Iowa State Bystander.

BY BYSTANDER PUB. CO.

DES MOINES, IOWA

FRIDAY JANUARY 24

RACE ECHOES.

Mrs. Nancy Griffin a colored woman of Milbun, N. J., is 103 years old.

The largest saddlery and harness store in Natchez, Miss., is run by a colored man. Three-fourth of his customers are white.

The management of the Northern Pacific railroad has issued an order that hereafter no colored waiters shall be placed on the dining cars where the other employees are white. There has been considerable trouble on that road between the colored and white help.

A civil service examination for mail carriers and clerks was held in Atlanta, Ga., recently, and out of 125 applicants, 26 were colored. Only 14 of the whole number passed, and 12 of these were colored.

Mr. Booker T. Washington of the Tuskegee Institute was recently offered One Thousand Dollars per week for as many weeks as he would accept to lecture under the auspices of a northern lecture bureau. Owing to the absorbing character of the work at Tuskegee he has been compelled to decline the offer.—Colored American.

To the Republican Voters of Des Moines:

I am a candidate for the republican nomination for mayor of Des Moines. Should I be preferred over other candidates I pledge myself to stand for a progressive and economical administration of the affairs of the city. Whatever knowledge I have acquired from many years' experience in business and public office will be devoted to the best interests of Des Moines. I will favor the reduction of taxation to the lowest point consistent with the necessities of our growing city, and such a distribution of the city's income as will insure clean streets.

I stand for the employment of home labor in all public works and for the enforcement of the eight hour laws enacted for the benefit of the wage earners.

I shall at all times stand ready to assist the organizations of our patriotic citizens in their efforts to induce new industries and enterprises to locate here, and encourage by liberal treatment those already established.

I shall stand for just and equal taxation within the limits of our city and shall oppose the grant of franchises for the use of our streets for private gain except for adequate compensation.

I stand for the wise enforcement of all laws and for the minimizing of criminal lawlessness. It will be my earnest endeavor to improve the morals and efficiency of the police department and favor the enactment of state laws placing the various city departments under civil service regulations always, providing that the method of selection of any civil service commission shall be consistent with home rule.

Yours respectfully,
J. P. Patrick.

He Collects Antique Statuary.
Stadford White is one of the largest collectors of antique statuary in America. Not only is his house in Gramercy park, New York, a veritable museum of Greek and Roman art, but the lawn is now filled to overflowing with other examples.

Odd Names in Virginia.
One county of West Virginia has among its political subdivisions the Slab Fork, the Marsh Fork, the Shady Spring, the Clear Fork and the Trap Hill districts. Another has the Pipe Stem and the Jumping Branch districts.

Queer Japanese Custom.
At the birth of a Japanese baby a tree is planted that must remain untouched until the marriage of the child. When the nuptial hour arrives the tree is cut down and the wood is transformed into furniture.

Chile Seeks Steamship Line.
Senator Salvador Cañero has presented to the Chilean government a project for a new fast line of steamers between the Pacific and Mediterranean ports, with headquarters at Valparaiso and a capital of a quarter of a million sterling in 20,000 shares, a subvention to be granted on condition that the steamers should be armed as cruisers in war time.

Peel De Chaille's Explorations.
Perhaps the only living explorer who is equally familiar with the dark places of equatorial Africa and the "land of the midnight sun" is Pan Du Chaille. The mysterious fascination of the "dark continent" lured him from an east African counting-house when he was quite a young man, and he was away four years, returning with a live gorilla as a trophy. Then he went far north, and his fascination of manner and kindness of heart won him hundreds of friends.

Had Seen Enough of Show.
An Oklahoma paper tells of a farmer who went to town and thought he would treat himself by attending an opera. He went up to the ticket window and plunked down a \$5 gold piece and asked for a good seat. The show was the "Forty Thieves." The ticket agent shoved out a ticket and a dollar in change. Picking up the dollar the farmer started out of the building. "Hold on!" called the ticket seller, "you've forgotten your ticket." "Keep it, dern yer," replied the farmer. "I don't care to see the other thirty-nine."

A Patriotic Henry in Congress.
For a number of years Mississippi has sent a Patrick Henry to congress. He does not claim, as many Patrick Henrys do, to be the only and sole lineal descendant of the immortal patriot, but he comes from that famous branch of the family just the same. Mr. Henry is the nephew of Patrick Henry, who represented the seventh district in the last two congresses. For nearly 100 years the eldest son in the Henry family has been named Patrick in honor of the great Virginian.—Washington Times.

The Teacher Failed.
In a school for colored children there was a little boy who would persist in saying "have went." The teacher kept him in one night and said: "Now, while I am out of the room you may write 'have gone' fifty times." When the teacher came back he looked at the boy's paper and found the task completed. Fifty times had the little darkey written the words "have gone." But all's, upon the other side of the paper is written, "I have went home."

Faith and Works.
One day recently a Berkeley student in one of Professor L. Dupont Syle's classes came into the recitation room so late that the English teacher made a mild remonstrance at the extreme tardiness of the young man. "Professor," replied the young fellow in excusing himself, "my watch was slow. I shall have no faith in it after this." "My dear fellow," said Syle, "what you need is not faith, but works."—San Francisco Wave.

Talented Princess.
The most interesting member of the Danish Court is the Princess Waldemar. She is an artist, her special line being scenes from animal life, and judges declare that, if she had been stimulated by necessity, she might have rivaled Rosa Bonheur. She is to be found in her studio every morning, brush in hand, and clad in a long painter's blouse, at 7 o'clock, absorbed in her favorite occupation.

Reading for the Blind.
Representative Dayton of West Virginia recently introduced a bill in the House providing that books, pamphlets and other matters in raised characters for the use of the blind shall be transmitted through the mails to blind readers and returned to depositors free of charge. This matter must be sent in unsealed packages not weighing over seven pounds.

California's Scorn Pennies.
They haven't any use for pennies in California. In Los Angeles they circulate a little, owing to the fact that many Eastern people have made that town their adopted home. Everywhere else in the state these small coins are scorned because they are thought of too little financial significance.

Arizona's Application for Statehood.
The application of Arizona for admission to the rights of statehood is based less upon its growth in population than in wealth and manufactures. By the census of 1870 the investment in manufactures in Arizona was only \$150,000. In 1880 it was \$270,000, in 1890 \$615,000, and last year \$10,100,000.

"Uncle Sam's" Marine Hospitals.
The government owns and operates twenty-one marine hospitals and operates two additional hospitals in leased buildings (New York and Dutch harbor, Alaska). There are besides 115 relief stations, where patients receive hospital or dispensary treatment.

Swedish Dynamite Gun.
A Swedish officer named Swedén has invented a dynamite gun, which is said to be capable of piercing double the thickness of steel penetrable by any other known gun. The gun has been bought for the Swedish navy.

Classified as to Church Attendance.
Justice Phillimore of England, the other day declared that modern church-goers are "oncens," not "twicens," "while non-church-goers are either "has-beens" or "never-wasers."

Persian Ladies Dress Like English.
The British consul-general at Moscow reports that the Persian ladies are adopting the English style of dress, and that all articles of ladies' clothing are in great demand there.

Saved Half His Wages.
One of the large dry goods stores in Montgomery, Ala., is owned by a colored man who began life as a porter and made it a rule never to save less than half his wages.

Possibly Green or White.
A Kansas City man's full dress suit was stolen one night recently and the detective who was sent to investigate the case asked, "What color was it?"

COAL REX COAL COMPANY

Sellers of Iowa's Best Coal.

FRED MORRIS, Manager.

MUTUAL PHONE 624
IOWA PHONE 644

OFFICE AND YARDS
416 SEVENTH STREET.

DANISH PROVERBS.

Even crumbs are bread.
Opportunity makes the thief.
Faint praise is akin to abuse.
Short flax makes long thread.
Power often goes before talent.
Death does not blow a trumpet.
Gray hairs are death's blossoms.
Praise a fair day in the evening.
Alone in counsel, alone in sorrow.
A short cut is often a wrong one.
New comers are always welcome.
Every bird needs its own feathers.
Let every bird sing its own note.
Trust everybody, but thyself most.
We must suffer much, or die young.
Every man thinks his copper is gold.
Every wind is against a leaky ship.
Unwilling service earns no thanks.
A woman's first counsel is the best.
He that courts injury will obtain it.
He who flees proves himself guilty.
Do not wade when you see no bottom.

It is bad to lean against a falling wall.
Better the child cry than the mother sigh.
We must sow even after a bad harvest.

An ill-tempered dog has a scarred nose.

Never let fools see half finished work.

Even he gets on who is drawn by oxen.

Big words seldom go with good deeds.

It is folly to fear what one cannot avoid.

He is easy to lure who is ready to follow.

Little sorrows are loud, great ones silent.

Riches are often abused, but never refused.

Every fool thinks he is clever enough.

Under white ashes lie often glowing embers.

A thankless man never does a thankful deed.

It is the raised stick that makes the dog obey.

It is hard to pay for bread that has been eaten.

WISE AND OTHERWISE.

Love and philosophy are sworn enemies.

Old age commands respect—except in poetry and jokes.

Some men are in advance of their age, but women are always a few years behind it.

The failure of a bank may not upset the depositor, but he is apt to lose his balance.

You have to give some men a sound thrashing before you can command their respect.

No matter how erect a general may be he is apt to learn more or less on his staff.

The girl who used macilage to keep her hair in curl has been much stuck-up ever since.

Perhaps some people talk to themselves because they find it impossible to interest any one else.

In order to retain her youth and popularity all a girl has to do is acquire a fortune and remain single.

The average man does just as many queer things when he isn't in love as when he is, but they are less conspicuous.

What a merry old place the earth would be if it were to lose its atmosphere. All bodies would then lose their gravity.

Says a rural editor: "We trust our subscribers will pardon us for appearing a day late this week. Our wife borrowed our scissors to cut our son's hair."

The Fastening Penny.

When you engage a servant or make a bargain in China it is not considered binding until the "fastening penny" has been paid. Although his bad faith is notorious in some matters, yet, to do him justice, when once this coin has been paid by you the Chinaman, coolie or shopman, will generally stick to his bargain, even if the result to him be loss.

Ingenuity.

The following ingenious mode of crossing a river was once displayed by a kaffir, who had for some time stood watching the vain attempts of a party of soldiers to cross the stream at a time when to ford it was attended by considerable danger. After smelling at their efforts with that sardonic expression remarkable among these savages, he quietly raised a heavy stone, placed it on his head and then walked, with perfect ease, through the torrent to the opposite side.

Sober Second Thought.

Tom—"Was it hard to tell Miss Autumnal you loved her?"

Jack—"Not half so hard as it was to explain matters after I got sober."—Chicago News.

If we could only look at our own troubles as philosophically as we do at those of others happiness would be ours.

Cheaper Than Ever

TO

COLORADO AND UTAH

Daily to Sept. 10th, 1901.

VIA THE

GREAT

ROCK ISLAND

ROUTE

ROUND TRIP RATES

FROM

Chicago to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo

\$25.00 Aug. 1 to 10 Sept. 1 to 10 \$31.50 Aug. 11 to 31 Sept. 1 to 10

Similar reduced rates on same dates to other Colorado and Utah Tourist Points.

Rates from other points on Rock Island

Route proportionately lower on same dates of sale.

Return by 1st October 31, 1901

The Superb New Train

Rocky Mountain Limited

Leaves Chicago daily at 1:00 p.m., arriving Denver 4:45 p.m., Colorado Springs (Manitou) 4:30 p.m. next day.

ONLY ONE NIGHT OUT

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DES MOINES PASSENGER TRAINS

C. R. I. & P., COING WEST

ARRIVE DEPART

4:30 pm Chicago Limited 4:30 pm

4:30 pm Day Express & Mail 4:30 pm

11:50 pm Night Limited Express 11:50 pm

12:31 pm Day Express 12:31 pm

9:10 pm Hawkeye Limited 7:00 am

C. R. I. & P., GOING WEST

8:30 am Denver Limited 8:30 am

9:55 pm Night Limited Express 6:40 am

4:00 pm Day Express 4:15 pm

3:55 am Rocky Mountain Limited 4:00 am

11:40 am East Mail 11:40 am

C. R. I. & P., TO KEOKUK

11:30 am Eikon 6:55 pm

3:50 pm Keokuk 7:10 am

DES MOINES & FORT DODGE

8:30 pm Ruthven Mail & Express 12:10 pm

10:45 am Tara and Fort Dodge 4:45 pm

11:50 am Minn. and St. Louis 9:00 pm

6:45 am St. Paul and Minn. Flyer 8:30 am

WINTERSET BRANCH

11:30 am Mail 4:40 pm

6:40 pm Freight 8:45 am

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN-NORTH

8:15 pm Chicago and St. Paul Lim. 8:30 pm

4:50 pm Chicago and St. Paul Ex. 8:30 am

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN-SOUTH

6:50 am Kansas City Limited 7:00 am

4:30 pm Day Express 11:40 am

7:50 pm Night Express 8:45 pm

CHICAGO BURLINGTON & QUINCY

12:15 pm Albia and Burlington Pass. 9:15 am

5:40 pm Albia Passenger 9:10 am

7:00 pm Albia Accommodation 5:45 am

KEOKUK & WESTERN

PASSENGER TRAINS LEAVE KEOKUK

10:35 am Mail and Express 12:40 pm

5:50 pm Mail and Express 8:55 am

CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN

6:15 pm Sioux City, N. & W. 9:10 am

1:15 pm Colorado Special 4:40 pm

5:40 am Chicago Limited 9:30 pm

6:15 am Dakota Limited 9:30 am

7:30 pm Chicago Express 7:00 am

7:30 pm Chicago Special 11:05 am

7:30 pm Omaha Express 9:10 am

10:50 am Omaha & Pa. Express 8:00 am

WABASH RAILWAY

8:15 am St. Louis Passenger 6:45 pm

9:15 pm St. Louis Eastern Ex. 7:30 am

C. M. & ST. P.—Fonda Line

7:00 pm Storm Lake Express 4:05 pm

1:05 pm Fonda & Sioux City Lim. 9:05 am

C. M. & ST. P.—BOONE LINE

1:25 pm Boone Mail and Express 3:40 pm

7:10 pm Mail and Express 7:40 am

4:50 pm Chicago Limited 9:40 pm

11:00 am Chicago Express 11:00 am

12:45 pm Sioux City & Omaha 2:00 am

*Daily, 7 days a week.

All other trains daily except Sunday

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The Review of Reviews Company
13 ASTOR PLACE, NEW YORK



CAPT. GEORGE BEALL

Chief of Capitol Police, Des Moines, Iowa.

In 1894 Capt. Beall's days seemed to be numbered. His friends had given him up to die, and the man who carried a Captain's stripes during the war, and who later became a Chief of Police was rapidly passing to the "great beyond."

But Capt. Beall did not die; he was cured by Dr. McLean's New Treatment. The family doctors and his friends were amazed. Seven years have passed and today he weighs 190 pounds, a living monument of what Dr. McLean is doing.

This is what Captain Beall says to-day: DR. C. M. McLEAN My Dear Doctor:—After catarrh had blighted my boyhood days and cursed my manhood, and after it had produced a chronic catarrh of the stomach which was killing me, and when all the other doctors had made a failure of my case you took hold of it and cured me. I have not had a pain or ache or a sign of catarrh for seven years, and I want the world to know it. Very respectfully yours, GEORGE BEALL.

We refer the afflicted to people we have cured, among them: H. C. Harris, of Harris, Emery, Dry Goods Co.; Rev. Dr. Wirt, Pastor St. John's Lutheran Church, Des Moines, Iowa. The treatment at \$5.00 per month includes all medicines for the cure of Catarrh, Deafness, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all affections of the Nose, Throat, and Lungs; also Stomach, Liver, Spleen, Kidney, and Bladder troubles. Consultation free by mail or at office.

Consultation Blank and Symptom Sheets with Dr. McLean's Monograph on Deafness and Catarrh sent FREE to any Address, and is of Great Value to the Afflicted. The book also contains hundreds of testimonials from cured patients.

THE COPELAND MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
Dr. C. M. McLean, Chief Consulting Physician,
606 Walnut St., Des Moines, Iowa.

FRILLS OF FASHION.

Variations in children's gowns blossom out from time to time, even though they are very slight, and small girls rival their mothers in their ambition to keep up to date.

Soft wool materials make up very prettily in this way. In figured French flannel the collar may be made of the same and trimmed with rows of narrow braid or velvet ribbon. Skirts of the small gowns are usually plain, but the older girls have some sort of trimming either tucks, stitched bands, ruffles or velvet folds, stitched on.

The long-waisted mode, in which the waist line rounds down low in front is conspicuously evident among the gowns for girls over 10 years of age, and the small gowns for dainty little girls of 6 imitate this fashion as much as possible by having the long waists all around. Gumpe dresses, which never seem to go out of style, are suitable for all ages, from 6 to the more mature years of middle age.

Bolero jackets are very popular in the kingdom of small costumes, and the attempt to produce the effect of stoles is seen in one little gown, where narrow lace revers are carried down the entire length of the front, as shown in the illustration. Another pretty effect is made by two box plaits in front, one at either side from the yoke to the hem, and two in the back, giving a long effect to the waist, which is defined with a narrow velvet belt ending in small velvet rosettes at either side of the front on the plaits. The skirt gathers on to the waist between the plaits, which apparently are a continuation of those in the waist. A sailor collar of lace covers the shoulders in the back and opens in front over a yoke of tucked white silk or batiste.

Thin gowns of point d'esprit for party wear are variously trimmed with ruffles, ruffles, lace insertion and rows of colored satin ribbon. A pretty feature of the small girl's costume is the coat and hat to match.—New York Sun.

Human Nature Exemplified.

An Atchison father who has a lazy worthless son sent him adrift on Saturday at noon, saying he never wanted to see him again. The young man's mother carried on in a pitiful way, but the father was incorable, the young man must get out and shift for himself. The young man went away saying he would return a rich man some day and make his father ashamed of himself. His mother said he was a noble boy, and swooned. That night at 6 o'clock the kitchen door opened softly, and the young man came carrying a small armful of wood. When supper was ready he took his usual place at the table, and ate with his accustomed appetite. The father said nothing, but the mother waited on him with unusual care, as though he had returned with the fortune he had talked about at noon.—Atchison Globe.

IN A NUTSHELL.

In size, not counting colonies, the European powers stand in this order: Russia, Austria, Germany, France, United Kingdom, Italy.

White List for Managers.

New York, like London, is to have a "white list" of theatrical managers. An organization calling itself the Women's anti-vivisection committee has come into existence, and its avowed purpose is to protect the chorus girl. The manager who is on the list will be there because the committee will have decided that he treats chorus girls of his company properly. Public placarding with the aim of public boycott will be the fate of the manager who does not get a certificate of high moral rating.—Chicago Tribune.