

IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

VOL. 8.

DES MOINES, IOWA, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1901.

No. 20.

IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY THE BYSTANDER PUBLISHING COMPANY, FIFTH AND LOCUST. ROOM 405 MARQUETTE BLOCK. IOWA PHONE 899.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE AFRO-AMERICAN PROGRESSIVE ASSOCIATION OF IOWA.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE MOST WORSHIPFUL UNITED GRAND LODGE OF IOWA, A. F. & A. M.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One year, \$1.50
Six months, .75
Three months, .35
All subscriptions payable in advance.

L. THOMPSON, EDITOR.
J. H. SHEPARD, MANAGER.

Send money by post office order, money order, express or draft, to the IOWA STATE BYSTANDER PUBLISHING COMPANY.
Communications must be written on one side of the paper only and be of interest to the public. "Brevity is the soul of wit," remember. We will not return rejected manuscripts, unless accompanied by postage stamps.

CITY NEWS

Mrs. E. T. Banks is sick this week.

Sunday is quarterly meeting day at the A. M. E. church. Sunday School will be held at 2:30.

Mrs. Mattie Roberts, wife of W. F. Roberts of 1055 W. Fifth street, is very ill. Mr. Roberts' mother of Moberly, Mo., has been sent for and is expected here soon.

Mrs. Geo. Staples and children will leave today for Chicago to live. Her husband having left sometime ago for that city. Des Moines will miss Mr. and Mrs. Staples.

Attorney Geo. H. Woodson of Mucha-kinock was in our city this week, as he and Atty. J. B. Rush was employed in the Washington case.

Harding Ice Cream is always best and suits the people. Phones 647, 762 Ninth street.

Mr. J. F. Jordan of Topeka, Kansas is in our city and if he likes here will make Des Moines his home.

Every voter should go to the polls early on election day and record their vote for the republican policy, refute southern criticism on President Roosevelt for entertaining Booker T. Washington.

Mr. A. J. Vaughn, who has been very sick, is improving and his friends think that he will soon recover.

J. H. Mixon, Jeweler, No. 312 West Third street, tunes Pianos and repairs Organs.

Mr. Henry Cooper of Burlington is in our city this week visiting friends and relatives. He is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Poidexter. Mr. Cooper is a collector and has been very successful. He owns some valuable property in Burlington.

Rev. Robert Jackson presented the First African Baptist church 6 small hand bibles, 8 testaments and a handsome pulpit bible.

Born to Mrs. E. Barber, a daughter Mother and child doing well.

Those selected as vice-presidents at the Republican Rally, Wednesday evening, were Jeff Logan, B. N. Hyde and J. L. Thompson. The ushers were Wm. Coalson, Al. Smith and J. H. Shepard.

Mr. Lewis Austin and Miss Alice Miller were united in marriage, Wednesday afternoon, the Rev. Jackson, officiating.

J. Frank Blagburn, our City Market Master, spent several days in Kansas City, this week. He was well pleased with the business outlook of that city. He also says that several of our people are very successful in business there.

A very pleasant party was given at attorney J. B. Rush's home in honor of attorney Geo. H. Woodson. J. Frank Blagburn, presided. A number of speeches were made by B. N. Hyde, Al. Smith, M. Bradley, I. M. Jones, Clifford Williams, and others. Good music by Mr. Tate's mandolin club.

The Brotherhood Band, headed the Saylor-Cummins Republican club when they paraded down town last Wednesday evening, before the speaking began at the Auditorium.

When in Oskaloosa, Iowa, stop at Mr. Peter Williams, No. 216 North A street, for good meals and room.

Seymore Washington, who was accused of an assault on a white lady near Valley Junction, was bound over by the Grand Jury to answer to the charge. Attorney Woodson and attorney J. B. Rush, defended. The case was dismissed on motion of the defendants, for lack of sufficient evidence. Much credit is due Messrs. Woodson and Rush. We dare say that if such a charge had been made in the southern states, they would probably have lynched him, or found him guilty even without evidence.

The Royal Six have invitations out for a very elaborate dancing party, to be given Oct. 29, 1901, at the Marquette hall. Burchard and his orchestra will be in attendance. The invitations must be presented at the door.

MACK BRADLEY, Pres.
J. H. WOODS, Sec.
JOHN McCLAIN, Floor Manager.
ARTHUR JONES, Treas.

STRICKEN WITH PARALYSIS.

On last Saturday afternoon Mr. B. J. Holmes was stricken very suddenly with paralysis, without any warning, while hitching his horse to the buggy. His wife found him unable to rise from the ground and she called the neighbors to assist in carrying him to the house. After a thorough examination by the physician it was found that the whole left side was paralyzed, caused by the breaking of a blood vessel in the head which caused concussion of the brain. He was removed to the Methodist hospital Sunday evening by the advice of his doctor, and is doing as well as could be expected under the circumstances. The attending physician is hopeful and believes he can restore his patient to health again, which will be the wishes of a host of friends who are inquiring after his condition daily.

ROOSEVELT & WASHINGTON

One day last week President Roosevelt invited Prof. Booker T. Washington to dine with him at his home in the White House, which according to the newspapers is the first instance in the history of our country where any president ever invited a colored man to dine at his private table and to receive him as his guest; and simply for this act many of the southern papers, statesmen and high officials are denouncing the president, and seemingly very indignant over the matter. In another part of the paper we print some of their utterances, also an able editorial from the Daily Leader of this city which voices our sentiments exactly. It is indeed a pity that our country is to have such shallow, narrow, selfish, prejudice, mean class of so called American citizens, who claim to be leaders and statesmen from a certain part of the United States. Certainly if God himself should come down here and have a colored gentleman to sit down at the Lord's supper, those professed southern Christians would refuse heaven. If man cannot be taken for his honesty, character and ability rather than his color, then there is nothing in this merit system.

COLORED PEOPLE AGAINST HOCKERSMITH.

It seldom ever comes our painful duty to advise or even urge to vote against a certain individual who may ask your suffrage, even though on the democrat ticket, but this fall there is one man, J. S. Hockersmith, who is a candidate for county coroner on the democratic ticket, is going around we understand asking colored people to vote for him. He ought to be the last man to solicit colored votes. Only about six years ago this same shallow being was given permission to run a restaurant in the Capitol building during the session of the legislature, and he refused to serve meals to colored employees and said colored people ought not be allowed to eat at the same table with a white man, they ought to have separate places. Such a man that would utter or even think such ideas ought not

receive any consideration from intelligent people, and certainly every voter of the 3,000 colored people in Polk county ought to register such a protest by their votes that others, even though they would think his ideas right would dare not make them public. The BYSTANDER does not mean to misrepresent any man, but it will tell the truth so that our race may know in a small degree our real cause.

A Teapot Tempest.

On Wednesday night, at the White House, President Roosevelt entertained at dinner Booker Washington, principal of Tuskegee Institute and the foremost, and most helpful, man of his race in America. The dinner was not a formal one, no other guests being present. Principal Washington was simply invited by one who had long been his personal friend to the hospitality of his table. So far as is known this is the first time that a colored man has ever sat in the White House dining room, and there is a mighty fluttering in the dovecote of Washington society. Washington before the war was a southern city and since, although time has worked changes, its social life has largely been under the influence of the descendants of the old slave drivers. This element considers the act of the president a blow in the face and is breathing out threatenings and slaughter.

Nor is the agitation confined to the national capital. For example, the Memphis Scimitar on Thursday printed the following refined reference to the incident. "The most damnable outrage which has ever been perpetrated by any citizen of the United States was committed by the president when he invited a nigger to dine with him at the White House." A little more than a month ago Czolgosz, a citizen of the United States, shot in cold blood President McKinley. Yet the presence of Professor Washington at the executive mansion is "the most damnable outrage ever perpetrated by a citizen of the United States." The comment of the Memphis Commercial-Appeal is similar to that of the Scimitar. "It is now incumbent," it says, "on those democrats of the south who received appointments at the hands of President Roosevelt to resign their offices. They cannot afford to remain the recipients of any favor at his hands. Certainly there is no honor attached to his benevolence of bestowals." It is plain to see, because he stretched his legs under the same mahogany with a man of color a new measure of strenuousness is to be added to the president's strenuous life.

Who is this man Washington whose entertainment is held to be so great an infamy? From all report he is a man who is most worthy to bear the name of Washington. He is a cultured gentleman who is devoting his life to the welfare of his fellow beings; he is an orator and a philosopher, of quiet manners and most conservative character; his views are broad and his life spotless, and not only in the north, but in the south the good of all classes have listened with profit to his words, and have wished him goodspeed in the carrying on of his great work. Out of his energy and usefulness there has been built up in the institution attended last year by more than 1,500 colored young men and women, most of them self-supporting, and being taught that the building up of their manhood and womanhood is the only road to success and honor. Tuskegee is not a school where a smattering of Latin and mathematics is called an education, but one which teaches, first of all, that labor is the foundation of all excellence, and that the negro can only hope to rise as he shows individual merit. And what is the spirit of this man, himself born a slave, toward the race that kept his mother and his people in bondage, eating the fruit of their toil and forbidding them knowledge and in many cases religion? His spirit is sufficiently indicated by a portion of the last annual report of Tuskegee Institute, wherein Principal Washington simply says:

My feeling grows stronger each year that perhaps in the heat of passion growing out of racial and sectional prejudices, we have not always given the southern people due credit for the immense amount of help rendered the negro during the period that he was a slave. The negro as a slave was started on the foundation of agriculture, mechanics and household arts. While I would by no means limit his present education to these, but would in all cases add academic and religious training, I do believe that we shall find it helpful for a number of years to come, in our methods of education, to give great attention to these fundamental occupations. In proportion as one owns the soil and has the mastery of these fundamental occupations, in the same proportion does he lay the foundation for the highest and most complete development of himself and children.

Who is the superior in the sight of God and man, he who wrote the above paragraph, or he who wrote what appeared in the Memphis newspaper? Oh, the deep infamy and narrowing influence of blind, unreasoning prejudice! Indeed it transforms men into beasts or worse than beasts. It is not the color of the skin which makes the man. In average development the colored race is inferior to the white race. How much greater the honor then to men like Principal Washington, who break the barriers of circumstance and life themselves up, in every essential of morality and intellectuality, to a level with the proudest members

of the proud Caucasian race? How degrading it seems to penalize merit and unleash against it twin monsters of prejudice and hatred!

President Roosevelt, if there is anyone having a patent of nobility through birth, has a right to deem himself an aristocrat of aristocrats. He is no northern mudsill, but by direct descent draws his blood from one of the oldest and most conspicuous of the knickerbocker families. But long ago his soul awoke to the truth that "rank is but the guinea's stamp and man's the gold for a" that, and he has had the strength of will to follow the doctrine. He asks before conferring his friendship, not whether a man be rich or poor, or obscure or famed, white or colored, but whether he is a man. Let praise be given that there are enough in this country who approve this standard to make it unnecessary for either the president or his recent guest to be disturbed in the slightest degree by the ebullitions of prejudice. President Roosevelt entertained Booker Washington, not as he was a colored man, but as he was a man of worth and character, meriting the same honor that would be accorded to any other person of like achievement.

GONE TO REST.

Died at her home, Sixteenth and Des Moines streets, Saturday Oct. 19th, at 2:30 p. m., Mrs. Lizzie Morton, the wife of Geo. H. Morton. Mrs. Morton was born in Montgomery county, Ky., April 9, 1827, and was married to Geo. H. Morton in 1849. She with her family moved to this city in the early sixties and has since made it her home. Mrs. Morton was the mother of six children, two have passed on before her, leaving here to mourn her death a husband, three sons and one daughter—N. E. Morton, Mrs. S. G. Lewis, Geo. H. Morton, Jr. and John W. Morton and a host of friends.

Mrs. Morton was a model christian mother and wife, a good neighbor, and those who knew her loved her for those noble virtues. The funeral occurred last Monday afternoon from the home, the Rev. Horace S. Graves of the A. M. E. church officiated. The pall-bearers were selected from those who knew her back in the sixties, and were: Robert Rakes, Geo. Curtley, C. W. Henry, Samuel Davis, Henry Toliver and Jeff Logan.

Rev. C. R. Brookins of Oskaloosa is in the city as a delegate representing the colored Baptist association of Iowa. Rev. Brookins is a pastor of the churches at Colfax and Colon. He hopes to secure an appropriation from the convention for his district. There are twenty-two colored Baptist churches in the state which he represents. He occupied the pulpit of the Baptist church yesterday morning and delivered an excellent sermon. Rev. Brookins graduated from the Wayland Seminary in the District of Columbia in 1879 and has been in the ministry ever since. During part of the time he taught school in order to support his family owing to the weakness of some of the churches. He is now engaged solely in the ministry.—Cedar Falls Record.

THE SOUTH.

Mr. Harry McEnery of "The Picayune" that is published at New Orleans, was in the city last week and a reporter for the BYSTANDER had an interview with him about the conditions of our race in the south. Among other things he said: "We as citizens of the south have the utmost respect for the better class of your race and admire the nobility and chastity of your men and women." How about Tillman's speeches? "He is not conservative enough for a leader and his speeches contains so much fallacy and sophistry that they should not be given any thought, and personally I have no love for Tillman." Mr. McEnery was a member of the re-

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ception committee that entertained the late president, William McKinley on his last visit, and when he was asked what places he wished to visit he replied, "there are two that I want to visit, the mouth of the river and Leland University." The latter is a university for colored people and was founded several years ago by Mr. Chamberlain of Maine, D. S. and L. Chamberlain of this city are his nephews. Mr. McEnery said one of the most pleasant duties that he ever performed was when he was invited to address the students of that university. He was introduced by Booker T. Washington.

We are glad to know that a number of prominent southern white people do not see our race retrograding as "Pitchfork" Tillman says it is.

ALBIA NOTES.

The young people of Albia have organized an A. M. E. Willing Workers society. OBITUARY—News was received here Monday of the death of Mr. Judson W. Schoolfield, son of Noah Schoolfield of Albia, who died in St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 14 1901. The body was brought to Albia on Wednesday for funeral services and burial. He was raised in Albia and attended the schools until one year of finishing the course. He left home about 19 years ago to make his fortune and was employed most of the time as a railway porter. The funeral was held at the A. M. E. church and the interment made at Oak View cemetery. Rev. Ed. G. Jackson officiated.

Miss Laura Schoolfield of Oskaloosa came over to attend the funeral of her brother and spent the week in the city with relatives and friends.

P. A. Read of Hilton was in town Saturday.

Mrs. Burton is sick at her home this week. Mr. Noah Schoolfield entertained his daughter Miss Laura and Mr. and Mrs. Monroe Davis at dinner Sunday.

Cheap Rates Again to the West.

On Oct. 15th, Nov. 19th and Dec. 17th 1901, the Northern Pacific will sell Home-seekers excursion tickets to points reached via its line, at one fare plus \$2.00 for the round trip. For further information regarding rates write G. D. Rogers, D. P. A., N. P. R., No. 403 Locust St., Des Moines, Ia., or address Chas. F. Fee, G. P. & T. A., N. P. R., St. Paul, Minn.

MT. PLEASANT NEWS.

Miss Eunice Wilson of Burlington was up last Friday and that evening organized a Home and Foreign missionary society at the Baptist church. The following officers were elected: President, Mrs. Bowling; Vice President, Miss White; Secretary, Miss Foster; Treasurer, Miss Arbuckle. The first meeting was held Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. Greenup of Lockridge and Mr. Calvin St. Clair of Omaha, Nebr. have been called to the city on account of the serious illness of their mother Mrs. St. Clair.

Miss McCracken, who resigned her position with Dr. Lesinger to enter the Mt. Pleasant Academy, has not been able to do so on account of the illness of her brother-in-law Mr. Mosley.

Mr. Leonard Harrison was in the city last week.

Mrs. Fowler of La Clevie, Mo., is visiting her sister Mrs. Geo. Logan of Hamilton street.

Mrs. Mary Mills has returned from West Point and Salem.

Mr. Wm. Coalson of Des Moines accompanied Governor Shaw as far as Mt. Pleasant last Wednesday evening and spent the evening in this city. The Gov-

ernor spoke at New London the same evening.

Mrs. Ferribee has returned from a several weeks' visit in Chicago. Mr. Spencer Clark went to Ottumwa Sunday.

Mrs. Emerson Jones, Robert Anderson, Clay Reed and children composed a nutting party that spent last Saturday in the woods.

The ladies literary society met with the Misses Bartlett Monday evening. The following program was given: Vocal Solo, Cora Taylor; "The Teachings of Mother," Declaration, Marie Nunnally; "The Burial of Moses," Select Reading, Nora Bartlett; "How to Prevent a Fire," Instrumental Solo, Myrtle Taylor; Select Reading, Iona Mason; A Candle Lecture, Thirty minutes was then given to the discussion of table manners and introduction. The next meeting will be with Miss Nunnally.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Simms have purchased a lot of Mrs. Reeser and have moved the house lately purchased onto it. Mr. Chas. Austin has improved his property by building an addition on the north side.

Mrs. Lydia Clay and Eliza Smith are visiting in Denmark.

Mr. Chas. McCane of Denmark is visiting with his sister Miss Lulita McCane on Washington street.

DR. A. G. EDWARDS.

Physician and Surgeon.

IOWA PHONE 1081 (Office) MUTUAL PHONE 460 Miles' Drug Store

OFFICE HOURS: 9 to 10 a. m. 2 to 4 p. m. 7 to 9 p. m.

Over 764 West Ninth Street.

John Wingo was visiting friends out at Carbondale, this week.

"For three days and nights I suffered agony untold from an attack of cholera morbus brought on by eating cucumbers," says M. E. Lowther, clerk of the district court, Centerville, Iowa. "I thought I should surely die, and tried a dozen different medicines but all to no purpose. I sent for a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and three doses relieved me entirely." This remedy is for sale by all Druggists.

Paul Du Chailu's Explorations. Perhaps the only living explorer who is equally familiar with the dark places of equatorial Africa and the "land of the midnight sun" is Paul Du Chailu. The mysterious fascination of the "dark continent" lured him from an east African counting-house when he was quite a young man, and he was away four years, returning with a live gorilla as a trophy. Then he went far north, and his fascination of manner and kindness of heart won him hundreds of friends.

Ingenuity. The following ingenious mode of crossing a river was once displayed by a kaffir, who had for some time stood watching the vain attempts of a party of soldiers to cross the stream at a time when to ford it was attended by considerable danger. After smiling at their efforts with that sardonic expression remarkable among these savages, he quietly raised a heavy stone, placed it on his head and then walked, with perfect ease, through the torrent to the opposite side.

Sober Second Thought. Tom—"Was it hard to tell Miss Autumnal you loved her?" Jack—"Not half so hard as it was to explain matters after I got sober."—Chicago News.

If we could only look at our own troubles as philosophically as we do at those of others happiness would be ours.

Subscribe for the Bystander.

Iowa State Bystander.

By BYSTANDER PUB. CO.

DES MOINES, IOWA

At all seasons of the year 5 o'clock in the morning is the coldest hour of the 24.

The Belgian government is drawing up a bill providing for the total suppression of Sunday newspapers.

Animal collectors working in South Africa for European and American zoological concerns command high salaries. Their white assistants, even, are paid at the rate of \$3,000 per annum.

The most ancient weapon was the club, and one blow with it in the hand of a vigorous wielder was usually enough to cause a knock-out. A New York policeman is the most expert modern handler of the weapon. Several stone-studded clubs, used by the lake dwellers of Switzerland, have recently been found in their ancient habitations.

In a recent plea that Protestants and Catholics might join hands in Christian unity against the saloon, Archbishop Keane merely urges a principle of modern warfare. Just as in going into battle all the regimental flags are sent to the rear and only the Stars and Stripes stay at the front, so should the denominations put their differences in the rear, and present a solid front in the battle for temperance.

The historic bell in St. John's Protestant Episcopal church, on North Beaver street, York, Pa., cracked from top to bottom when Sexton Householder started to toll it in memory of President McKinley. The bell was sent to the United States by a sister of George III in 1774 and for seventy years hung in the old courthouse in Center square, where the Continental Congress assembled after it had been driven from Philadelphia.

The Talmud says there are four kinds of pupils: the sponge and the funnel, the strainer and the sieve. The sponge is he who taketh up everything, and the funnel is he who taketh in at this ear and letteth out at that; the strainer is he that letteth go the wine and retaineth the dross, and the sieve is he that letteth go the bran and retaineth the fine flour. The student who begins at least to wish to belong to the last-named class will not have been sent to college in vain.

Lord Stanley of Alderly, England, has been giving some unique presents to his Anglesie tenants. To a number of bachelors not yet confirmed in their celibacy he has presented a piece of silk, with the injunction to hand it over to those whom they intend to marry. Bachelors who are considered hopeless have received consolation gifts, while one lady tenant has been presented with a handsome piece of silk because "she managed to catch one of the old bachelors."

A naturalist desirous of studying the way of the viper could not do better than make a visit to the environs of Bar-le-Duc, Ligny-en-Barrois, Saint-Mihiel, France. The Figaro says that a countryman named Muller, of Ligny, brought to the Mairie sixty-five vipers, and a companion of his, twenty-two. Since the commencement of the year these two men have destroyed 940 of these dangerous little reptiles. A goodly number has been accounted for by a M. Jules Andre, of Saint-Mihiel, who "bagged" in the neighboring woods some ninety-three of these venomous little pests in one day.

A school-teacher's education does not count for much unless she is strong enough to use it, so in Chicago candidates for teachers' places are very properly required to pass a physical examination. There was a fluttering in the normal schools when the rule was adopted, a year ago, it being feared that it would bar out some of the best students, but the first result was that it stimulated them to take proper care of their health. "They have had soup for luncheon, instead of cookies," says a well-known professional woman, "and they have not dieted, as they used to, on slate-pencils and pickles."

The German Press announces the death of the last survivor of Waterloo, at the age of 108 years. The veteran was a peasant living at Worthenburg, and he had been for years a favorite with the late Queen Victoria. He fought in the ranks of the British Grenadiers at Waterloo, and he used to tell how at the critical moment he had conveyed a message from the Duke of Wellington to Blucher, and that he had earned the "Iron Duke's" approval on that occasion. He bore a thoroughly English name, Chas. Richards, and until he was 90 years of age he was a member of the church choir of his native place. He has left no fewer than 182 descendants.

Reports from Canton, China, state that there is a great stir among the officials there, owing to the report that a large amount of dynamite had been smuggled into the city. Houses are being searched, but no arrests have been made. The dynamite is supposed to have come overland from Shantung or Kyongchuan. It is believed it was brought by students disappointed by the abolition of the military examinations, for the purpose of terrorizing the officials and forcing them to re-establish the examinations.

THE NEWS IN IOWA

ROB ALLISON TREASURY.

State Blowers Get One Hundred Dollars From County Treasury.

Allison, Oct. 23.—A daring robbery was committed here at 3 o'clock a. m., the safe in the county treasurer's office being blown open and about \$100 stolen. The court house is situated at some distance from any other building and the only person sleeping there was Louis Busse, a prisoner confined in the jail below. Busse says that between two and three o'clock he was awakened by a noise in the hallway above the jail. On gaining entrance to the treasurer's office by battering in the door Busse says they worked rapidly and quietly. They cut off the ends of the rivets in the door of the safe, poured in nitro-glycerine, lighted the fuse and ran to the south end of the building until after the explosion.

The explosion was heard by a number in town but none thought seriously of it and the alarm was not given until about seven o'clock in the morning when Jailer Lincoln brought the prisoner his breakfast. He immediately gave the alarm and it developed that a horse had been stolen of H. C. Parsons.

An examination of the office showed that the stove was broken and the windows shattered, the side door demolished and the money gone.

MANY IOWANS ARE HURT.

Wreck on Burlington & Kansas City Near Elgin.

Ottumwa, Oct. 25.—While rounding a curve at the terminus of a deep cut on the Chicago, Burlington & Kansas City railroad two miles east of Elgin, a flag station between Moulton and Cincinnati, a rail lowered and dented the combination baggage, express and mail car, the combination smoker and passenger coach and chair car. Considering the manner in which the cars piled up and the frightful leap they took down the forty-foot embankment it is miraculous that all the passengers were not instantly killed. Three or four were fatally injured and a dozen or fifteen more or less hurt.

Following is a list of Iowans injured so far as known:

Miss Sophie Peterson, Cedar Rapids, limbs broken, otherwise badly and probably fatally injured; H. C. Moore, Bloomfield, mail clerk, injured about the face and head; Mrs. Honly, wife of a station agent at Elmfield, arm and leg broken; Mary Corydon, J. F. Huffman and George Heady, Moulton; J. W. Hayes, Drakeville, and R. B. Browning, Keokuk. Owing to the fact that the injured are being cared for in farm houses near the scene of the wreck, the exact nature of their injuries cannot be learned.

MANY CHECKS ARE BOGUS.

Swindlers Perpetrated in Numerous Iowa Towns.

Cedar Rapids, Oct. 25.—Secretary Dinwiddie of the State Bankers' association says that there is an epidemic of swindling by means of bogus checks at the present time and that many endorsers are being victimized. A party issuing checks signed J. C. Nichols, on the First National bank at Sioux City is the latest. He has secured money on these checks at Sheldon, Rock Valley, Spencer, Sanborn, Clear Lake and Waverly. All the checks thus far are signed by himself and have been made payable to Charles Gibbing. The checks are worthless. Other operators have secured money on worthless checks at Des Moines, Cedar Rapids, Okaloosa, Corning and Omaha. Their method is to stay in a town a short time and induce some new friend to endorse a bogus check.

State Courts Exceeded Authority.

Dubuque, Oct. 24.—An important decision has been handed down by Judge Shiras of the federal court. It was the case of James Peters vs. W. S. Malin. Peters is an Indian on the Tama reservation and Malin is the government agent. The trouble grew out of the forcible acts of Malin, who, as guardian, undertook to force Indian children to attend the industrial school. Peters brought suit in the United States court and was awarded damages. An appeal was made for a new trial, which the judge has refused. He holds that the state courts exceeded their authority and had no jurisdiction to appoint Malin guardian over Indian children, the tribe being under control of the United States.

Minister Declines to Become Policeman.

Des Moines, Oct. 24.—Rev. Conrad Hooker, to whom Mayor Hartenbower offered a place on the police force, has declined the position. In a letter to the mayor in which he reiterates his mayoralty for the police force, declined to retract any of his criticisms and accused the mayor of "trying to shield the surrender of his administration to the agencies of vice by making grand stand plays, such as offering to turn the city over to the ministers." The mayor has left town, directing his private secretary to swear in any preachers who may apply for places on the police force.

Boy Shot By Accident.

Fort Dodge, Oct. 22.—Eddie Gallenback, son of James Gallenback, a prominent farmer living near Clare, not far from Fort Dodge, was fatally shot by the accidental discharge of a shot gun. The boy slipped as he was going home and fell, both barrels of the gun being discharged. The shot entered the body under the arm pit and death was almost instantaneous. The parents are prostrated by the shock.

Hold-up at Fort Dodge.

Fort Dodge, Oct. 19.—Two masked robbers entered the saloon of Dave Fitzgerald five minutes before closing time. Both held large revolvers, and compelled seven patrons to line up with their faces toward the wall, while one man leaped over the bar and secured the contents of the money drawer, amounting to \$70. The tall man then leaped from behind the counter and both men backed out the front door. The whole affair was over in two minutes, and no clue left. The sculptor isn't the man who cuts no figure in the world.

BANKS TO PAY INTEREST

State Treasurer Gilbertson Takes a Recommendation.

Des Moines, Oct. 24.—In a letter to Governor Shaw, transmitting the financial report of the state treasurer for the biennial period ending June 30, 1901, State Treasurer G. S. Gilbertson recommends that a law be enacted authorizing the treasurer to deposit the funds of the state in such depository banks as will pay a reasonable rate of interest on the average daily or monthly balances. The recommendation is a decided departure from the position taken by any treasurer in former years, and it adopted means that the state would derive an annual income of from \$10,000 to \$12,000 from a source that at present yields no revenue.

During the period covered by the report the treasury has carried a monthly average balance of about \$700,000 in the several depository banks of Des Moines permitted to receive such deposits. Mr. Gilbertson states that it is safe to assume that the balances in the future, or at least for many years to come, will average nearly as much if not more than they have for the last biennial period. He says that the state should derive some benefits from the balances and he accordingly makes the recommendation stated.

The letter of transmittal of the report does not enter into details as to what the system of charging interest should be, but Mr. Gilbertson stated in an interview that he believed a minimum rate of interest should be fixed by law, about one and a half per cent. This would bring in ten or twelve thousand dollars in interest annually. There is another expense to be taken in consideration, however, that would be incurred in the event the banks were required to pay interest on state deposits. That is the cost of the state treasurer's bond. The cost of a bond such as is required of the treasurer is greater, twice over than the salary paid to that official, which is \$2,200.

The bond of State Treasurer Gilbertson is \$800,000, and that of Deputy J. S. McQuiston is \$150,000. The cost of guarantee bonds aggregating \$950,000 is between \$4,000 and \$5,000. Under the present arrangement of allowing depository banks the use of state funds without the payment of interest, it has been the custom of the favored banks to provide the bond of the treasurer without cost to that official or to the state.

If a law is enacted requiring the banks to pay for the use of state funds it cannot be expected that they will provide the bond of the treasury officials. Neither can it be expected that the officials themselves will supply the bond unless one of a personal character is accepted. The plan that suggests itself is that the state buy the bond.

The financial report of the treasurer covering general revenue shows that no interest-bearing indebtedness has existed at any time during the period, and the state's floating indebtedness has been reduced. Revenues have been increased, although that derived from direct taxation has been reduced. The following table shows the relative receipts of general revenue from the various sources during the two last biennial periods:

	Period end. June 30, 1899.	Period end. June 30, 1901.
From counties	\$4,055,767.75	\$3,939,323.12
Corporation tax	375,596.57	435,139.76
Fees for state officers	229,554.59	281,875.36
Collateral inheritance tax	52,799.52	196,464.54
State institutions	124,828.95	181,547.04
Miscellaneous receipts	246,855.91	95,709.72
Total	\$5,079,403.29	\$5,107,095.54

HAMMOND KILLED UNDER ARREST.

He Is Charged With Complicity in the Murder of D. M. Failor.

Ottumwa, Oct. 24.—Harry Hammond, aged 33 years, wanted at Newton for alleged complicity in the murder of D. M. Failor on the night of September 14, walked into police station and shook hands with Chief John Gray. He started to leave the office, but the chief remembered his face and placed him under arrest. The prisoner offered no resistance and appeared to be under the influence of some drug. He admits having been in Newton on September 14, and says that D. M. Failor, whom he knew well, did a favor for him that day. He first said he left Newton after the murder and then denied making the statement, saying he left before the murder. He went to Marshalltown, Mason City, Ackley, Albert Lea, then doubled back to Newton and then to Ottumwa. He formerly played the piano at a house of ill repute here. He denies having had a hand in the murder, and says he thinks he knows who did it. He says he did not know he was wanted until his return to Newton. Chief Gray thinks he has the right man. He has telegraphed the sheriff at Newton to come after the prisoner.

Charged With Selling Mortgaged Cattle.

Sioux City, Oct. 23.—J. M. Donaghy, of Sioux Rapids, Iowa, who was arrested in Kansas City, was brought to Sioux City, where he is charged with disposing of mortgaged cattle. It is now declared his alleged frauds will amount to more than \$15,000.

Dr. Gates in a New Place.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Oct. 23.—Rev. G. A. Gates, formerly president of the Iowa State college, who has been in charge of the First Congregational church here during the last year, has been called to the presidency of Washburn college at Topeka, Kan.

Wanted to Be a Hero.

Alta, Oct. 19.—Two weeks ago the 13-year-old son of Thomas Biglin ran away and he has been brought home a corpse, having been found in the Mississippi river after floating for perhaps a week. He ran away because he had been led to believe by novel reading that such action was necessary to become a hero.

Prisoner Wanted to Die.

Waterloo, Oct. 19.—A man giving his name as Parker and Iowa Falls as his home cut a five-inch gash in his throat in the city prison. He is in the emergency hospital and has a chance to live.

NEWS IN GENERAL

SCHLEY COURT OF INQUIRY

Washington, Oct. 22.—Lieutenant B. W. Wells, Jr., who was the flag lieutenant of Admiral Schley while the latter was in command of the flying squadron, occupied practically the entire time of the Schley court of inquiry yesterday. On his direct examination he continued his narrative of the Cuban campaign. Lieutenant Wells was under cross examination for about two and a half hours, largely at the hands of Mr. Hanna, whose questions were directed mainly to the dispatches received and sent by Admiral Schley, then commander of the fleet. While this line of investigation was being exploited, Mr. Kayner, speaking for Admiral Schley, said that the admiral was willing to admit that he had received the "Dear Schley" letter on the Dupont, which arrived at Cienfuegos on May 22, but he added that no duplicate of this dispatch had ever been received by Admiral Schley. He also said that the admiral admitted the receipt of two copies of No. 8, Admiral Sampson's dispatch saying that the Spanish fleet was probably at Santiago, and telling Commodore Schley "if satisfied that it (the Spanish fleet) is not at Cienfuegos to proceed with all dispatch to Santiago." One of these being received by the Hawk May 23 and the other by the Marblehead May 24. Lieutenant Wells was still on the stand when the court adjourned for the day and will continue his testimony.

Washington, Oct. 23.—The Schley court of inquiry opened yesterday with Lieutenant B. W. Wells, Jr., who was Commodore Schley's flag lieutenant during the Spanish war, still on the stand, but he was soon displaced to allow Yeoman Albert V. Mason, who had written the Brooklyn's log for the period covering the Santiago campaign, to testify. Mr. Mason explained the erasures in the log entry referring to the Brooklyn's turn on the day of the battle off Santiago. He was followed by Mr. George E. Graham, who, as an Associated Press correspondent, was with Commodore Schley during the entire campaign.

Mr. Graham's testimony covered all the principal events of the campaign, and discussed especially the bombardment of the Spanish ship Colon on May 31 and the battle off Santiago on July 3. Mr. Graham testified to hearing a conversation between Commodore Schley and Captain Sigbee, when the latter came aboard the flagship Brooklyn off Santiago, May 26. He said he had distinctly heard Captain Sigbee tell the commodore that the Spanish fleet was not inside the harbor at Santiago. Mr. Graham also stated that Admiral Schley had told him that the object of the bombardment of May 21 was to develop the Spanish land batteries and he said that the range was fixed at 7,000 or 7,500 yards in order to draw their fire.

Washington, Oct. 24.—The first of yesterday's new witnesses, James Hare, photographer on the press boat, stated that Captain Sigbee of the St. Paul had told the correspondent aboard the Smith on May 26 or 27 that Cervera's fleet was not inside the harbor at Santiago. Other witnesses in addition to Mr. Hare who testified before the court were William L. Hill, Gunner E. F. Applegate and Major Paul St. G. Murphy of the marines, all of whom were aboard the Brooklyn during the Cuban campaign; Lieutenant Commander Harlow, who, as executive officer of the Vixen, made notes of the battle of July 3, and the three officers of the Oregon, Lieutenant A. A. Ackerman, Lieutenant E. W. Berle and Lieutenant R. G. Johnstone. Lieutenant Ackerman had charge of the after 13-inch turret and Lieutenant Eberle of the forward 13-inch turret of the Oregon on July 3, and Lieutenant Johnstone was signal officer on the Oregon at that time. Mr. Johnstone testified that he did not receive any signal from the Brooklyn to fire his 13-inch guns at the Spanish ship Christobal Colon, and all the Oregon officers who testified yesterday expressed the opinion that the Oregon and Brooklyn were practically equidistant from the Colon when that vessel went ashore. Some of them, however, were inclined to think that the Brooklyn was a shade nearer the Spanish ship. While Boatswain Hill was giving his testimony, which was very complimentary to Admiral Schley, there were two outbursts of applause. These were promptly suppressed by Admiral Dewey.

Awarded the Highest Prize.

Buffalo, N. Y., Oct.—The New Domestic Sewing Machine Co. has today been awarded, at the Pan-American Exposition, the highest prize, the coveted gold medal, for the best family sewing machine.

SIR REDVERS BULLER IS PUNISHED

London, Oct. 23.—Sir Redvers Buller has been relieved of the command of the First army corps in consequence of the speech he made October 10, after the luncheon given in his honor by the king's royal rifles, dealing with his famous dispatch to General White at Ladysmith. He has been placed on half pay and General French has been appointed to succeed him.

In the official announcement the war office says that the commander-in-chief, "after full consideration of all the circumstances and the explanations furnished," recommended that General Buller be relieved, which has been done.

MANY DEGREES CONFERRED.

President Roosevelt and Others Become Doctors of Laws.

New Haven, Oct. 24.—Degrees were conferred upon a large list of candidates by Yale college yesterday. Among them were Secretary John Hay, Joseph H. Choate, Chief Justice Fuller, Archbishop Ireland, "Mark Twain," Seth Low and Rear Admiral Sampson. When the long list had been finished, President Hadley advanced a step or two and with great impressiveness said:

"There yet remains one name." In an instant the great audience was standing. The band played and the theater rang with cheers. The air was filled with handkerchiefs and programs. Remarking that Yale had chosen for the degree this candidate before he became president, President Hadley announced that all Yale men were now doubly honored by greeting "the man and the president as a son of Yale."

Especially addressing the president, President Hadley spoke as follows: "Theodore Roosevelt, while you were yet a private citizen we offered you most worthily the degree of LL. D. Since, in his providence, it has pleased God to give to Theodore Roosevelt another title, we give to him on that account a double portion of welcome."

"He is a Harvard man by nature, but we are proud to think that in his democratic spirit, his broad national sympathies, and above all, his purity and truth, he will be glad to be an adopted son of Yale."

President Roosevelt advanced, bowed profoundly and tried to speak. Again the audience cheered, and it was fully a minute before he was allowed to proceed. He said:

"President Hadley—I have never yet worked at a task worth doing that I did not find myself working shoulder to shoulder with some son of Yale. I have never yet been in a struggle for righteousness and decency that there were not men of Yale to aid me and give me strength and courage."

"As we walked hither this morning we passed by a gateway which was raised to the memory of a young Yale lad who was hurt to death beside me as he and a great many others marched against the gun fire of the heights and with those memories quick in my mind I thank you from my heart for the honor you have done me, and I thank you doubly, for you planned to do me that honor while I was yet a private citizen."

The hymn "America" was then sung and the audience dispersed.

COLOMBIAN ARMS FOR LIBERALS

Expedition Departs Openly for the Sea

San Juan de Porto Rico, Oct. 24.—Advices received here from La Guira, Venezuela, under date of Monday, October 21st, say that the first consignment of arms and ammunition, consisting of 1,500 rifles and 400,000 cartridges, on board a schooner towed by the Venezuelan gunboat, "23rd of May" and in charge of the Venezuelan generals, Pedro Rodriguez and Francisco Lieva, left La Guira October 18th, bound for the upper Orinoco. The arms and ammunition will be turned over to the Colombian liberals at Llanos-de-Casasne, for use by the latter against the conservative government in the Colombian department of Boyaca. The expedition, which was sent by the Venezuelan government departed openly, following plans arranged in Caracas.

General Uribe-Uribe, after several days' delay, passed from Venezuela into the Colombian district of Las Grietas, Saturday, at the head of about 2,000 men. Whether they are all Colombians or partly Venezuelans it is impossible to definitely ascertain. It is believed that General Uribe-Uribe intends trying to join the detachment commanded by Marin, the Colombian liberal leader, at Garcia Rovira. General Uribe-Uribe will try to evade action with the conservatives near the frontier, and if he succeeds in so doing, will attack the conservatives at some distance beyond the frontier.

In the meantime the Venezuelan troops stationed at Tachira have been or are maneuvering for the purpose of distracting the Colombians' attention from General Uribe-Uribe's movements.

TO SHOOT BRITISH OFFICERS.

Transvaal Plan of Reprisals Said to Have Been Agreed Upon.

New York, Oct. 23.—The Vienna correspondent of the London Times and the New York Times quotes the Pester Lloyd, which says it learns from the Hague that Mr. Kruger, Dr. Leyds and Messrs. Wessels, Wolmarans and Fischer have held a council of war at Villa Caracasa to consider what answer is to be made by the Boers to the executions in South Africa. All present at the meeting except Mr. Kruger, says the report, advised immediate reprisals—that for every Boer prisoner executed a captured British officer be shot. Mr. Kruger opposed this plan on the ground he did not wish to give the campaign the character of a war between savages, although it had already become a war of extermination.

Highest Award on Cocoa and Chocolate.

Buffalo, N. Y., Oct. 10, 1901.—The judges at the Pan-American Exposition, Buffalo, have awarded three gold medals to Walter Baker & Co. (Limited), Dorchester, Mass., for the superiority of their breakfast cocoa and all of their cocoa and chocolate preparations and the excellence of their exhibit. This is the 37th highest award received by them from the great expositions in Europe and America.

Miller Pillsbury Dead.

Minneapolis, Oct. 19.—John S. Pillsbury, former governor of Minnesota and one of the state's foremost citizens, died yesterday of Bright's disease. His illness was comparatively brief, owing to his advanced age. He was over 73 years of age. He was a member of the famous family of flour millers and in spite of numerous benefactions leaves a large fortune.

In four-fifths of the hotels and restaurants of Germany the waiters receive no pay, and are expected to live on their tips.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL

Des Moines, Oct. 24, 1901.

Auditor of State Merriam has completed the first accurate footings of the assessment of property in Iowa for this year. The total is \$58,508,269. The total assessment is divided as follows and compared with 1900:

	1901.	1900.
Realty	\$405,590,185	\$393,250,888
Personalty	104,030,797	98,856,185
Railroads and sleeping cars	47,325,452	46,191,693
Telegraphs and telephones	1,300,248	1,206,989
Express	261,587	244,970

Last year the total assessment was \$59,753,759. In 1899 the total was \$520,653,905.

The state law required the executive council to fix such a tax levy in mills this year as would raise \$1,500,000 next year on the assessment of this year. The council recently fixed the levy at 2.7 mills. This will raise \$1,507,972.

The State Epworth League convention will be held at Hampton November 21 to 24.

The supreme court has administered a severe rebuke to the state fish and game warden, George E. Delevan, by holding that he transcended his authority when he gave a permit to Fred Sears of Sac county to seine pickerel from Wall lake, Iowa. The court holds that section 2546 of the code, which gives the warden authority to take from any public waters of the state any fish for the purpose of propagating or restocking other waters, or exchanging with other fish commissioners of the United States, never contemplated giving him authority to take fish from public water for private ponds, and if he had not the authority himself he certainly could not transmit it to others. The court goes further and intimates that the practice of taking young fry from the hatcheries of the state for private purposes, which has been indulged in to some extent in the state, entirely exceeds any code provision in the game laws of Iowa. Sears, the defendant in the case, will have to pay the fine imposed by the district court for taking pickerel from Wall lake for his private pond under authority of the game warden's permit.

It was decided by the state election contest board that the name of Robert Hufschmidt of Waukon cannot be placed on the official ballot as the democratic nominee for the legislature in Allamakee county. The board decided that his certificate of nomination, which was filed with the secretary of state on the last filing day, was invalid because made, and apparently sworn to, in blank, prior to the day of the democratic county convention, the nominee's name being inserted three days later. The board declined to consider the question of the right of Hufschmidt to file an amendment correcting the defects in the original certificate. It is claimed by the democrats that the action of the board merely creates a vacancy on the ticket, which may be filled in the manner prescribed by law. He intimated that an attempt would be made to place Mr. Hufschmidt's name on the ticket in this manner.

Auditor of State Merriam, in a letter addressed to a prominent insurance man of Marshalltown, and just made public, denounces the Western consolidated Underwriters' Fire and Marine Insurance company of Chicago as a "wildcat" organization, with no authority to do business in this state, and liable to prosecution through its agents for attempting to solicit business without a certificate from the insurance department of the state. Mr. Merriam in giving out this letter is pursuing a policy, adopted recently, of making public whenever possible, the fact that such illegal companies are operating throughout the state.

The inspectors who have been in the city for several days looking at the army post grounds, and viewing proposed sites for the rifle range have returned to Omaha. They did not accept a range, though they visited at least a dozen farms, and the local committee are given further time to secure a suitable tract. The board has accepted plans for the buildings as submitted by Captain Turner.

Otis Green, who shot and killed his former wife, Annie Wilson, at the corner of West Fourteenth and Locust streets on the morning of September 9, has been indicted for murder in the first degree.

BOERS SURE TO RETALIATE.

New York, Oct. 22.—A London Times special to the New York Times says: Referring to the fresh outbreak of Anglophobia in Vienna, a correspondent in the Austrian capital quotes the especially influential organ, the Vaterland, which publishes an article headed "Lord Kitchener as a Hangman." It says the commander-in-chief of the British forces in South Africa, in despair of being able to conquer the Boers by honest war, has for a long time had recourse to brutality. His blood-thirstiness was formerly restrained by the British government, but it now appears that a free hand has been given to him.

The sanguinary seed sown by the British commander will produce a harvest of blood and none can blame the Boer leaders if they have recourse to a terrible retribution.

Arrested for Alleged Murder.

Chariton, Oct. 21.—The officers have arrested Lee Whitlock for the murder of Joseph Buchanan, the hermit who was found in his cabin with his head cut open and a bloody ax lying by his side. Whitlock formerly worked for Buchanan and was familiar with his habits. He talked a great deal after his arrest, which led to the suspicion of another party as implicated and they went out last evening to arrest him.

Memory recalls many things, but never the money loaned to your friends.

..The Filibusters of Venezuela..

Or the Trials of a Spanish Girl.

By SEWARD W. HOPKINS.

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CHAPTER VIII.—(Continued.)

Don Juan set out at a gallop. He had not traveled more than a mile when he saw before him a hut, with a large white rock in front of it. At the door of the hut stood the horse of Gomez.

Leaping from his horse, Don Juan tied him to a tree and crept cautiously forward toward the hut.

It was a rude habitation, made of logs, the crevices partly filled with mud. The sounds of voices at ordinary tones inside could be easily heard by a listener outside.

Don Juan applied his ear to a convenient crack.

"I say you lie!" he heard the voice of Gomez say. "She is here."

"Senor is mistaken, came a voice in Spanish. The Indians of the Spanish-American countries early learned to use the language of their conquerors. 'There is no one here.'"

"You lie, I tell you!" exclaimed Gomez. "Mattazudo took a girl away from the castle and brought her here. I learned of it, and came at once to take her away. She is to be my bride."

"Men do not steal their brides now," replied the Indian.

"I did not steal this one. I tell you I know she is here. Mattazudo stole her from the castle and brought her here. I know this, I tell you, and if you do not give her up it will be bad for you."

"I am an old man, senor. You may kill me, if you will. I am powerless against an army. My friends are not your friends. The friends of the republic are mine, and they are defeated."

"What do I care about all that? I did not ask for your friendship. I want that girl."

"She is not here, senor."

"She is here. Mattazudo told me she was here."

"You are not wise to believe the words of Mattazudo. The half-breed has a lying tongue and crafty mind. If he has taken the girl away, he has put her where you cannot find her."

"I will find her."

"I hope so, senor. I would not wish she would remain in the hands of Mattazudo. He is a devil of cruelty, and knows no law but his own passions. He would not bring the girl here, for he knows I would protect her. He is my enemy—I am his."

"I must find her, if she is lost to me, I will kill the half-breed."

"He should have been killed long ago, senor."

"You swear you have told me the truth?" "I swear it, senor."

"You swear you have not seen the girl? Repeat it after me."

"Senor, you are wasting time. I know nothing. I swear I have not seen the girl."

"Then let Mattazudo beware."

Gomez rushed from the house, mounted his horse and rode away.

Don Juan did not seek to stop him. The old Spaniard was bewildered by what he had heard. While it was evident that Gomez knew that Lola had been taken away from the castle, he had said nothing to indicate that her abduction was at his own bidding.

Fortunately Gomez did not ride toward Don Juan's house.

Garza returned to the castle reaching it before Gomez. He went directly to Philip.

"Well!" said the pretender, eagerly, rising to his feet.

"I have not found her," said Don Juan, fiercely, "but I know the name of the scoundrel who took her away."

"Name him."

"Mattazudo, the half-breed."

"Ah! tell me all that you have learned."

Don Juan related what had taken place at the Carib's hut.

"Kas Gomez returned?" asked Philip.

"No, but Mattazudo is in the castle."

"Then send for Mattazudo."

The orderly was called in.

"Tell the half-breed who commands the Zambos to come here," said Philip.

In obedience to the summons Mattazudo came swaggering in.

"Scoundrel!" exclaimed Don Juan, springing toward him.

The half-breed looked in astonishment from Garza to Philip.

There was no mistaking the expression on either face.

"Senors, you amaze me," he said. "What have I done that you are angry with me?"

"You stole my daughter from the castle and carried her away," said Don Juan. "You need not lie. I know all."

Mattazudo seemed even more surprised.

"I—I am bewildered, senor," he said. "I took your daughter away, it is true, but Gomez—surely you knew all about it."

"What do you mean?"

"I mean that I did nothing more than carry out your commands."

"My commands. For Heaven's sake speak plainer! My commands: What commands?"

"Your command, senor, to take your daughter to a place of safety until after the battle."

"A place of safety? In Heaven's name what place could be as safe as this castle? I gave no such command. What do you mean?"

"You gave no such command, senor?"

Surely you or Gomez must be mistaken."

"How? Gomez? What about Gomez?"

"Gomez came to me and said: 'Mattazudo, Don Juan Garza is anxious for the safety of his daughter. We do not know how strong the force of Salvarez may be. He may retake the castle, and the girl must not be exposed to the passions of victorious soldiers. Do you know of a safe retreat near this place?' 'None nearer than a mile,' I answered. 'The hut of the Carib Ramana.' 'Take her there,' he said. 'Tell her that Don Juan, her father, is in command of a portion of the army and cannot come to her.' He commanded me to do this, senor, and I did. She followed me, and I took her to Ramana's hut."

"You lie!" cried Don Juan, beside himself. "I have been to the Carib's hut. Gomez was there. He demanded my daughter of the old Carib, but the Indian swore that she had not been brought there."

"You heard that, senor?"

"I did. I missed my daughter, and knew that some foul fiend had taken her away. Gomez left the castle, and I followed him. I heard his conversation with the Carib. He cursed because my daughter was not there, and swears vengeance on you."

"On me, senor? Gomez has tricked us both. His command to me was a lie to get the girl out of the castle. But he tricked you more shrewdly still."

"Tricked me?"

"Tricked you, senor; he and Ramana. You saw his horse. You crept to the hut. You made no allowance for Gomez keeping a watch for pursuers. You heard him curse because the girl was not in the house. But did you go inside?"

"Go—inside? What do you mean?" gasped Don Juan.

"I mean senor, that if you had gone inside, perhaps you would have found your daughter. I took her to the Carib's hut. Gomez went there to get her. He saw you coming. He and Ramana quarreled to trick you. You saw him ride away. You did not wait to see him come back. For proof, senor, where is Gomez now?"

Don Juan turned to Philip with a white face.

"Have I been so stupid?" he asked.

"The mistake can be remedied," said Philip. "Mattazudo, you thought you obeyed Gomez before. Obey me now. Take some of your brave Zambos with you, go to the Carib's hut and bring back Don Juan's daughter. Go. Your life depends on it."

CHAPTER IX.

The Sliding Panel.

"Well, we are here," said Tempest, standing with the lantern in his hand.

"We own the caverns, what are we going to do with them?"

"The first thing," said Medworth, "is to destroy this powder train, and take precautions that the magazine is not blown up while we are in here."

They spent a half hour at this work, and when they considered the magazine safe, they began an examination of their surroundings.

Not far from the powder magazine they found a rude stone stairway running from a central position in the cellar to an abrupt termination against a wooden door, what seemed to be one at the top.

Upon examining the wall at the top, they found that what had seemed to be a door had no knob, and no apparent way of opening it.

"This door, if it is a door," said Tempest, "was never made to open."

"There must be a secret spring," said Medworth. "Surely the stairs are not here for nothing. If force cannot open the door let us look for a spring."

They began a careful examination of the surface of the door, and the walls around it, going over every inch with their finger ends, Tempest holding the lantern to facilitate the search.

"Ha! Here is something," said Medworth. "A button."

He pushed, pulled and twisted this, but to no purpose.

"I am convinced that this button opens the door," he said. "Now, while I manipulate it, you push the door. It may be out of order."

He tried again, and Tempest, putting his strength to the door, had no difficulty in opening it.

"Now be careful," said Medworth.

They passed through the open door, and found themselves in a narrow passage, entirely destitute of furniture, and perfectly dark save for the rays of the lantern.

There was no other door to this place than the one they had come through, but at the other end they found what seemed to be a panel in the wall. From the side they were on it could be easily noticed, and Medworth marveled that the trick was not more skillfully done.

He placed his hand on this panel, and found that it slid noiselessly to the left.

Before them was a large, sumptuously furnished library, the table of which was strewn with papers and maps, and the air heavy with tobacco smoke, though no person was visible. A lamp shed a gloomy sort of light over the apartment. After making themselves certain that there was no one in the room, Medworth and Tempest went in.

There was a door opening from this

room into a wide hall. Peering on into this, they saw, at the further end, a sentinel standing, leaning on his gun. Medworth now examined the sliding panel. He found that, rude as the contrivance was on the other side, here it was a most carefully executed thing. It was simply one of any number of panels that ornamented the walls of the room, and when closed could not be detected as different in its construction from any of the others.

Medworth counted them, and found that the sliding panel was the fifth from either end, being exactly half way.

They would have turned their attention to other things, but hearing footsteps they sprang into the hiding-place and closed the panel.

They distinctly heard two men enter the room.

Bending down, Medworth applied his ear to the panel to listen to what was said.

"It is a strange—a most inexplicable thing, Garza," he heard some one say. "I confess I do not understand it."

"Your majesty," was the reply, and Medworth's heart throbbed as he recognized the voice of the father of the girl he loved, "as for understanding it, believe me, I have not been near that point. My heart is bursting with grief. It was a dastardly crime. A crime for which the criminal must die when I learn his name."

"It is still doubtful, then, whether Gomez or Mattazudo is lying."

"It is almost a certainty that neither is telling the truth."

"Strange. You say you rode to the Carib's hut with Mattazudo?"

"Straight from your presence. You commanded Mattazudo to find and return my daughter, and it must be said, in all truth, that he seemed at least to be sincere in his effort. We went to the Carib's hut. We found the old Indian there. Mattazudo at once commanded him to deliver up the girl that he, Mattazudo had brought there under a misunderstanding. The Carib smoked calmly on and asked how many more were coming for a girl he had never seen. Mattazudo threatened to shoot him, but nothing could move the old Indian. I pleaded with him. I brought him with all the energy of a broken-hearted father to restore my daughter to me, but he still claimed he had not seen her. Mattazudo told me that Ramana was a friend of Gomez, and no doubt had agreed to keep silent. The only way, of course, was to get the truth out of Gomez. When we returned to the castle I taxed Gomez with the crime; but without waiting to deny it, he sprang upon Mattazudo with drawn sword, and would have killed him, had not some of the Zambos been standing near to interfere. Then, to me, Gomez denied all knowledge of my daughter, and says the story of Mattazudo is a lie. Now, what am I to believe? Only one thing is certain—that my poor girl is stolen from me, and I would give my life to know she was safe."

The old Spaniard had not left the room before two silent figures crawled stealthily away from the sliding panel and down under the foundations again to lay their plan of action.

(To be continued.)

Game of Bowls Revived.

There are signs and symptoms of a revived interest in the game of bowls, one of the oldest outdoor pastimes in England. In its heyday bowls ran archery very close—so close, indeed, that in the interests of national defense it was deemed essential to discourage the game. Thus it was, probably, that the pastime came to be looked upon as having something of an illicit character, and for a time was more or less associated with houses of entertainment which were not always of the best repute. But, in spite of the ban of bygone centuries, the bowling green has survived, more especially in the north of England and in Scotland. Nor can there be any more delightful game than bowls for a summer evening, more especially for those who have attained to an age when such lively physical exertions are as involved by cricket and tennis become a little unwelcome.

He Was the Hotel Echo.

A guest of one of the hotels at a certain mountain resort took a notion one day to climb to the top of the nearest hill. Having reached that point, he was astonished to find there an old man sitting on a rock, with a pair of field glasses in his hand, through which he looked at short intervals, and after each look he would whoop and halloo at the top of his lungs. "What in the world are you doing?" asked the tourist, approaching the old man. "Don't talk to me, sir, if you please," answered the old man; "if you do, you'll take my attention, and I'll lose my job. I'm the Echo at the Mountain House, down there, and I have to watch for my time to come in."

Japanese Emperor's Salary.

The emperor of Japan has an allowance something like \$2,000,000 a year to keep up the imperial establishment. He has also a large private fortune, having invested in stocks and real estate. At the close of the Chinese-Japanese war Parliament voted his majesty 20,000,000 yen (an amount equal to 10,000,000 gold dollars) out of the indemnity paid by the Chinese as a mark of gratitude for his direction of the naval and military operations.

Weak arguments are often thrust before my path; but although they are most unsubstantial, it is not easy to destroy them. There is not a more difficult feat known than to cut through a cushion with a sword.

LOSS BY FIRE \$750,000

Packing Plant at Hammond, Ind., Partially Destroyed.

THE BLAZE SPREADS RAPIDLY.

Department, Unable to Cope with Flames. Calls Upon Chicago for Help—Engines Sent Over the Line—Four Buildings Burn Down.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—Three-quarters of a million dollars' worth of buildings and slaughtered cattle were destroyed by a fire which broke out in the extensive plant of the G. H. Hammond Packing Company at Hammond, just across the state line from Illinois. The flames were discovered a few minutes before 6 o'clock p. m., almost immediately after the big gates of the slaughter-houses had swung back to let the flood of employees sweep out toward their homes, and at midnight four great buildings had toppled over in ruins and the flames were roaring high above the dismantled walls and threatening to destroy the ten structures that remained standing. Hammond's fire department found itself utterly helpless to contend against the advance of the flames, and a message was sent to Chicago shortly before 7 o'clock imploring that assistance be sent immediately.

Chicago Sends Help.

Chief Musham at once ordered four engine companies to proceed to the assistance of Hammond, and before 10 o'clock Chief Campion was on the ground ready to give battle to the conflagration. At midnight the following buildings had been razed by the flames: Export beef cooler, four-story brick and frame, 350 by 100 feet, containing thousands of head of slaughtered cattle. Cold storage warehouse for cattle, considerably smaller than first building. Beef slaughter-house. Sheep slaughter-house. Several persons were injured by falling walls and a stampede of cattle. They were: John Mahoney, Hammond fireman; arm broken by falling bricks; taken to hospital; Albert Buckner, Hammond, fireman; right wrist fractured by falling bricks; taken to hospital; James Stafford, stockman, Elgin, Ill.; trampled on by cattle; hip injured; Burt Williams, 16 years old; trampled on by cattle; Stanislaus Metzki, gored by steer in trying to stop stampede; shoulder bruised and cut; Herman Franks, 20 years old; trampled on by cattle. The Hammond company's various buildings are grouped close together not far from the Calumet river. Beside the slaughter-houses and warehouses, there are half a dozen frame buildings occupied as residences by officials of the company, a brick structure for the general offices. There was also a shed used for housing the private fire department connected with the establishment, but this was destroyed by the fire before the apparatus had fairly cleared the place.

Fire Is Discovered.

Thirteen hundred men or boys were employed about the plants, and the regular hour for quitting is 5:30 o'clock. The whistle had blown for them to leave their posts, and the yards and exits were packed with the human mass turning their steps homeward. A boy leaving the office building a few yards distant from the slaughter-houses caught the smell of burning wood, and looked toward the wooden cupola that surmounts the big export beef cooler building. He saw a tiny jet of flame floating from one of the small apartments that serve to admit light to the storerooms and divined that the place was on fire. His shrill cry was taken up by the hordes of men leaving the grounds, and in a few moments the alarm had spread throughout the length and breadth of the town of Hammond.

Chief Hahn realized his helplessness, and at 6:30 o'clock he sent an appeal to Chicago. When the Chicago forces arrived they found the four buildings in flames. The sheep and cattle slaughter-houses had been entirely destroyed, but the last portions of the walls tumbled down as Chief Campion and his men were disembarking. The cattle warehouse was already razed by the flames, but the export beef cooler, the largest building in the plant, and the place where the fire had its origin, was still standing.

Tillman Criticizes Roosevelt.

Guthrie, Ok., Oct. 25.—Senator Tillman of South Carolina, who is here on a tour, is reported to have said, "The action of President Roosevelt in entertaining that nigger will necessitate our killing a thousand niggers in the south before they will learn their place again."

Six Hurt in Train Wreck.

Kent, Ohio, Oct. 25.—Two Pittsburg & Western trains collided here. Six men were badly injured, one of them fatally. He is George Santee.

Telegraphic Clinks.

President Roosevelt while driving near Farmington, Conn., jumped a fence and helped a farmer round up some refractory cattle.

Calve refused to sing at Nashville, Tenn., because she did not get an encore at Louisville.

Buffalo Exposition will end \$4,100,000 in debt.

General Chaffee in a letter to a friend declared it would be necessary to keep a large force in the Philippines for twenty-five years. Thinks Taft may resign.

Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., came west as the guest of a Chicago Great Western official.

Czolgosz received visit from Polish priest, but refused to repent.

BANDITS HOLD UP A TRAIN.

Two Masked Men, After Desperate Fight, Secure But Little Booty.

Portland, Ore., Oct. 25.—The north-bound Overland Express train on the Southern Pacific railroad was held up by two masked men fifteen miles south of Eugene at 3 o'clock a. m. The robbers blew open the express car with dynamite, but secured no booty, having been driven off by the express messenger. Only a registered mail pouch was taken. Two men boarded the train at Cottage Grove, and a short distance this side, near Saginaw, put off the fireman and his helper, uncoupled the express car and made the engineer, Burt Lucas, run ahead a short distance. Their first act was to blow open the door of the express car with dynamite, tearing the door to pieces and badly damaging the car. Express Messenger C. R. Charles was in the car. The robbers ordered the messenger out of the car, but he held them at bay. Then the desperados compelled the engineer to throw a stick of dynamite with a lighted fuse into the car. The messenger grabbed it, put out the fire in the fuse and threw out the stick. They next attempted to enter the car by compelling the engineer, who was in the hands of the robber, to crawl in through the door, the robbers hoping to gain admittance by using him as a protector, but Charles used his shot gun to good advantage and kept up a good fire directly over the engineer's head, knowing well the robbers would attempt to follow him into the car. Finally the robbers turned their attention to getting away with what little they could from the mail car. They obtained the registered mail and then taking the engineer on board the engine, which they cut loose from the train, ran to within half a mile of Eugene, where they left the engine and started toward the Willamette river in a northerly direction. The passengers were not molested.

San Francisco, Oct. 25.—The Southern Pacific company has offered a reward of \$250 for the arrest of each of the robbers implicated in the Eugene, Ore., hold-up.

JOCKEY KILLED IN A RACE.

Awful Fall at Morris Park Results in Olsen's Death.

New York, Oct. 25.—A chapter of accidents marred the racing at Morris Park. Alexander Olsen, one of the jockeys, received injuries which resulted in his death a few hours later, two horses were killed outright, another was so badly hurt it had to be shot and three other jockeys had narrow escapes. In the first race King T. fell at the water jump, directly in front of the grand stand, and broke his neck. Barry, the jockey, escaping injury. It was in the fifth race that Olsen met with his fatal mishap and when he was picked up it was at once seen he was most seriously hurt. At the Fordham hospital the surgeons found his skull had been fractured. He lived until 7 o'clock. Olsen was 18 years old and was riding Timothy Foley for K. L. N. Anderson. The race was at one mile for maiden 2-year-olds and upward. Just after the start Timothy Foley was apparently crowded on the fence and went down. The field went on and when rounding the far turn Johnny of Navarre, with Cochran up, overrode himself, and, twisting a plate, turned a complete somersault, while Councilman Tom, J. Callahan riding, fell over him. Johnny of Navarre was killed and the other horse was so badly hurt he had to be shot. The jockeys marvelously escaped and walked back to the stand. All this threw a damper on the day's sport.

May Regain Lost Fortune.

Evansville, Ind., Oct. 25.—Word reached this city from Anderson, Ind., that D. J. Mackey, the former railroad king, would go to New York to embark in the mercantile business. Until five years ago Mackey owned the Evansville and Terre Haute railroad and had several other lines entering Evansville. Bad speculation deprived him of the roads and he became penniless. He went to Anderson and secured a position in a paper mill at a fair salary. He has saved his money and friends in the east lately offered to back him if he took up the mercantile business and he accepted their proposition.

Miners May Kidnap Chief.

Hazleton, Pa., Oct. 25.—There is a plan on foot to kidnap President Mitchell of the United Mine Workers of America in this city on Oct. 29. President Mitchell is to speak in Ashland on Oct. 29 and in order to reach that city he must pass through Hazleton. The miners want him to make a speech here and they have planned to carry him bodily from the train when it stops at the Lehigh Valley station.

Jealous Spouse Found Dead.

Flint, Mich., Oct. 25.—The body of William E. Parkhurst, who attempted to murder his wife and disappeared after seriously wounding her in the breast, was found later in a barnyard three miles from here. Parkhurst had blown his brains out and the revolver with which he fired the shot was still clutched in his hand. Mrs. Parkhurst will recover. Jealousy was the cause of the shooting.

Quaker City 200 Years Old.

Philadelphia, Oct. 25.—On Friday next Philadelphia as a city will celebrate its two hundredth anniversary. When a charter was granted by William Penn on Oct. 25, 1701, Philadelphia had a population of a little more than 5,000. As to the number of houses authorities differ. A conservative estimate is 1,500.

CZOLGOSZ HAS WEAKENED

Murderer Invites the Attendance of a Priest.

Auburn, N. Y., Oct. 23.—Leon F. Czolgosz, the assassin of President McKinley, who is awaiting electrocution in the prison here during the week commencing next Monday, fully realizing that his death is now a question of a few days, has asked for spiritual consolation, and yesterday afternoon received a visit from the Rev. T. Szandinski, a Polish priest of the Roman Catholic church.

Czolgosz' request for a priest of his own nationality was made known to Warden Mead in the morning. Father Szandinski, who is pastor of St. Stanislaus church, Rochester, was in the city attending the forty hours' devotions of St. Alphonsus church, and was asked to visit the prisoner. He went to the prison and remained there about an hour.

The interview between priest and prisoner proved very unsatisfactory to both. It took place in the condemned man's cell, and the conversation was carried on in Polish. During the interview Czolgosz said that he had been baptized in the Roman Catholic faith in the Polish church in Detroit. He had abandoned the church early in life and had lost all faith in its teachings. Father Szandinski urged him to renounce his belief in anarchy and return to the faith of his early years.

Czolgosz declared his inability to do so, and he was informed that unless he would the consolation of the church would be denied him. The priest urged the condemned man to consider the matter carefully, and told him that at any time he decided to re-embrace the faith, he would return from his home in Rochester and stay with him until the end.

Father Szandinski, before taking his departure, left with Czolgosz some Catholic literature printed in Polish, and also some emblems of the church.

Czolgosz assured Father Szandinski that in case he determined to accept the offices of religion he would send for him, but he did not hold out much hope that he would renounce the doctrines of anarchy.

SCALES COURT OF INQUIRY.

Washington, Oct. 25.—Admiral Schley yesterday took the stand in his own behalf at the court of inquiry which is investigating his conduct as commander-in-chief of the flying squadron during the Santiago campaign. He was summoned a few minutes after the court convened at 2 o'clock for the afternoon session, and when the court adjourned at 4 o'clock he apparently had only gotten well under way in his testimony. Captain Charles E. Clark of the Oregon had just concluded his statement when Mr. Rayner, rising from his seat, said:

"I should like to have Rear Admiral Schley called."

The admiral accordingly was asked to take the stand. He then in answer to a question from his counsel proceeded to give a careful and detailed narrative of all the events of the campaign up to the battle of Santiago. He had not reached the stage of his testimony where he will tell of the battle, when the court adjourned for the day.

CZOLGOSZ TO DIE OCTOBER 29.

Assassin of President McKinley Must Die That Day.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 25.—Leon F. Czolgosz, the murderer of President McKinley, will be electrocuted at 7 a. m. on Tuesday, October 29, at Auburn prison. Warden Mead has selected Tuesday so that final arrangements may be made on Monday. In doing this he is following the general custom of the state prisons relative to electrocutions. It does away with the necessity of making final arrangements on Sunday. The sentence of the court was that the execution of Czolgosz should take place during the week commencing October 28, leaving to the warden of the prison full power to select the day of the week in which to carry out the mandates of the law. This latitude is given the warden to secure secrecy as to the time of execution, and to guard against delay from accident, such as in 1893, which caused a delay of an hour in an execution after the condemned man had been taken into the death house at Auburn penitentiary. Witnesses will assemble at the prison at 6:30 on Tuesday morning. There have been twenty-six invitations issued, and they are non-transferable. Each witness must present his invitation to the warden of the prison, and if he is not identified to the satisfaction of the warden as being the man to whom it was issued, he will not be admitted.

Quarter Billions Saved to Taxation.

Springfield, Ill., Oct. 25.—The supreme court has affirmed the judgment of the circuit court of Sangamon county in what is known as the Chicago teachers' tax case. This in effect awards a writ of mandamus against the state board of equalization as compelling it to assess the capital stock, including franchises, of twenty Chicago corporations.

The fair cash value of the capital stock, including franchises over and above the value of their tangible property, is alleged to aggregate \$235,000,000.

Another Record Gone.

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 24.—The world's trotting record for a half mile race with other horses was broken yesterday at Billings park when Audubon Boy stepped half a mile in 1:00 1/4.

New York, Oct. 23.—Sir Thomas Lipton will not be a challenger for the America's cup next year. In an interview Sir Thomas absolutely denied that he had any intention of building a new boat to compete for the cup next year. Sir Thomas says he is not desirous of holding a monopoly in the matter of challenging for the America's cup. "I propose to wait for a reasonable time after I get back to the other side," said he, and see if any of the other British sportsmen desire to enter challenge." Sir Thomas stated, however, that he ultimately intends to have another try for the cup.

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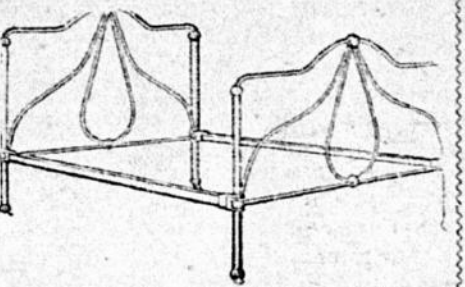
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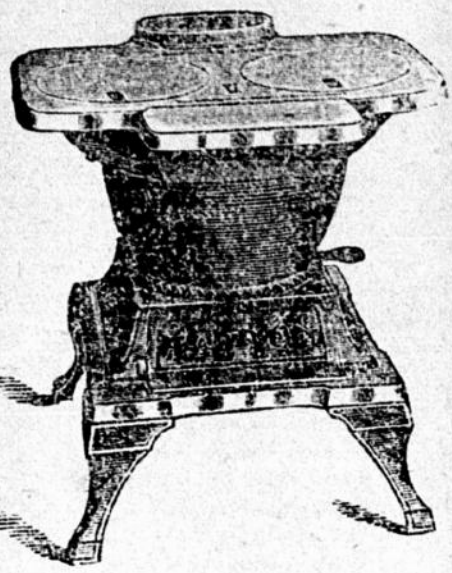


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(Special to the BYSTANDER.)

Rev. J. A. Bingham, formerly the progressive pastor of the Union Valley Baptist church of Muchakinnet, Ia., has accepted a call to the Seventh Street Baptist church of this city.

Rev. Mr. Bingham is secretary of the executive board of the state association and on account of his ability and meritorious services as a pastor in the state, no minister in the association is more highly esteemed.—The Gate City.

The attendance at services has greatly increased since the new pastor has taken charge. A fair size audience was out last Tuesday evening to hear the lecture on "After the Ball" Rev. Mr. Bingham's talk on this subject was practical and pointed. The broad scope of possibility of contamination to morals that lies in ball room association was very clearly and forcibly set forth by the speaker with telling effect, as it won compliments and approval, even from those who participate in ball room affairs.

This social committee of the B. Y. P. U. served refreshments at the lecture Tuesday evening. The tables were uniquely arranged, which together with the charming appearance of the waitresses made the dining facilities served very desirable. It is a standard committee of the B. Y. P. U. and the church, of which we are very proud. The members of it are: Misses Ana Marion, Mattie Clemens, Mesdames Sarah Shelton, Jennie Daniels, Messrs. John Thomas, Robert Johnson and George Hinch.

Each service at the church was well attended all day Sunday. The collection was \$16.10.

The Sunday School seems to be reviving also. Miss Mattie Clemens is superintendent.

Miss Bertha Hunt was elected teacher in the Sunday School last Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Jennie Daniels led the B. Y. P. U. at 6:30.

Miss Mary Wilkinson will lead the conquest meeting at the B. Y. P. U. next Sunday evening. All are invited.

CLINTON ITEMS.

Mrs. W. A. Seary and children arrived last Tuesday from Ottumwa, where they have been visiting while enroute to this city. A comfortable house had been provided for them to which they were immediately taken where they found a daintily prepared supper had been spread for them by some of the ladies. As soon as they got settled they will be at home to their friends at 408 Second avenue.

Mrs. P. P. Taylor is quite ill at this writing.

Jas. Cooper of Morrison spent Sunday with his parents.

Mrs. M. O. Culbertson does not seem to improve very rapidly from her illness.

Friends of John Robinson, son of Rev. and Mrs. Jas. Robinson of Lyons, a in receipt of the intelligence that he will arrive in Clinton this week accompanied by his bride. John has the best wishes of his many friends for a prosperous and happy life.

Mr. Lewis Culbertson of Cleveland, O., is in the city the guest of relatives.

Mr. Fred Aikens has accepted the position of organist of the A. M. E. church.

Subscribe for and read the Bystander.

SIoux CITY ITEMS.

Last Week.

Rev. W. H. Speese went to Yankton, S. D., Friday and returned Saturday. He has this place and Yankton for his circuit to preside over.

The literary society which was organized last Thursday will be known as the Malone literary society. The following officers were elected, namely: President, P. D. Brown; Vice President, Mr. Hough; Secretary, R. H. Early; Assistant Secretary, W. P. Shields; Treasurer, Jas. Washington. They will meet every Tuesday evening.

Miss Nina Thompson will leave for Canton, S. D. Wednesday to spend three weeks visiting relatives.

Rev. E. D. Wilson, pastor of Mt. Zion Baptist church has resigned and will preach his farewell sermon Sunday. His members regret his leaving because he has been liked by every body and has done such good work for the church. His work for the future is not known.

Mr. I. L. Brown, the Grand Master of the Iowa Masonic lodges, will be in our city Tuesday to inspect the Decatur lodge of this place.

Mrs. J. W. Norris entertained Rev. W. H. Speese at tea Monday evening.

Elder Malone has been appointed Presiding Elder of our district in place of Elder Reeves.

The measuring social which was held last Tuesday evening at the A. M. E. church was largely attended and quite a nice sum was taken in.

Mr. James Washington has been ordained deacon of the A. M. E. church.

Mrs. C. A. Dean has formed a singing club of ladies. Those who are members are, namely: Sopranos, Mesdames E. Grant, S. Morgan and H. Jewell Altos, Mesdames M. Pettit, M. Thompson, C. Harrison and Miss Khetta Dodd.

Miss Fannie Hawkins will leave Tuesday for Chicago. She gave me just a little inkling that the wedding bells would soon ring.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Lee have moved to their cozy little home on Rose Hill.

Mr. Chas. Carter has gone to Sioux Falls, S. D., to be waiter at the Cataract hotel.

All those who are indebted to the BYSTANDER please pay up and help to bear up the race paper. Some of the subscribers' time for the paper has expired, please renew your subscription with Mrs. Elta Grant at 707 Panoah street or she will call on you and get the subscription.

There will be a masquerade social at the Mt. Zion Baptist church, given by the Thimble club. A prize will be given to the one who can keep their mask on the longest without being identified.

Miss Abby Dowdy of Yankton, S. D., came down Saturday to spend Sunday with her grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jackson Askew. She returned home Monday evening.

Mr. W. P. Shields has been offered a position in the public schools of Jamestown where he taught for several years.

Mrs. Mattie Cage who has been serious ill with the rheumatism is much better.

Typhoid Killing British Soldiers.
During the first three months of this year there were, among the British troops in South Africa, 6,258 cases of typhoid fever, 1,000 of which proved fatal.

OSCEOLA BUDGETARIAN.

The A. M. E. church is progressing nicely under the pastorate of Rev. Geo. H. Wade. The attendance has increased and the outlook for a successful and prosperous year is very encouraging. Miss Matilda Langford is confined to her bed with a sprained limb at this writing, however we trust that she may soon be able to be out among her friends again.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwards spent last Sunday in the country visiting friends. Mr. John Bryant came in from the country Sunday to visit with his family. He returned Monday to resume his work.

Mrs. Geo. H. Wade and children, Opal and Byron, returned last Thursday evening from an extended visit of five weeks in St. Paul and Chicago. See reports a very pleasant time meeting old friends and visiting her parents and other relatives.

Bro. Griffin preached at the A. M. E. church Sunday evening in the absence of Rev. Wade, who conducted services in Chariton.

The following officers and teachers have been elected at the A. M. E. church for the ensuing year: Superintendent, Rev. Wade; Asst. Supt., Mrs. Wade; Secretary, Miss Anna Williams; Asst. Sec., Harry Jackson; Librarian, Walter Griffin; Treasurer Mrs. Edwards; Organist, Mrs. Wade. Teachers—Rev. Wade, Mesdames Edwards and Wade.

The choir sang excellent Sunday evening, considering its first appearance. In a few more Sundays we will have a choir second to none in the state.

Subscribe for the BYSTANDER and be up-to-date.

OTTUMWA NEWS.

Mr. Amos Jefferson went to Buffalo, N. Y., last week for a short stay.

Mr. Lindon has returned from Shenandoah for the winter.

Miss Geneva Cason of 538 Meadow street went to K—, Ill., for an extended time.

C. A. Bradshaw, Jr. is on the sick list. M. Z. Taylor is ailing again.

Mr. Dodge of West Maine street does not improve any.

Mr. Henry Musum left Monday for Missouri by wagon road.

Mrs. Henry Williams is on the sick list. Mrs. Musum will leave for Missouri Thursday.

There are several strangers in town.

Mr. S. E. Holden is very sick at this writing.

Mr. W. Fowler is never sick, but he feels bad sometimes.

Mr. Henry Rose has did something but he don't think that others but the family knows it.

Mrs. Walter Davis has returned from her sad trip in Missouri.

Frank Clark is now in Versales, Mo., following his trade.

Atty. S. E. Holden was out of town all last week.

Dairies of New York.

Outside of the business of supplying New York with city milk, the farmers of New York state have an investment of \$43,450,000 in cows, and a corresponding amount in dairy farms and fixtures—an amount not less than \$150,000,000.

WANTED—TRUSTWORTHY MEN AND women to travel and advertise for old established house of solid financial standing. Salary, \$750 a year and expenses, all payable in cash. No canvassing required. Give references and enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Address Manager, 335 Caxton Bldg., Chicago.

CHURCH ANNOUNCEMENT.

The Corinthian Baptist Church—situated on 11th St., between Crocker and School Sts. Preaching at 11 A. M.; Sunday School at 12 o'clock. Preaching at 7 P. M.

St. Paul A. M. E.—Corner of Second and Center Streets. Preaching at 10:30 A. M.; Sunday School at 3 o'clock; Epworth League at 7 P. M.; preaching at 8 P. M. L. J. Phillips, pastor.

First African Baptist Church—Corner School and Fourth streets. Rev. F. Louack pastor. Preaching 10:30 A. M.; Sunday school 3:30 P. M.; Mr. M. E. Houston, Superintendent; Young People's meeting 7 P. M.; preaching 8:00 P. M.

Burn's M. E.—East Second and Des Moines street.—Sunday services, preaching at 11:00 A. M. and 4 P. M. Sunday School at 12:30. Prayer and Bible meeting Wednesday 8 P. M. All are welcome. Rev. C. W. Holmes, pastor, 220 Des Moines street.

Mount Nebo Baptist Church—E. Second street, between Lincoln and Grand avenue.—Sunday service, preaching at 11 A. M.; Sunday School 10:30 P. M.; Superintendent, Rose Johnson. Preaching at 8 P. M. Rev. J. H. Bell, pastor.

Tabernacle Baptist Church Mission—Situated over 605 East Locust street. Preaching 11 A. M.; Sunday School 9:00 A. M.; preaching at 8 P. M. Rev. J. R. Winbush, pastor.

SECRET ORDERS.

North Star Lodge, No. 2, A. F. A. M.—Meets First Thursday in each month at Masonic Hall—Fourth and Court avenue. J. H. Shepard, W. M.; T. S. Ruff, secretary.

King Solomon Commandery, No. 6.—Meets Second and Fourth Thursday in each month at Masonic hall. Fred Jackson, M. C.; G. H. Cleger, Rec.

Naomi Court, No. 3.—Meets Second Monday in each month at Masonic hall. Mrs. J. H. Shepard, matron; Mrs. Fred Jackson, secretary.

Mt. Olive Court, No. 4.—Meets First Thursday of each month at Masonic hall. Mrs. Susan White, matron; Mrs. Flora Majors, secretary.

Charity Lodge, No. 2192, G. U. O. of O. F.—Meets First, Second and Third Tuesday each month at Odd Fellows hall on West Sixth and Walnut streets. D. Burns, N. G.; F. Brown, P. S.

H. H. of R., No. 339 of G. U. O. of O. F.—Convenes the first and third Thursday in each month, promptly at 8 o'clock. Mrs. B. J. Holmes, M. N. G.; Mrs. G. L. Williams, W. R.

Knights and Ladies of Honor of the World No. 178 Victoria Lodge—meets every Monday evening at Webster hall, corner of Tenth Center streets. Mrs. E. A. Wood, Proctor. Mrs. Rose Johnson, Secretary.

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THE GILBERT Chop - - House

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Nice Furnished Rooms
By Day or Week...

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Votes Counted by Tickets.
Under the Pennsylvania election law votes are not counted for the candidate, but for the ticket or tickets on which his name appears. In the Chester county election all parties agreed upon Joseph Hemphill for common pleas judge, and this is the way the official vote was declared: Joseph Hemphill, republican, 8,162 votes; Joseph Hemphill, democrat, 4,371 votes; Joseph Hemphill, fusion, 1,643 votes; Joseph Hemphill, scattering, 374 votes.

A Harmless Powder.
Oatmeal mixed with water makes a most soothing face wash, as well as softening and whitening the skin. It should, however, be sparingly used by those with large pores, which it is apt to clog. Fine oatmeal, or oatmeal flour, forms a very good face powder, and is, of course, absolutely free from the harmful ingredients of many expensive powders.

A Fatherland Joke.

Charles F. Saacke returned from Germany on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse with the following Fatherland joke, upon which he was not required to pay duty. The translation is his own: "What is the difference between the Lord Almighty and Kaiser William?" "The Lord Almighty knows everything; the Kaiser knows better."

The Burmese Song.

The Burmese song is a harp, the body being modeled like a boat, with a long, high prow. The instrument has a scale from low A in the bass clef to F in the G clef. It is used to accompany vocal music.



CAPT. GEORGE BEALL,

Chief of Capitol Police, Des Moines, Iowa.

\$5 Per Month

In 1894 Capt. Beall's days seemed to be numbered. His friends had given him up to die, and the man who carried a Captain's stripes during the war, and who later became a Chief of Police was rapidly passing to the "great beyond." But Capt. Beall did not die; he was cured by Dr. McLean's New Treatment. The family doctors and his friends were amazed. Seven years have passed and to-day he weighs 190 pounds, a living monument of what Dr. McLean is doing.

This is what Captain Beall says to-day: Dr. C. M. McLean cured me. "After eastarr had blighted my boyhood days and cursed my manhood, and after it had produced a chronic catarrh of the stomach which was killing me, and when all the other doctors had made a failure of my case you took hold of it and cured me. I have not had a pain or ache or a sign of catarrh for seven years, and I want the world to know it."

Very respectfully yours, GEORGE BEALL.

We refer the afflicted to people we have cured, among them: H. C. Harris, of Harris, Emery, Dry Goods Co.; Rev. Dr. Wirt, Pastor St. John's Lutheran Church, Des Moines, Iowa.

The treatment at \$5.00 per month includes all medicines for the cure of Catarrh, Deafness, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all affections of the Nose, Throat, and Lungs; also Stomach, Liver, Spleen, Kidney, and Bladder troubles. Consultation free by mail or at office.

Consultation Blank and Symptom Sheets with Dr. McLean's Monograph on Deafness and Catarrh sent FREE to any Address, and is of Great Value to the Afflicted.

The book also contains hundreds of testimonial letters from cured patients.

THE COPELAND MEDICAL INSTITUTE.
Dr. C. M. McLean, Chief Consulting Physician,
606 Walnut St., Des Moines, Iowa.

GOOD LITERATURE

The Northern Pacific is noted among railways for its advertising matter. Its pamphlets, folders, booklets, etc., are tastefully gotten up and are valuable for what they contain. Here is a partial list of what

NOTHING MR. CHAS. S. FEE, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn., will send out, carefully mailed, upon receipt of prices given. Any combination can be made, and money or express orders, silver or stamps will be accepted.

This is a fine opportunity to obtain good descriptive reading matter for little or nothing.

WONDERLAND 1901—

An annual publication, beautifully illustrated in color and half-tone. This number treats particularly of the Send history of the Northern Pacific's Trademark, the Custer Six Cents Battlefields in Montana, and the Yellowstone Park.

MINIATURE WONDERLAND—

A neat and dainty publication containing a complete Send history of the Northern Pacific Trademark. The artist-tio covers of the wonderland 1901 are used in miniature. Four Cents

WILD FLOWERS FROM YELLOWSTONE—

A book of pressed wild flowers from Yellowstone Park showing the real flowers in their natural colors. A Send dainty and beautiful souvenir—ten specimens of flowers Fifty Cents and six full page illustrations of Park scenery.

YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK—

A new 112-page book in strong flexible covers, good Send paper, plain type, illustrated, pocket size, a compend- Twenty-five ium and descriptive of the World's Wonderland. Cents

CLIMBING MOUNT RAINIER—

An illustrated pocket-size book, 72 pages, in strong Send flexible covers, printed on heavy paper, descriptive of Twenty-five an ascent of the highest peak in the United States— Cents outside of Alaska—of a glacial nature.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE

Iowa State Bystander

THE
OLDEST
COLORED
JOURNAL IN
IOWA

and the leading paper in the North-west.

It Goes Into

76 Counties in Iowa
29 States in the Union
2 Foreign Countries.

Agents in 24 towns in Iowa and correspondence from many different states.

Russell Sage as a Farmer.

A handsome but simple frame house at Lawrence, Long Island, surrounded by some five acres of land, is the quiet retreat where the tired Wall street magnate, Russell Sage, has enjoyed his summers for many years. Here he is a typical Long Island farmer in old clothes and straw hat. Many a man farming for a bare living could gain information in his own business from Russell Sage. He has no use for orchards, and costly fads, but he watches the development of every field within a radius of many miles about his country home. In the stable are half a dozen horses, raised and broken to harness by the great financier, and he shows the delight of a boy in hitching them up and driving over the country roads. There are a goodly number of domestic pets. It may be said that there are two Russell Sages, one the financier familiar to New York, the other the man of leisure in his country home.

For sprains, Swellings and lameness there is nothing so good as Chamberlain's Pain Balm. Try it. For sale by all Druggists.

CH AND CLEGG.

The Rev. J. Wilbur Chapman is to write the life of D. L. Moody. Bishop Edsall has just completed a highly successful mission at Jamestown, N. D.

Tomkins Avenue Congregational church of Brooklyn raised over \$27,000 for missions during the year.

The death roll in the Congregational ministry in Great Britain was unusually heavy during the year 1899.

A congress of the history of religions will be held at Paris, France during the first part of September next year.

The receipts of Plymouth church, Brooklyn, for the year make a total of \$38,000, of which \$17,000 is from pew rents.

The annual council of the South African churches was held at Graaf Reinet, and owing to the preoccupations of the war, only thirty-eight delegates attended.

Since his resignation from the Church of the Pilgrims relief from care has conducted to a marked improvement in the health of the venerable Dr. R. S. Siorra.

the square and sandstone blocks.

Iowa State Bystander.

By BYSTANDER PUB. CO.
DES MOINES, IOWA
FRIDAY, OCTOBER 23.
FRILLS OF FASHION.

Variations in children's gowns blossom out from time to time, even though they are very slight, and small girls rival their mothers in their ambition to keep up to date.

Soft wool materials make up very prettily in this way. In figured French flannel the collar may be made of the same and trimmed with rows of narrow braid or velvet ribbon. Skirts of the small gowns are usually plain, but the older girls have some sort of trimming, either tucks, stitched bands, ruffles or velvet folds, stitched on.

The long-waisted mode, in which the waist line rounds down low in front, is conspicuously evident among the gowns for girls over 10 years of age, and the small gowns for dainty little girls of 6 imitate this fashion as much as possible by having the long waist all around. Guimpe dresses, which never seem to go out of style, are suitable for all ages, from 6 to the more mature years of middle age.

Bolero jackets are very popular in the kingdom of small costumes, and the attempt to produce the effect of stole ends in seen in one little gown, where narrow lace revers are carried down the entire length of the front, as shown in the illustration. Another pretty effect is made by two box plaits in front, one at either side from the yoke to the hem, and two in the back, giving a long effect to the waist, which is defined with a narrow velvet belt ending in small velvet rosettes at either side of the front on the plaits. The skirt gathers on to the waist between the plaits, which apparently are a continuation of those in the waist. A sailor collar of lace covers the shoulders in the back and opens in front over a yoke of tucked white silk or batiste.

Thin gowns of point d'esprit for party wear are variously trimmed with ruffles, ruffles, lace insertion and rows of colored satin ribbon. A pretty feature of the small girl's costume is the coat and hat to match.—New York Sun.

Proposed Highway for Bicycles.

A perfect highway from New York to San Francisco, in as near a straight line as it is possible to make it, with a width of 120 feet, for the use of automobiles and bicycles, as well as for the use of the farmer, is a thing that the Automobile club of America will try to bring about. The subject was seriously discussed at a banquet, in honor of members of the National Highway Commission, at the Waldorf-Astoria, in New York, when plans were made and the route announced. Besides a direct path from New York to San Francisco, passing through Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha and Ogden, the club wants a highway along each coast. Congress will be asked to appropriate one-third of the expense, and the states, counties, townships and cities en route will be asked to pay the rest; the owners of property benefited to donate the right-of-way. The club and highway commission have on their list of membership the names of some of the foremost men of America.

Orange Free State Flag.

The Orange Free State flag is a simple rectangle of vivid orange. An orange tree in full fruit is the most distinctive feature of the arms of the Orange Free State. Beneath the tree are on one side a lion and on the other a number of oxen. An ox-wagon similar to that on the Transvaal arms and three suspended horns complete the whole. "Spes Bona"—good hope—is written underneath the arms of Cape Colony, the chief feature of which is a lion rampant. A figure of Hope surmounts the shield, the "supporters of which are a couple of native animals."

What a Guy Did.

A girl named Ackerman, aged 14, daughter of an English laborer, has just completed her education. She has never missed being present since the school was opened, and in completing her 3,451 attendances is said to have walked 6,000 miles. She has passed every standard successfully and in the three subjects on first grade drawing obtained "excellent" prizes in free-hand and model, as also in the three stages of the specific subjects, literature, domestic economy and animal physiology, and in one stage in physical geography. She has also obtained 26 other prizes for good attendance, sculpture, painting etc.

Palmist Retires a Millionaire.

Count Hamong, better known in the United States as Cheiro, the palmist, has retired from the business a millionaire, writes a Paris correspondent. The only known man to make a million telling fortunes has bought a chateau in the champagne country, where he has gone to cultivating vines.

Candidate Not Tall Enough.

A young woman at Conway Springs, Kan., advertised for a husband and the advertisement was answered by a young farmer living near Pratt. Correspondence followed and in time the pair became engaged. Recently the young fellow went to see his lady love for the first time. When he arrived at her house and before he could salute her she scanned him over critically and said: "I can never marry you. You are three inches shorter than my ideal and we never could live happily." And that ended the affair.

DES MOINES PASSENGER TRAINS

C. R. I. & P. GOING EAST.
ARRIVE DEPART
9:30 pm Chicago Limited..... 7:35 pm
4:30 pm Day Express & Mail..... 4:40 pm
11:15 pm Night Limited..... 11:01 am
11:31 pm Day Express..... 12:48 pm
9:10 pm Hawkeye Limited..... 7:40 am
C. R. I. & P. GOING WEST
3:30 am Denver Limited..... 7:35 am
9:25 pm Night Limited Express..... 6:40 am
4:00 pm Day Express..... 4:15 pm
3:55 am Rocky Mountain Limited..... 4:00 am
11:40 am Fast Mail..... 11:49 am
C. R. I. & P. TO KEOKUK
11:30 am Eldon..... 6:55 pm
3:30 pm Keokuk..... 7:10 am
DES MOINES & FORT DODGE
6:35 pm Ruthven Mail & Express..... 12:40 pm
10:40 am Tera and Fort Dodge..... 4:44 pm
8:15 pm Minn. and St. Louis..... 9:00 pm
6:40 am St. Paul and Minn. Flyer..... 8:30 am
WINTERSSET BRANCH
11:30 am Mail..... 4:40 pm
8:50 pm Express..... 7:30 am
6:40 pm Freight..... 8:45 am
CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN-NORTH
8:15 pm Chicago and St. Paul Lim..... 7:30 pm
4:00 pm Chicago and St. Paul Ex..... 4:15 pm
9:25 pm Twin Cities Special..... 9:30 am
CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN-SOUTH
6:50 am Kansas City Limited..... 7:00 am
11:30 am Day Express..... 11:41 am
7:30 pm Night Express..... 8:45 pm
CHICAGO BURLINGTON & QUINCY
9:15 pm Albia and Burlington Pass..... 9:15 pm
5:40 pm Albia Passenger..... 8:00 am
7:00 pm Albia Accommodation..... 5:45 am
KEOKUK & WESTERN
PASSENGER TRAINS LEAVE STATION
10:35 am Mail and Express..... 12:40 pm
5:50 pm Mail and Express..... 8:25 am
CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN
6:15 pm Sioux City N. & W..... 9:10 am
1:15 pm Colorado Special..... 4:40 pm
4:40 am Chicago Limited..... 9:30 am
11:55 am Dakota Limited..... 12:30 am
7:30 pm Chicago Express..... 7:00 am
7:30 pm Chicago Special..... 11:05 am
7:30 pm Omaha Express..... 9:10 am
7:30 pm Chicago Express..... 4:40 pm
10:50 am Omaha & Pa. Express..... 9:00 am
WABASH RAILWAY
8:15 am St. Louis Passenger..... 10:45 pm
9:15 pm St. Louis Eastern Ex..... 7:30 am
C. M. and St. P.—Fonda Line
7:20 pm Storm Lake Express..... 4:05 pm
1:05 pm Fonda & Sioux City Lim..... 9:05 am
C. M. & ST. P.—BOONE LINE
1:25 pm Boone Mail and Express..... 3:40 pm
7:10 pm Mail and Express..... 7:40 am
4:50 am Chicago Limited..... 9:40 pm
11:00 am Chicago Express..... 11:00 am
12:45 pm Sioux City & Omaha..... 3:00 am
Daily, Daily.
All other trains daily except Sunday

Cheaper Than Ever

TO

COLORADO AND UTAH

Daily to Sept. 10th, 1901.

VIA THE

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE

ROUND TRIP RATES

FROM

Chicago to Denver, Colorado Springs

and Pueblo

\$25.00 Aug. 1 to 10 \$31.50 July 10 to 31

Similar reduced Rates on same dates to

other Colorado and Utah Tourist

Points.

Rates from other points on Rock Island

Route proportionately lower on

same dates of sale.

Return Limit October 31, 1901

The Superb New Train

Rocky Mountain Limited

Leaves Chicago daily at 1:00 p. m. arriving

Denver 4:45 p. m., Colorado Springs (Montou)

4:30 p. m. next day.

ONLY ONE NIGHT OUT

See your Agent for details and Colorado Literature

or address

JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. P. A. CHICAGO.

IOWA'S BEAUTIFUL LAKE REGION

Lake Okoboji and Spirit Lake most

favorably reached by the quickest

route, the C. M. & St. P. Ry. New

summer schedule now in effect. Two

fast express trains each way daily

with dining cars, serving all meals en-

route, A la Carte. Excursions and low

rates now in effect. Ticket office 410

Walnut. Train arrive and depart from

Union Station.

BLACK SKIN REMOVER.

BEFORE AFTER

A Wonderful Face Bleach.

AND HAIR STRAIGHTENER.

both in a box for \$1. or three boxes for \$2. Guar-

anteed to do what we say and to be "the best in

the world." One box is all that is required if used as

directed.

A WONDERFUL FACE BLEACH.

A PEACH-LIKE complexion obtained if used as

directed. Will turn the skin of a black or brown

person perfectly white. In forty-eight hours a shade

or two will be noticeable. It does not turn the

skin in spots but bleaches out white, the skin re-

maining beautiful without continual use. Will

remove wrinkles, freckles, dark spots, pimples or

bumps or black heads, making the skin very soft

and smooth. Small pox pits, tan, liver spots re-

moved without harm to the skin. When you get

the color you wish, stop using the preparation.

THE HAIR STRAIGHTENER.

that goes in every one dollar box is enough to

make anyone's hair grow long and straight, and

keeps it from falling out. Highly perfumed and

makes the hair soft and easy to comb. Many

of our customers say one of our dollar boxes is

worth ten dollars, yet we sell it for one dollar a

box. THE 30-SHELL thrown in free.

Any person sending us one dollar in a letter or

Post-Office money order, express money order or

registered letter, we will send it through the mail

postage prepaid; or if you want it sent C. O. D.,

it will come by express, etc. extra.

In any case where it fails to do what we claim,

we will return the money or send a box free of

charge. Packed so that no one will know con-

tents except receiver.

CRANE AND CO.,

122 West Broad Street,

RICHMOND, VA.

Subscribe for the Bystander.

DANISH PROVERBS.

Even crumbs are bread.
Opportunity makes the thief.
Faint praise is akin to abuse.
Short flax makes long thread.
Power often goes before talent.
Death does not blow a trumpet.
Gray hairs are death's blossoms.
Praise a fair day in the evening.
Alone in counsel, alone in sorrow.
A short cut is often a wrong cu.
New comers are always welcome.
Every bird needs its own feathers.
Let every bird sing its own note.
Trust everybody, but thyself most.
We must suffer much, or die young.
Every man thinks his copper is gold.
Every wind is against a leaky ship.
Unwilling service earns no thanks.
A woman's first counsel is the best.
He that courts injury will obtain it.
He who flees proves himself guilty.
Do not wade when you see no bot-

tom.

It is bad to lean against a falling

wall.

Better the child cry than the mother

sigh.

We must sow even after a bad har-

vest.

An ill-tempered dog has a scarred

nose.

Never let fools see half finished

work.

Even he gets on who is drawn by

oxen.

Big words seldom go with good

deeds.

It is folly to fear what one cannot

avoid.

He is easy to lure who is ready to

follow.

Little sorrows are loud, great ones

silent.

Riches are often abused, but never

refused.

Every fool thinks he is clever

enough.

Under white ashes lie often glowing

embers.

A thankless man never does a thank-

ful deed.

It is the raised stick that makes the

dog obey.

It is hard to pay for bread that has

been eaten.

WISE AND OTHERWISE.

Love and philosophy are sworn ene-

mies.

Old age commands respect—except in

poultry and jokes.

Some men are in advance of their

age, but women are always a few years

behind it.

The failure of a bank may not upset

the depositor, but he is apt to lose his

balance.

You have to give some men a sound

thrashing before you can command

their respect.

No matter how erect a general may

be he is apt to learn more or less on his

staff.

The girl who used mucilage to keep

her hair in curl has been much stuck-

up ever since.

Perhaps some people talk to them-

selves because they find it impossible

to interest any one else.

In order to retain her youth and popu-

larity all a girl has to do is acquire a

fortune and remain single.

The average man does just as many

queer things when he isn't in love

as when he is, but they are less con-

spicuous.

What a merry old place the earth

would be if it were to lose its atmos-

phere. All bodies would then lose their

gravity.

Says a rural editor: "We trust our

subscribers will pardon us for appear-

ing a day late this week. Our wife

borrowed our scissors to cut our son's

hair."

Sherry in the Coffee.

A little sherry and also coffee added

to chocolate very much improv is the

drink. A tablespoonful of sherry and

four of clear, strong coffee to six cup-

fuls of chocolate is about the right

proportion. Both should be added af-

ter the chocolate is taken from the fire.

Police Need Language Drill.

At the suggestion of a Chicago jus-

tice of the peace a school is to be

opened in that city in which police-

men will be taught elementary gram-

mar, so that they can express them-

selves more clearly on the witness

stand.

Baltimore's City Bacteriologist.

Dr. William Lloyd Stokes, bacteriol-

ogist of the city of Baltimore, has been

elected a member of the faculty of

the College of Physicians and Sur-

geons in that city, and has been given

the chair of pathology.

World's Largest Apple Orchard.

Ex-Gov. Morrill of Kansas owns

what is said to be the largest apple

FORECAST OF FASHIONS.

A schu effect of Hamburg is pretty

on a wash frock.

Lawn collars with colored borders

are the latest fad.

Very long waisted effects are now

the fashion for small children.

Black grenadines, both plain and

figured, are offered in great varieties.

A popular style of trimming for the

street and everyday hat is the draped

silk scarf.

Gainsborough and Duchess of De-

vonshire hats appear among the high-

priced millinery.

Rich, dull black is exceedingly be-

coming to golden-haired, fair-com-

plexioned women.

Embroidered pongees appear beauti-

ful in the excellence of their fiber and

needleworked design.

Costly netted fringes add greatly to

the grace of the sweeping, clinging

gowns of soft fabrics.

Long, unlined sleeves are again the

mode of evening gowns. They are

made long over the hands.

Entire gowns of crape for either the

street or the house are exceedingly

handsome, and always becoming.

Plaited and flounced skirts will be

worn the entire summer season for

morning, afternoon and evening.

French challis and sheer nun's veil-

ing are two very favorite materials in

the preparing of the summer outfit.

Black and white is perhaps the most

favorable combination of the season, and