

IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

VOL. 8.

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No. 9.

IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

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SPECIAL PAPER OF THE AFRO-AMERICAN PROGRESSIVE ASSOCIATION OF IOWA.

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Send money by post, face order, money order, express or draft, to the IOWA STATE BYSTANDER PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Communications must be written on one side of the paper only and be of interest to the public. "Brevity is the soul of wit," remember.

We will not return rejected manuscripts, unless accompanied by postage stamps.

CITY NEWS

R. N. Hyde was royally entertained by his cousin.

Grandma Bell had a paralytic stroke last week and is yet quite sick.

Chas Harding is spending the summer at Mackinac Island, Mich.

Where are you going the 22nd inst? On the excursion.

Mr. Peter Hudlin has been suffering with the tonsillitis for the past week.

Mrs. Geo. H. Wade who visited a week in our city returned home Monday.

Mr. L. H. S. Brown informs us that he will present to us the Black Man's Burden as he sees it in poetry.

J. H. Mixon, Jeweler, No. 312 West Third street. Tunes Pianos and repairs organs.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Greenway of Webster City are here visiting with relatives.

Mrs. Joseph Hamilton of 706 East Walker street, who has been confined to her home by illness, is convalescent.

Harding Ice Cream is always best and suits the people. Phones #47. 782 Ninth street.

Mr. Fred Slater of Chicago, a cousin of Mrs. Wm. Coalson, has arrived in the city to make his future home.

E. T. Banks had charge of the Cummins Mascot; R. N. Hyde had charge of a flat and saw that all comers were accommodated.

All kinds of New and Second hand furniture and Household goods, Stoves and Carpets. Repairing done at ALBERT HILL, 903 Walnut.

When in Oskaloosa, Iowa, stop at Mr. Peter Williams, No. 216 North A street, for good meals and room.

Mrs. J. R. Erickson and little boy left last Monday evening for Chariton county, Mo., for an extended visit with her parents, relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Milligan entertained at their beautiful country home to a 6 o'clock dinner Tuesday. R. N. Hyde, E. T. Banks, H. Gould and J. H. Shepard.

Mrs. H. H. Lewis has been very sick at her home on Mulberry street this week. She was taken quite sick last Sunday evening, requiring the family physician almost each day.

Mrs. Wm. Coalson has returned from Chicago after a three weeks' visit with relatives and friends. Mr. Coalson spent Sunday in Chicago returning Monday with his wife.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Thompson visited Marshalltown Monday on their way to Cedar Rapids, stopping at Mr. and Mrs. Richard Wright. At the Parlor city they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. H. Wade.

We learn that the wife of the Rev. Winbush had the misfortune to fall on the sidewalk last Tuesday afternoon and was very badly hurt. She has only been in the city a short time.

The A. M. E. church and the Brotherhood band will give an excursion to C. R. I. & P. crossing on Thursday, August 22.

Mr. J. T. Balgurn represented the Des Moines Leader at the convention this week. He was very successful in disposing of several hundred copies.

The only excursion this season will be on the 22; 75c round trip. Remember the date.

For room and board go to Mrs. Powell & Son Boarding House, north-west corner of Second and Grand avenue. Rates are reasonable. They also serve ice cream.

Mr. Joseph L. Woods, formerly of Marshalltown, after several months of illness died at Waverly Wednesday. He was deputy Grand Potentate of the Afro-American Scottish Rite Masons and Mystic Shrine of Iowa, Minnesota and Nebraska.

Mrs. Emma Harris, assistant Sunday School superintendent, and Mrs. J. H. Shepard attended the Sunday School Superintendents' Union that met at the Y. M. C. A. parlors Tuesday evening. A most interesting session was held, a good program rendered and refreshments served.

J. H. Mixon returned last Saturday from Selma, Ala., where he has been visiting the past three weeks with relatives and friends. While en route he met Prof. W. H. Council and they traveled together for several hours.

Rev. R. Jackson's subject for Sunday morning will be "The apostle Paul wondered why they have so soon left him." Galatians 1st chapter. His subject for Sunday evening will be, "And Moses said unto the children of Gad, and to the children of Ruben, shall your brethren go to war, and shall ye sit here?" Numbers 32 chapter and 6 verse. First African Baptist church, School and B streets.

The Hon. Geo. H. Woodson of Mahaska county, has been asked and will speak at the Union Manifesto to be given by the Corinthian Baptist and the A. M. E. churches, next Thursday evening. His subject will be, "Tillman or the Grand Army." Mr. Woodson is an orator with ability, as well as being one of the best race men in the state. Every man, woman and child should hear Mr. Woodson on this question. We should show the same regard for him that the whites show for the Hon. A. B. Cummins. Give him a full house; he is deserving of all that we can do for him.

A MINISTER'S GOOD WORK.

I had a severe attack of bilious colic, got a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera, and Diarrhoea Remedy, took two doses and was entirely cured," says Rev. A. A. Power, of Emporia, Kan. "My neighbor across the street was sick for over a week, had two or three bottles of medicine from the doctor. He used them for three or four days without relief, then called in another doctor who treated him for some days and gave him no relief, so discharged him. I went over to see him the next morning. He said his bowels were in a terrible fix, that they had been running off so long that it was almost bloody flux. I asked him if he had tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and he said, 'No.' I went home and brought him my bottle and gave him one dose; told him to take another dose in fifteen or twenty minutes if he did not find relief, but he took no more and was entirely cured." For sale by all Drug-gists.

COLD INDEED.

Some of the Odd Tricks of Liquid Air. Liquid air is, perhaps, the coldest thing in the world. It is so cold that a cake of ice is like a fierce fire as compared with it, for a kettle of liquid air placed on a cake of ice will boil just as water boils over a hot fire. It freezes mercury so hard that one can drive nails in it. The story is told that Mr. Charles E. Tripler, the experimenter in liquid air, recently took a quart can of the remarkable substance with him on a visit to a friend. On the way he stopped in a restaurant to eat a beefsteak. The waiter brought in a hot broiled steak and placed it in front of Mr. Tripler. As soon as the waiter's back was turned Mr. Tripler hastily opened the can and exposed the meat to the liquid air. Instantly the steak was frozen hard as a rock. When the waiter came back his customer complained that the steak was frozen. So the waiter called the head waiter, and the head waiter blamed it all on the cook and the cook was at a loss to explain, and the result was that the frozen steak was taken back into the kitchen as a mysterious curiosity. A new steak was broiled for Mr. Tripler and this one he ate with much relief.

PITCHFORK TILLMAN HERE.

The Insane Idiot, Who is Misrepresenting the State of S. C. in the U. S. Senate, Made a Radical Address to Highland Park Students.

Last Thursday Aug. 1, Senator Ben Tillman of South Carolina, made the following statements in his speech before the students of Highland Park: "I believe before God Almighty that the Negro was not created the equal of the white man." "The enfranchisement of the Negro was the crime of the 19th century." "I believe the Negro is going backward in his morals. It is the lack of virtue among the Negro women, and they are more of a savage now than before the war, and that I ask that the 14th and 15th amendment to the constitution be repealed."

The above are some of the sensational remarks that Mr. Tillman made. His statements are so gross, so unreasonable, covered with so much hypocrisy and falsehood that the ordinary intelligent white or colored man pay but little concern about it, but for the benefit of the low element from which "Pitchfork" Tillman sprang from we reply.

In the first sentence he says: "I believe before God Almighty the Negro is not created equal."

Who is this little nothingness of "I" that doubts God's statement or deny the Holy Bible. No doubt God did not create Tillman equal with the average human of to-day, for his low methods, low principals and deprived morals may be compared with creatures of South Sea Islanders.

Mr. Tillman's statements as to the progress and morals of the colored race was the most damnable statements. It was given broadcast, without any exceptions or modifications. There are hundreds and thousands of examples to-day among our race to refute those statements, even in his own state, and you will meet them in Iowa and other states. We would ask Tillman, how does he know about the morals of our women without giving some facts or proofs. We know that the virtue of our girls are in great danger when in the presence or subject to the brute passion of some white men of the South, and those poor defenseless girls dire not make a protest in many instances. Why don't you seek to throw the same protection, as a public man, around the colored girls as you do your so called white maids. If you think the Negro is degrading, why don't you people accord him the same equal chance as the white people have; why do you fear his equal or superior ability to yours? We say now Senator Tillman that every man has his day. The time will soon come when the Negro will not submit to your diabolic misrepresentation, and they will soon rule the Sunny South.

CLARINDA CELEBRATION

Thursday, Aug. 1st, according to promise the colored people of Page county gave their annual emancipation celebration. The day was an ideal one for out door celebration, and in early morning the crowd began to arrive in large numbers, some driving overland at the distance of 25 and 30 miles, and by 12 o'clock fully 3,000 people, mostly white were present.

The parade formed at 11 o'clock, led by the excelsior colored band of 15 pieces, next in line was carriage containing the orator of the day, then the first float containing a number of little girls, Queen of the day, Aunt Delphia Rogers, and the God-

dess of Liberty, Miss Effie Knight with national colors; second float was drawn by four horses, representing the home and occupation of the Negro race in the past and the third float represented the home and occupation of the Negro race of today, following these floats were carriages etc. After arriving on the beautiful Fair Ground Park, James Baker, president of the day, called the meeting to order and after music adjourned for dinner. In the afternoon the band called the crowd together; prayer was offered by Rev. Johnson of the A. M. E. Church, then music by the chorus choir, Lincoln's proclamation was read by Miss Mary Nash. Then John L. Thompson was introduced to make the principle address after music by the band. The large crowd enjoyed the base ball game and other amusements. Thus it can be said that this was a successful celebration.

THE REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

An Enthusiastic Convention—The Largest in the History of the Republican Party in Iowa.

In another part of the paper is given a full report of the convention with a list of the nominations. There were more colored representatives and delegates than ever attended a republican convention in Iowa. The delegates were R. N. Hyde, Jeff Logan, J. L. Thompson, and E. T. Banks alternate of Polk county; Hon. Geo. H. Woodson, Mahaska county; D. W. Anderson, of Lee county. Those in attendance: J. H. Shepard, D. Miller, H. Gould, Mrs. J. L. Thompson, and J. T. Blagburn of Des Moines. A. A. Bland of Keokuk and John John D. Reeler of Mason City.

A committee consisting of Woodson, Thompson, Anderson, Banks, Gould, Bland, Miller and Hyde drafted a set of resolutions and presented to the committee on resolution, which will appear in our next issue.

BUSINESS MEN'S LEAGUE ORGANIZED.

Cedar Rapids, Aug. 6, 1901. Meeting was called to order by J. H. Shepard of Des Moines and he named W. H. Milligan of Cedar Rapids as temporary chairman and J. L. Thompson of Des Moines secretary. The object of the meeting was stated and after nearly all who were present had made speeches and expressed their ideas in regard to the method of conducting their business.

Those who spoke were Shepard, Banks, Logan, Hyde, Gould of Des Moines, Milligan and Thos. Searcy of Cedar Rapids and Woodson of Muchaknock. After which it was decided to go into a permanent organization. Woodson made a motion that the enrollment be for state organization and that we absorb the temporary organization into a permanent organization. Carried.

Then they proceeded to the election of permanent officers, as follows: President, W. H. Milligan; vice president, Harrison Gould; secretary, John L. Thompson; treasurer, D. W. Anderson; state organizer, S. Joe Brown of Albia. A motion that R. N. Hyde and Geo. H. Woodson be selected as delegate to the National Business Men's League to be held in Chicago August 22 and 23 was carried. Then the league adjourned to meet subject to call.

CEDAR RAPIDS BUDGETARIAN.

Our city is overflowing with visitors at this writing, to the Republican State convention. Des Moines has a large delegation among which are several Afro-Americans.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Thompson of Des Moines are in the city looking after the interest of the BYSTANDER, also attending the convention to which Mr. Thompson is a delegate. They are guests of Rev. and Mrs. Geo. H. Wade, So. Seventh street.

Among those attending the convention from Des Moines are: Messrs. Hyde, Banks, Miller, Logan, Blagburn and Gould.

The Stewardess gives a lawn party Tuesday evening of this week at the residence of E. C. Thomas.

Mrs. Geo. H. Wade and little daughter Opal returned from a very pleasant visit of ten days with Mrs. R. Harris of Des Moines. While there Mrs. Wade met many of Des Moines best people and she thinks the city is simply immense.

French Perkins is visiting his wife in Macomb, Ill.

Among those attending the celebration at Moline on the 1st, from the "Rapids" were Mr. and Mrs. Ben Hawkins, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Martin, French Perkins and Ed. Milligan. They say they never had a better time in their life.

The Sunday School will picnic at Bevan park the 19th inst.

A grand concert conducted by Mrs. A. Ford will be given Thursday evening the 15 inst., at the A. M. E. church, proceeds for benefit of pastor. Let every body attend as a rare treat is in store.

Geo. H. Woodson of Muchaknock is a convention attendant this week, also Mr. Jefferies of Knoxville.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Price, our newly married couple, arrive in our city last week from Macomb, Ill., the home of the bride, and will soon be at home to their friends on Oak avenue. They are at present stopping with Mrs. Lavell on 9th street.

Cedar Rapids is entertaining her visitors to the convention in a royal manner, so much so that we hear a rival in the person of our sister Des Moines.

Mr. J. T. Blagburn arrived in our city Monday to attend the convention. He represented the Des Moines Leader while here and was quite successful. He was entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. H. Wade.

OSKALOOSA NEWS.

The Union picnic given at the Fair Ground Thursday was not as well attended as could have been, yet each one who came brought a well filled basket. When the proper time came dinner was spread and all had a delightful time.

Mr. John Wallace arrived Wednesday evening from Evanston, Ill., to visit home friends. While in the city he is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Commodore Lee.

Miss Pearl Symony of Moberly, Mo., is also the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Commodore Lee. Mr. and Mrs. Lee are sparing no time to entertain their friends royally.

OTTUMWA NEWS.

Mr. Samuel Henry, who has been in Ottumwa for 55 years and was one of our best old settlers, passed away July 30, at 3:30 p. m. Mr. Henry was a good citizen and lived on North McClain St. He was overcome by heat and was only sick one week. He leaves a wife to mourn his death, also many friends. Mr. Henry was 70 years old and well respected by all. Funeral services were held at the A. M. church, conducted by Rev. Boyd, Thursday Aug. 1, 1901.

Mrs. Ida Davis at 520 Meadow is very ill and has been for over a week.

Mrs. W. E. Fine went to Oskaloosa for a short visit and will meet her husband from Cleveland.

Mrs. Gough went to Missouri last week to visit relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Bess of Seymour came to our city last Saturday and expect to make this city their future home. Mr. Lee Bess is a brother of Mrs. Julia Higgins residing at 538 Meadow street.

The Golden Star Lodge, A. F. & A. M. of Ottumwa, meets the 1st and 3rd Tuesday in each month. J. W. Rose, W. M.

Walter Davis is not going with Mr. Johnson in the show business.

Mrs. F. Evans of 509 Groves, has opened a first-class laundry for ladies. Mrs. Evans is a very fine laundress.

Mrs. A. B. Canady is very ill. Some of the A. B. W. might call and see her.

There was a social gathering at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Williams July 31, in which but few were present, but a nice time was passed in Ottumwa among colored people.

Mrs. Eva Crump of Hedrick returned to her home last Friday, after a visit of two weeks with relatives.

Mrs. Annie Lee is very sick.

The Ladies' Court will give a grand concert and ball with refreshments on the 14th. Every body welcome.

Church services as usual.

ROCK ISLAND & TWIN CITY NOTES

The celebration given by the F. D. C. club of Moline Thursday was a success in every way. From the Daily Moline Journal we clip the following:

"Colored people's elite of the city on Thursday celebrated Emancipation Day at Concordia Park on an elaborate scale never before attempted in the Tri-cities. Members of the Fin de Siecle club are the sponsors for and promoters of this bit of enterprise, and they earned the plaudits of an admiring public in their street pageant at noon, when the days festivities were inaugurated."

Although a so called Como club hurriedly organized to have a celebration in opposition, no one was able to tell that day that Rock Island was trying to have one. Now everyone is wondering which it is that looked like "thirty coopers" that day?

The excursion from Galesburg brought in about thirty-five; Chicago, Clinton, Cedar Rapids, Muscatine and Wilton Junction were all very well represented that day.

Some of the older citizens say that

never before at so large a celebration did such perfect order prevail.

After a three weeks visit with friends in Moline Mesdames Holland and Jackson of Chicago returned home Friday.

A large crowd from the twin cities are preparing to participate in the boat excursion to Clinton Thursday. A delightful time is expected.

Last week's items.

Several excursions are expected from Galesburg, Moonmouth, Cedar Rapids, Clinton and Muscatine to the celebration given by the F. D. C. club in Moline, Aug 1st, at Concordia Park.

Mrs. Holland and Miss Jackson of Chicago are the guests of Mrs. S. B. Walkup in Moline.

Miss Eldora Green of Newton is the guest of her sister Mrs. Genevieve Toliver of Rock Island. She and her mother will remain till after the Mississippi River Carnival.

Quite an attraction upon the hill in East Moline, the cause? Two beautiful young ladies visiting Miss Mattie Garnett. The Misses Pherer of Galesburg, late of Oskaloosa.

Miss Mattie Garnett and Mrs. B. Brigh, Miss Mable Hill have all returned from a very pleasant three week's visit in Galesburg.

The trolley party Tuesday evening was largely attended at Prospect Park, and everyone enjoyed themselves immensely.

The young people of the three cities will give a picnic and dancing party Tuesday evening at Prospect Park. Only the elite of either city have been given invitations.

Mr. Ouseley of Moline was called home Friday by the serious illness of his mother in the South. We hope for a speedy recovery, also a speedy return of Mr. Ouseley, as several young ladies will miss him greatly.

ALBIA NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Pearl Thomas and their two children returned to Muchaknock on Wednesday of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Jeff Rivers and Mr. John Rivers returned from Kentucky Wednesday of this week.

The people of Hilton started to celebrate Emancipation Day on Aug. 3rd and 4th. The 3rd was not a very successful day, as it rained all day, but a number of people gathered in the town from surrounding places. A few stayed over for the fourth.

Quite a number of strangers are in our town.

Miss Nellie Grayson is attending the Monroe County Normal.

Mrs. Ada Reed of Hilton is spending the week in Albia with her parents.

Mesdames James Ward and Josie Meadows spent two weeks visiting friends and relatives in Danville, Ky., having quite a pleasant time during their stay.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

Sketch of the Career of the Hon. D. H. McMillan.

The birthplace of Col. D. H. McMillan, the new lieutenant governor of Manitoba, was in the county of Ontario, near the town of Whitby, in the Province of Ontario. The years of his boyhood and early manhood, however, were spent in the town of Collingwood. He received his education in the public schools and the collegiate institute of that town and in the city of Toronto. His early ambitions were largely towards military life; and it was his cherished desire to enter the British army. He took a course of training in the military schools of Toronto, where he was eminently successful, obtaining first class certificates in both the infantry and the cavalry schools. He was identified with military organizations in Ontario for a number of years, and served there during the Fenian raids at Niagara in 1864, and at Port Colborne in March and Fort Erie in June, 1866. In 1870 he was selected for the position of captain in the first Red River expedition under Colonel Wolleysey. The young captain remained in Winnipeg with the force for a year, and returned to Ontario in the summer of 1871. Coming to Manitoba again in 1874, Mr. McMillan engaged in Winnipeg in the milling and grain business, with which he remained connected from 1875 until three or four years ago. He built, in 1870, the first flour mill ever erected in the province; and, in the following year, exported to Minneapolis the first shipment, as a commercial transaction, of Manitoba's wheat. He did not, meanwhile, lose his interest in military matters, but was ready for active service whenever troops were required. He was major of the Ninetieth Battalion until just before the Northwest rebellion in 1885, when he resigned, intending to give up military affairs; but when the trouble broke out, the old martial spirit was revived, and he organized, along with Col. Scott, the Ninety-fifth Battalion, and went with that force to the Northwest. He was then senior major, but was afterwards in command of the battalion.—Montreal Herald and Star.

Iowa State Bystander.

By BYSTANDER PUB. CO.

DES MOINES.

IOWA

A WORD FOR BABY.

Don't feed a year-old baby sauerkraut.

Don't take the baby out in the heat of the day simply because you want to relate a choice bit of gossip to Mrs. Longtongue.

Don't take the little one to the matinee and let him melt away once by once while he makes life miserable for those in the vicinity.

Don't sandwich baby and baby carriage into a mob simply because you want to get a glimpse at a street parade.

Don't dress the little one as though he were a member of a polar expedition.

Here are a few things which you ought to do:

Give the little one three or four baths a day.

Give him nothing stronger than milk (if he is under a year old).

Take off nearly all his clothes, put him in the coolest place in the house, and watch him kick his heels in the air.

Put his crib in the airiest part of the house and put him to sleep at 8 o'clock.

Take him for his outing in the cool of the evening.

Put his comfort first in all things; that's what your mother did for you.

Give the little fellow a show. Babies were born to live. Because so many die is because of ill-informed mothers.

The baby is a small edition of yourself. He is subject to the same laws. He's human. Use a little horse-sense and the baby will get along all right no matter how hot it is.

TERSELY TOLD.

Montreal has over a hundred miles of electric road.

Belgium, according to the census just taken, has 6,800,000 inhabitants.

This weather is what the lamented General Sherman described war to be.

The average weight of wool from a sheep's fleece is five and one-half pounds.

Munich's Red Cross hospital has for a visiting surgeon the crown prince of Bavaria.

The number of Protestant Christians in India and Ceylon has in fifteen years grown from 446,780 to 853,641.

The Earl of Seafield holds Great Britain's record as a tree planter, with 60,000,000 trees planted on 40,000 acres in Inverness-shire.

Edward VII. wants a higher title than king. Why not call him high, low, jack and the game and be done with it.—Atlanta Journal.

King Alfonso XIII is rapidly approaching his legal majority. He has been allowed to see in state his first bull fight, which interested him keenly.

The only difference between the man who thinks women can't fool him and the man who knows they are is that he gets fooled a little oftener.—New York Press.

FACTS AND FIGURES.

Nearly 10 per cent of the recipients of the Victoria Cross are military doctors.

It is estimated that the men of Great Britain spend £250,000 a year on silk hats.

The total output of copper in 1900 was 486,084 tons, against 427,214 in 1899.

The population of the German empire includes 3,000,000 who use the Polish language.

France's new prison, at Fresnes, some eight miles from Paris, is the largest in the world.

There have been 2,100 explosions in coal mines in the last fifty years, involving a loss of 8,800 lives.

Abyssinia was converted to Christianity in the fourth century. The country has now over 12,000 monks.

Holland has 10,100 windmills, each of which drains 310 acres of land, at an average cost of 25 cents an acre a year.

The last pine grove in Alleghany county, New York, consisting of 400 trees, has just been sold to a lumberman for \$7,500. Some of the trees are five feet in diameter and 300 years old.

JACKSTRAWS.

Mixed metaphor—pmehtar.

There is nothing rocky about the cradle of liberty.

The temperance oration is not necessarily a dry speech.

The heir who fights for his rights is fighting for what another's left.

Love letters may not be legal documents, but they chronicle court proceedings.

The orchestra conductor should never get in front of more musicians than he can shake a stick at.

How is it that "a bad beginning makes a good ending," when it is a "d" that ends them both?

"I suppose," thought the thermometer, "that this changeable weather makes me look affected."

At the seashore swimming is fashionable; therefore, to be in fashion you must be "in the swim."

"Filthy lucre" is a good name for it, perhaps, but it's something of which we don't care to wash our hands.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

THE NEWS IN IOWA

SEERLEY WANTS \$142,100.

Says That Sum Is Needed for the State Normal School.

Des Moines, Aug. 8.—The thirteenth biennial report of the State Normal school at Cedar Rapids, just filed with the governor by the trustees of that institution, recommends additional appropriations for the school by the next legislature of nearly \$150,000. The report is divided into two parts—that of the committee from the trustees, and that of President H. H. Seerley. The former outlines briefly the needs of the school. The latter goes into detail, telling explicitly why each additional appropriation is wanted.

Briefly, the request is for the following amounts and purposes:

Teachers' fund, annually, additional	\$15,000
Contingent fund, annually, additional	10,000
Repairs, for two years	3,000
Library, for two years	10,000
Summer school, for two years	12,000
Librarian and two assistants, for two years	4,000
Military instruction and expenses	1,600
Improvement of grounds	3,500
Chemical and physical laboratory	18,000
Gymnasium	15,000
Library building	50,000

Total \$142,100.

The principal argument advanced in behalf of the request for additional appropriations is the fact that the school is growing rapidly. The report is for the years of 1899, 1900 and 1901. In 1899 the enrollment was 1,610, the number of teachers was thirty-seven and the teachers' pay roll was \$41,416. In 1900 the enrollment was 1,751, the number of teachers was forty-two and the teachers' pay roll was \$45,800. In 1901 the enrollment was 2,017, the number of teachers was forty-nine and the teachers' pay roll was \$53,800. It is anticipated that this ratio will continue, in which event the present appropriation will be inadequate.

RAN AWAY WITH AN INDIAN.

Bride of Five Months Alleged to Have Eloped With a Redskin.

Council Bluffs, Aug. 9.—Charles E. Hoyt of Sioux City came to Council Bluffs in search of his wife, whom he thinks left Sioux City last night with a member of Buffalo Bill's Wild West show. Hoyt made a thorough search of the show grounds, but could find no trace of his erstwhile better half, and he is of the opinion that she is being concealed by a dark-skinned member of the aggregation, in whose company she was seen last night in Sioux City.

Hoyt describes his wife as a pretty blonde and says this is the first time there has been any trouble in their home since they were married at Fort Snelling, N. D., five months ago. He is willing to take her back and forgive her.

Against Tax Ferrets.

Eldora, Aug. 7.—Twenty-one taxpayers of Hardin county, suing for themselves and all other taxpayers of the county, have brought suit in the district against C. E. Albrook, attorney, C. E. Welch, auditor, A. B. Atter and others constituting the board of supervisors, the tax ferrets and others. The petitions charges the defendants with entering into a fraudulent and collusive contract, whereby it was agreed that the county should pay defendant Albrook 15 per cent in addition to the 15 per cent fixed by law upon all sums collected upon non-assessed property discovered by the tax ferrets, and asks that the sums so paid, being something over \$6,000, be paid back to the county and that the contract be declared void and that the county officers be enjoined from making any further payments to C. E. Albrook under said contract.

Sioux City Girl's Good Fortune.

Sioux City, Aug. 7.—Miss Ivy M. Richey, scarcely 21 years of age, and until recently a clerk in a retail store at a small salary, was successful on El Reno's wheel of fortune, and she is now the possessor of a good 160-acre farm in one of the best sections of the Oklahoma country. She is the daughter of John Richey, a clerk at the Omaha freight house. She declares she will devote her attention to farming. The number of her ticket was 4,236.

Mere Bait Swallows Carbolic Acid.

Dyersville, Aug. 7.—The death of Jessie Bernhard was the final act of a tragedy beginning in the Barnhard home several days ago. A bottle of carbolic acid had been carelessly left within reach of the child. It grasped it and before the eyes of the mother, but before she could possibly reach it, swallowed the deadly poison, exclaiming as she did so, "Dood, mamma. Make baby well!"

Mysteriously Missing.

Sioux City, Aug. 9.—F. W. Merchant of Gloucester, Mass., a young man of wealthy family connections, who had been a guest at the Mondamin hotel for two weeks, mysteriously disappeared last Friday, and it is believed he took his own life. He was subject to epilepsy and was despondent. He had been expecting \$250 from Gloucester that did not come.

Drowned at Dubuque.

Dubuque, Aug. 9.—Richard Tregilgus, 45 years old, fell from a float at the boat house and was drowned. His body was recovered. His family, from whom he separated, reside in Wisconsin.

Fatally Kicked by a Horse.

Atlantic, Aug. 6.—William H. Disbrow, a prominent citizen of the county, who lived four miles northeast of town, was kicked by a vicious horse at the home of a son-in-law, James Lepner, near here, and was so seriously injured that he died as a result of the injury in a short time.

Hunter Has Top of Head Blown Off.

Manilla, Aug. 7.—While hunting near this place Ed. Beers was accidentally shot in the head by Ralph Laughlin. The whole top of Beers' head was blown off. Beers got in the way of Laughlin's gun as the latter was aiming at some partridges.

TRIFLE WAS DEFEAT.

Conductor Recovers a Stolen Watch, But the Crook Jumped From the Train.

Des Moines, Aug. 9.—Conductor Cavanaugh of the Great Western passenger south, came near catching the thief who got Geo. W. Shope's watch show day. The man was on the train when Cavanaugh asked for his fare at Churchville. The man had paid cash before that time, but being out of money, wanted the conductor to take in payment for a ride to Kansas City a gold watch. He showed the time piece to Cavanaugh, who pulled out a note book and said:

"I guess this is the watch that was stolen from my friend Shope at Des Moines Monday, but if it isn't I will pass you along."

The man waited until Cavanaugh opened the case, the ran to the platform and jumped off while the train was running about twenty miles an hour. He was not hurt, and his name was not learned.

Cavanaugh met Shope at the police headquarters by arrangement and turned over the watch. Shope says the fellow was on one side of him and a companion on the other, just as he started to board a street car, and they jostled him and picked his pockets. Conductor Cavanaugh saw the story of the pocket picking in the papers, and from that caught on to the clue that caused him to observe the man and had numerous watches and pins that he was trying to dispose of to passengers.

PETROLEUM IN IOWA.

Well Diggers Hit Six-inch Stream of Black Oil at Sioux City.

Sioux City, Aug. 6.—Twelve miles from Sioux City well diggers struck a six-inch vein of black petroleum. This is in the midst of a region where six months ago an Ohio company leased every acre possible, believing the region to be the outlet of the Wyoming oil deposits. An expert is expected from Ohio soon. Oil comes to the surface in the region where the discovery was made to such an extent that drinking water is scarce and ponds have glistened with crude oil. Two years ago boys discovered a seum on a pasture pond which was pronounced crude oil.

The strike was made in a well ninety feet deep. At that depth a stratum of blackjack was encountered, and the diggers, expecting water in it, stopped work and fitted up a pump. Six feet of water and six inches of thick black oil now stand in the well.

COLFAX FOR ELECTRIC ROAD.

Citizens of Springs City Vote Tax and Franchise.

Colfax, Aug. 8.—The Des Moines, Colfax & Eastern Electric Railway company won out in a special election held here, a proposition to vote a 3 per cent tax and a franchise carrying by a vote of 268 for the franchise and 268 for the tax. This is the road which is to extend from Des Moines to Newton, through Altoona, Colfax and Mitchellville. No difficulty was experienced in securing a tax and franchise at Newton and it is thought with the victory at Colfax there will be no trouble experienced at Mitchellville.

Gravel Crew Has Narrow Escape.

Fort Dodge, Aug. 9.—The crew on a gravel train on the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad had a narrow escape from an awful death, and only escaped after a plunge through the flames which enveloped a forty-foot trestle, which was even then tottering to its fall. As the train of eighteen heavily loaded cars, running at full speed on a down grade, turned a sharp curve in the track, they saw in front of them the blazing bridge which they must cross. There was no chance of stopping, and so Engineer Nelson opened the throttle wide and took the bridge at full speed. The supports of the bridge shook and trembled, but the train got across in safety. Conductor Hand, who was on the rear of the engine, was badly scorched.

Suicided Near Waterloo.

Waterloo, Aug. 8.—The badly decomposed body of a man which, according to paper found on the body, is that of Jack Lesley of Republic, was found on the bank of the Cedar river about two miles below this city. A landman vial by his side, with a card with the following inscription: "My name is Jack Lesley. My family live at Republic, Chickasaw county, Iowa. Please notify," plainly indicated suicide. The discovery was made by two young boys while hunting frogs. All indications point that he had been dead two months. The body was almost completely hidden by vines and weeds and was coatless.

Fire at Oskaloosa.

Oskaloosa, Aug. 6.—The plant of the Iowa Manufacturing company, of which Frank Baker is manager and principal owner, was completely destroyed by fire. As there had been no fire in the building Thursday, the origin is supposed to be incendiary. The loss will reach \$20,000, partially covered by insurance. Thirty men were employed in the works, and they will be out of employment temporarily. The building was new, having been occupied for the first time in March.

Whipped the Editor.

Sioux City, Aug. 9.—J. A. Pritchard, a well known attorney at Smithland, Iowa, gave F. L. Giles, publisher of the Oto, Iowa, Leader, a whipping because of something published in the paper, and Giles had him arrested. Mayor Butler of Smithland freed Pritchard \$10, and an appeal has been taken to the district court. The article was about the Smithland post-office. Pritchard's wife having recently resigned the postmastership.

Interurban Trolley Line.

Sioux City, Aug. 3.—The scheme of building an electrical line between this city and LeMars has advanced to the stage that the right of way is now being secured from the land owners along the way, a distance of twenty-five miles. The money for building the line has already been secured. The line will connect with the Leeds suburban line here, which is five miles long. The Leeds line belongs to the Sioux City Traction company, and this company, it is said, will be under the control of the new LeMars line. It is said the line will be completed this year.

NEWS IN GENERAL

GENERAL STRIKE ORDERED.

The Steel Workers Ordered to Stop Work August 10.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 7.—The die is cast. The battle of the giants is on in earnest, whether to ignominious defeat of one side or the other, or compromise, remains to be seen. Up to last evening it has been merely a skirmish, each side trying to find the vulnerable spot in the other's armor. Now it is different, brought about by the actual issuance by President Shaffer of the long talked of general strike order. The order was promulgated last evening, to take effect after the last turn of the mills on August 10. What the result will be no man can foretell, but judging by the expressed determination of both parties to the controversy, the battle will be waged fast and furiously. Much money will be lost, thousands upon thousands of men will be idle, great suffering is looked for, even bloodshed and death are possible and feared.

The strike call includes practically all the Amalgamated men in the United States Steel corporation's employ not now on strike. It was issued from the Amalgamated association headquarters and mailed to all Amalgamated lodge officials who are expected to call their men into the strike.

The order is expected to swell the number of idle men to over 100,000 at the end of the week. President Shaffer was asked if the call was not intended to go to the union men in the Carnegie Steel company. He said he would answer no questions on that score. The Amalgamated association has lodges in the upper and lower union mills of the Carnegie Steel company, and a foothold in the Homestead, Braddock mills, the great bulwark to non-unionism. In conformity to statements that have been made by President Shaffer before, these men will be expected to join the strike, as will all Amalgamated men and sympathizers in all plants of the United States Steel corporation. The other companies of the steel corporation not mentioned by the Amalgamated president and whose operations the association will seek to hamper are the American Steel & Wire company and the American Bridge company. In the wire company the Amalgamated association has only lodges in the Cleveland Rolling mill plant and the Joliet Rod mill plant of the company. The former is now idle.

In the plants of the American Bridge company there is no organization of the men. The outside men handling and erecting the work of the American Bridge company are organized as the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron workers. They are not affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

GUNBOAT SENT TO COLON.

War Department Deems It Needful That a Vessel Should Be There.

Washington, Aug. 9.—An order has been issued by the acting secretary of the navy for the gunboat Machias, now at the Boston navy yard, to proceed without delay to Hampton Roads and there to prepare for departure to Colon, near the eastern terminus of the Panama railway.

At the navy department it is explained that this movement has been ordered with a view of having the Machias take observations in the vicinity of the isthmus. In announcing the action of the department it was officially stated that "it is deemed needful that a United States war vessel be in that vicinity at this time."

The order to the Machias followed a conference held at the navy department with Acting Secretary of State Adee and Acting Secretary of the Navy Hackett. Mr. Adee had a dispatch from Consul General stating that the revolutionists had held up a train for an hour at Maraciti, on the line of the railway across the isthmus, and only about fifteen miles from Panama City. While this was not regarded as threatening an interruption of traffic or giving any ground for intervention by the United States, yet it was deemed advisable by the officials that one of our ships should be in the neighborhood in order that suitable observations could be made and steps taken to meet any serious emergency that might arise. For the present officials do not believe there will be any need of landing marines. The commander of the Machias, Lieutenant Commander Mason Sergeant, is regarded as an officer of tact and ability, and, besides this, he has had recent experience in West Indian waters, having been in command of the Scorpion when she made her recent trip to La Guayra to keep watch on American interests in Venezuela.

The Machias is a gunboat of 1,177 tons displacement, with twin screws and good steam capacity. She has eight four-inch guns in her main battery, six rapid fire and one automatic gun. Her run to the isthmus depends somewhat on the length of her stay at Hampton Roads, but it is believed she will be ready to proceed with little or no delay, in which case the trip will take about ten days or two weeks.

Iowa College of Law.

Thorough 3-year law course. Expenses low. Six instructors. Degree and admission to the bar. Term opens September 10, 1901. For a special catalogue write the secretary, P. S. McNutt, Des Moines, Iowa.

One-fifth of the married couples of France are childless.

Many Rebels in Cape Colony.

London, Aug. 3.—The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Mail places the strength of the Boers in Cape Colony between 7,000 and 8,000 men, almost all of whom are rebels. The Daily Mail contrasts this with the official statement long ago that there were only 1,000. "The colonial authorities," the correspondent continues, "have just awakened to the possibility that the last shot in the war may be fired in Cape Colony, and unless vigorous efforts are put forth there is nothing to prevent the Boers from holding out another twelve months."

WOOD'S ENTRY TO BE FOUGHT.

Citizens of Lawton Accuse Him of Violating Homestead Law.

Kansas City, Aug. 9.—A special to the Star from Ft. Sill, O. T., says: Calvert of Guthrie, O. T., one of the oldest established attorneys in the territory, has filed contest papers at the local land office against the entry made by James R. Woods, the winner of the first number in the Lawton district land lottery. According to the government plan, two claims were made to adjoint the southern part of the Lawton town site. This was considered the most valuable land in the whole county thrown open to settlement, and in filing Woods claimed 160 acres running the entire length of the town site. This shut out Miss Mattie Beals, the Wichita, Kan., telephone girl, who won No. 2 on the lottery, and who was thus compelled to file on a claim of much less value. Five hundred Lawton business men have signed the contest papers, which recite that Woods violated both the spirit and letter of the homestead act.

MACARTHUR'S REPORT.

Covers Period From October 1 Last Year to July 4.

Washington, Aug. 9.—The annual report of Major General MacArthur, dated July 4, 1901, the day that he relinquished command of the division of the Philippines, has been received at the war department. The period covered by the report is from October 1, 1900, when the last report from General MacArthur was dated. He reviews the policy of the Filipinos who were hostile to the Americans, saying that their action since the practical collapse of the insurrection has been a perplexing problem. With the disbandment of the insurgent field armies, the Filipinos organized desperate resistance by banding the people together in support of the guerrillas. This was carried out by means of secret committees, who collected contributions, inflicted punishment and carried on a considerable opposition to the Americans. General MacArthur reviews the manner in which operations were carried on against the guerrillas, and says he hopes the policy adopted will in time conciliate the natives and make them friendly. The education of the people in times past made them suspicious of any governmental beneficence, and they evidently looked upon the lenient attitude of the United States as indicating weakness. General MacArthur says the proclamation issued on December 20, firmly declaring the intention of the United States to hold the islands and to have the laws obeyed, had a good effect and the secret resistance was abated.

A considerable portion of the report is devoted to the field operations of the army, showing that on October 1, 1900, it occupied 413 stations, which was of necessity increased to 502 stations, every command being in contact with some hostile force. He speaks of the good service of the army, and says as a result of the co-operation between the army and the people, who have accepted the invitation to combine for mutual protection, the armed insurrection is almost suppressed.

General MacArthur gives the following statistics from May 3, 1900, to June 30, 1901, (during which time there were 1,025 contacts between American troops and insurgents), which show the casualties on both sides:

Americans—Killed, 245; wounded, 490; captured, 188; missing, 20.

Insurgents—Killed, 2,854; wounded, 1,193; captured, 6,572; surrendered, 23,095.

During the same period the following material was captured or surrendered from the insurgents: Rifles, 15,693; rifle ammunition, 296,365 rounds; revolvers, 868; bolos, 3,516; cannon, 122; cannon ammunition, 1,270 rounds.

At the date of the present report there was no embodied rebel force in Luzon above the Pasig river. In the department of Visayas all was pacified, including the island of Samar, and in the department of Mindanao and Jolo all the rebels had submitted and been disarmed. In southern Luzon disorders still continued in several provinces, but were diminished in force. Serious questions will arise from time to time, General MacArthur says, in Mindanao and Jolo, the adjustment of which will depend largely upon facts and knowledge of Moro character.

General MacArthur says that "in due time and beyond any question, if beneficent republican institutions are permitted to operate with full force, the Filipino people will become warmly attached to the United States by a sense of self-interest and gratitude. In the meantime the molding force in the islands must be a well organized army and navy. Anything in the immediate future calculated to impede the activity, or reduce the efficiency of these instruments, will not only be a menace to the present, but put in jeopardy the entire future of American possibilities in the archipelago."

Howison Appointed.

Washington, Aug. 7.—Rear Admiral Henry L. Howison has been selected to fill the vacancy on the Schley court of inquiry, caused by the inability of Rear Admiral Kimberly to serve. Admiral Howison's name is one of the several officers whom Admiral Schley notified the department was satisfactory to him. The appointment is also satisfactory to Captain Parker, Admiral Schley's assistant counsel.

British Arm Natives.

London, Aug. 3.—A correspondent of the Daily News, whose name the paper reserves, says:

"We have deliberately armed the natives. I have seen scores of them with rifles and bandoliers. Once I traveled in a train which carried two truck loads of armed blacks in complete khaki get up. They are constantly to be seen. One's friends tell one, about Kimberley and to the north of that town. Armed kaffirs have been allowed to attack people on their farms in Bechuanaland, in parts of the Transvaal and in the vicinity of Mafeking."

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL

Des Moines, August 9, 1901.

Governor Shaw has made the award of money offered by Gov. Francis M. Drake in 1897 for the capture of the murderer or murderers of Mary Gillfillin, who was killed in Clarke county on December 26, 1896. The case has been hanging fire on account of the claims of several parties for the money offered for the reward. The governor divided the \$250 between the claimants as follows: To Marion F. King of Cambridge, Story county, Iowa, \$150; to W. A. Swearingen of Berlin, Ore. county, Nebraska, \$100. The third claimant was W. D. Wheeler, sheriff of Cass county, Nebraska.

A clever gang of counterfeiters is working Des Moines and has thus far baffled the detectives. The "graffiti" is the raising of \$1 bills to "Ives." The Home savings bank was the first victim to report the operations of the gang to the detectives, but it is believed there are other cases. The person or persons doing the work is clever and is evidently educated for his style of crime. So far as has been learned he has confined his operations to the raising of one-dollar bills, but there may be larger counterfeiters. The figure "1" in the upper left hand corner of the bill is covered by a delicate green paper, the shade of the bill. Over this is stenciled a figure "5." The same process is followed on other corners of the bill and in the center is stenciled a large letter "V." The one way of detecting the bogus nature of the bill is in the printed word "one dollar," which is not altered by the counterfeiter. This is in small type, however, and not one person in a dozen will detect it unless expecting something of the kind.

"The negro problem in the south is not yet settled. In less than three years there will be another mighty convulsion. Already I can hear the low rumblings in the distance. The south is going to disfranchise the negro and do it at any cost. They are doing it now. South Carolina has begun the movement and other states will follow as rapidly as possible. The north is standing idly by and saying, 'Go ahead, disfranchise the negro if you can do it lawfully, and if you can't do it lawfully, do it anyway.' The above utterances were made by Senator Benjamin R. Tillman of South Carolina in his commencement day address to the graduates at Highland Park college. His subject was 'The Race Problem from a Southern Standpoint.'

Secretary G. H. Van Houten of the state department of agriculture has written a letter to the Orange Judd Farmers, in which he gives a summary of his observations on the crops of the state. Mr. Van Houten's estimates are based on close observation in his extensive traveling about Iowa. He estimates that the yield of merchantable corn for Iowa will be 40 per cent of an average crop. Pastures, he says, are in the worst condition they have been in since 1894.

Members of the state board of control have returned from Cherokee, where they have been inspecting the work on the new hospital building being erected at that place. They are much pleased with the character of the buildings and report that the outbuildings will rival in beauty the main structure and that this institution will be one of the best hospitals for the insane in the United States. There are now over 200 men working on the buildings and 150 are stopping at one boarding house which has been set up on the grounds. The board is anxious to hasten the work and will employ all the men it can get.

The work of grading the first eighteen miles of the Interurban company's road to Nevada has been commenced and large forces are at work in the vicinity of Ankeny throwing up the grade. It is

CUMMINS NOMINATED

Herriott Withdraws and Is Nominated for Lieutenant-Governor.

The Cummins Forces Were in Complete Control of the Convention and Won Out on Every Contest—Weaver, Brown and Barrett Complete the Ticket.

Cedar Rapids, Aug. 8.—The Cummins forces were in complete control of the republican state convention and nominated candidates of their choice. Before the convention convened the Cummins forces had been drawn so clearly as to demonstrate to Mr. Herriott and his delegates that their cause was hopeless, and following the loss of a large number of delegates who had declared their intention of voting for Cummins Mr. Herriott announced his withdrawal.



HON. A. B. CUMMINS.

commended the seating of the Cummins delegations from Carroll and Jackson counties. The latter report was finally adopted by a vote of 845 to 705, showing that the Cummins forces had won the first fight.

State Chairman Weaver called the convention to order at 11:30 o'clock and introduced Rev. S. B. McCormick, president of Coe college, who invoked the divine blessing. Chairman Weaver then read the call for the convention. The jubilee singers of Chicago were introduced by Chairman Weaver and proved a strong attraction.

Chairman Weaver announced as temporary chairman of the convention, Hon. James C. Davis of Keokuk. A long discussion of this country's course in Cuba and of the consequences together with a description of what has been done in Porto Rico and the Philippines stirred the delegates to a considerable degree of enthusiasm. This was greatly increased when he turned his attention to America's commercial and industrial development and stated that this country has started upon a peaceful conquest of the world through trade and commerce. When he later referred to Iowa's two senators and the distinguished position they occupy, there was repeated cheering and shouts from the floor. Mr. Davis spoke for a little over thirty minutes and closed with an appeal to the delegates for party harmony, unity and loyalty after the nominations had been made.

His address followed: "The republican party, in considering the momentous events which have occurred in the last four years, has much cause for self-congratulation, and may be pardoned if it indulges in just a little self-glorification. The people of the present who have witnessed recent great events, and in a humble way have been factors in shaping their course, have in many instances failed to appreciate their importance, or the great influence of this nation. The nineteenth century marked the close of the old order of affairs. The twentieth century marks a new epoch in the life of the republic. The years of the century have been given to the intellectual development of our nation, which nature with such lavish prodigality has enriched with an infinite variety of climate and products, and to which she has given a boundless reservoir, and have marked a growth, progress and prosperity heretofore unequalled in the history of the world—a growth from a weak, struggling and experimental republic of six or seven millions, to a proud, strong, imperious and permanent nation of seventy-seven millions of active, energetic and patriotic people. The new century opens with a new life, new fields to be occupied and new problems of government. There is a destiny that shapes the course of nations as of individuals. There is an irresistible logic of events which determines the course of nations as of men, and which Providence has marked out a line of conduct, human opposition becomes puny and futile. The details of the great events of the last four years are familiar to all, and their recital would be wearisome. Having inaugurated a war for a just cause—its justice no party had ever disputed or denied—the duties which were incident to it could not be evaded or escaped. Two courses were open to this government. By adopting one of these it would act the part of a craven who in the face of danger would shrink his responsibilities, or the still more despicable part of the selfish and cowardly cynic, who is willing to be counted that his less fortunate neighbors are starve or die. This, to a large extent, is the democratic view. It was the course cowardly abandonment. The other course recognized the responsibilities which inseparably connected with prosperity power, recognized the duties which

the American people owed to humanity and the world recognized the unsurpassed opportunities offered. This course the republican party followed, and with courage, fortitude, wisdom and statesmanship, manfully went to work to solve difficult problems and triumph over great obstacles. No administration has ever had such difficult problems to meet and master. No administration has ever solved great questions with more courage, wisdom and statesmanship. It is safe to say that no mistakes have been made. And what great achievements have been accomplished. The recent decisions of the United States supreme court was a great victory for the present administration, and sustained its theory and gave the common sense construction to the powers of this government under the constitution that land may be acquired by conquest and purchase, that such territory when so acquired is subject to legislative control by congress, and does not by the mere vesting of title and control become an integral part of the United States; and that the inhabitants of such territory do not become American citizens in the sense that they are entitled to all the rights and privileges accorded to the citizens of the several states.



HON. WEBB BYERS.

"But in the pride of achievement we must not forget that our party and the nation are beset with many great and perplexing problems, upon the correct solution of which depends our future progress and the success of the nation. We are called for courage, wisdom and statesmanship of a high order.

"There is one proposition upon which the republican party and the American people seem to be practically unanimous, and that is that there should be speedily constructed an isthmian canal, a great artery for ocean commerce which will bring San Francisco into close relation with Liverpool, and the harbors of the Atlantic into close connection with the ports of the far east, and make a short and safe waterway for the interchange of commerce between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts. But this canal when constructed must be upon soil owned or absolutely controlled by the American government, a canal built with American money, in time of peace open, on equal and liberal terms, to the commerce of the world; in time of war fortified at both entrances by American guns, manned by American gunners.

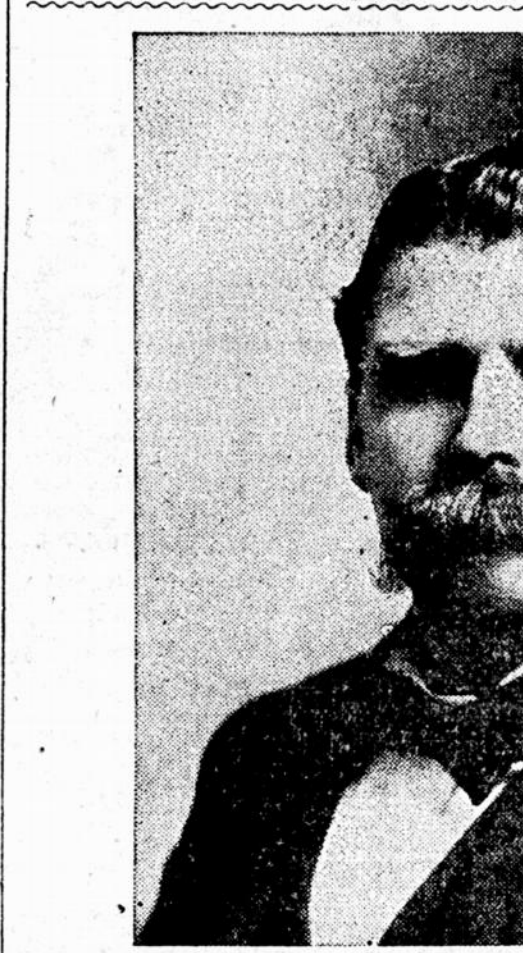
"This is an age of consolidation. The commercial and financial world is in a stage of evolution. Labor and capital, the



JUDGE S. M. WEAVER.

two factors which stand for so much in the growth of nations and communities, are combining themselves into compact and powerful organizations. Labor in many of the departments of manufacturing and skilled work is organized so that the average prices of the necessities and comforts of life grow cheaper. Legislation may be necessary upon the subject of great aggregations of capital, and when these organizations become a menace to the ordinary citizen and to the consumer, prompt and specific control and regulation by this government, under properly enacted laws must follow. A vigorous outcry against combinations of capital will not avail. The right to produce and manufacture upon an

extensive scale is too vital to the continued prosperity of this country to be jeopardized. Our dual form of government, wherein the federal government is limited to powers expressly conferred and the state governments limited to the control of matters strictly internal and not interstate, adds to the complication. Before decisive measures can be followed we must have the light of some experience. The natural laws of trade must be given a chance to regulate the commercial world, but where abuses appear the people of America can safely trust the republican party—which has been the only party since its existence which has inaugurated and carried out any legislative measures of reform—fearlessly and with courage to give the people all the relief and protection which the laws afford and to stand between these great organizations and oppression of any sort or degree. The present unexampled prosperity of our land is directly the result of that republican doctrine of protection to American manufacturers and American labor, which in connection with a policy of reciprocity, has opened to American manufacturers the markets of the world. As was recently said by a prominent republican in this state: "We are out in the world now, looking for trade. We must give and take, live and let live, grant favors to those who grant favors to us." In other words, supplement protection with reciprocity, giving reasonable consideration to those who give it to us. The doctrine of protection has no hard and fast rules. Different conditions call for different measures of relief, and as production cheapens and foreign markets are invaded, the tariff can and will be altered or abolished, as may be necessary to enable the American people to attain the highest possible degree of prosperity, always having in mind that no law will be enacted which will in anywise destroy the solution of which there were no precedents, and which involved the peace and prosperity of the American people. The question has not been solved with honesty and sincerity of purpose, and with such an exhibition of judgment, judicial consideration and wise statesmanship as the republicans of this country are to stand today the one prominent factor in this blessed period of prosperity, head and shoulders above his fellows, and his administration will go down to posterity as one of the great administrations of this country. His name inseparably linked with the great presidents with Washington, with Lincoln and with Grant.



HON. JOHN HERRIOTT.

commerce in American vessels. The great responsibilities that have rested upon the present administration, questions new and of supreme and controlling importance—questions of the solution of which there were no precedents, and which involved the peace and prosperity of the American people. The question has not been solved with honesty and sincerity of purpose, and with such an exhibition of judgment, judicial consideration and wise statesmanship as the republicans of this country are to stand today the one prominent factor in this blessed period of prosperity, head and shoulders above his fellows, and his administration will go down to posterity as one of the great administrations of this country. His name inseparably linked with the great presidents with Washington, with Lincoln and with Grant.

But this convention at this time has no special duty to perform in connection with national politics. Our great interest centers in the welfare of our own fair state of Iowa. Iowa! what a responsive chord that name strikes in the breast of every one of her patriotic and loyal sons. Iowa—a beautiful land—an inland empire, bounded, upon either side, by two mighty and majestic rivers, nature's regulators of commerce, capable, should necessity require, of carrying upon their ample bosoms the commerce of the great Mississippi valley to the cities of the sea. The fact that an all-wise Providence has not given us the usual generous yield of the fruits of the earth does not dishearten the farmers of Iowa, nor detract from their splendid courage. For so many years have they been developing and increasing their resources, and have responded with generous prodigality to the industry of the husbandman that we have a reserve of riches to withstand some reverses, and Iowa, in her normal condition, in time of harvest presents a scene as fair as imagination can picture, with fields of golden grain reaching from horizon to horizon, that have submitted to the hand of the harvester—fields of growing corn, that staple Iowa product, "reaching its proud tassels toward the light of day, and to meet the dawn," bounded in extent only by the limit of human vision—a veritable garden of Eden, possessed by a happy, prosperous and contented people. With a brief

glance at Iowa history at this time be inappropriate? Admitted as a state into the union in 1846, with an insignificant population of but little more than 100,000 people, confined largely to the shores of the streams and rivers, the great, growing and the powerful northwest an unbroken prairie, she has grown by leaps and bounds until her population now numbers 2,231,853. No great city or populous center controls the political affairs of this state. We have no opulently rich to oppress, nor have we the desperately poor to claim our sympathy in their distress; but we seem to have realized the prayer of the prophet when he said, "Give me neither poverty nor riches." An Iowa delegate convention, coming as it does in fairly equal proportions from all quarters of the state, truly represents the feelings and the desires of our people. Our material growth would seem to exceed the highest flights of imagination. The free education of her children is the greatest gift a state can bestow upon her people, for education is power; and Iowa gives to each of her children a liberal education, free as the air they breathe. The per cent of illiteracy in Iowa is but three and five-tenths. We have in this state 13,861 school houses containing 18,381 school rooms presided over by 28,789 teachers, with an enrollment of 506,223 bright, promising boys and girls. The institutions wherein we care for our unfortunate, the blind, the deaf, the dumb, the insane and the incorrigible, are all that science, wealth and humanity can suggest and produce. The value of Iowa farm lands in 1895 was \$1,088,003,068. The annual value of farm products in 1900 was \$229,803,030. The corn crop in 1900 aggregated 353,365,000 bushels. The other cereals, wheat, oats, rye, barley and flax, 17,475,000 bushels. The value of live stock, cattle and swine, \$138,000,000. The amount of butter produced in the state, 175,000,000 pounds, valued at more than \$37,000,000. Truly we are a nation of farmers, and are proud of it. When my friend, Lafe Young, or any other Iowa editor, asks in the columns of his newspaper, "What's the matter with Iowa?" let the farmers of this state rise in unison and say, "What's the matter with Iowa? Nothing's the matter with Iowa; she's all right!" Did you ever hear of an Iowa bond being on the market?

which it has exhibited in state affairs; and its record in the past has set a high standard for its conduct in the future. We are all republicans. We are republicans upon principle. We are republicans because we believe that the history of our people's party in the past is a promise of its performance in the future. We are republicans because in the last forty years it has been the party of progress, because it is the party that has stood for commercial honor, for the sanctity of our contracts at home and abroad; because it has believed in and stood for the equal rights of all men. When this convention adjourns, let us all stand for unity and loyalty. Let us all be republicans. Let there be no "Indians from the headwaters of the 'Cooch,'" but steadfast, earnest, loyal republicans, standing shoulder to shoulder, and united in heart and action, let us rally to another Iowa republican victory, and keep our beloved state in the lead, where she belongs, carrying the banner of republicanism, which stands for progress, for liberty and for the equality of men.

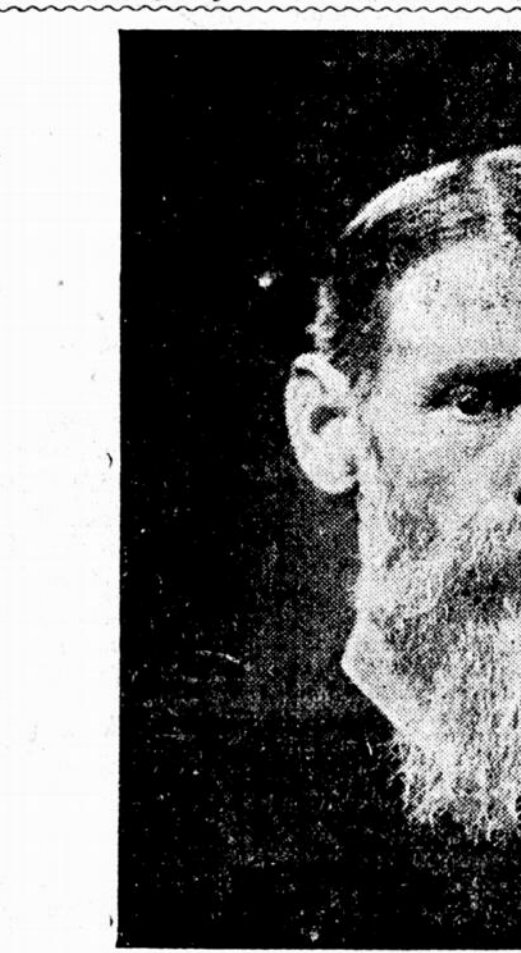


HON. ED C. BROWN.

Do you know of any warrants issued by the state of Iowa in the hands of the money changers, or in the hands of any bank or other institution? The last report of the state treasurer shows available funds in excess of \$1,000,000. Can we conceive of a more splendid showing of material prosperity than our state can make? To what can these incomparable results be attributed? The state of Iowa, during almost all the prosperous years of her history, has been under the continuous control and direction of the republican party. From the great war governor elected in 1861 down to the present able, conscientious and patriotic executive, with the exception of two short terms when the republicans of Iowa went away into idleness and followed after false gods, the state has been under the guidance of republican governors and republican legislatures. Has not the party a right to be proud of its statesmanship?

But the products of Iowa in which we take our greatest pride are our splendid men and beautiful women. Have you ever contemplated the controlling influence the state of Iowa exercises in national affairs? Go to the more turbulent and democratic body, the house of representatives, and ask which member of that body exercises the greatest power and influence upon legislation, and you will be told that the member of that body who controls its legislation, at whose beck and nod laws are enacted or prevented, and who in many instances wields more power than the president himself, is a gallant and popular son of Iowa. Our representatives in congress, individually and as a delegation, are the equal in influence, power and wisdom of any other body in the cabinet of the president sits a son of Iowa whose energy and discretion in the conduct of his department is winning for him the praise and commendation of his countrymen. In the diplomatic service Iowa has furnished many great names, and positions on the bench, in presidential cabinets, in the army and navy have been filled with honor by illustrious men from this, our prosperous and beautiful state. We, the largest and the republican party of Iowa may rest with pride and satisfaction upon its record in the past, and fearlessly challenge scrutiny or criticism from its adversaries in the splendid management

management as will protect the individual and society from abuse of the power which great combinations of capital wield. We favor such amendment of the interstate commerce act as will more fully carry out the policy of reciprocity, and the rate making, and any modification of the tariff schedules that may be required to prevent their affording shelter to monopoly. That the republican party will seek faithfully to guard the interests of all the people, to develop the resources of this country for the common welfare, to levy the necessary taxation without bias or favor and to secure that just recognition of the rights of every individual under which all find security and prosperity together. That we voice the pride of Iowa in the prestige won for the state by its senators and representatives in congress. The character of the delegation, the important positions held upon the standing committees, the long and distinguished careers of the older members, have acquired for the state an influence in the legislation in the country greatly to be prized. We take special pride in the elevation of an Iowa member to the post of speaker of the house of representatives and the discharge of the duties of that high office by David B. Henderson. We endorse the record of the house of representatives and the discharge of the duties of that high office by David B. Henderson. We hold in highest esteem the ability, services and influence of our distinguished senators, William B. Allison and Jonathan P. Doolittle, and the records they have made and heartily favor their reelection at the hands of the general assembly to be chosen this fall. We endorse with pride the administration of affairs in Iowa during forty years of almost uninterrupted republican rule. It is a record of energy and faithful management which will bear comparison with the government of any other state. We particularly commend and endorse the administration of Governor Shaw. It has been eminently practical and successful, while his discussion before the people of the great questions in national politics made him a justly a leader of national influence and renown. He will leave the executive chair having reflected honor upon the state and bearing the confidence and regard of its people.



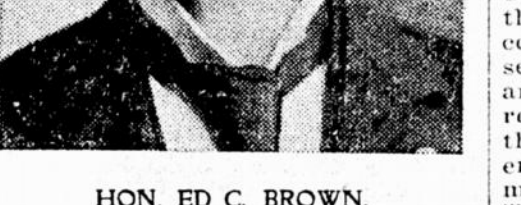
HON. JOHN HERRIOTT.

on credentials. Senator Healy read the minority report, seating the Cummins delegates. After a lengthy debate the minority report was adopted as stated previously and the Cummins men seated.

George M. Curtis announced that the committee on permanent organization had selected H. M. Byers of Shelby county for permanent chairman; A. M. McCall of Dallas, for secretary; H. C. Lounsbury of Marshall, W. A. Follette of Cass and L. C. Sutherland of Polk, for assistant secretaries; and E. R. Hutchins of Polk, E. M. Wilkins of Appanoose and Sherman Meyers of Cass, for reading secretaries. The report was adopted.

Mr. Byers was escorted to the platform. He said: Gentlemen: I thank you for the honor of presiding over this convention. To succeed the past speaker of the house of representatives and the discharge of the duties of that high office by David B. Henderson. We hold in highest esteem the ability, services and influence of our distinguished senators, William B. Allison and Jonathan P. Doolittle, and the records they have made and heartily favor their reelection at the hands of the general assembly to be chosen this fall.

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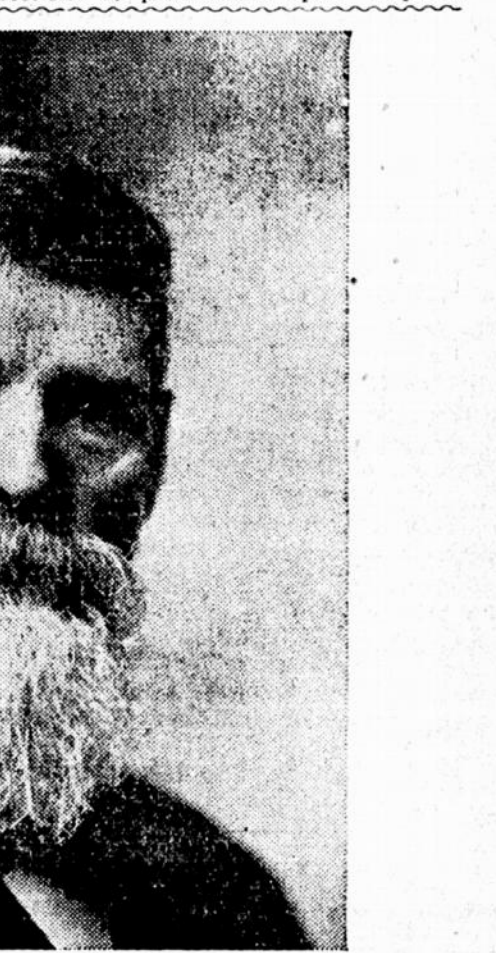
HON. ED C. BROWN.

the assistance of every member of this body, then you will give me your hearty co-operation. This is the largest republican convention ever assembled in any state. Iowa is the greatest and the safest republican state in the union. The ticket named today will be elected by the largest majority in the history of Iowa. The people are on tiptoe to know who their standard bearers are to be. They shall not be kept waiting long. What is your pleasure?

Chairman Byers announced the report of the committee on resolutions, which was read by George E. Roberts of Fort Dodge. Mr. Roberts, before beginning reading, said the platform represented the unanimous action of the committee. The platform follows:

Resolved, by the republicans of Iowa in assembly: That we express our gratification over the endorsement given to the administration of President McKinley by the decisive majorities of last year and rejoice in the manifold benefits resulting to the country from his re-election. It has inspired new confidence to the business world, and the broad authority in our new possessions and strengthened the position of this country before the world. That we congratulate the people of the country upon the enjoyment of a state of prosperity that blesses every class and community, our products after providing for the comfort of our people, are known in no other land, overflowing all markets and creating trade balances that are the amazement of the world. The results of growing wealth and of a wise financial policy are seen in the reduction of interest rates and the expansion of industry, while the demand for labor in every financial field

is imperative and the only workers out of employment are those seeking to better their condition. That we stand with satisfaction and approval the work of the fifty-sixth congress, its action for the reduction of taxation and its constructive legislation give effect to the party declarations of 1896 and 1900. We would emphasize our endorsement of its action in more firmly establishing our monetary system upon a gold basis, and in providing for civil government in Porto Rico and the Philippines, and for the relinquishment of our authority in Cuba. The policy of this government toward these islands has followed inevitably upon our expulsion of the authority of Spain. It has been dictated by the conditions entirely consistent with the spirit within the provisions of the constitution, and the paramount consideration has been to secure the lasting welfare of the people whose fortunes and destinies have become in a large degree dependent upon us. The fact that our authority there is the result of a war waged not for our aggrandizement, but in the name of humanity, must forever govern and inspire our relations to them. That we are earnestly opposed to all legislation designed to accomplish the disfranchisement of citizens upon lines of race, color or station of life, and condemn the measures adopted by the democratic party in certain states of the union to accomplish that end. That we stand by the historic policy of the republican party in giving protection to home industries and point for its ample vindication to the extraordinary rapidity with which our nation's resources have been developed and our industrial and financial independence secured. We favor such changes in the tariff from time to time as become judiciously through the progress of our industries and their changing relations to the commerce of the world. We endorse the policy of reciprocity as the national complement of protection and urge its development as necessary to the realization of our highest commercial possibilities. That we assert the sovereignty of the people over all corporations and aggregations of capital and the right of the people to enforce such regulations and restrictions or prohibitions upon corporate



HON. JOHN HERRIOTT.

management as will protect the individual and society from abuse of the power which great combinations of capital wield. We favor such amendment of the interstate commerce act as will more fully carry out the policy of reciprocity, and the rate making, and any modification of the tariff schedules that may be required to prevent their affording shelter to monopoly. That the republican party will seek faithfully to guard the interests of all the people, to develop the resources of this country for the common welfare, to levy the necessary taxation without bias or favor and to secure that just recognition of the rights of every individual under which all find security and prosperity together. That we voice the pride of Iowa in the prestige won for the state by its senators and representatives in congress. The character of the delegation, the important positions held upon the standing committees, the long and distinguished careers of the older members, have acquired for the state an influence in the legislation in the country greatly to be prized. We take special pride in the elevation of an Iowa member to the post of speaker of the house of representatives and the discharge of the duties of that high office by David B. Henderson. We endorse the record of the house of representatives and the discharge of the duties of that high office by David B. Henderson. We hold in highest esteem the ability, services and influence of our distinguished senators, William B. Allison and Jonathan P. Doolittle, and the records they have made and heartily favor their reelection at the hands of the general assembly to be chosen this fall.

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Chairman Byers announced the next business would be the roll call for the nominations for governor. By common consent the roll call for presentation of candidates was omitted, and the main business attacked directly. The first ballot resulted in the nomination of Cummins for governor by the following vote: Cummins 860½, Conger 42, Harriman 359, Trewin 369½, Mahon 2, Herriott 8.

Colonel Stewart of Allamakee, manager for Trewin, arose and moved that the nomination of Mr. Cummins be made unanimous. The motion was quickly seconded by Raymond of Franklin in behalf of Harriman. Carried. A committee was appointed to bring Mr. Cummins to the platform.

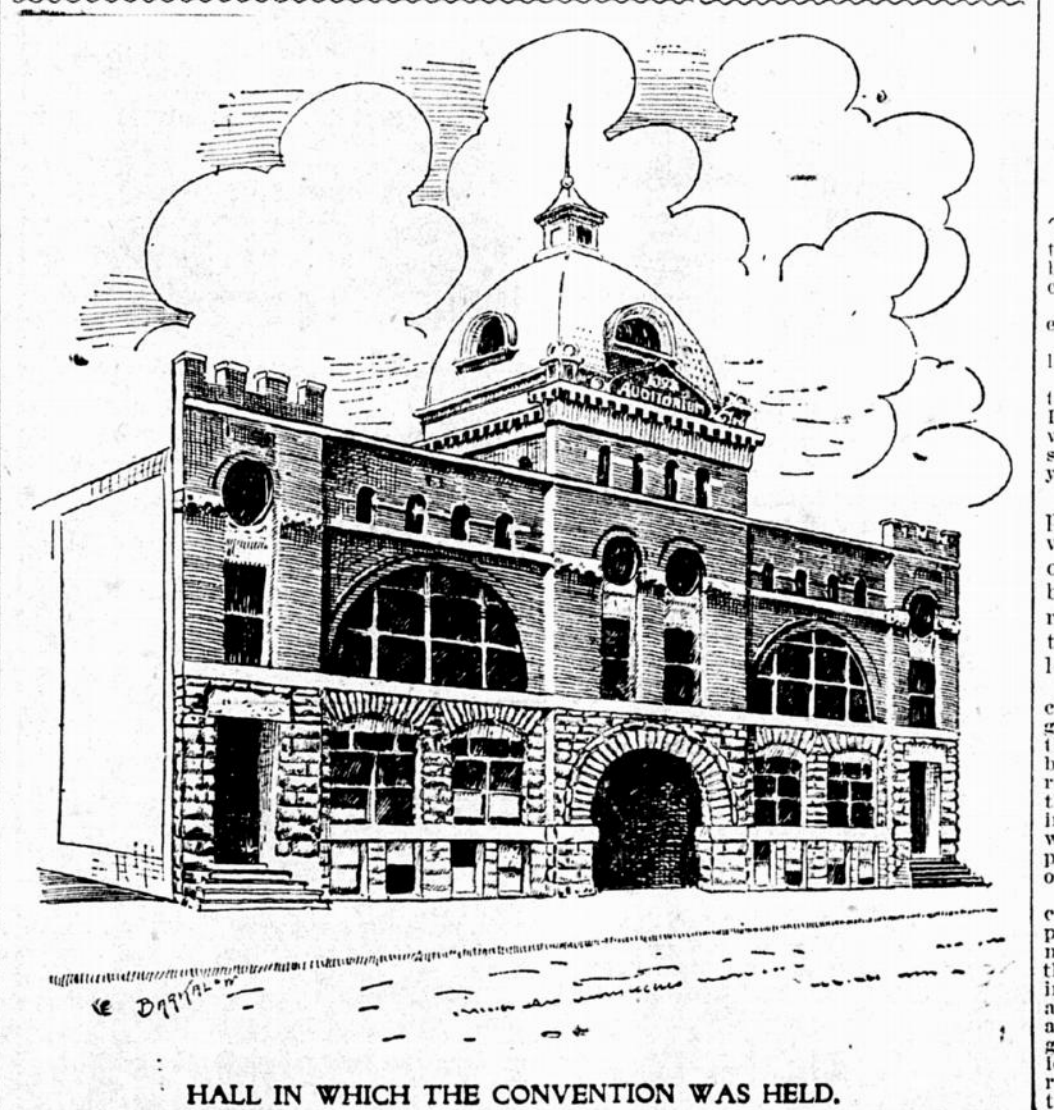
Two ballots were required to nominate for lieutenant governor. On the first ballot Herriott received 775, Brant 664½, Klemme 178 and Harriman 12½. It was evident the tide had turned strongly against Brant. The Cummins committee, attached to the whole of his support came from the opposition. On the second ballot and anti-Cummins lines, Herriott receiving 852, Brant 783 and Klemme 6.

Weaver was named for supreme judge on the second ballot. On the first ballot Weaver had 800 votes, Townner 424, Dewey 284 and Bishop 128. On the second ballot the vote was: Weaver 1,039, Townner 543, Dewey 50, Bishop 9.

For railroad commissioner E. C. Brown defeated Welcome Mowry on the first ballot by a vote of 854 to 787.

On motion of Lafe Young R. C. Barrett was nominated for superintendent of public instruction by acclamation.

The convention adjourned shortly before 9 o'clock.



HALL IN WHICH THE CONVENTION WAS HELD.

Iowa State Bystander.

By BYSTANDER PUB. CO.

DES MOINES, IOWA

FORECAST OF FASHIONS.

A schu effect of Hamburg is pretty on a wash frock.

Lawn collars with colored borders are the latest fad.

Very long waisted effects are now the fashion for small children.

Black grenadines, both plain and figured, are offered in great varieties.

A popular style of trimming for the street and everyday hat is the draped silk scarf.

Gainsborough and Duchess of Devonshire hats appear among the high-priced millinery.

Rich, dull black is exceedingly becoming to golden-haired, fair-complexioned women.

Embroidered pongees appear beautiful in the excellence of their fiber and needlework design.

Costly netted fringes add greatly to the grace of the sweeping, clinging gowns of soft fabrics.

Long, unlined sleeves are again the mode of evening gowns. They are made long over the hands.

Entire gowns of crape for either the street or the house are exceedingly handsome, and always becoming.

Plaited and flounced skirts will be worn the entire summer season for morning, afternoon and evening.

French challis and sheer nun's veiling are two very favorite materials in the preparing of the summer outfit.

Black and white is perhaps the most favored combination of the season, and some lovely effects are to be seen in simple materials.

All waists have a becoming fullness at the front and skirts are extra full at the bottom. Puff effects are also noticeable on the sleeves.

Striking-looking parasols are those made of silk of broad pronounced stripes, running around the upper part of the parasol, while the lower part is of chiffon and silk.

Mercerized satens, which very closely resemble satin foulard, and soft silk and linen mixtures in dainty colorings, striped, dotted, and plain of surface, are among the favored materials for shirt waists for morning wear this spring.

HAPPY TIT-BITS.

"Poor Matie, her marriage was a disappointment." "Was it?" "Oh, yes; she didn't get half the nice presents she counted on."

"You are not addicted to any kind of athletics, are you?" "Athletics?" "Gracious man, I earn a good living for a family of seven."

"The doctor says I must go away for a change of climate," said Mrs. Dukane. "If that's all you need," replied Dukane, "stay right here, and the change of climate will come to you."

"Wait a minute," she said to the young man. Now, the young man, being a wise party, immediately went to the telephone and told his friends he would possibly be with them in two hours.

Mistress-Bridget I am tired of your carelessness. Only look at all that dust lying about on the furniture; it is six months old at the very least. Maid (very dignified)—Then it is no fault of mine. You know, very well, mum, that I have been with you only three months.

WHAT THE LAW DECIDES.

A loan made to a married woman on her credit, although she gave notes therefor payable to her husband, which are void, is held in National bank vs. Tyndale (Mass.), 51 L. R. A. 447, to sustain an action at law against her estate upon the common counts for money lent or money had and received.

Bona-fide residence of the plaintiff in a suit for divorce is held, in Bell vs. Bell, U. S. Adv. Sheets 551, to be necessary to give jurisdiction of a suit for a divorce against a resident of another state, and a recital of facts necessary to give jurisdiction is held not to be conclusive on the courts of another state.

Actual notice of proceedings for divorce in a court of the state which has always been the domicile is held, in Atherton vs. Atherton, U. S. Adv. Sheets 544, not to be necessary to bind a non-resident defendant if reasonable efforts to give her actual notice are required by the state statutes and are actually made.

ODDS AND ENDS.

There are now fifty-eight factories, with 250,000 horse-power in the French Alps.

The number of Japanese at present living in the United States is estimated at 35,000.

The population of the German empire includes 3,000,000 who use the Polish language.

The Neodesha (Kas.) Register has a report of a shale bed that shows the prints of horses' feet, shod.

In New Hampshire the state government pays a bounty on dead grasshoppers at the rate of \$1 a bushel.

"Tartar" morocco is the leather of which the new card cases and purses are made. The colors are delicate and artistic.

Although the letter carriers have been ordered to wear shirt waists, they are not forbidden to deliver mail in wrappers.

KANSAS CITY KARNIVAL KREWE FAIR ASS'N

Great Fair, Races and Exposition at Kansas City, Mo., Oct., 1901.

Will be the grandest event ever given in the west. Splendid exhibit of Farm Products, Live Stock, Industrial and Fine Arts. Races every day. Half fare on all railroads. Permanent fair. Grand Prizes for everybody.

THIS MAGNIFICENT \$60000 HOUSE AND LOT AT BEAUTIFUL FAIRMOUNT PARK KANSAS CITY, MO. FOR \$1200 SEND IN YOUR SUBSCRIPTIONS AT ONCE.

THIS SPLENDID \$30000 HOUSE AND LOT AT BEAUTIFUL FAIRMOUNT PARK KANSAS CITY, MO. FOR \$1200 SEND IN YOUR SUBSCRIPTIONS AT ONCE.

THIS BEAUTIFUL \$350000 HOUSE AND LOT AT FAIRMOUNT PARK KANSAS CITY, MO. FOR \$1200 SEND IN YOUR SUBSCRIPTIONS AT ONCE.

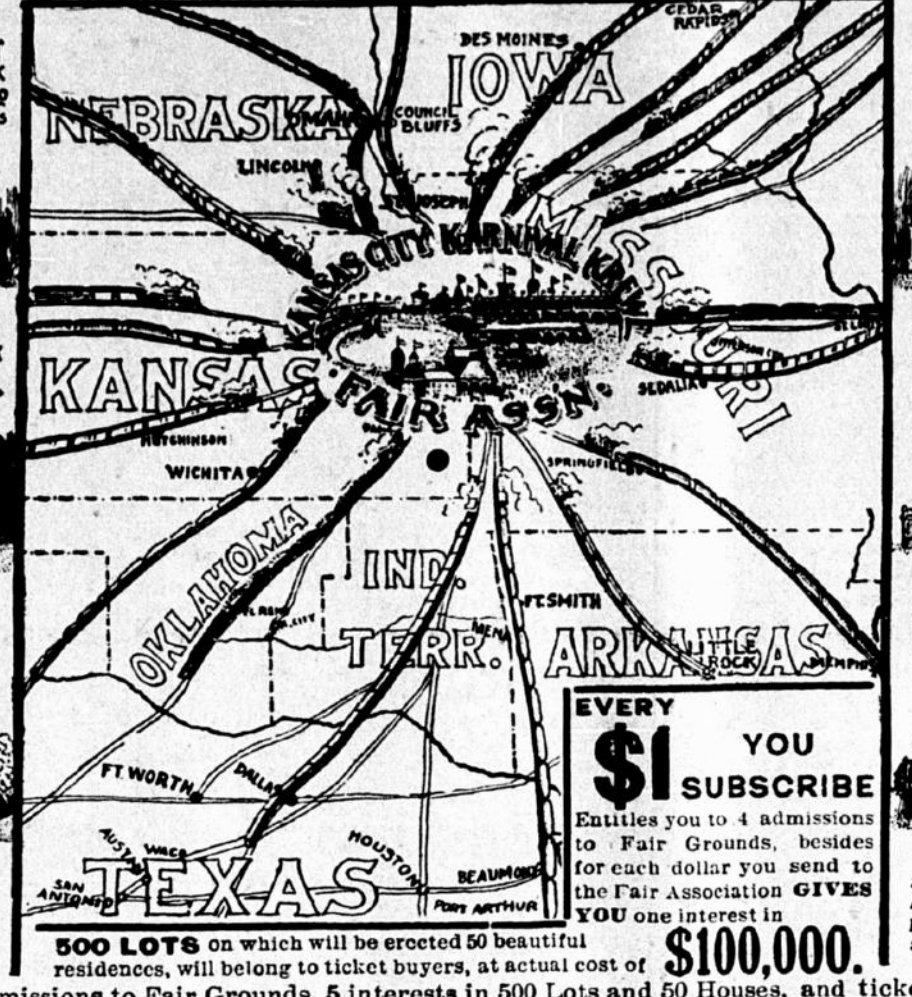
THIS UNIQUE \$20000 HOUSE AND LOT AT BEAUTIFUL FAIRMOUNT PARK KANSAS CITY, MO. FOR \$1200 SEND IN YOUR SUBSCRIPTIONS AT ONCE.

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THIS BEAUTIFUL \$350000 HOUSE AND LOT AT FAIRMOUNT PARK KANSAS CITY, MO. FOR \$1200 SEND IN YOUR SUBSCRIPTIONS AT ONCE.



500 LOTS on which will be erected 50 beautiful residences, will belong to ticket buyers, at actual cost of \$100,000.

For \$5 you get 20 admissions to Fair Grounds, 5 interests in 500 Lots and 50 Houses, and ticket for lady and gentleman to Famous Masque Ball, at Convention Hall, Kansas City, Mo. Send in your subscription at once. As soon as the tickets are all sold the House and Lots are yours. Reference: All banks, bankers and business men of Kansas City, Mo. Send check, postal or express orders, or any communications, to 213-216 New Nelson Bldg.

KANSAS CITY KARNIVAL KREWE FAIR ASS'N, KANSAS CITY, MO.

LADIES DON'T WORRY.

"Dr. Le Dues Genuine French Female Regulator" is positively guaranteed and mailed by undersigned to cure and relieve abnormal pathological Monthly Stoppages, Female irregularities, Suppressed Menstruation, obstructions and suppressions, from whatever cause, or send free medicine until cured if guaranteed lot does not relieve. Sent on receipt of price, \$2 a package or \$3 for \$5.00 Retail and wholesale of J. R. Hurlbut Co., Des Moines.

A Harmless Powder.

Oatmeal mixed with water makes a most soothing face wash, as well as softening and whitening the skin. It should, however, be sparingly used by those with large pores, which it is apt to clog. Fine oatmeal, or oatmeal flour, forms a very good face powder, and is, of course, absolutely free from the harmful ingredients of many expensive powders.

ORIGINAL NOTICE.

In the District Court of the State of Iowa, in and for Polk County, September Term, A. D. 1901.

Lena F. Nehring, Plaintiff versus Charles Nehring, Defendant.

To Charles Nehring Defendant:

You are hereby notified that on or before the 4th day of September A. D. 1901 the petition of plaintiff in the above entitled cause will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the State of Iowa, in and for Polk County, Iowa, claiming of you a divorce from the bonds of matrimony now existing between yourself and Plaintiff, on the grounds of cruel and inhuman treatment, inflicted by you on this Plaintiff after your marriage with her. Said cruelty consisting of blows, kicks and threats on her life, which caused her life to be in danger while living with you and that Plaintiff have and recover her maiden name, which was Lena F. Hansen, and unless you appear thereto and defend before noon of the second day of the next term, being the September term of said Court, which will commence at Des Moines, on the 10th day of September, 1901, default will be entered against you and judgment and decree rendered thereon.

Dated this 9th day of August, 1901. A. M. WILLIAMS, Attorney for Plaintiff.

SAVED.

Love, oh, yes, I've loved And I have loved in vain; But now I'm free and whole, And would just as soon love again.

My heart is like an often broken bone That of itself will mend alone, And if you do not give it heed Nature will supply its need.

"Love comes unsought, unsent," To every living soul; And if no one to mine give vent, I'll go it all alone.

I tried to give my love away To some fair soul to keep, And I've hunted all the day, I failed, but did not weep.

But now my heart is hard, As hard as any stone; And I mean to face this world, And face it all alone.

I work and read all day, For such I seem to crave, And I'll always joyful be Because I'm happy that I'm saved.

LUTHER H. S. BROWN, 130 Walnut Street, Des Moines, Iowa.

Godmother on Wholesale Scale. Ex-Empress Eugenie of France is not only godmother to the children of an immense number of personal friends, but also to 3,334 of her husband's subjects who were born on March 16, 1858, the day that her son, the ill-fated prince imperial, first saw the light.

"My baby was terribly sick with the diarrhoea," says J. H. Doak, of Williams, Oregon. We were unable to cure him with the doctor's assistance, and as a last resort we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I am happy to say it gave immediate relief and a complete cure." For sale by all Druggists.

IT IS IN THE LEAD! DO YOU READ... THE FREEMAN?

If not. Why not? The Leading Paper of THE RACE. NEWSY, SPICY & EDUCATING

It is Supreme in Its Field SUBSCRIBE NOW FOR 30 DAYS THE FREEMAN will be sent to any address for one year for \$1.00. Sample copies on application. Write for list of premiums. Address THE FREEMAN, INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

THE GILBERT Chop - - House

BY EXPERIENCE COOKS... Short Orders and Meals.

Nice Furnished Rooms By Day or Week... 221 S. Market St. Ottumwa, Ia.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE PATENTS TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS & C. Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American. A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers. MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Britains Degenerating Physically. According to Arnold White, an English critic, the inhabitants of the British Isles are degenerating physically. He bases his conclusions on the results of recruiting for the Boer war. In the Manchester district alone 8,000 out of 11,000 men who offered themselves for military service were certified unfit to endure a soldier's life.

Sultan Doctors Himself. The Sultan of Turkey is devoted to the study of chemistry and has given a good deal of time to the study of medicine, a study which he first took up because of fears that his life was in danger from poison. He now doctors his own ailments so long as they are not of a serious nature.

WANTED—TRUSTWORTHY MEN AND WOMEN to travel and advertise for old established house of solid financial standing. Salary, \$750 a year and expenses, all payable in cash. No canvassing required. Give references and enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Address Manager, 356 Caxton Bldg., Chicago.

CHURCH ANNOUNCEMENT.

The Corinthian Baptist Church—situated on 10th St., between Crocker and School Sts. Preaching at 11 A. M.; Sunday School at 12 o'clock. Preaching at 7 P. M.

St. Paul A. M. E.—Corner of Second and Center Streets. Preaching at 10:30 a. m.; Sunday School at 3 o'clock; Epworth League at 7 p. m.; preaching at 8 p. m. L. J. Phillips, pastor.

First African Baptist Church—Corner School and Fourth streets. Rev. F. Lomack pastor. Preaching 10:30 a. m.; Sunday School 9:30 p. m.; Mr. M. E. Houston, Superintendent; Young People's meeting 7 p. m.; preaching 8:00 p. m.

Bern's M. E.—East Second and Des Moines street. Sunday services, preaching at 11:00 a. m. and 4 p. m. Sunday School at 12:30. Prayer and Class meeting, Wednesday 8 p. m. All are welcome. Rev. G. W. Holmes, pastor. 220 Des Moines street.

Mount Nebo Baptist Church—E. Second Street, between Locust and Grand avenue—Sunday service, preaching at 11 a. m.; Sunday School 12:30 p. m.; Superintendent, Rose Johnson. Preaching at 8 p. m. Rev. J. H. Bell, pastor.

Tabernacle Baptist Church—Mission—Situated over 605 East Locust street. Preaching 11 a. m.; Sunday School 9:00 a. m.; preaching at 8 p. m. Rev. J. R. Winbush, pastor.

SECRET ORDERS.

North Star Lodge, No. 2, A. F. A. M.—Meets First Thursday in each month at Masonic Hall—Fourth and Court avenue. J. H. Shepard, W. M.; J. L. Thompson, secretary.

King Solomon Commandery, No. 6—Meets Second and Fourth Thursday in each month at Masonic hall. Fred Jackson, M. C.; G. H. Clegg, Rec.

Nacmi Court, No. 3—meets Second Monday in each month at Masonic hall. Mrs. J. H. Shepard, matron; Mrs. Fred Jackson, secretary.

Mt. Olive Court, No. 4—Meets First Thursday of each month at Masonic hall. Mrs. Susan White, matron; Mrs. Flora Majors, secretary.

Charity Lodge, No. 2192, G. U. O. of O. F.—Meets First, Second and Third Tuesday each month at Odd Fellows hall on West Sixth and Walnut streets. D. Burns, N. G.; F. Brown, P. S.

H. H. of R., No. 339 of G. U. O. of O. F.—Convenes the first and third Thursday in each month, promptly at 8 o'clock. Mrs. B. J. Holmes, M. N. G.; Mrs. G. L. Williams, W. R. Knights and Ladies of Honor of the World No 178 Victoria Lodge—meets every Monday evening at Webster's Hall, corner of Tenth Center streets. Mrs. E. A. Wood, Proctor. Mrs. Rose Johnson, Secretary.

CALIFORNIA.

Broad Vestibuled First-Class Sleepers DAILY—Between Chicago and San Francisco WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

Great Rock Island Route

Leave Chicago on Big 5 at 10:00 p. m. All the best scenery of the Rocky Mountains and the Sierra Nevada by daylight in both directions. These cars are carried on the limited trains of the Great Rock Island Route, Denver and Rio Grande (Scenic Route), Rio Grande Western and Southern Pacific.

Dining Car Service Through Buffet Library Cars. JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. P. A., Chicago.

York in Australia. Western Australia has in York a well-known pastoral district which bears a peculiarly appropriate name in association with the visit to Australia of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York. It was first peopled by immigrants mainly from Yorkshire.

Tennessee's Zinc Mines. Operations have begun in the zinc mines near Fall Branch, in Tennessee, where a furnace will be operated. The zinc deposit is extensive, and one of the richest ever mined in that state.



I. M. Jones' Restaurant AND ICE CREAM PARLOR. FRUITS CIGARS TOBACCO 318 W. THIRD ST.



CAPT. GEORGE BEALL, Chief of Capitol Police, Des Moines, Iowa.

\$5 Per Month

In 1894 Capt. Beall's days seemed to be numbered. His friends had given him up to die, and the man who carried a Captain's stripes during the war, and who later became a Chief of Police was rapidly passing to the "great beyond." But Capt. Beall did not die; he was cured by Dr. McLean's New Treatment. The family doctors and his friends were amazed. Seven years have passed and to-day he weighs 100 pounds, a living monument of what Dr. McLean is doing.

This is what Captain Beall says to-day: Dr. C. M. McLean: My Dear Doctor—"After catarrh had blighted my boyhood days and cursed my manhood, and after it had produced a chronic catarrh of the stomach which was killing me, and when all the other doctors had made a failure of my case you took hold of it and cured me. I have not had a pain or ache or a sign of catarrh for seven years, and I want the world to know it." Very respectfully yours, GEORGE BEALL.

We refer the afflicted to people we have cured, among them: H. C. Harris, of Harris, Emery, Dry Goods Co.; Rev. Dr. Wirt, Pastor St. John's Lutheran Church, Des Moines, Iowa. The treatment at \$5.00 per month includes all medicines for the cure of Catarrh, Deafness, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all affections of the Nose, Throat, and Lungs; also Stomach, Liver, Bowel, Kidney, and Bladder troubles. Consultation free by mail or at office. Consultation Blank and Symptom Sheets with Dr. McLean's Monograph on Deafness and Catarrh sent FREE to any Address, and is of Great Value to the Afflicted. The book also contains hundreds of testimonial letters from cured patients.

THE COPELAND MEDICAL INSTITUTE, Dr. C. M. McLean, Chief Consulting Physician, 606 Walnut St., Des Moines, Iowa.



THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS is the one important magazine in the world giving in its pictures, its text, in its contributed articles, editorials and departments, a comprehensive, timely record of the world's current history. Not the enumeration of mere bare facts, but a comprehensive picture of the month, its activities, its notable personalities, and notable utterances. The best informed men and women in the world find it indispensable.

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THE GREATEST MEDICAL DISCOVERY OF AGE. Dr. Wilson's Magic Healing Remedies for the cure of diseases. We will send Seven Days Trial Treatment, Free of charge, to any afflicted person that will write to us, giving the description of their diseases, and enclosing a two cent stamp to pay postage.

Address: DR. J. M. WILSON, Specialist. 702 Mulberry and Seventh Streets, - - Des Moines, Iowa.

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Agents in 24 towns in Iowa and correspondence from many different states.

Excursion Rates to the Pan-American Exposition, Buffalo, N. Y.
via the North-Western Line, will be placed in effect May 1st, and on Tuesdays especially low-rate tickets will be sold with favorable return limits. Direct connection at Chicago, with fast trains of all lines to Buffalo. For further particulars, apply to agents. An illustrated booklet will be mailed on receipt of two cents postage by W. B. Kniskern, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

EVERYBODY

KNOW THAT MUNGER'S LAUNDRY is the best in the city. Try them and be decided.
Maine Office 211-215 NINTH St.
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PHONE 579.

The World's Wonder Indian Pile Cure!

Sure cure for piles. Others have been cured, why not you? I have had remarkable success in effecting pile cures. I guarantee from 1 to 3 boxes to cure any case of piles. Read the following testimonial:

I have had piles for fifteen years. I have used all kinds of salves and had two surgical operations performed without any permanent relief. I have been entirely cured by using Burnett's Pile Salve.
L. R. GENEVA,
Meat Merchant, Oskaloosa, Iowa, April 8, 1896.

Only 50 cents a box, or upon receipt of 50 cents I will forward a box to any part of the United States. For further information see me.

PROF. T. L. BURNETT,
402 South Jackson Street,
Mt. Pleasant, Iowa.

Palmit Retires a Millionaire.
Count Hamong, better known in the United States as Cheiro, the palmist, has retired from the business a millionaire, writes a Paris correspondent. The only known man to make a million telling fortunes has bought a chateau in the champagne country, where he has gone to cultivating vines.

NERVOUS WEAKNESS CURED

VIRTUMA is a French treatment for both sexes that is positively guaranteed to cure IMPO- TENCY, vitality and vigor, restoring the desires, ambitions and aspirations of youth and health, driving for success and happiness in business, professional, social and married life. \$2 a package or 3 for \$5. Ask your druggist, but refuse cheap substitutes. Sent anywhere prepaid on receipt of price and guaranteed by the Kidd Drug Company, Elgin, Illinois.

Retail and wholesale by J. R. Hurlbut Co., Des Moines, Ia. Full line of Rubber Goods name what you want.

Low Rates to California and Back this Summer

An illustrated book, which will be of much interest to all who are expecting to take advantage of the low rates to California this summer, at the time of the Epworth League Convention, to be held in San Francisco in July, has just been issued by the Chicago & North-Western Railway. Much valuable information is given relating to the state, variable route, etc. The rate via this line will only be \$50.00 for the round trip from Chicago, with corresponding low rates from other points. Copy of this book may be had free upon application to W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

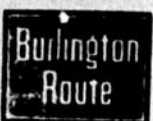
WANTED—TRUSTWORTHY MEN and women to travel and advertise for old established house of solid financial standing. Salary, \$750 a year and expenses, all payable in cash. No canvassing required. Give references and enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Address Manager, 355 Caxton Bldg., Chicago.

REDUCED RATES TO COLFAX, IA

For Epworth League Assembly.

For this occasion the Great Rock Island Route will sell tickets at rate of one fare for round trip from points in Iowa exclusive of Council Bluffs.

Dates of sale August 7th to 18th with return limit August 19th, 1901. The Assembly has arranged a splendid program and this will be an excellent opportunity for an outing combining health, pleasure and intellectual enjoyment at small expense. For full information apply to any Rock Island agent or to JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. P. A., Chicago, Ill.



Why Not a Trip To Colorado Next Summer?

The price for a round trip ticket on certain days will be less than half fare. Call and see me about it?

We are doing everything possible this year, by making unusually low ticket rates and running unusually fast and comfortable trains, to make it convenient and not too expensive for people of moderate means to spend their vacation in the Colorado mountains. There is no country in the world like Colorado for invalids and others in search of rest and pleasure. The pure, dry climate has the most astonishing permanent effect on the health and spirits of visitors, and especially is this so in the case of those from that part of the country near to the level of the sea. Ask for our handbook of Colorado. All about the resorts, hotels and boarding houses, with prices; also a fine topographical map.

F. L. GANNAWAY,
City Passenger Agt.
Des Moines, Iowa.

CHEAP ROUND TRIP HOMESEEKERS' RATES—VIA NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

On the first and third Tuesdays of each month, up to and including September, the Northern Pacific Railway Co. will sell, to points on its line west of Little Falls, Minn. round trip tickets at the rate of one fare plus \$2.00. For full particulars, address G. D. Rogers, D. P. A. N. P. R., 503 Locust St. Des Moines, Ia. Chas. S. Fee, G. P. & T. A. St. Paul, Minn. 8-15.

Sherry in the Coffee.

A little sherry and also coffee added to chocolate very much improves the drink. A tablespoonful of sherry and four of clear, strong coffee to six cups of chocolate is about the right proportion. Both should be added after the chocolate is taken from the fire.

Police Need Language Drill.

At the suggestion of a Chicago justice of the peace a school is to be opened in that city in which policemen will be taught elementary grammar, so that they can express themselves more clearly on the witness stand.

Baltimore's City Bacteriologist.
Dr. William Lloyd Stokes, bacteriologist of the city of Baltimore, has been elected a member of the faculty of the College of Physicians and Surgeons in that city, and has been given the chair of pathology.

World's Largest Apple Orchard.
Ex-Gov. Morrill of Kansas owns what is said to be the largest apple orchard in the world. When work now in progress has been completed, the orchard will contain 64,000 trees.

Elijah and "Dr." Dowie Compared.
"I am Elijah," says "Dr." Dowie. One difference that suggests itself is that whereas Elijah was fed by the ravens, Dowie is fed by the gulls.—New York Herald.

Lowest rates to Chicago via the C. M. & St. P. Ry. Ask anyone the best and quickest route to Chicago, combined with the greatest comfort. Electric lighted vestibuled limited leaves Des Moines Union Depot at 9:40 p. m. daily Dining car serving breakfast a la Carte in the morning. Train arriving at Chicago at 8:30 a. m., enabling travelers to make all connections for the east. Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul Ticket office 410 Walnut.

Farmers as Motormen.
Nearly all the motormen employed on the new trolley lines in Buffalo are young Canadian farmers. The railway officials say they are the most satisfactory of all their employees.

THE 1901 NIGRO BUSINESS LEAGUE 10 MET IN CHICAGO.

After full consideration and consultation with the officials of the National Negro Business League and friends throughout the country, it has been decided to call the next session of the League to meet at Chicago, Ill., Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, August 21, 22 and 23.

It is generally conceded that the meeting held in Boston last August was one of the most successful gatherings ever held in the history of the race, and that it gave an encouragement and impetus to the race in all lines of business in a way that is now apparent in all parts of the country.

Any person engaged in any commercial enterprise or properly delegated to represent any individual or individuals engaged in commercial enterprise, is entitled to membership under such regulations as may be adopted. Women as well as men engaged in business should be represented.

It is strongly urged that Local Leagues be established in every part of the country where no such leagues now exist and those already organized be strengthened wherever necessary, and that these local leagues send delegates, so far as possible to the National organization, and keep in close touch during the year with the officers of the National organization; that these local organizations hold meetings monthly as far as practical; that everything possible be done in these local organizations to discourage complicated and useless parliamentary machinery, and that parliamentary and technical discussions be avoided, as far as possible, with a view to concentrating time and strength on the real objects of the organization.

It is the desire of the officers of our people as well as of the persons engaged in business. These photographs should show both outside and inside views as far as possible, and they should be forwarded to the President of the League at Tuskegee, Alabama, as early as convenient.

The time has come for the race to take a long step forward in establishing itself permanently and more generally in the business of the community where it resides.

Let no legislation or attempted legislation discourage or dishearten us. There should be no doubting or halting. Every move should be a forward one. To gain recognition and success we may have to struggle harder and longer than others, but out of the very struggle we shall gain a strength that we can get in no other way. The influence and power of intelligence, high character and high standing in the business world, are sure to place the race in the end in a position where it will be honored and treated with justice in every part of the land. Let our watchword constantly be, "FORWARD."

Booker T. Washington, President, Tuskegee, Alabama.

T. Thomas Fortune, Chairman, Executive Committee, 4 Cedar Street, N. Y.

E. E. Cooper, Secretary, 459 C Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

We want you to subscribe for the IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

Russell Sage as a Farmer.
A handsome but simple frame house at Lawrence, Long Island, surrounded by some five acres of land, is the quiet retreat where the tired Wall Street magnate, Russell Sage, has enjoyed his summers for many years. Here he is a typical Long Island farmer in old clothes and straw hat. Many a man farming for a bare living could gain information in his own business from Russell Sage. He has no use for orchards, and costly fads, but he watches the development of every field within a radius of many miles about his country home. In the stable are half a dozen horses, raised and broken to harness by the great financier, and he shows the delight of a boy in hitching them up and driving over the country roads. There are a goodly number of domestic pets. It may be said that there are two Russell Sages, one the financier familiar to New York, the other the man of leisure in his country home.

BURLINGTON SAYINGS.

Last week.

Friday July 26 occurred the death of the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Ivy, of South Ninth street. Funeral services were held Sunday from their home at 2:30 p. m., conducted by Rev. L. S. Douglas of Union Baptist church. The family has our sympathy in this their hour of trouble.

Miss Bessie Washington is still confined to her bed at St. Francis hospital. The choir at St. John's A. M. E. church still continues to improve.

Mr. Sandy Alerson of Ashburn, Mo., was a business visitor in town Tuesday.

The emancipation celebration Monday at Ritters park, bids fair to be an overwhelming success.

Mrs. Marfield spent Sunday in Mount Pleasant, the guest of Mrs. Shepard.

Quarterly meeting services were conducted Sunday by Elder Bundy. He preached some very interesting sermons that were well attended.

Tuesday night a lawn social was given at the home of Rev. Higgins, for the benefit of Elder Bundy. Many spent a delightful evening at the cozy residence of the pastor.

CLINTON.

Mr. Albert Robinson, who has been visiting with his parents, Rev. and Mrs. Jas. Robinson for several weeks past, returned to his duties in Chicago Saturday.

Born—To Mrs. Estella Bush Emerson a few days ago, a son. Mother and child doing well.

Mrs. D. O. Greene and son Rogers of Chicago are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Bush.

Recent advices from Geo. Robinson, who left some time ago on a western trip of sightseeing, reports him to be enjoying the pleasant climate of California.

Married, Mr. Fred Aikens and Miss Myrtle Hampton, both of this city, were married at Des Moines on last Thursday, Rev. S. McDowell of Moline officiating. The happy couple have returned to Clinton where they will continue to reside.

Jesse Mitchell was over from Fulton Sunday.

Owing to the scarcity of news nothing appeared in the last two issues from this city.

We would like to know what is the matter with the picnic. It is customary to have one every year. So far nothing has been done in that direction. Let some one take this matter up and arrange for a day's outing.

Wm. Riggs and family have taken up a residence on South 3rd street.

Jas. Cooper, who has been holding a position in Mat Nelson's barber shop for some time, has gone to Morrison to accept a position in a hotel in that city.

A MILE A MINUTE.

High Speed by a Trolley Car in Philadelphia.

In whatever other respects Philadelphia may be slow she has a trolley car which sweeps through the city in the gray hours of dawn and which, taken lay by day, is swifter than anything else of its kind or class in the world, says the New York Sun. It starts from the heart of the city just after the newspapers are out of press and tears away through the silent streets in a northerly and westerly direction, up and down hill and along valleys, with occasional stops to throw out bundles until twenty-seven minutes later it rests on the northern summit of Chestnut hill, fourteen and three-quarter miles away. This is at the average rate of thirty-five miles an hour, including at least one stop every three-fourths of a mile. Sometimes on its route it has run a mile in a minute and an eighth and it has made the distance in twenty-five minutes, including the stops, which is just the schedule time of the steam express trains for practically the same distance between the same places, though on neither the Reading nor the Pennsylvania railroads do the trains make any stops.

Sometimes, as on market day, there are interruptions, when sleepy teams get on the lines of metals, and occasionally another trolley car gets behind time and doesn't give it the right of way promptly, but despite the occasional delays, for two years, in all conditions of weather, facing rain or snow, with mechanical incidents adverse to its career, it has made on an average thirty-five trips out of thirty-five on time and only once has it been longer than forty-five minutes in covering the distance. On that occasion the wreck of a hay wagon was on the road and for this the Eagle Flight trolley was not responsible. From the fact that this car carries the morning newspapers for distribution it might be thought to be a journalistic enterprise in Philadelphia, but this is not the case. It is an experiment by the Union Traction company to test the maintenance of high speed and the evenness of schedule time under conditions peculiarly favorable for securing exact factors for all the problems it is sought to solve. Every trip is observed by electrical experts, the induction is estimated, the power measured, the state of the metal, the thermometrical and barometrical conditions noted as well as the humidity and fog at the different elevations along the line, and then 1,000 trips have been made the data thus gathered will be considered, with a view of formulating a result to be applied in such directions of economy and accelerated speeds as may be opened up.

Doubled the Collection.

A Kansas minister told his congregation on a recent Sunday that those who were in debt need not place anything in the box. The collection was double the usual amount.

BE NOT DECEIVED

TO THE COLORED PEOPLE OF AMERICA.

King of all Hair Tonics,

"OZONO."



Recognizing the fact that there are many SO-CALLED hair-growers and hair-straighteners now on the market, and knowing to a certainty that many of these are frauds pure and simple, we wish to make a straight-forward, honest statement to the colored race through this great paper. In the year 1871 our late secretary, Mrs. S. M. Moore, through a fortunate circumstance, acquired the receipt for OZONO. It was not offered for sale or purchase to any extent until 1875, when it was put upon the market and met with marked success. After a thorough test by the colored people of that time it was pronounced an honest, legitimate remedy, true to all that was claimed for it, and worthy in every respect of the confidence of every member of the colored race, because they found it to cause the hair to grow long and straight, soft and fine, and as beautiful as an April morning. Now, whenever a genuine article appears upon the market there are always a number of people who imitate and make capital out of the merits of other people's goods. Seeing our marked success, numerous firms have entered the market, offering hair-growers and hair-straighteners, many of which are worthless, causing the hair to fall out and doing great damage to the hair and scalp, and the colored people are buying these spurious compounds, which are filled with animal fats, and do the hair more harm than good. To these let us sound a warning—be careful what you use on your hair. Do not be deceived by flaring advertisements and big words. Buy the King of all Hair Tonics,

OZONO,

which is sold with an iron-clad guarantee to do all that is claimed for it, or we will forfeit \$50.00. Now, we ask you a plain question—would we absolutely agree to forfeit \$50.00 if you are dissatisfied with our preparations, if they were not true to all we claim for them? We have advertised for several years under this guarantee, and we are glad to say that every one who has used Ozono has been satisfied in every respect.

20,000 people are to-day using our preparations, and every purchaser recommends Ozono as the King of all Hair Tonics. Ozono will positively take the Kinks out of Kinky Hair, Harsh, Curly, Refractory, Troublesome Hair. It will make short, harsh hair long and straight. It will cure your head of all itching, worrying scalp diseases. Itch, Eczema, Dandruff, and Scurf are not live after Ozono has been applied. It will stop your hair from falling out. It will restore gray hair to its natural color, making the hair long and soft.

Now, right here, let us make a statement. Many firms are advertising remedies to straighten hair, but when they send the preparation they tell you to use hot irons. Friends, do not use hot irons; they will burn up the life of the hair, and cause it to drop out. Ozono straightens without any outside assistance. Nothing but Ozono is necessary, and the hair stays straight forever. You can stop the use at any time. The good effects on the hair are seen in a day or two after the first application.

The price of Ozono is 50c. a bottle. 4 boxes do the work. We make this liberal offer, which is good at any time. Cut out this coupon and send to us, enclosing with it the sum of One Dollar, and we will forward to you four large boxes of Ozono and one large bottle of Electrical Skin Refiner, which makes black skin bright, rough skin soft and pliant, and cures all skin diseases. Also removes all facial imperfections, and actually removes small-pox pits. We will also include one fancy jar of our Electrical Skin Food—Nature's great beautifier—removes wrinkles, moth patches, freckles, and all facial blemishes; makes the old look young and the young look younger.

We will also include one package of our celebrated Scalp Soap, which is absolutely CHEMICALLY PURE, and no soap but a pure soap should ever

be used on the scalp. And, lastly, to prove our liberality, we will put in a pint package of Anti-Odor, a positive cure for Sore Throat or Mouth, all forms of Womb Diseases, Chills, Sore and Frosted Feet; also removes all smells and odors arising from the human body, such as feet, arm pits, etc.

The actual value of this Grand Aggregation is \$4.00, but we let you have it for \$1.00, simply to introduce honest goods. In order to protect the public in general from imitations of our goods, and to avoid mistakes, we have placed upon our coupon our Trade-Mark, one head showing Short Hair and the other head Long Hair. The U. S. Government has granted us this trade-mark, and it is registered in the Patent Office at Washington; so if the coupon has this trade-mark on it, you will make no mistake. Use our coupon to the Editor of this paper or to the Metropolitan Bank of Richmond, Va. We have thousands of testimonials we have not space to publish. Here is a sample of one:

Boston Chemical Company:

Dear Sirs,—You are at liberty to state in any newspaper that I have used OZONO, and give it my most hearty recommendation. I have been fooled so often, it does me good to recommend honest goods.

Here is another:

Gentlemen,—After using OZONO a short while only, I am glad to say that my hair is already straight and growing finely.

MISS BESSIE POWERS,
383 Missouri street, Toledo, O.

A last word. OZONO is absolutely guaranteed to straighten hair and cause a beautiful and luxuriant growth. If your hair is already straight, you can use it to secure a glossy long growth. Buy only the genuine "OZONO." Send us \$1.00 at once, and the goods will be sent the same day we receive your order.

BOSTON CHEMICAL CO.,

310 E. Broad St., Richmond, Va.



Boston Chemical Co.,

310 East Broad Street, RICHMOND, VA.

I enclose you \$1.00, for which please send at once

the following goods:

4 Boxes of Ozono, worth \$2.00. 1 Bottle Electrical Skin Refiner, worth 50c. 1 Bottle Electrical Skin Food, worth 50c. 1 Package (1 pint) Anti-Odor, worth 50c. 1 Package Scalp Soap, worth 50c. Total, \$4.00.

Name....., House, No.....

Street....., City.....

County....., State.....

If you want 4 lots like above, send \$3.00. If you have a friend who has no coupon, let her write her name on a piece of paper and pin to coupon when you send your order.

BURN NEGRO AT THE STAKE

Lynchers Near Enterprise, Ala., Take Black Man's Life.

BOTH RACES IN THE MOB.

Blacks and Whites Join in Execution of Culprit, Who Is Identified as the Assassin of a Woman and Confesses—Awful Death.

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 9.—Uttering alternate curses and prayers and shrieking as the flames encircled his writhing body, John Pennington, a negro, died at the stake near Enterprise, a victim of the vengeance of a mob of 500 whites and blacks. Though the suffering wretch pleaded for mercy and frantically endeavored to break the chains that tightly bound him, not a trace of sympathy was shown on the faces that peered at him through the flames. Pennington had committed a brutal assault upon Mrs. J. C. Davis, the wife of one of the best known farmers of Coffee County, and confessed his guilt. The attack was made Tuesday when Mrs. Davis, who was alone at home, was in her garden. Leaving his victim unconscious, the negro fled into the woods about the place. As soon as she regained her senses Mrs. Davis crawled to the house and gave the alarm. A large posse was quickly organized with bloodhounds and the negro was chased until yesterday morning, when he was captured in a swamp. Pennington was bound hand and foot and taken back to the Davis home for identification. Mrs. Davis immediately recognized him, and the negro broke down and wept. He admitted the crime and pleaded for mercy, but, deaf to his cries of terror, the leaders dragged the trembling man from the house. Several members of the crowd had already driven an iron pipe into the ground, and as the men approached with Pennington both whites and blacks were piling brushwood around the stake. The negro saw his doom and with a scream of terror fell to the ground in a faint. He was quickly revived and dragged to the stake, while the crowd stood silent. The frightened man was limp and had to be held up while the chains were fastened around his neck and body. When all was ready the cry was given and the crowd stood back. A match was applied to the pile and, with oil to feed upon, the tiny flame soon burst into a roaring fire. The terrified negro again pleaded for mercy in the most agonizing tones and prayed that those around him might perish. He then called upon the Maker for forgiveness, and as the flames leaped up and encircled his neck an unearthly shriek was heard and the man's eyes had almost bulged out of the sockets. By this time the fire had gained such headway that nothing could be seen excepting a wriggling motion in the center of the circle of fire. A deathly silence followed and in a few minutes the flames had subsided sufficiently to disclose Pennington's head, fallen forward and hanging limp over the iron chain. The body was quickly consumed, after which the crowd quietly dispersed.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Chicago Board of Trade.				
Wheat—Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	
Sept. ... \$.71	.71	.69	.71	
Dec.72	.73	.72	.73	
May75	.77	.75	.76	
Corn—				
Sept.56	.57	.56	.57	
Dec.57	.59	.57	.58	
May59	.61	.59	.60	
Oats—				
Sept.34	.35	.34	.34	
Dec.35	.36	.35	.35	
May37	.37	.37	.37	
Pork—				
Sept. ... 13.85	13.92	13.82	13.82	
Oct.	.	.	13.92	
Jan. ... 14.90	14.90	14.80	14.80	

Humbert's Death on Stage.

New York, Aug. 8.—Large red placards have been posted throughout Paterson, N. J., announcing that the "right of existence" group of anarchists will produce at the American theater here on Sunday, Aug. 18, a grand tragedy called "The Assassination of King Humbert I."

The play will depict Bresci drawing the fatal lot at a meeting of the group, his journey to Italy, the scene of assassination and Bresci's imprisonment and suicide.

No More Bodies Found.

Philadelphia, Aug. 9.—No additional bodies have been recovered from the debris at the Locust street explosion since 8 o'clock last night. There were no deaths at either hospital where the injured were taken. The total number of known dead is seven, but several are reported missing.

Ready for Wireless Telegraph.

Nantucket, Mass., Aug. 8.—The work upon the 100-foot mast at "Bunker hill," Siasconset, for the wireless telegraph system has been completed. Over 100 cells will furnish the electrical power and four accumulators are placed in the operators' room.

Dies as Result of a Fall.

St. Louis, Aug. 9.—James Craig, an attorney and promoter, died at the Baptist hospital, as the result of a fall from the second story of his residence while asleep.

Engineer's Burns Fatal.

Chicago, Aug. 9.—Frank Stroud, the Wisconsin Central railway engineer who was scalded beneath his engine at Eighteenth street, died at St. Luke's hospital.

BASEBALL GAMES.

American League.				
At Detroit—	0	0	0	0
Chicago—	0	0	0	0
At Baltimore—First game—	1	2	2	1
Boston—	1	2	2	1
Baltimore—	1	2	0	0
Second game—	0	2	0	0
Baltimore—	0	2	0	0
Boston—	0	2	0	0
At Philadelphia—First game—	0	0	0	0
Philadelphia—	0	0	0	0
Washington—	1	0	0	0
Second game—	4	1	0	0
Washington—	4	1	0	0
Philadelphia—	2	0	0	0
At Cleveland—	0	0	0	0
Cleveland—	0	0	0	0
Milwaukee—	2	0	0	0

National League.				
At Pittsburgh—	4	2	0	0
Pittsburgh—	4	2	0	0
St. Louis—	0	0	0	0
At Cincinnati—	2	0	0	0
Cincinnati—	2	0	0	0
Chicago—	2	0	0	0

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

American League.				
Clubs—	W.	L.	Pct.	
Chicago—	57	32	.640	
Boston—	50	35	.588	
Baltimore—	47	36	.566	
Detroit—	48	42	.533	
Philadelphia—	39	44	.470	
Washington—	35	47	.427	
Cleveland—	35	50	.412	
Milwaukee—	33	58	.363	
National League.				
Clubs—	W.	L.	Pct.	
Pittsburgh—	51	31	.619	
Philadelphia—	50	37	.575	
St. Louis—	45	39	.537	
Brooklyn—	45	42	.517	
Boston—	42	42	.500	
New York—	36	44	.450	
Cincinnati—	35	50	.413	
Chicago—	35	50	.413	

CUMMINS WINS IN IOWA.

The Des Moines Man Nominated on the First Ballot.

For governor, A. B. Cummins, Des Moines; for lieutenant governor, John Herriott, Stuart; supreme court judge, S. M. Weaver, Iowa Falls; railroad commissioner, E. C. Brown, Sheldon; superintendent public instruction, R. C. Barrett, Osage.

Cedar Rapids, Ia., Aug. 9.—Cummins' forces controlled the republican state convention yesterday and the Cummins slate, from top to bottom, was nominated. The opposition, led by men who have been successful in convention fights for years, contested every inch, and died in the last ditch. The result of the convention will be to retire a faction that has dominated Iowa politics for a decade and place in control a younger set of men. The first ballot resulted: Cummins, 860; Harriman, 359; Trewin, 269; Conger, 42; Herriott, 8; Mahon, 2. The convention itself was a long drawn-out one, lasting from 10 o'clock in the morning to 8:30 in the evening, with an intermission at noon for lunch. The resolutions adopted indorse the administration of President McKinley and applaud the policy of the administration in the Philippines, Porto Rico and Cuba. They assert the right of the people to restrict, regulate or prohibit trusts. They urge the re-election of the two Iowa senators and praise Governor Shaw.

Observer Sees Encke's Comet.

Cambridge, Mass., Aug. 9.—A telegram has been received at the Harvard College observatory from Professor H. C. Wilson at Northfield, stating that he observed Encke's comet on Aug. 5, 8924 Greenwich mean time. The right ascension is 6 hours, .02 minutes, 01.8 seconds, declination plus 31 degrees 43 minutes, 30 seconds. The time given in the official announcement is the astronomical time, which, reduced to civil time, makes the discovery on Aug. 6 at 9 hours, 25 minutes and 3.36 seconds, reckoned at Greenwich mean time, or 4 hours, 25 minutes and 3.36 seconds, eastern meridian time.

Ellis Glenn Asks Damages.

Parkersburg, W. Va., Aug. 9.—Attorneys for Ellis Glenn in her sensational trial to establish her identity and to prove her sex have filed their declaration in the United States court in a \$50,000 damage suit against William Richardson, plaintiff in the recent case. The petition alleges the plaintiff was kidnapped in Illinois, and illegally and against her will brought to West Virginia.

Morgan After Trolley Lines.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 9.—J. P. Morgan is trying to secure control of the International Traction Company, which owns the trolley lines between Buffalo, Tonawanda, Niagara Falls and Lockport. It is believed that he has secured enough stock to oust President W. Carlyle Ely, and it is expected that General Superintendent Mitten will be installed in his place after September 1.

Pilot Dies at the Wheel.

Beardstown, Ill., Aug. 9.—Royal Moores of Meredosia, aged 60 years, captain of the tugboat Edith K., died suddenly while piloting the boat and tow at Copperas Creek, above here. The body was taken to Meredosia, where the funeral will be held. Captain Moores was well known along the river, having held several positions in the fish commission.

Boy Smothered to Death.

Arthur, Ill., Aug. 9.—Willard Dill, fifteen years old, a Terre Haute boy visiting here, was smothered to death in a bin of shelled corn at Powell & Wining's elevator. The lad jumped into the bin while the corn was running into a car and was immediately sucked under. He was dead when recovered.

Seriously Hurt by Explosion.

New York, Aug. 9.—William F. Coston, the manufacturer of the Coston marine night signals, was seriously injured in an explosion which occurred at his works on Staten Island. One building was destroyed. The money loss was small.

EACH SIDE GAINS IN STRIKE

Workers Close One Mill, Combine Opens Another.

ALL AWAIT THE GREAT TEST.

Both Men and Employers Prepare for Walkout and Refuse to Talk Compromise—Material Now Is Scarce—Machinists Will Give Backing.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 9.—Each side to the great steel strike claims gain today. While the Amalgamated association closed the plant at Newcastle, the combine practically broke the strike at the Clark mill in this city. Pending the walkout on Saturday night the union leaders are strengthening their organization as much as possible and making ready for a long and bitter fight. The steel corporation, too, is preparing for the struggle, and a determined effort will be made to reopen the more important of the closed mills. The combine will take all the skilled workmen it can spare from the non-union mills and distribute them among the closed plants, opening one at a time. Employees who remain at their posts will be promoted and trained for new positions. President Schwab of the Steel corporation and President Shaffer of the Amalgamated association repeated today their declarations that there would be no compromise. Schwab says no more propositions will be made or entertained, while Shaffer insists any new proposals must come from the employers. Already material is becoming scarce, and local firms, depending upon the output of the steel mills for material to work on, are crippled. Independent mills obtain high prices for their product and have more orders than they can care for. Not the slightest trouble has occurred at any point in this immediate territory and Amalgamated men are corresponding happily. From one or two points the strikers are reported as restless and eager for action, but so far have kept faith with their leaders and refrained from committing any breach of the peace. The United States Steel corporation, it was learned today from an official source, will at once proceed in a systematic manner to start its closed sheet mills, making the non-union plants of the Kiskiminetas Valley the cradle where strike breakers will be trained and then sent out to the mills that are closed. The trust officials have decided to go ahead slowly in the matter of starting mills and to do so with as little publicity as possible.

Machinists Uphold Strike.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 9.—The extension of the steel strike to the machinists employed in the mills affected by the strike is a possible development. There are between 800 and 1,000 machinists in the steel mills. President O'Connell said today that a request for a sympathetic strike from President Shaffer of the Amalgamated association would, of course, be given serious consideration. He added that the employment of non-union men in place of the strikers undoubtedly would precipitate a strike of the machinists, who would not work beside non-union men.

PREPARING FOR THE CONCLAVE

Programme of the Louisville Meeting of Knights Templars Arranged.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 8.—The official program for the twenty-eighth triennial convocation of the Knights Templars to be held here the last week of this month, was announced this morning by the executive committee. The week will open Sunday with public worship at the Broadway Methodist church, conducted by the Very Eminent Sir J. C. W. Cox of Washington, Iowa, grand prelate of the grand encampment. Monday will be devoted to receiving at the depots and escorting to quarters all arriving commanderies. Monday night will witness the inaugural festivities in the formal opening of headquarters of the commandery of Kentucky in the custom house with a reception. Tuesday morning the big parade will take place. At night there will be a reception; an entertainment at Confederate hall entitled "Darkest America," showing the song and dance side of the Southern darky, under the personal direction of Col. Will S. Hayes, the noted song writer; fireworks and the first of a series of excursions up the Ohio river. The competitive drill, the first since the San Francisco convocation in 1883, is scheduled for Wednesday at Churchill downs. Commanderies from San Francisco, Denver, Chicago, Cincinnati, Parkersburg, W. V., Pittsburgh and Washington are entered in the drill. On Thursday night the grand ball will be given at the Horse Show building. Friday will be devoted to side trips through Kentucky to the blue-grass region and Mammoth cave.

Yates Takes Trip to Kansas.

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 8.—Gov. Yates left yesterday for Kansas. He was accompanied by William Yates, his cousin, and the latter's wife and two sons, and all will attend the golden wedding celebration of Mr. and Mrs. Abner Yates, parents of William Yates and uncle and aunt of the Governor, which takes place to-day at Yates Center. Gov. Yates is expected to return Thursday morning.

Young Girl Kills Her Brother.

Tuckerton, N. J., Aug. 9.—During the temporary absence from home of their parents the children of H. E. Hanly of this place secured a revolver and Ethel, aged 9, shot and killed her brother, Elmer, aged 5 years. The 38-caliber bullet entered and passed entirely through the boy's head.

Mildred

Trevanion

BY THE DUCHESS.

CHAPTER XIII.—(Continued.)

"Mildred, what do you mean?" he exclaimed.

"The day after tomorrow you shall have the fifteen thousand pounds," she said; "and I—I am engaged to be married to Lord Lyndon."

Her mother arose, flushed and triumphant. Here indeed was a match worthy of her darling. All recollection of the relief to be gained through the promised money faded in comparison with this wonderful piece of news. At last Mildred had made her choice, and it was a most wise one.

"Oh, Mildred, is it true? How glad I am!" she began. "I think—"

But the girl put up her hands to her ears and recoiled from her touch.

"Not now—not now!" she exclaimed almost roughly.

How could she endure congratulations and good wishes about what seemed to her the cruellest event in all her life? How submit to questionings and kindly proberings, when she felt her heart was breaking? Surely in such a case congratulations were a mockery.

She left them, and hurrying to her own room, strove hard to quiet the storm that raged within her; while they, remaining behind, asked each other in whispers how it had all happened, and half feared to believe the welcome news was true.

But Lady Caroline's heart smote her when she remembered the look in Mildred's eyes when they had met hers—the great unhappy light that had shone in them, revealing so much that she would gladly have kept untold.

But the mother's eyes had seen it, and so she followed Mildred to her room, only to find the poor child pacing up and down with restless, feverish hands and face grown old with passionate care. She stopped as her mother entered, sighing heavily. Lady Caroline stretched out her hands.

"Mildred, tell me what it is," she entreated, wistfully, with sorrowful, longing sympathy in her tone. "Am I not your mother?"

And Mildred cried, "Oh, mother!" and, falling on her knees, with arms round the mother's waist, and eyes hidden, sobbed a little of her grief away.

All in vain. The next morning brought a letter from Lady Eagleton's solicitor, containing the news of her ladyship's sudden death, and stating that, on her will being opened, it was discovered that she had bequeathed to her "beautiful and well-beloved grandniece, Mildred Trevanion," the sum of thirty-five thousand pounds.

CHAPTER XIV.

Christmas was at hand, and with it came Denzil Younge.

"I hear you are to be congratulated," he said to Mildred, whom he met in the grounds immediately upon his arrival—"is it true?"

"Yes, it is quite true," answered Miss Trevanion, steadily, disdaining to put off the evil hour by equivocation or pretended ignorance.

"Then you are going to marry him after all?" said Denzil.

"I am engaged to be married to Lord Lyndon," returned Miss Trevanion.

Then, very abruptly, Denzil asked: "Are you happy?"

"Of course, I am happy," she answered, with a faint accession of color—"why do you ask me such a strange question? Do I look unhappy?"

"I think you do," he said, gently; "your face seems changed to me; it does not wear its old expression; and just now, as I was passing by the village church, I glanced in for a moment—"

"—and saw you. You were kneeling at the altar rails, and as I watched—forgive me, it was but for an instant—I thought I heard—Mildred, were you crying?"

"And so," observed Mildred pettishly, giving no heed to his question, "because one happens to feel a little fretted about some trifling matter, and cries a few silly tears, one is to be considered in the lowest depths of despair? It is absurd. I will not listen to such folly; Lord Lyndon, I am sure, would not wish me to do so, and—"

"And as he is everything to you now, while I and all the rest of the world count nothing," interrupted Denzil, bitterly—"is that so? Do you expect me to believe that? Because, if you do, I tell you plainly, that I do not believe it, and never shall. He is unkind to you in every way, having not an idea in common with you. Oh, Mildred—passionately—"why have you done this thing? Why have you sacrificed your whole long, sweet life so miserably? Was there some great reason for 't of which I have never heard? Could you not have waited? My love, my darling, is there nothing I can do for you?"

"There is nothing I would have done," she answered, half angrily. "Why will you persist in thinking I have done something worthy of repentance? I am happy. Do you hear me?—perfectly happy. I have accepted my position willingly and of my own free choice, and I do not wish it altered or undone in any single way. I have quite made up my mind; and although you once told me you considered me unworthy to be the wife of any honest man, still I am vain enough to believe that at all events I can make this most honest man fairly contented."

"I was mad when I said that," re-

joined Denzil, slowly. "Many a time since have I recollected my words and felt how brutal they must have sounded. But surely you will forgive me now—at this moment when I am learning for the first time how miserable and bare and cold a place this world is. Let me bid good-by to all my hope with the certainty that at least you bear me no ill-will."

He held out his hand as he spoke and took hers. Mildred's voice failed her, but she managed to whisper faintly:

"Give me your forgiveness also."

"If you think it necessary," he said, "you have it; but I can remember no wrong you ever did me."

They were standing with hands clasped and eyes reading each other's hearts. Denzil drew his breath quickly.

"Good-by," he murmured, despairingly, and, turning away, abruptly, passed rapidly out of her sight.

When all the people at King's Abbot met to dine Denzil was among them, and very welcome he found himself. Charlie alone of all the family was absent; but even he had written word to say he would be with them for a day or two in the course of the following week.

"We ought to get up a party and go to the lake tomorrow," suggested Eddie, during a pause in the conversation.

Lyndon, who was also dining with them, and who generally agreed with everybody, said he thought it was a "capital plan," and appealed to Miss Trevanion, who sat beside him. She thought she had lost her skates or misplaced them, or something; but Frances Sylverton overruled all such opposition by declaring that she had several pairs to lend, and that a day on the ice would be delicious.

"But perhaps it will be hardly safe enough this week," she added, somewhat anxiously. "Shall we wait until Tuesday next?"

"Charlie said he would be down on Monday night," put in Eddie, innocently, apropos of nothing, and without lifting his eyes from the cream on which he was seemingly intent; whereupon Miss Sylverton blushed furiously, and declined any further investigation of the subject.

Finally, however—chiefly through the instrumentality of Mildred—the expedition was arranged to take place on the Tuesday following, so that Frances, in her inmost heart, was satisfied.

In process of time the day arrived—as also did Charlie the night before, very much to the satisfaction of everybody concerned in the excursion—and, after a considerable amount of harmless and utterly unavoidable squabbling, the party—which had become rather a large one, in consequence of numerous invitations issued later on—divided into twos and threes, as circumstances or inclinations dictated—Lady Caroline, Mrs. Deverill, and one other married lady occupying the first open carriage; while Charlie, Miss Sylverton, Jane Deverill, and Captain Harvey took possession of the second.

Mabel, seeing Denzil looking slightly dejected, with her usual sweetness had entreated him in the prettiest manner to drive her in the dog cart; and Eddie, who, at this period was hopelessly and finally in love—for about the fifteenth time—with an extremely pretty, but decidedly idiotic little girl, staying with the Deverills, had managed to vanish in some mysterious way, in company with others, similarly heart-bounded; while Mildred, whom nobody seemed to want, and with whom none of the opposite sex in these days attempted to interfere, fell to Lord Lyndon's lot.

When fairly started the skaters made as picturesque a group as any eye could wish to rest on, the girls, in their soft, luxurious furs and brilliant satin petticoats, striking out oddly on the glassy surface of the lake. Frances and Mildred were accomplished skaters, Mabel was not quite so good; still the latter could hold her own and certainly beside the Deverill girls—who were generally clumsy—looked everything that could be desired.

"You will help me, Mr. Younge," she had whispered to Denzil, as he assisted her down from the dog-cart.

So when he had fastened her skates and pronounced her "fit," she started bravely enough on the slippery promenade. At one end there rose a post marked "Dangerous," of which as usual those whom it should have warned remained profoundly ignorant. Denzil alone had observed it; others, if they observed, attached little importance to it.

Miss Trevanion and Frances Sylverton, with merry, gay laughter that rang through the crisp air, were trying to outdo each other in grace and agility, Frances decidedly having the best of it, she being one of those girls who do anything they set their hearts on "better than anybody else."

As Denzil turned from watching them, he perceived Lord Lyndon, at a distance, leisurely, but surely, making for the forbidden spot; and, as he saw this, an almost savage desire to see this man, who had robbed him of his all, humiliated before the eyes of his betrothed, took possession of him.

A minute later, however, and—having deposited Mabel on the bank—he was skating hurriedly toward his unsuspecting lordship.

"Lyndon!" he shouted, when still some way from him, and shortly afterward laid his hand upon his arm.

"Hullo!" exclaimed Lyndon, trying to keep his balance, and succeeding with much difficulty. "What is the matter? You have nearly thrown me! Anything wrong, eh?"

"Don't you see where you are going?" cried Denzil, angrily and ungraciously, being considerably out of breath and temper. "Have you no eyes? Unless you want to be drowned, or, at all events, wet to the skin, you will get away from this place. Can't you see it marked 'Dangerous'?"

"Never saw it until this very moment, I give you my honor," said Lyndon, solemnly gazing at the warning as though lost in amazement at his own want of observation. "I should have gone straight on, and in another moment—I am awfully obliged to you, Younge—indeed, more grateful than I can tell you."

Mildred had been looking on, and, having witnessed the whole scene, had understood it thoroughly—had seen her future lord and master gliding to his doom, and had half started up to call out or warn him in some way of his danger, when Denzil's figure, flashing before her eyes, showed her that he, too, had recognized Lyndon's peril, and was on his way to tell him of it.

As Denzil returned from his mission and cast his eyes upon her, she appeared unconscious of everything but the dainty little pair of skates she was in the act of unfastening. He stopped.

"Can I help you?" he asked; and she answered promptly, without lifting her eyes:

"No, thank you. I am quite accustomed to do this sort of thing for myself"—whereupon she drew off the skates, in confirmation of her words, and Denzil went on to Mabel.

An hour crept by, and then Lady Caroline, feeling that she had suffered enough for her friends for that one day, declared her intention of returning without further delay, and forthwith departed, carrying with her Mabel, who was anxious to reach home before the post-hour arrived.

The eldest Miss Deverill was afflicted with nervousness, and, having been driven to the lake by "Sonny" Summerton—who was in a bad temper, and knew as much about driving as the "man in the moon"—had endured such agonies on the journey as determined her, whatever came of it, to drive back in different company. So, going up to her cousin, Lord Lyndon, who was an undoubted "whip," she entreated him as follows:

"Promise me," she said, "that you will drive me home."

"My dear Margaret," said Lyndon, "do not ask me to do that. You know I have Mildred under my care."

"My dear Henry," returned Miss Deverill, desperately, "you must drive me, or you will have my death to answer for. I will not trust myself again to that hare-brained boy, who sulks the entire way here, and knows nothing whatever of driving. Indeed, my nerves are at present in such a state that I can go home with nobody but you; besides, anyhow, see that the horse is positively dangerous."

Lyndon glanced toward the animal in question, and saw that it was unquestionably skittish, displaying an evident desire to bolt, and seeming to take particular delight in taxing the patience of the small groom who stood on tiptoe to hold him, after which he looked once more at his cousin's dolorous countenance and relented.

"Well, somebody must take care of Mildred," he said, with hesitation, "and—where is Mildred?"

"She went toward the wood about half an hour ago—somebody ought to find her and say that we are on the move," responded Harvey, from beneath a horse, where he was hastily arranging a twisted strap.

"Eddie, go and find her," said his lordship, distractedly.

(To be continued.)

FRIDAY, AUGUST 9.

BURLINGTON.

Emancipation day was celebrated Monday at Ritter's park, and it was a day that will long be remembered in the annals of Burlington's history. Many visitors from Keokuk, Fort Madison, Mt. Pleasant, Monmouth and other neighboring towns were present.

The Monmouth Labor band furnished some excellent music for the occasion. Mayor Marquardt briefly and feelingly spoke of the great emancipator. Rev. Reeves of Keokuk responded eloquently, and the manner in which he told of our progress and of our social standing evoked much applause. In speaking of our sociology, he said: "You have brought us here and now you are trying to rid yourselves of us. England doesn't want us, who are you going to do with us? In the Revolutionary war we shed our blood in the cause of our beloved country; in the civil war you find us here and there, never flinching from shot and shell; in peace we are citizens; you yourselves have said so. Then why do you hate us? We don't want your white girls, for there are plenty of our own color for us." Rev. Reeves well deserves the praise that he received and Keokuk should be very proud of him.

Mrs. Grace Allen, a talented young woman read an excellent paper on Booker T. Washington.

Rev. Joseph Underwood, the "Demosthenes" of Fort Madison, delivered the address of the day. He spoke fluently for nearly an hour. He reviewed our history, told of our reverses and triumphs and spoke in flowery language of our intellectual strides and pictured a lovely future for our race. After the closing address the crowd adjourned to all parts of the grounds to enjoy themselves.

Mrs. McCracken and daughter, Myra, of Mt. Pleasant, were the guests of Mrs. Julia Folks of this city on Monday.

Mr. James Brown of 287 North Central avenue, who has been sick for some time, is recuperating.

Mrs. Bert Johnson of 842 Valley street has returned home from Fort Madison after enjoying a visit to her relatives for three weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. George Tyler, Mrs. Holden, Miss Cartwright and Mrs. J. W. Mackay spent Tuesday in the country fishing.

Sir Albert McDonald of Ottumwa and deputy grand chancellor of K. of P. lodge, installed the following officers of Hawkeye lodge, No. 8 for the ensuing term: J. W. Smith, C. C.; John Veal, V. C.; George W. Brown, Prelate; Sanford Mitchell, Med. Ex.; James Dean, M. F.; Geo. Parker, K. K. & S.; J. H. Henry, M. A.; Peter Johnson, M. W. He was assisted by Sir J. W. Mackay, G. V. C.

MT. PLEASANT.

Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Bennett have moved from their former residence on South Jackson street into the smaller house owned by S. H. McCracken, at 207 S. Jackson street.

Mrs. Julia Holmes and son, Willie, of Fort Madison are visiting friends and relatives in the city.

Mr. Pratt of Kansas City, Kansas, is in the city.

Mr. Montrose Beckley came up from Keokuk on his wheel to spend a few days.

Miss Allen, a teacher in one of the Kansas City, Kansas, schools, who has been spending her vacation with Miss Godfrey, another teacher in the same city, has returned to her home.

Mr. Len Page and Miss Myrtle Taylor, Mrs. McCracken and Miss McCracken, Misses Hattie Taylor, Carson, Arbuckle and McCain and a number of others spent the 5th in Burlington.

Mr. Dave Fidler, who has been out camping with some friends for about three weeks, has returned to the city.

Miss Hattie Taylor spent August 1st at Moline, Ill.

Mr. Edwin Carter is down from Ottumwa.

Mr. Dave Campbell has returned from Missouri.

Miss Godfrey, assisted by her aunt, Mrs. Hackley, entertained some of her friends Monday in honor of Miss Allen and Mr. Pratt.

One feature of the evening was a small table placed in the room with twenty-one articles on it, covered over. The cover was removed and all were allowed to look at them for five seconds then the table was recovered, and each one was required to write the names of the articles they saw. The one remembering the most received a prize. The prize was won by Miss Hester Bartlett.

Miss Allen rendered vocal and instrumental music. Messrs. Bartlett and Harris and Mrs. Hackley rendered instrumental music. The refreshments consisted of candies, ice cream and cakes, and were served by little Misses Anna Crosswaite and Alice Fox.

The H. V. D. C. gave a moonlight picnic last Saturday night at Mrs. Grandison's beautiful suburban residence. A few of their friends were invited.

The Second Baptist church gave a social Tuesday afternoon and evening at the beautiful home of Mr. and Mrs. Elias Berry on East street.

Layman Hunley, accompanied by a little white boy, both about eight years of age, undertook to go to Monmouth, Ill., to meet Pawnee Bill's Wild West which was here Tuesday. They got as far as Kirkwood, but were compelled to return and receive their punishment.

The dedication and twenty-third anniversary services of the Third Baptist church Sunday, August 4, was a great success and the program was carried out nicely. They realized \$61.18. There was a large attendance. Bro. T. Harper and Rev. Thornton of Rock Island and Rev. S. M. Dowell of Moline were present. The

officers of the Third Baptist church offered to present a silver water pitcher and cup to the church that gave the most money to assist the church in paying off the indebtedness on that day. There were three churches in the contest: the First A. M. E. church, Moline, Ill.; Second Baptist church, Rock Island, Ill.; A. M. E. church, Davenport, Iowa. After the money was counted the present was awarded to Bethel A. M. E. church, Davenport, which had given the most money, \$10.40. After a few remarks Mrs. Hattie Hoskins had the honor of presenting the present to L. E. Christy, pastor of Bethel A. M. E. church, as church having donated the most money to assist us in paying off our indebtedness.

Mrs. B. Baker and Hart Lemuel were on the sick list, but not serious.

Miss Mary Humph, who has been very sick, is on the mend.

J. A. Bingham of Muchakinock preached the dedicatory sermon of the Third Baptist church. The sermon was logical and full of wholesome instructions, and if we only put his sayings to practice the results will be beneficial.

Our pastor, Rev. Burton, preached the anniversary sermon in the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Tolliver and mother of Rock Island were visitors Sunday. We are glad to have our friends of neighboring towns visit us.

Rev. J. O. Bingham has made many friends in the Tri Cities.

Rev. Bingham will deliver one of his famous sermons at the Second Baptist church at Rock Island Tuesday night.

Mr. W. L. Baker expects to go east in a few weeks.

Mrs. B. Baker will make Galesburg a visit in a few days to be the guest of Mrs. Wm. E. Elley, her daughter, and on her return will visit Omaha, Neb.

NEWTON.

Mrs. Basfield, who has been seriously ill, is now out of danger and we trust will continue to improve.

Miss Hattie Mayes is the guest of Des Moines friends.

Sunday, July 28th, was the fourth quarterly meeting of the A. M. E. church. Rev. Williamson of Muchakinock was present to assist Rev. Basfield.

Mrs. Clem Miller left Tuesday for Burlington where she was called on account of the serious illness of her nephew, Mr. James Tubbs, whose many friends hope he will recover. Miss Lulu Fine has returned from her visit in Omaha and reports a delightful time.

Miss Ella Winfrey of Ottumwa is the guest of her sister, Mrs. D. M. Basfield.

Mrs. Maggie Carter and children of Somerset are visiting relatives and friends in this city.

Mrs. L. M. Coates and children returned to their home in St. Louis Thursday.

Miss Eldora Green has returned from her visit in Davenport, Moline and Rock Island and reports a splendid time.

Mr. Johnson of Leon was a Newton visitor last week. He left here for Webster City accompanied by his wife, where they will make their future home. Mrs. Johnson has many friends in this city who regret her departure.

Miss Nora Brown of Iowa City spent several days with the Misses Miller last week.

Messrs. Clarence Miller and Jesse Waldren, Misses Clara and Florence Miller, Eldora Green and Mrs. R. Hudson attended the Craig-Renfrow wedding in Grinnell last Wednesday.

The families of Mr. Walker Walden and John Miller were Colfax visitors last Friday.

Numerous visitors are expected in our city Saturday to see the Wild West show.

"Through the month of June and July our baby was teething and took a running off of the bowels and sickness of the stomach," says O. P. M. Holliday of Deming, Ind. "His bowels would move from five to eight times a day. I had a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house and gave him four drops in a teaspoonful of water and he got better at once." Sold by all Druggists.

Caused by a Cow's Tail.

Lock Haven (Penn.) Spe. Philadelphia Inquirer: Mrs. Joseph Ross, of Pleasant Gap, met with a most peculiar accident. When she went into the barnyard to do the milking a cow switched its tail, which caught in the handle of the milk bucket. The hook on the bucket handle caught in the palm of Mrs. Ross's hand. Then the heifer started to run, dragging Mrs. Ross about the barnyard until she was seriously if not fatally injured, the hook at last releasing her after tearing completely through the hand from the fleshy base of the thumb diagonally across to the little finger.

About 900 persons a day visit the white house round. The number rises to 1,500 to 2,000, and the house is not many, being from 10 a. m. to 2 p. m. In spite of this constant tread the beautiful old-gold figured carpet in the east room looks as well as when it was first put down.

CHURCH AND CLERGY.

The Rev. J. C. Fitzgerald, D. D., has been pastor of the Third United Presbyterian church, Philadelphia, for 21 years.

The Rev. C. S. Abbott, pastor of Christ church, Newark, N. J., has completed a quarter of a century as pastor of the church.

The Rev. A. C. Eggleston of Windsor, Conn., has accepted the position of financial secretary of Wesleyan academy at Wilbraham, Mass. He has been a trustee of the academy for many years.

DOCTOR YOURSELF.

"Gonorrhea" Tablets are mailed and guaranteed by Kidd Drug Company, Elgin, Ill., to cure all forms of diseases of urinary organs, and system, bladder, etc., including gonorrhea, gonitis, leucorrhoea, urethritis, prostatic discharges, irritations and ulcerations of the urinary organs and mucous membranes never gives stricture, harmless and painless. An internal remedy with injections combined; only one in the world. Sent per mail on receipt of price, \$3 per package or 3 for \$8. Don't fool with cheap substitutes. Retail and wholesale of J. R. Hurlbut Co., Des Moines, Ia. Full line of Rubber Goods; name what you want.

DES MOINES PASSENGER TRAINS

C. R. I. & P., GOING EAST.

ARRIVE	DEPART
9:30 pm.....Chicago Limited.....	9:30 pm
4:30 pm.....Day Express & Mail.....	4:45 pm
1:15 pm.....Night Limited.....	1:20 pm
10:31 pm.....Day Express.....	10:45 pm
9:10 pm.....Hawkeye Limited.....	9:10 pm

C. R. I. & P., GOING WEST.

ARRIVE	DEPART
8:30 am.....Denver Limited.....	8:35 am
9:35 pm.....Night Limited Express.....	9:40 pm
4:00 pm.....Day Express.....	4:15 pm
3:55 am.....Rocky Mountain Limited.....	4:00 am
11:40 am.....Fast Mail.....	11:45 am

C. R. I. & P. TO KEOKUK.

ARRIVE	DEPART
11:30 am.....Eldon.....	6:35 pm
3:30 pm.....Keokuk.....	7:10 am

DES MOINES & FORT DODGE.

ARRIVE	DEPART
6:30 pm.....Ruthven Mail & Express.....	12:10 pm
10:45 am.....Tara and Fort Dodge.....	4:45 pm
8:15 pm.....Minn. and St. Louis.....	9:00 pm
6:40 am.....St. Paul and Minn. Flyer.....	8:30 am

WINTERSSET BRANCH.

ARRIVE	DEPART
11:30 am.....Mail.....	4:40 pm
8:50 pm.....Express.....	7:20 am
6:40 pm.....Freight.....	8:45 am

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN-NORTH.

ARRIVE	DEPART
8:15 pm.....Chicago and St. Paul Lim.....	8:30 pm
10:45 am.....Chicago and St. Paul Ex.....	8:30 am
10:30 am.....Twin Cities Special.....	8:30 am

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN-SOUTH.

ARRIVE	DEPART
6:50 am.....Kansas City Limited.....	7:00 am
11:30 am.....Day Express.....	11:40 am
7:50 pm.....Night Express.....	8:45 pm

CHICAGO BURLINGTON & QUINCY.

ARRIVE	DEPART
10:15 pm.....Albia and Burlington Pass.....	10:15 pm
8:40 pm.....Albia Passenger.....	8:50 pm
7:00 pm.....Albia Accommodation.....	8:45 am

KEOKUK & WESTERN.

ARRIVE	DEPART
10:35 am.....Mail and Express.....	12:40 pm
5:50 pm.....Mail and Express.....	8:25 am

PASSENGER TRAINS LEAVE Q. STATION.

ARRIVE	DEPART
10:35 am.....Mail and Express.....	12:40 pm
5:50 pm.....Mail and Express.....	8:25 am

CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN.

ARRIVE	DEPART
6:15 pm.....St. Louis City, N. & W.....	9:10 am
1:15 pm.....Colorado Special.....	4:40 pm
10:45 am.....Chicago Limited.....	8:30 pm
10:35 am.....Dakota Limited.....	8:30 am
7:30 pm.....Chicago Express.....	7:00 am
7:30 pm.....Chicago Special.....	11:05 am
7:30 pm.....Omaha Express.....	9:00 am
7:30 am.....Chicago Express.....	4:40 pm
10:50 am.....Omaha & Pa. Express.....	8:00 am

WABASH RAILWAY.

ARRIVE	DEPART
8:15 am.....St. Louis Passenger.....	10:45 pm
9:15 pm.....St. Louis Eastern Ex.....	10:30 am

C. M. & ST. P.-Pond Line.

ARRIVE	DEPART
7:30 pm.....Storm Lake Express.....	4:05 pm
1:05 pm.....Fonda & Sioux City Lim.....	9:05 am

C. M. & ST. P.-BOONE LINE.

ARRIVE	DEPART
1:25 pm.....Boone Mail and Express.....	3:40 pm
7:30 pm.....Mail and Express.....	7:40 am
4:30 am.....Chicago Limited.....	4:40 pm
11:00 am.....Chicago Express.....	11:00 am
12:45 pm.....Sioux City & Omaha.....	2:00 am

*Daily. †Daily.

All other trains daily except Sunday.

You assume no risk when you buy Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. All Druggists will refund your money if you are not satisfied after using it. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful remedy in use for bowel complaints and the only one that never fails. It is pleasant safe and reliable.

Shank Bros., Funeral Directors, 517 Mulberry St. Telephones 686, 688 and 689.

DES MOINES, IOWA.

Cheaper Than Ever TO COLORADO AND UTAH

Daily to Sept. 10th, 1901.

VIA THE GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE

ROUND TRIP RATES FROM Chicago to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo

\$25.00 Aug. 1 to 10 \$31.50 July 10 to 31

Similar reduced Rates on same dates to other Colorado and Utah Tourist Points.

Rates from other points on Rock Island Route proportionately lower on same dates of sale.

Return Lim. 1st October 31, 1901

The Superb New Train Rocky Mountain Limited

Leaves Chicago daily at 1:00 p. m. arriving Denver 4:45 p. m., Colorado Springs (Manitou) 4:30 p. m. next day.

ONLY ONE NIGHT OUT

See your Agent for details and Colorado literature or address JOHN SEBASTIAN, C. P. A., CHICAGO.

IOWA'S BEAUTIFUL LAKE REGION

Lake Okoboji and Spirit Lake most favorably reached by the quickest route, the C. M. & St. P. Ry. New summer schedule now in effect. Two fast express trains each way daily with dining cars, serving all meals en route, a la carte. Excursions and low rates now in effect. Ticket office 410 Walnut. Train arrive and depart from Union Station.

Orange Free State Flag.

The Orange Free State flag is a simple rectangle of vivid orange. An orange tree in full fruit is the most distinctive feature of the arms of the Orange Free State. Beneath the tree are on one side a lion and on the other a number of oxen. An ox-wagon similar to that on the Transvaal arms and three suspended horns complete the whole. "Spes Bona"—good hope—is written underneath the arms of Cape Colony, the chief feature of which is a lion rampant. A figure of Hope surmounts the shield, the "supporters of which are a couple of native animals."

INTERESTING AND INSTRUCTIVE

The lectures to be given in Des Moines August 27, 28, 29 and 30 by Mrs. Janet McKenzie Hill, Editor of Boston Cooking School Magazine.



MRS. JANET MCKENZIE HILL.

The following subjects will be treated in these lectures:

- | | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| The Five Food Principles. | The Fundamental Principles of Cookery. |
| The Mixing and Baking of Bread. | The Mixing and Baking of Cake. |
| A Family Breakfast. | A Family Dinner. |
| Food for Children and Invalids | Adaptability of Food to Age, Climate, etc. |

Two of these lectures will be given each day; one in the morning and one in the afternoon, and they will all be accompanied by demonstrations in cooking.

Tickets to these lectures are given free of charge by all grocers to purchasers of FALCON FLOUR. These tickets are each good for admission to one lecture and housekeepers will do well to begin getting them now that they may have a sufficient number to attend the whole series of lectures. Admission can be had only by these tickets and they will not be sold.

More immigrants are said to be arriving from Europe this year than ever before. Most of them come from southern Europe and Scandinavia. Italy furnishes the largest quota this season. Most of them are coming west to work on railroad extensions of the Burlington, Union Pacific and Great Northern. Italians, it is said, are the best track workers that can be obtained, and they are replacing the Chinese heretofore employed by the railroads on the Pacific coast.

Latest Fad of Critics. The latest fad of critics, the New York Press says, is to rebel against the names of months. They point out that it is absurd for Europeans and Americans of today to dedicate one-sixth of the year to the memory of Julius Caesar and Augustus, to name a third after heathen gods and goddesses, to have two months of doubtful nomenclature, and to designate the remaining four by misleading numericals, September being obviously ninth and not seventh in order.

"Papering Up" Silk Goods. Silk goods should not be folded in white paper, as the chloride of lime used in bleaching the paper will impair the color of the silk. Brown or blue paper is better; yellow India paper is better still. Silk intended for dress should not be kept in the house long, as lying in folds causes it to crack or split. White satin dresses should be pinned up in blue paper, with coarse brown paper on the outside, sewed together at the edges.

Lord Chancellor of England. Lord Halsbury, the Lord Chancellor of England, is the son of Dr. Stanley Lees Giffard, who was editor of the London Standard for twenty-seven years. His grandfather, a noted Dublin politician of the union period, John Giffard, had for more than a generation the sole editorial control of the Dublin Journal, which had been started and for fifty years edited by George Faulkner, the friend of Swift and Chesterfield.

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DAILY EXCURSIONS TO CALIFORNIA

Through first-class and Tourist Sleeping Cars to points in California and Oregon every day in the year.

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED EXCURSIONS

Every Thursday Lowest Rates, Shortest Time on the Road, Finest Scenery.

Only route by which you can leave home any day in the week and travel in tourist cars on fast trains all the way. For descriptive pamphlets and full information inquire of nearest

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DRS. FELLOWS & FELLOWS

Located in Des Moines in 1899. After many years in the regular practice, we now devote all our time to the treatment of Chronic, Nervous and Special Diseases. Cures guaranteed or money refunded. All medicines furnished ready for use from our own laboratory. No detention from business. Patients at a distance treated by mail and express. Medicines sent everywhere free from charge or breakage. Charges low. Thousands of patients cured. Age and experience are important. State your case plainly. Send for terms, blanks, etc. Consultation free and confidential, personally or by letter.

SEMINAL WEAKNESS AND SEXUAL DEBILITY, producing losses, pimples and blotches on the face, rushes of blood to the head, pains in back, forgetfulness, bashfulness, aversion to society, loss of sexual power, loss of manhood, cured for life. We cure above diseases and make you fit for marriage.

VARICOCELE radically and permanently cured by our method in from five to fifteen days. We usually cure hundreds, leaving them in an absolutely vigorous and healthy condition.

WE CURE for life. Skin Diseases, Blood Poison, Swellings, Ulcers, Sores, Gonorrhea and also question blank. STRICTURE cured by our method. Don't let this affliction run along. Our 30 years' experience in its successful treatment is a guarantee to you that we are able to handle your case in person or by mail. All medicines sent well packed and free from gaze.

DRS. FELLOWS & FELLOWS, Des Moines, Iowa. Corner 4th and Walnut Sts., over Iowa National Bank.

Hears Woman on Suffrage. The Connecticut house of representatives took a recess recently in order to give Mrs. Isabella Beecher Hooker an opportunity to address the members on woman suffrage. She was given a respectful hearing and was heartily applauded, but the measure was defeated as usual.

Sweetmeats for Wives. At the "stag dinner" of the Fishmongers' company in London each man gets a casket of sweetmeats to carry home to his wife. And the outside caskets make neat workbaskets.

Typhoid Killing British Soldiers. During the first three months of this year there were, among the British troops in South Africa, 6,258 cases of typhoid fever, 1,060 of which proved fatal.

The Disease Beri Beri. Dr. Charles Hose, of Sarawak, after many experiments, has formed the theory that the disease beri beri arises in tropical regions from the consumption of moldy rice. Dr. Strangeways Figg of Cambridge has expounded the theory in England.