State Capital Historical Ro

IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

VOL. 7. DES MOINES, IOWA, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1900. No. 20.

IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY THE BYSTANDER PUBLISHING COMPANY, FIFTH AND LOCUST. ROOM 405 MARQUARDT BLOCK. IOWA 'PHONE 899.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE AFRO-AMERICAN PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION OF IOWA.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE MOST WORSHIPFUL UNITED GRAND LODGE OF IOWA, A. F. & A. M.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One year.....$1.50
Six months.....75
Three months.....50
All subscription payable in advance.

J. L. THOMPSON, EDITOR.

J. H. SHEPARD, MANAGER.

Send money by post office order, money order, express or draft, to the IOWA STATE BYSTANDER Publishing Company,

Communications must be written on one side of the paper only and be of interest to the public. "Brevity is the soul of wit," remember.

We will not return rejected manuscript, unless accompanied by postage stamps.

IOWA'S LEADING COLORED PAPER.

CITY NEWS

Election day Tuesday.

Street Hats 50c Mason's

Midway Coal, 212 W. 7th street, both Phones.

Mrs. J. D. Forman spent last Saturday at the Saylor Mines.

Rev. Mrs. L. J. Phillips was sick last week, but able to be out to church Sunday.

Remember to go to the polls next Tuesday and vote the straight Republican ticket.

Attorney Geo. H. Woodson of Muchakinock spent several days this week in our city.

WRITE The African Monarchs of America. They have something to tell you. Sioux City, Ia.

Our beautiful October weather has passed with the month, and November opens with a cold rain.

It is the duty of every voter to vote for McKinley next Tuesday and continue the good times.

The Iowa STATE BYSTANDER will be on sale at A. Servalon's cigar store, 2826 State street, Chicago.

Are you going to entertain? If so you will need invitations, call and see our samples, our prices are the lowest

Mrs. Morgan, the wife of our enterprising barber, has been much indisposed the past week, but improving now.

Mr. A. M. Rivers, Jr., returned from Savannah, Tenn., last Sunday night, where he has been for nearly two years with his grand parents.

Mr. R. N. Hyde was in Ottumwa Monday in the interest of John Wilkerson whoes trial was set for that day but was postponed until the 8th inst.

J. H. Mixon, Jeweler, No. 316 West Third street. Tunes Pianos and repairs Organs.

Rev. D. A Basfield of Oseeola preached at Saylor last Sunday evening, and also assisted Rev. L. J. Phillips at the morning services of the A. M. E. church.

Rev. C. W. Holmes left last Sunday night for Warrensburg, Mo., to attend the funeral of the eight year old son Freeman who died at that place.

SECRET Fraternal Beneficiary lodge for the colored people only. African Monarchs of America, Sioux City, Ia.

Mr. John Bryant one of the pioneer citizens of Osceola was a capital city visitor this week. He called at the Bystander office and paid up his subscription, and said the Bystander was the best published in the West.

HELP THE GALVESTON RELIEF.

Come and be made happy yourself. The mutual Perfecting Association, 312 West Seventh street, will give 25 per cent of all orders for piano tuning and perfecting musical instruments, for 30 days. Address manager, 312 West Seventh street.

(Mention Iowa State Bystander.)

Mason's, Bonets and Hat 609 Locust.

M. L. A. Wiles of Muchakinock, who is now employed in Washington, D. C., was a Des Moines visitor last week. Mr. George Walker, a substantial and influential "Muchy" citizen was with him. They were the guests of Mr. James.

WE WANT colored organizers for the best thing on earth for colored people. African Monarchs of America, Sioux City, Ia.

THE ELITE Restaurant, 314 W. Third street. Best 15c meal in the city. A trial will convince you. E. G. McAFEE Prop.

BURLINGTON ROUTE

To all western points and the Pacific coast, embodies the very acme of comfort, speed add scenic splendor. Two through trains leave Des Moines every week day. Tourist sleeping cars run every Monday and Thursday. For full particulars, address F. L. Gannaway, City Passenger Agent, Burlington Route, 400 Locust St, Des Moines, Ia.

A. R. Jackson, director of the Muchakinock band, will be our representative at Muchakinock after this week. Mr. Jackson has had charge of that band for the past two years and they have been very successful in all their concerts, and beyond a doubt it is the best colored band in the West. Mr. Jackson is from Cincinnati, Ohio.

Our job department motto is prompt service, good work and low prices. A trial will convince you.

WHAT SOCIETY AND CHURCH PEOPLE ARE DOING.

Miss Carrie Spears of 1701 Des Moines street entertains a number of her friends tonight.

Miss Bessie Stewart returned from Boone last Tuesday night.

Miss Beatrice Hicklin who has been visiting with relatives and friends in St. Joseph, Mo., for several months will return to this city this week,

On last Tuesday evening a four course dinner was given by Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Blagburn at their home, 379 School St. ;in honor of T. E. Barton of Washington, D. C. The beautiful table in their dining room was made attractive by the use of handsome china and silver ware. Carnations were used in decorating. At each cover was a dainty little dinner card with the guests' monogram on one side and their subject to discuss on the other side. At the conclusion of the serving, and the discussion of each subject the guest of honor made the principal talk of the evening in expressing his gratitude to the host and hostess for the royal manner in which they entertaines him and his friends. The response was made by J. Frank Blagburn. Mrs. Blagburn was assisted by Mesdames G. H. Cleggett and H. H. Lewis. Those present were T. E. Barton, Rev. L. J. Phillips, W. H. Humburd, W. A. Birney, Prof. G. I. Holt, J. Frank Blagburn, B. J. Holmes, Wm. Coalson, G. H. Cleggett E. T. Banks and J. H. Shepard.

Fall and winter Hats at Mason's.

The H. B. S. was pleasantly entertained by Mrs. Denney. The Circle has made arrangements to entertain all of the young Misses, about forty in number, on the 30th of this month. We look forward with pride to a meeting that shall last in our memories throughout life. The paper on "Trust" read by Mrs. Palmer was handled with dignity and force. The Circle will meet next week with Mrs. J. P. Hamilton.

GERMAN REMEDY Cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Male and Female Weakness. Send $1.50; German Medicine Co. Des Moines, Ia.

CARD OF THANKS.

Mrs. Cox and sister desires to extend their thanks to the friends who gave their assistance during the illness and death of their father, Richard Stewart.

BURLINGTON ROUTE

Will run special Homeseekers excursions to Nebraskas most fertile farming lands, and Colorado's garden spots on Nov. 6th, and 20th, December 4th and 18th. If you want an ideal home and productive farm, go on one of these popular excursions. For particulars, address F. L. Gannaway, City Passenger Agent, Burlington Route, 400 Locust street, Des Moines, Ia.

For sprains, swellings and lameness there is nothing so good as Chamberlain's Pain Balm. Try it For sale by all Druggists.

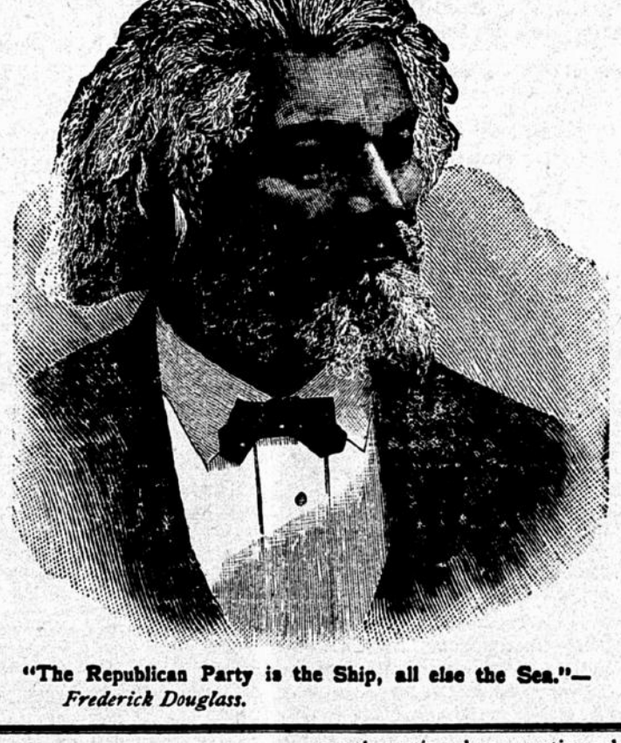


BOOKER T. WASHINGTON.

Some papers are claiming that Booker T. Washington is a Democrat. This is not true. Mr. Washington, in a speech in Washington, D. C., said: "I am not a politician, but I am a Republican." President McKinley and Mr. Washington are close friends.

SOUND REASON TO STAD BY YOUR FRIENDS!

Let us urge upon every voter who reads these lines to do his full duty at the polls next Tuesday. The colored man's only hope for redress for the wrongs done his race is through the ballot box and he must know and stand by his friends and stand by them with the same firmness as should characterize his love for his own household. In Polk county the vote of the colored man is a power and we should not falter in the support of men whom we know as our tried and true friends. The Bystander urges that not a man be caught by the "good fellow" dodge now being practiced by the democratic candidates whose party has in the past and is to-day heaping odium upon the colored man in other states in this fair land of ours. Avoid being purchased by promises which are easily made and just as easily broken, promises made by democratic candidates who only wish to use you for their own vile purposes and selfish desires. Had they the power in Iowa to-day every colored man would be disfranchised the same as they are in North Carolina where the acts of the democratic legislature in disfranchising the colored citizens is a stench in the nostrils of liberty loving people all over the land and a foul blot upon the his history of America. In Polk county the democrats are making strenuous efforts to elect John Pedersen, a democrat, as supervisor in the Fifth district, and to do it they are using methods that would put to shame all honorable people. They have even made their brags that the republican candidate, Mr. L. H. DeFord will be defeated by colored votes and that they can purchase enough to land their candidate. The vote of every colored man in the Fifth district should be cast for DeFord as a protest against this damnable accusation that the colored vote is purchaseable, if for no other reason. But fortunately there is a weightier reason for voting for DeFord. He is a man who is of the common people. He has been the friend of the colored men of this county when their friends were counted fewer than they are to-day and in a fair state like Iowa where the colored people still have the right to vote they should not fritter away their right of sufferage by favoring those who if they had the opportunity, would serve them as they have those in the south. No man should allow another by some trivial promise allure him away from the principles he holds dear and cast his vote for the representative of a party for either a high or low office that has so trampled upon the rights of the colored man as has the democratic party. Their mighty spokesman, Tillman told the democratic national convention what they did with the colored voters in the south, and Bryan prefer to aid the copper-colored Malay in the Phillipines rather than permit the freemen of America their right of enfranchisement. We are fearfully in earnest in urging our readers to stand steadfast for the republican ticket from President McKinley down to every man and the county and township ticket, and when you go into the election booth next Tuesday do your to your friends and rebuke the men who herald our race as a purchaseable quanity. Stand forth in your manhood, glory in your power.



"The Republican Party is the Ship, all else the Sea."—
Frederick Douglass.

If you are going to give an entertainment or serve dinner Thanksgiving you will need tickets and dodgers. Come to the Bystander office, our samples and prices will suit you.

This week Mr. T. S. Ruff a typesetter who belongs to the printer's union here and has worked in nearly all the printing offices in this city was employed this week by Mr. Geo. A. Miller of the Miller printing Co., and several of the printers, called on Mr. Miller and told him they would not work in an office with a Negro. He informed them that the colored typesetter would remain and that they could go, if they wanted to.

It does seem so very strange that those unions will allow a colored man to join their unions and then object to working with thsm. It is very inconsistent to take a man's money as a member of anything and compel him to submit to the same regulations that any other member does, and those members simply walked out and would not work with a fellow member simply because he is a colored man, of course we know those parties that does this is a low jealous class, they are men that perhaps would drink smoke and visit the low colored dives of the city after dark, and then in the day time claim they will not work with colored men. We praise Mr. Miller for the strong stand he took and hope he will keep Mr. Ruff.

WOMEN'S ORGANIZATION LEAVES FEDERATION.

The Women's club of Medford, Mass., has voted to withdraw from the General Federation of Women's Clubs, because the executive board of the latter organization, at the federation convention at Milwaukee last June, refused to seat Mrs. Josephin St. P. Rufin, who represented a club of colored women.

This is the first and only club to our knowledge that has taken such actions. Will there be any other clubs that will do likewise? It will be remembered that the delegation from this state were in favor of seating Mrs. Rufin last June at the convention and made a strong fight in her behalf. We trust that when the next executive board of the General Federation of Women's club is selected that they will be more liberal in their views and seat all delegates regardless of color.

A SENSATIONAL STORY.

To tell our readers the full story of a very interesting and what will prove to be a much contested case in the courts would take several columns, but to be brief, a colored man named John Wilkerson married a white girl from Chilicothe, Mo., in Ottumwa, Ia. The girl, so her father claimed, was under age of consent but left home and her father followed her to Des Moines. Then the officers started after them, finding them in Kansas, and took the girl back home She soon left home again and meeting he old lover at Ottumwa, and they were married on the third day of October. Wilkerson was arrested last Saturday on the charge of assisting in securing a license to marry when his wife is alleged to be only 17 years old, and was taken to Ottumwa, where his trial was set for last Monday, but was postponed until the 8th inst. Gordon, the father of Mrs. Wilkerson, had her arrested on the charge of being demented. She was tried before the Insane Commissioners and their verdict was that she was insane. It has been said by many who attended the trial that it was one of the most biased boards that ever one was tried before. Mrs. Wilkerson was taken away yesterday afternoon and will be sent to college.

A LARGE RALLY.

ELOQUENT SPEAKERS AND GOOD MUSIC.

As published in our last issue, the largest rally of the campaign was given here last Thursday eve under the auspices of the colored Republicans of Des Moines. In the afternoon the popular cornet band of Muchakinock arrived and marched through the city playing. Then the excitement and interest took on an enthusiastic appearance. At 7 o'clock the parade was formed on Third and Walnut under the direction of Chief Marshall Ex-Lieutenant E. G. McAfee. Headed by the Muchakinock band they marched through the principal streets of the city, then to the Auditorium. It was 8:20 o'clock before Mr. T. E. Barton, chairman of the evening, introduced the first speaker, as a quartet sang several songs. Mr. W. D. Anderson, of Keokuk, was the first speaker, and he made a good speech, leaving a favorable impression. Music by the band, then Attorney G. H. Woodson, of Muchakinock, made a rousing speech filled with wit. But the climax came as the crowd, evidently waiting for the rare treat which was given them by Hon. J. Frank Wheaton, present member of the Minnesota Legislature. The applause continue long after Chairman Barton, in a few well chosen words, introduced the orator of the evening. Mr. Wheaton had never been heard in the Iowa capitol before, but his speech has placed his name among the foremost speakers of the Northwest, either white or colored. Space will not permit us to do justice in giving a synopsis of his address, so we will not attempt it. The eloquence, the rich, easy flow of language carried his audience into a wonder of admiration and wild enthusiasm. After hearing the silver tongued orator, we do not wonder that the loyal Republicans elected him to the Legislature in a white district, where only forty or fifty colored voters live in his district as he is a young man we predict a great future for.

A meeting was held Sunday afternoon by the members of A. M. E. church for the purpose of appointing a committee to wait on Governor Shaw in the interest of Mr. John S. Wilkerson. The committee is composed as follows: T. E. Barton, chairman; J. Clifford Williams, Jas. M. Ruff, J. T. Blagburn, A. J. Vaughn, who are to set forth to the governor the cause of their unwillingness to having Mr. Wilkerson returned to the state of Missouri, and will ask Governor Shaw not to recognize requisition papers in the case of Mr. Wilkerson unless the governor of the state of Missouri will vouch for his (Wilkerson's) safety and will guarantee the protection, fairness and justice in every respect, to which he is entitled as a citizen of the state of Iowa.

MRS. GEORGIA HOLT,
Secretary.

AT THE BANQUET.

The great rally that was held last night at the Auditorium would have been incomplete had a banquet not been given. After the speaking, an informal reception was given. About thirty men went to the Elite restaurant, where the proprietor, E. G. McAfee, was prepared to serve them. Mr. R. N. Hyde was master of ceremonies and after he had made a short address, Mr. G. I. Holt was next, who made a very logical address. He also render a very beautiful solo of "true life." Mr. Geo. Woodson was called upon and as usual his toast was effective. Hon. J. F. Wheaton made the brilliant toast of the evening. In following his words closely it would seem that during some of his climaxes one would think they were among the satelittes. Mr. I. E. Williamson, in his conservative way, disbursed some salient facts. D. W. Anderson also responded to toasts. After this some one started the tune of John Brown and a few verses of that old liberty-loving hymn were sung, and while the adieus were being said, the lyric tenor voice of G. I. Holt was heard singing "God be With You Till We Meet Again," and the strains were soon imbibed by all present.

When in Muchakinock, Iowa, stop at MRS. ADDIE JOHNSON'S RESTAURANT for good meals or short orders; also Ice Cream, Prompt attention given to all orders.

CEDAR RAPIDS BUDGETANAN.

The masquerade social given by the Masons at their hall on the 25th was a decided success. Several persons were marsked much to the merriment of all present. The prize for the most comical person masked, which was a silk umbrella, was awarded to Clyde Washington, who represented one-half man and one-holf woman.

Rev. Bass returned home last Sturday morning from Chicgo.

The A. M. E. choir will give a grand concert and lunch Thursday eve, November 8, to raise proceeds to purchase new music. Every one come out and have a good time.

The Stewardess board met Thursday afternoon with Mrs. Addie Perkins to arrange for a Thanksgiving dinner to be held at the church.

Geo. Martin, of Chicago, was on over Sunday visitor at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Martin, last week.

Mrs. Eliza Coleman left Monday morning for her home in Hedrick, after a pleasant visit with relatives and friends.

When you cannot sleep for coughing, it is hardly necessary that any one should tell you that you need a few doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to allay the irritation of the throat, and make sleep possible. It is good. Try it. For sale by all Druggists.

GLASGOW WOOLEN MILLS CO.
WORLD'S LARGEST TAILORS.
56 Stores in America. 16 Stores in Europe.
Suits and Overcoats to Order
No More $15 No Less
FROM MILLS TO MAN DIRECT.
710 Walnut Street, Des Moines, Ia.
Open Evenings until 9 o'clock.

Iowa State Bystander.

BY BYSTANDER PUB. CO.

DES MOINES, - - IOWA.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL

Des Moines, November 2, 1900.

The supreme court has affirmed the decision of the lower court in the Polk county court house controversy. The court holds that the county may sell the old court house site and use the proceeds thereof in the purchase of a new site and may use any available money in the county treasury in a like manner. The court holds that the county cannot issue bonds for the purchase of a new site, but may issue non-negotiable warrants for the purpose and may levy a tax running over a term of years for the redemption of these warrants. This permits the county board to buy a new site, which it is trying to do.

John Cownie of the state board of control has returned from Davenport, where he closed the purchase of a bit of land for the state. The Orphans' home, as it is at present, is without a garden, and it was felt that it was absolutely necessary for the state that land be purchased to keep those capable of working in that institution busy. For this purpose an appropriation was made by the legislature. The entire matter was placed in the hands of the board. The purchase made is known in Davenport as the Tondorff tract, and adjoins the Orphans' home.

State Superintendent Barrett will issue a circular in a few days relating to the plan of transporting children from rural school districts to township centers as was provided by the Twenty-eighth general assembly. The idea is being used in a number of places in the state, and has been adopted with especially fine success in Buffalo township, Winnebago county, where six busses are run every day and ninety-eight children from the country districts are conveyed to Buffalo Center. The school at Buffalo Center is a good one, and six teachers are now employed there. In speaking of the economy of the new system as well as of its other advantages, Mr. Barrett said that last year in one of the counties of the state there were three school districts where the combined attendance of the children did not average quite five. Each of the three teachers was paid $30.

The state convention of the Epworth League elected officers as follows: President, Fred L. Montgomery, of Fayette; Secretary, C. B. Roberts, of Adel; Treasurer, George I. Huffman, of Des Moines; Junior Superintendent, Miss Susie A. Mills, of Marshalltown; Vice-presidents, Prof. Charles Eldred Shelton, of Indianola; Rev. H. W. Troy, of New Hampton; Miss Louise Hinsey, of Ottumwa; Rev. George Whitfield, of Burt. The place of holding the next convention was left to the new cabinet.

Among the notables in attendance at State Epworth League convention were Bishop Isaac W. Joyce of Minneapolis, president of the Epworth League; Dr. B. L. Berry of Chicago, general secretary; Dr. B. L. Paine of Lincoln, Nebraska, and Rev. Dr. J. C. W. Coxe of Washington, Iowa, members of the General Board of Control; Mrs. Lucy Ryder Myer of Chicago, deaconess; and Dr. S. L. Hamilton of Los Angeles, Cal., traveling in the interest of the International Epworth League convention to be held at San Francisco next July. This Eleventh convention was the largest and most enthusiastic one in the history of the state organization. At the closing services on Sunday evening a grand revival service was held and fifty or more seekers were at the altar, at least half this number testifying to a glorious experience.

In the trial of the peculiar Mary Gordon case before the county insane commissioners an old slavery lay of the state of Missouri was quoted to support the contention of one of the parties. Mary Gordon is a young white girl who ran away from her home in Missouri and married a colored man. Her father and other relatives overtook her in this city, whereupon she set up the claim that she had negro blood in her veins, derived from her mother, and that her father had abused her and was pursuing her to get control of property she inherited from her grandfather. It was shown under the law of Missouri that a colored person, no matter how slight the trace of negro blood, cannot inherit from a white person. If the girl is colored she could not inherit the property in question. The father preferred charges of insanity, and the court sustained the charges. It is proposed to place her in a private asylum in Missouri.

POPULATION OF UNITED STATES.

It Reaches the Number of 76,298,222 a Gain of 21 Per Cent

Washington, Oct. 31.—The official announcement of the population of the United States for 1900 is 76,295,220, of which 74,627,907 is contained in the forty-five states, representing approximately the population to be used for apportionment purposes. There is a total of 134,153 Indians not taxed. The total population of 1890, with which aggregate population the present census should be compared, was 62,979,766. Taking this population as a basis, there has been a gain of 13,323,661 during the past ten years, representing an increase of nearly 21 per cent.

EMPRESS IS SERIOUSLY ILL.

Tien-Tsin, Oct. 29.—Information is received from Japanese sources that the empress dowager is seriously ill at Tai-Chuen-Fu, and that the most prominent physicians in the empire have been called to attend her.

THE NEWS IN IOWA

At Mason City Judge Clyde passed sentence upon Fred Lawrence, the confessed rapist, giving him a term of twenty years in the penitentiary. The court also sentenced to the penitentiary for two and a half years Bert Lorrimer, who recently while playing pool with an associate, Claude Morris, extracted $160 from his coat pocket.

W. H. Glenn, general auditor of the Adams Express company, has arrived in Burlington with four Pinkerton detectives. It is claimed the man who stole the $20,000 express package has been located in that city, and will soon be under arrest. Mr. Glenn and the detectives keep the usual silence and will give no information on the subject.

The city marshal of Muscatine was informed of the theft of a horse and buggy at Milan, Ill., a few days ago. The trans-river bridge was watched and the marshal and sheriff spotted and overtook the two men and stolen rig on the Burlington road south of town. Covering them with guns they ordered them to surrender, which they did, receiving the handcuffs and submissively returning to cells in the county jail.

Six prisoners confined in the county jail at Marion escaped a few days ago. Sheriff Evans entered the corridor where the men were running at large, and was assaulted and knocked down by four men, suspected of committing highway robberies along the line of the Northwestern, and two boys held for breaking into freight cars. The sheriff was not badly injured. Posses armed with rifles are guarding the railway points in the vicinity.

Ed Booker, a colored man of Albia, the county seat of Monroe county, was arrested charged with assaulting Sarah Hovel, a widow. There was strong talk of lynching, and Sheriff John Doner was compelled to get his prisoner out of town. He started for Ottumwa, but later decided to take him to Fort Madison. Booker, it is alleged, forced an entrance into the Hovel home and first attacked the 11-year-old daughter of Mrs. Hovel. In defense of her daughter's honor, Mrs. Hovel, it is alleged, was compelled to submit to the ravisher. Booker, it is said, displayed a 44-caliber revolver and threatened to kill both Mrs. Hovel and her daughter.

The supreme court of Iowa has granted a writ of error whereby D. H. Talbot's suit against the Sioux National bank of Sioux City will be taken to the federal court. Talbot brought actions against both the Sioux National and the First National bank of Sioux City, and he has been fighting the cases hard. Heretofore the banks have got the best of the litigation. In 1890 Talbot borrowed $28,000 from the Sioux National, and he previously had borrowed $70,000 from the First National. The loans were secured by mortgages on Mr. Talbot's large farm near Sioux City. The banks foreclosed the mortgage because of non-payment of interest. Now Talbot charges them with usury.

A Waterloo dispatch says: It is probable that a number of cases standing against George Scott, a Methodist minister who was before the Iowa public several years ago, will be stricken from the criminal docket. It will be remembered by many that Scott was called upon several years ago to answer to charges preferred against him because of alleged intimacy with one of the young ladies of his congregation. He escaped punishment at the time by feigning insanity and was sent to the hospital at Independence. His actions now point to a case of genuine insanity. The asylum officials are on his track and believe he has gone to Webster City, where his wife owns property and is living.

A Washington dispatch says: The civil service commission has just completed investigations of charges of violation of civil service laws, mostly of political assessments and coercion, against federal officials, whose names are withheld, in Philadelphia, Louisville, Cincinnati, Topeka, Birmingham, Jersey City and in Iowa. In some of these cases the commission has recommended to the various executive departments to which the accused officials belong the prosecution and dismissal of the latter, and in other cases no action has yet been taken. Investigations in other cities are in progress. The commission refuses to divulge names or any details of information concerning these cases.

A dispatch from Fort Dodge says: A. Slimmer of Waverly has just made the city of Fort Dodge an offer to donate $50,000 for the erection of a city hospital. The only conditions attending the gift are that the city shall furnish another $50,000 to be devoted to the purpose of a permanent fund to the hospital and that the hospital service shall be free to persons of all colors and creeds. Mr. Slimmer is a man of advanced age and abundant means and is becoming well known as a philanthropist. In 1898 he made a similar gift to the Finley hospital of Dubuque, in the erection of a handsome new building in that city. The improvement is much needed in Fort Dodge, as the hospital accommodations are wholly inadequate. Mr. Slimmer's offer was entirely unexpected, as he had received no solicitation save from private sources.

William Hessling, Jr., aged 18 years, was dangerously wounded by the accidental explosion of a shotgun while hunting rabbits near his home in East Dubuque. Young Hessling had an old-style muzzle-loading gun and was carrying it on his shoulder. In passing through the field he tripped and fell and the gun was discharged. The contents entered the young man's leg, tearing part of it away. As soon as possible he was removed to his home and a physician summoned. Considering the circumstances, Young Hessling is doing nicely and it is more than likely that amputation will not be necessary.

A movement has been inaugurated at Fort Dodge by a number of prominent business men to organize a stock company for the construction of a new 100,000 hotel. An effort will be made to have twenty leading citizens each subscribe for $5,000 of stock. Hon. S. T. Meservey and George W. Mason, prominent business men, are back of the project.

A. A. Palmer, who went to Cedar Rapids recently from Des Moines, was held to await the action of the grand jury in bonds of $500 on the charge of larceny from a building in the night time. It is charged that Palmer entered the room of a couple of young men at the Arcade hotel and stole $25 in cash and a revolver from their trunks. He is also charged with numerous other petty thefts.

Frank Rudd, an old and highly esteemed resident of Dow City, was drowned in the Boyer river opposite the mill. He had been trapping and in some manner the boat capsized. Several boys who were hunting in the vicinity heard his cries and when but a few yards from the mill dam a pole was thrown to him, but he wanted to save the boat and in again attempting to reach it was washed over the dam.

Several boys, while hunting on the farm of Carl Buck, near Mineola, discovered the dead body of a man with gray beard, about 55 years of age, height five feet six inches and appearance of having been there about ten days. The clothing consisted of a black derby hat, dark coat and vest and brown pantaloons. There was no means of identification except a memorandum book with the name Omaha written in it, a small penknife and a partly healed cut on the left wrist.

An attempt was made a few nights ago to burglarize the Bank of Allison, but it was unsuccessful. The outer vault door was drilled in two places and gunpowder poured in. The explosion failed to strike the bolt, and the burglars were frightened away without making the second attempt. A supply of tools taken from a local blacksmith shop was found in the bank. No drills were recovered among these, so it is presumed the men carried these with them. The men evidently had plenty of time in which to make their escape, and there is no clue to their identity. It is presumed that they are professionals.

Secretary Wesley Green of the State Horticultural society is in receipt of notification that Iowa apples won the prizes at the Paris exposition. He expects official notification from Director Brackett, who is in charge of the Iowa fruit at that exposition, shortly. Elmer Reeves of Waverly and F. O. Harrington of York Center made the exhibit. They did it, however not as individuals, but for and on behalf of the State Horticultural society. The understanding is, therefore, that the society will get the premiums. The prizes consist of a gold medal, a diploma and a bronze medal, all for the highest awards under the rules of the exposition. It is a remarkable victory for Iowa fruit.

Jacob Zeigler, a farmer living near Rockwell City, was taken into custody by United States revenue officers and taken to Fort Dodge. He was charged with having violated the internal revenue laws by neglecting to affix a properly cancelled revenue revenue stamp on an order for strawberry plants which he gave to Fred Chapman, a nursery stock peddler, some months ago. The plants were to have been delivered in the proper season, in the spring, but were not delivered until along in July. Zeigler refused to take them, and Chapman sued him. Zeigler won the case and now comes Chapman charging Zeigler with a violation of the internal revenue laws.

C. H. Brown, an employe at the Hotel Mondamin of Sioux City, deliberately jumped from a second story window of the hotel, struck on the back of his head on the hard pavement below, fractured the base of his skull and died twenty minutes later at the police station. Brown was a baker by trade, a single man, aged 35 years. He had been drinking hard during the morning, and it is thought this accounts for the man's rash act. Will Johnson, an elevator boy, and W. H. Wright, driver of a coal wagon, saw the man dive out of the window and turn a somersault in the air before he struck the pavement with a resounding crack. He was unconscious when picked up, and remained so up to the time of his death.

The secretary of the interior has recently made final decision involving thirteen quarters of the disputed O'Brien county lands in favor of the homestead claimants, who have resided on the lands from fourteen to sixteen years. The lands are more familiarly known throughout the state as forfeited Sioux City & St. Paul Railroad company lands, which reverted back to the United States by a decision rendered in the United States supreme court on October 21, 1895. These lands were sold by the railroad company to different parties who fought the settlers on the land from the local land office at Des Moines to the secretary. The lands are now quite valuable and could be sold at the present market value, the 2,080 acres just won out by the settler for $50 an acre, making the sum at least $100,000.

Wilfred Guite, a car repairer in the B., C. R. & N. yards at Iowa Falls, narrowly escaped being killed while in discharge of his duties. While no one saw the accident, it is supposed that Guite was watching an incoming freight on the main line and was struck by a string of stock cars pushed by a switch engine. Guite was found lying beside the track in an unconscious condition and with two severe scalp wounds on his head and shoulders. Medical aid was summoned and it was found that the skull was not fractured and the chances for the man's recovery are good.

CARLISTS AT WORK.

Sixteen Arrests Made and Important Documents Found.

Madrid, Spain, Oct. 31.—Several bands of Carlists have appeared north of Barcelona. Three have been arrested in Barcelona, in accordance with orders from the government. They were searched and important documents were found.

The Carlist movement was timed to commence a fortnight hence, but it broke out prematurely.

A band of thirty Carlists are reported to be near Berga, a town fiftyone miles northwest of Barcelona.

Gendarmes searched the country house of a brother-in-law of the duke of Solferino and seized several rifles.

The troops have received orders to hold themselves in readiness to set out for Catalonia at a moment's notice.

Barcelona, Spain, Oct. 31.—The forces who are following the Carlists into the Badalona district have already arrested sixteen persons.

Passengers who arrived here today say that they saw a few bands of Carlists in the district crossed by their trains. The Duke of Colferino has disappeared.

More than 100 workmen have left Berga for a destination not yet disclosed.

Madrid, Oct. 31.—The battleship Pelayo, which had received orders to disarm, has been sent to Barcelona.

The troops at Saragossa, Burgos and Valladolid are ready to leave for Catalonia.

LED BY A WHITE MAN.

Deserters From Army Make Trouble in the Philippines.

Manila, Oct. 30.—While scouting near Looc a detachment of the Twentieth and Twenty-eighth regiment, under Captain Beigler, were attacked by 400 insurgents armed with rifles, under the command of a white man whose nationality is not known to the Americans. The insurgents for the most part were intrenched.

After an heroic fight, Captain Beigler drove off the enemy, killing more than seventy-five. The fight lasted for two hours. Captain Beigler and three privates were slightly wounded and two of the Americans were killed.

An engagement took place October 24 between detachments of the Third cavalry and the Thirty-third volunteer infantry, numbering sixty, and a force of insurgents, including 400 riflemen and 1,000 bolomen. The fighting was desperate. Finally, under the pressure of overwhelming numbers, the Americans were compelled to retire on Narvican. Lieutenant George L. Febiger and four privates were killed, nine wounded and four are missing. Twenty-nine horses are missing. A number of teamsters were captured by the insurgents, but were subsequently released. The enemy's loss is estimated at 150.

CALLS IT ALL GAMBLING.

Dealing on Board and Through Bucket Shop the Same.

Chicago, Nov. 2.—Judge Vail in open court, created a sensation by declaring that in his opinion dealing on the Chicago board of trade, and dealing in one of the institutions which the members of the board of trade had stigmatized as a "bucket-shop," were practically the same. He stated the same thing was called "gambling" in the bucket-shop and "speculation" on the board of trade, but that both were "betting, pure and simple," the occasion for these remarks being furnished in the closing of the case brought by the Central Stock and Grain exchange against the board of trade for an injunction to prevent the board from stopping it from receiving market quotations. Judge Vail postponed a formal decision pending the submission of briefs and authorities by the contending attorneys.

ANTHRACITE LABORERS STRIKE.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Nov. 2.—The laborers at the Conyngham mine of the Delaware and Hudson canal company went on a strike yesterday. The miners refused to pay the laborers 10 per cent advance in wages, claiming that the company had only advanced them 10 per cent and that they would not pay the laborers the whole increase. At this mine the company does not pay the laborers. They work for the miners and are paid by them.

Hazleton, Pa., Nov. 2.—The mine workers employed by the firm of Crawford and Dugan, numbering about fifty men, quit work at the Honeybrook stripping yesterday, and say they will remain out until they get an increase of 10 per cent which the firm declines to grant.

SENSATION IN GOEBEL CASE.

One of the Witnesses Says He Gave False Testimony.

Louisville, Oct. 31.—The Evening Post prints the affidavit of Findlay Anderson, the telegraph operator upon whose testimony Caleb Powers was convicted of complicity in the murder of Goebel, in which Anderson swears his story as told on the stand at Georgetown was perjury. He alleges the false testimony was made at the instance of Attorney Campbell and Arthur Goebel; that he has at various times been given money aggregating $300 by Campbell and Goebel; that he is unwilling to longer suffer in silence by reason of the thought that the falsity of his statements aided in Powers' conviction.

TRUSTEE FOR HIS SISTER.

Geooge Gould to Guard Countess Castellane's Fortune.

Paris, Nov. 1.—The civil tribunal has appointed George J. Gould trustee for the Countess de Castellane, his sister. According to the pleadings in the case, her husband, Comte Boni de Castellane squandered 23,000,000 francs in four short years, whereas his income from his wife's fortune is only 3,000,000 francs. The action in the case was the result of a suit brought by George J. Gould against his sister.

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION.

Washington, Oct. 30.—The state department has issued the following:

"By the President of the United States—Proclamation: It has pleased Almighty God to bring our nation in safety and honor through another year. Works of religion and charity have everywhere been manifest. Our country through all its extent has been blessed with abundant harvest. Labor and great industries of the people have prospered beyond all precedent. Our commerce is spread over the world. Our power and influence in the cause of freedom and enlightenment have extended over distant seas and lands. The lives of our official representatives and many of our people in China have been marvelously preserved. We have been generally exempt from pestilence and other great calamities, and even the tragic visitation which overwhelmed the city of Galveston made evident the sentiment of sympathy and Christian charity by the virtue of which we are one united people.

"Now, therefore, I, William McKinley, president of the United States, do hereby appoint and set aside Thursday, the 29th day of November next, to be observed by all people of the United States at home and abroad, as a day of thanksgiving and praise to Him who holds the nations in the hollow of His hand. I recommend that they gather in their several places of worship and devoutly give Him thanks for the prosperity wherewith He has endowed us. For seed-time and harvest, for valor, devotion and humanity to our armies and navies, and for all His benefits to us as individuals and a nation. And that they humbly pray the continuance of His Divine favor, for concord and amity with other nations, and for righteousness and peace in all our ways.

"In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand, etc.

"WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

"By the president:

"JOHN HAY, Secretary of State."

ALIGNMENT OF THE POWERS.

How the Nations Stand on the Anglo-German Pact.

Washington, Nov. 2.—The alignment of the powers on the British-German agreement is now complete. Aside from Italy and Austria, whose adherence to the agreement is expected, owing their political relations with Germany, Japan is the only power which has given unconditional assent to the agreement. As the matter now stands, five powers are united in all the terms of the agreement, Great Britain, Germany, Italy, Austria and Japan. Three powers, the United States, France and Russia, accept to clause relating to the open door and the territorial integrity of China, but withhold action on the third clause relating to the future procedure in case any power seizes territory.

IN THROES OF A REVOLUTION.

Liberals Start an Uprising in State of Colombia.

New York, Nov. 1.—C. B. Hart, United States minister to Colombia, South America, who arrived here and is on the way to his home in Wheeling, W. Va., said in an interview: "Matters in Colombia are seriously mixed. The liberals started a second revolution a few days ago, and it developed great strength. Fighting has been fierce, and up to date the killed and wounded have numbered 30,000.

"While the liberals met with much success, it is my belief that the government will eventually be successful. But the revolution is seriously disturbing business. General Prospero Pinzon is in command of the government forces and the revolutionists are commanded by General Rafael Uribe. The scene of the trouble is in the department of Causa."

TWO PRINCES TO DIE.

French Government Names Two Chinamen for Execution.

London, Oct. 30.—Dr. Morrison, wiring to the Times from Peking under date of October 26, says: "The foreign ministers in conference today decided to add the name of Prince Yi and Ying Nien to those of the seven officials whose execution France has demanded.

"It is said that the commander of the allied troops at Pao Ting Fu has arrested the provincial treasurer, who has chiefly responsible for the ill treatment of the rescued missionaries."

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Express claims to have authority for the statement that when peace is restored Russia will hand back to the owners the railway from Tong Ku to Niu Chwang.

Yangtse Region in Danger.

London, Nov. 1.—"Most serious trouble," says the Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Express, "is brewing in the Yangtse region, whither the empress dowager has sent emissaries to raise powerful armed bodies to exterminate converts and expel foreigners. She has appointed Yu Chuan, a notoriously anti-foreign general, to be military governor of the Yangtse district."

Native Christains Massacred.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 29.—Dispatches from Mukden received at the war office say that proof is at hand that 400 native Christians were massacred at Mukden before the Russian occupation. Fifty modern guns, mostly Krups, several thousand small calibre rifles and twenty million cartridges have been found.

SALISBURY TO STEP OUT.

Daily Telegraph Says Lansdowne is to Become Premier.

London, Nov. 1.—The following important announcement appears in the Daily Telegraph:

"We expect that, after mature deliberation, Lord Salisbury has decided to resign the foreign secretaryship, which will be transferred to the Marquis of Lansdowne. Although the health of the prime minister gives no cause for anxiety, we believe that he is largely influenced by the counsels of his medical advisers."

FEARFUL EXPLOSION.

Buildings Wrecked and Great Loss of Life Results.

New York, Oct 30.—As a result of a small fire, several successive explosion of chemicals occurred in the drug store at Warren and Greenwich streets yesterday and blew down a dozen buildings and badly damaged a score of others. The loss of life is not known, but from all sources of information it is gathered that there are perhaps the bodies of thirty persons in the ruins, though because of the hot debris and the slow moving of it, no body has been recovered up to midnight. The disaster was one of the most terrible that has ever occurred in the city, and rivals the Windsor hotel fire in its appalling results, though Croker of the fire department, said last night that the loss is fully $1,500,000. The action of the tremendous catastrophe was more vivid and awful than the city has been for a long time. Buildings fell in or toppled on others; iron girders were thrown yards away, smashing through great walls; whole structures fell into the streets in piles so that the line of thoroughfare could not be marked out; huge splinters of iron, steel and wood were flung into the streets and into the buildings clear through the walls, where they buried women and men; people walking through the streets were knocked down and dangerously injured by timbers, glass and steel; horses were thrown down and wagons, windows, store fronts and all sorts of property for blocks in every direction were wrecked and damaged. There are thirty-five persons reported missing and 100 men, women and children are on the injured list. Search for bodies continued all night.

CONGER PREFERS CHARGES.

Accuses Captain N. T. Hall of Marines of Cowardice.

Washington, Oct. 29.—Minister Conger has preferred charges of cowardice against Capt. Newt. T. Hall, United States M. C., the second in command of the marine force at Peking during the siege. The details are closely guarded, the regulations of the war and navy department strictly forbidding publicity at this stage. It is gathered, however, that Mr. Conger questioned Mr. Hall's courage because of the latter's declination to carry out certain military operations suggested by the minister. General Chaffee examined the charges, made an inquiry on his own acount, and sent the papers to Washington, with a recommendation that no further proceedings be had.

The navy department, however, decided that the high morale of the marine corps required the most formal and complete acquittal of an accused officer from such a charge. Consequently the papers were referred to General Heywood, the commandant of marines, who is taking steps to have a thorough investigation by a proper court.

BOERS CAPTURE BRITISH CONVOY.

Reinforcements Come to Rescue and Boers Are Beaten Back.

London, Oct. 30.—According to a dispatch from Cape Town to the Daily Mail, a force of Boers attacked and surrounded a patrol of Cape police with a convoy near Hoopstad, Orange River colony, last Wednesday, and a sharp fight ensued.

"The police," says the correspondent, "were compelled to abandon two maxims. Ultimately reinforced by the Yeomenry, they succeeded in getting away with the convoy, but they lost seven killed, eleven wounded and fifteen captured. The colonists were outnumbered ten to one, and the engagement lasted for two hours.

"The Boers have fifteen thousand men in the field, nearly half of whom are in the Orange River colony. These are divided into commandoes of some three hundred each, but are capable of combination for large operations."

TWENTY-SIX NOT FOUND.

No Remains of Bodies in New York's Recent Fire.

New York, Nov. 1—A revision made tonight of those persons missing and thought to have perished in the explosion and fire at Tarrant & Co.'s drug house shows twenty-six unaccounted for. Not a single body had up to 10 o'clock last night, been found in the ruins, though what looked like parts of bodies had been dug out. What was supposed to be parts of bodies, taken from the ruins Thursday night, turned out, on examination at the morgue, to be blackened pieces of melted gum arabic. Again yesterday another mass was found, which the workmen first thought to be human flesh, but it is now thought to be melted rubber. The authorities are pushing the investigation into the amount of explosive stored in the building, with a view to prosecution.

JAPAN COMES INTO LINE.

Gives Cordial Endorsement to Anglo-German Agreement.

Berlin, Nov. 1.—The formal reply of Japan, unreservedly acceding to the terms of the Anglo-German agreement, has been received at the German foreign office.

London, Nov. 1.—The Japanese minister here said yesterday that he had delivered a note to Lord Salisbury in which Japan unconditionally assents to the Anglo-German agreement on China.

You would naturally expect a performance on a roof garden to be of an elevated character.

BOERS GET A TOWN.

They Capture Jacobsdale After a Stubborn Resistance.

Capetown, Oct. 27.—The Boers have captured Jacobsdal, southeast of Kimberley, after a stubborn resistance on the part of the garrison. The latter lost thirty-two out of fifty-two men.

Germans Will Fight Chinese.

Paris, Oct. 29.—According to a dispatch from Tien Tsin a Russo-German detachment is preparing to attack 10,000 Boxers and disbanded regulars southeast of Tung Cheu.

The Only Way

A Fascinating Romance by Alan Adair....

CHAPTER VII.

Veronica's face was as haggard as Alan's. The blow had been so crushing, so unexpected—that he had not seemed glad to see her, that his heart had not leapt out to her, as hers did to him, that his eyes did not rest for one moment upon the boy, was bad enough; but that there should be another woman in her place! Oh, that was anguish intolerable! At last she spoke. "You love her, Alan?" she asked.

"Better than my life!" he answered passionately.

"Oh!" She gave a little shudder. "Then I will go and leave you to your happiness," she said quietly. "It's the only way—the only way. I will take our boy and go!"

"But you cannot go!" he groaned. "I made you my wife, Veronica, and as long as you live you will be my wife, although my heart and hers may break."

"I break your heart?" cried Veronica. "Why, I would give my life for you. I would not have you unhappy for a moment if I could help it. I love you as much as in the old days, Alan, before the shipwreck. Oh, why was I saved?"

He looked at her, and poor Veronica's heart failed her. There was no love in that look. All the love of Alan's heart was given to Joyce. There was pity and despair, but no love. When a woman loves a man she can soon see the difference. He could not say that he praised God that she was saved, and he did not. "Tell me about it," he said mechanically. If she talked he would be able to think what it would be best to do for her. But as for him, the despair of his heart almost choked him when he thought that in about half an hour he must pull down that beautiful fabric of their lives, must ruin Joyce forever! He could scarcely think of Veronica in his overwhelming agony; but she spoke, glad to see his interest.

"I was washed in shore, into a sandy bay, Alan. I had gone through the anguish of dying; but when the people found me they brought me to, but the shock had been too much for me; I could not remember anything. I then in about five months baby born, and then it all came to me suddenly. I was ill and weak and could do nothing; I could scarcely think. But at last when I wrote the letters were sent back to me, and I heard a rumor that you had gone back to England. I was penniless. I did not know if you wanted our marriage acknowledged, so I did not write to Mr. Dempster; but as my strength returned my courage did also. I began giving singing and guitar lessons. People were good to me. I worked hard, and at last scraped together enough money to take me in a sailing boat to England. I hate the sea. I was afraid of it; but you were there, and I came. But it was a year before I could find anything of you, and I should not have found you at all but Hutchinson told me he had seen you and had spoken to you."

"When did he tell you that?"

"Two days ago. But he told me that he had seen you two months ago, and you had spoken of me. You had told him we were married, Alan, which he had not known. He tracked me home from a music shop, where they get me music lessons; but I cannot tell why he delayed."

But Alan could. Hutchinson, in his cruelty, knew that it would be the ruin of Joyce's life as well as his own if this marriage with her could be consummated first. He knew Hutchinson hated him, so this was his revenge!

He tried to think of Veronica, but it was of no use. Joyce's image came before him whenever he tried to think of the poor girl who was his wife. The little boy, also, was looking at him with his, Alan's, own blue eyes, which were so great a contrast to his curly dark hair. That these poor creatures, dependent upon him for love which he could not give, troubled him.

"Veronica," he said at length, "will you go back to where you live and I will write to you when I have seen her?"

"The wife you love?" asked poor Veronica.

"Yes," said Alan. "Will you do that? You know that you can trust me."

"Of course," said Veronica, simply. "I will do what you say always. It is misery to me to think that I have made you so unhappy, when I thought only to make you happy."

"My poor girl," he said, deeply touched by the contrition in her tone and by her sadness, "you would have done very wrong if you had not come."

She gave him her address and left him. When she had gone a little way from him she took her boy in her arms and hugged him fiercely. "He never looked at you, my own," she said—"never once! But you are mother's joy! Oh, Alan, Alan," she wailed, "why was I saved!"

But Alan was standing where she had left him. He told himself that he was no coward, but that his heart failed him for this. There was no way out of it. He and Joyce, his wife of six weeks, must part!

At last he roused himself; it was getting late. Joyce already would be uneasy about him. The thought of her pretty wifely solicitude, and how after today it might never be put to the test, overcame him altogether. To feel that Joyce was living, and that he must give her up, that they were both young and loving, and must go on living apart forever, was too much for him. "My God, help us to bear it!" Afterwards it came back to him with profound regret that he had never thought of Veronica at all; but he could be thankful that he had seen her and had not hated her.

He crept home slowly, like a wounded animal going to its lair. Home! The very word hurt him. And he and Joyce had only this morning talked of buying the pretty house for their summer residence. This morning was it, or years ago. Could it be only an hour or so since he left the station, all unsuspicious of what was to befall him?

For he had been unsuspicious. He had entirely forgotten the woman who he now easily identified as Veronica. He had been happy as it is given to few mortals to be happy. He groaned aloud as he opened the door which led into the pretty hall. His throat was dry; he could not call Joyce.

But she had evidently heard the opening door, for she came out of the morning-room, which they furnished with the hangings they had bought on the day he had seen Veronica. She called gaily to him and a little reproachfully. "Oh, Alan, how late you are, you naughty boy! And our ride—will you have ten first?"

He simply could not answer. It was impossible; his tongue clove to the roof of his mouth, and his dry throat could not articulate a sound.

"Alan," she called again, "come along, darling."

"I am coming." His voice was, however, so muffled, in a moment she was alarmed. She came running out to him.

"Alan, Alan, what is it? Are you ill, dearest?"

Her unconsciousness almost killed him, together with the thought that he would have to tell her. Then she came up to him and saw his face. In an instant she knew that something awful had occurred. Her jaw fell, and she staggered up to him, putting out her hand and feeling as if she were blind. She was unconscious no longer, for she remembered vividly the day when he had turned so white, and had told her the reason afterwards as they sat together at the hotel. Her quick mind told her that his ashy greyness and the misery on his face had something to do with his dead wife. Hand in hand they went together into the pretty morning-room, into which the sun was shining, and they sat down speechless. A bird in a bush close by set up its joyous song. Nature was full of gladness.

Then suddenly he wrenched his hand out of hers and threw himself headlong upon the couch. Sobs broke from him and his shoulders heaved. For a moment she let him weep, and then she knelt down beside him and flung her pretty, soft arms round his neck, and pressed her cheek, down which the tears were running, against his, so that their tears mingled together.

"Tell me like this," she said. But he could not speak, his grief was uncontrollable. And so in whispers she began: "It is something about your wife, Alan—your first wife, I mean, poor Veronica?"

He groaned, and an awful knowledge came to Joyce—a knowledge that clutched her heart and made her very being stand still. For a moment she saw nothing distinctly, heard nothing distinctly, only felt Alan's tears upon her cheek. Then, when the mist cleared away: "Is she alive?" she whispered.

"Yes!" he cried.

"Alive? Oh, my poor heart! Alive! Your wife? And I—I——"

He sat up then and grasped her hands in his. "You, you!" he cried. And the agony of his voice came back to Joyce for years after. "You! I've got to give you up, Joyce! You, the wife of my heart, my own, my soul! You've got to be as nothing to me! How can I do it"

"I don't know," she said feebly. "And yet, Alan, we must!"

"Do you think I don't know it?" he cried. "Do you think I would have you live with me while my wife was living? Do you think I should let one person in this world point a finger of scorn at you? Do you think I should let you soil your beautiful white soul for me? Oh, Joyce, I love you too perfectly for that, you are too dear to me for that! I will say good-by to you, my own, and never look at your face again; but I will not let you live disgraced. But the parting—the parting!"

Joyce's white face uplifted to his. Joyce's hands grasping his, Joyce's whole being suffused by love for him, and he had to give her up! No more exquisite agony had to be imagined than this moment's, and yet, when it came to the actual doing of it, it so far transcended the imaginings of it that this interview almost seemed sweet in comparison.

"The parting?" she re-echoed. "The parting? You mean that we must cease living in the same house, in the same place, together? Alan, can we do it? Will strength be given us? Oh what shall we do?"

(To be continued.)

ENGLISH TIPTOPPERS' PAY.

What the Leading Men of All Professions Earn in England.

It pays to be at the top of things. Money is always attendant upon reputation, for nowadays the successful man is well rewarded for his ability. Diplomacy seems to be one of the most paying professions to follow. "The salary of an ambassador," is a well-known saying when any one wishes to indicate that such and such a person is possessed of great wealth. Sir E. J. Monon, our ambassador at Paris, is the most highly paid of all those vigilant gentlemen who guard our interests abroad. He receives for his services the princely income of £9,000 a year. After him comes Sir H. Rumbold at Vienna, with £8,000; Sir F. C. Lascelles, at Berlin, with the same yearly sum, and Sir Charles Stewart Scott, who draws £7,800 from the public purse to represent us in St. Petersburg. All the English diplomats are well paid. Here is a list of some of them, giving the place at which they reside and the income that comes to them for it: Washington, £6,500; Rome, £7,000; Turkey, £8,000; Tokio, £4,000; Egypt, £6,000; Teheran, £5,000—a list taken at random, which serves to show the large earnings of our representatives. The English church is still a paying profession for the men at the head of it. The archbishop of Canterbury, Dr. Temple, enjoys, and indeed earns, the nice little sum of £15,000 a year, while his colleague of York is, like the bishop of London, paid £10,000 for his arduous and never-ending labors. The earl of Minto, the governor of Canada, heads the list of governors with £10,000, and after him comes Sir Alfred Milner of Cape Town with £8,000. Lord Beauchamp of New South Wales gets £7,000, as also does Gen. Grenfell, who looks after that island fort, Malta. Sums of £6,000, £5,000, and £4,000 are common salaries. Consul-generals are munificently paid. Two of them—Viscount Cromer of Cairo and Sir H. M. Durand of Teheran—each receive £5,000 a year. For being first lord of the admiralty Mr. Goschen draws £4,500, while Sir Richard Webster, until the last few days, enjoyed as attorney-general £7,000. Mr. Chamberlain has, besides his own large private fortune, £5,000 as his official salary, while for commanding the army Lord Wolseley gets £4,500. The home secretary, Sir Matthew White Ridley, has £5,000 in salary. Despite the large figures given above, no one, not even the archbishop himself, can compare in his earnings with those of a successful barrister. Of all "tip-top" men, your leading counsel is the most fortunate. Lord Russell of Killowen as a barrister made something like £20,000 a year.—London Mail.

SUPPLY OF IRON.

World Consumes About 90,000,000 Tons a Year.

A good deal of anxiety has been felt during the last two years as to the available supplies of iron ore and fuel. The total world's consumption of iron ores in 1899 was probably more than 90,000,000 tons. Of this quantity the United States contributed more than 22,000,000. But in all countries alike exceptional efforts were made to increase the output so as to overtake the greatly stimulated demand. These efforts are still being continued, says the Engineering Magazine. Spain has been ransacked from one end to the other, in order to increase the available supplies. France is opening up new sources of supply in Greece, North Africa and elsewhere. The Germans have sought to acquire almost a monopoly of the supply of Swedish Lapland—within the Arctic circle—for a number of years to come, and have concluded arrangements which point to their belief that iron ores are likely to become increasingly scarce. This is a general apprehension, and if it is justified by the facts, then it seems to be probable that this condition may mainly determine future supremacy. Mme. de Stael once observed that "Providence fights on the side of the biggest battalions." In the war of commerce and industry it is conceivable that Providence may in future seem to interpose on behalf of the nation that has the largest available supplies of cheap iron ores.—Chicago Record.

President Receives About $50,000.

The president receives a salary of $50,000 a year, his house free, and this includes the heating and lighting. The grounds are cared for, his conservatory is filled with flowers, and the gardener who cares for it is paid by the government. The only servants whose wages the president is called upon to pay are his own personal ones, for the doormen, messengers, clerks, and, in fact, every one connected directly or indirectly with the executive department are, of course, government employes. He receives, also, as the head of the army, fodder for his horses and his stable is the property of the government. There are other allowances and, taken all in all, it is estimated that the president receives in various ways between $80,000 and $90,000 a year, or its equivalent.

Something of an Heir.

Marshall Owen Roberts, who became a naturalized British subject a few days ago, is a son of the late Marshall Owen Roberts of New York, a mining king, who died in 1880, leaving an estate valued at $8,000,000.

WHERE DUTY LIES.

MOTTO OF ALL AMERICANS MUST BE "PRESS AHEAD."

False Issues Raised to Blind the Eyes to the Danger of Repudiation and Needless Labor Troubles—The Great Democratic "Fake" Issue.

Questions are upon us in this campaign to test the stuff we are made of as to its far-sighted intelligence, its radical honesty and its Saxon courage. In this presidential canvass are solved the magnificent prosperities of the past three years, an honest dollar, the degradation of the judiciary, the fate of an honest civil service, the just administration of the great affairs of our new dependencies in the far east, our continued beneficent influence in the concert of the powers in the settlement of the destinies of the Chinese empire, and a masterful hand in the great world-movements of the twentieth century. For such a benign efficiency we are better placed than any other power on earth.

We cannot abdicate without shame. We cannot withdraw from our place of world power without a breach of faith with the nations and with humanity itself.

Who tries to shake us with terrors of imperialism wantonly blasphemes the character, the intelligence and the will of his countrymen. It is but triple-tongued demagoguery that talk one thing in one section, another in another and a third in a third; consent of the governed on one stump and suppression of votes of a constitutional majority on another; one section of the republic to another section, "the enemy's country."

In this campaign lie, not half hidden, all those insurgent questions which perturb the world of capital and labor. Socialistic madness is in the mixture and the gaunt specter of the anarchist stirring the pot is in full view of the man with vision.

The poor are being inflamed against the rich.

Men with their pockets stuffed with the stock of oppressive trusts are declaiming against combinations of capital.

An irruption of the barbarians is at the gates of Rome. The eyes of the civilized world are upon us to see whether honesty, intelligence, courage and patriotism are guarding the glories of the young republic. Has popular intelligence risen to the point of safety; popular virtue to the point of secure sovereignty? Have we vision for our own security, virtue for political morality, national righteousness and sturdiness for international leadership. Great salvations or awful abysses are ahead. We must share the great world's destinies. We must share their shaping. We must bravely meet the responsibilities of our greatness. —Rev. A. S. Fisk, D. D., Washington, D. C.

APPEAL OF THE A. O. U. W.

We submit the question fairly and honestly to our brethren. Can we afford by voice or vote to do anything that will disturb the present prosperous condition of our country, which has resulted in a most magnificent growth of our order, and which means to us additional and absolute security for our beneficiary certificates, held by us sacredly for the future benefit of the widows and orphans of our membership? To the jurisdictions of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana, New York, Illinois, Missouri, Tennessee, California, Georgia, Nevada, Utah and Louisiana, to whom we paid more than half a million of relief, we ask, can you afford, for the sake of yielding to political excitement engendered for purely political purposes, to do anything that shall in the slightest degree disturb your own prosperity, and that of the jurisdictions who so willingly and lavishly contributed to your relief? You know as well as we can tell you how sensitive our order is in relation to the relief law, and if, as the outcome of this political campaign, there should be a season of business reverses, hard times, and as a result our order's growth should be impaired, can you not see, as the grand master workman of New York says, how much more important it is for you to protect this order, than who shall "be the next President of the United States?"

Our brethren in Nebraska who are now flourishing, can you afford to hazard the future of your eastern brethren at this time, having in mind their generosity when, but a few years since, they contributed nearly twenty thousand dollars to purchase seed and otherwise assist you in the dark days of your dreadful drought?—A. O. U. W. Monthly.

DISCOURAGING THE SOLDIERS.

Lieutenant L. A. Darrington of Alliance, Neb., now in the Philippines, writes:

"There is one saying of Decatur's that rings in my ears, whether in the mountains or in the swamps, along the battle line or away from it, 'My country, may she be always right, but right or wrong, my country.'

"A soldier's heart is not made glad when he reads in the papers from home that he is a cutthroat and fighting a people who are fighting for their liberty. That is a lie! The people here want our liberty, our flag as their flag, and our laws to govern them. It is a band of highwaymen and cutthroats who pose no place as patriots except in the papers and minds of some of their friends in the United States that are once silenced you will hear of and see the beginning of the end of all this trouble in the Philippine Islands."

OUR LARGE STANDING ARMY.

Our "large standing army," of which the Democracy is in such a state of fear consists of 65,000 men. Switzerland keeps nearly two and one-half times as many in her standing army of 148,000 men, and besides has 361,000 men in reserve.

The United States proportionately has the smallest army in the world. The ratio of soldiers to total population is shown in the following:

	Soldiers per 1,000 population.
France	14.05
Germany	11.05
Austro-Hungary	6.07
Russia	6.01
Turkey	7.01
Great Britain	5.06
Italy	7.01
United States	0.86

We do not have one soldier for every thousand people.

FEELINGS OF SOLDIERS' MOTHERS.

"If the mothers of the soldiers who are fighting in the Philippines could vote," said Mr. H. C. Maurice of Vermont, while at Washington, "I do not believe many of them would give William Jennings Bryan the benefit of their suffrage. The women of America have ever been patriotic, and it would not be natural for a mother to waste her sympathy upon the men who are trying to take the life of her son. While there has been heartbreaking sorrow at their going, no Spartan mother ever sent her son forth to battle with a braver heart than the American mothers who have sent their boys to fight their country's battles on the other side of the world, and much as they would have them back home, not one in a hundred would call them back until the work there is done."

DIFFERENCE IN HAY PRICES.

The little table which follows shows the importations, the home production, the value of the home crop and the price per ton of hay in the United States in 1896, under the Democratic low tariff and business depression which then existed, and in 1899, under protection and prosperity:

Year.	Imports. Dollars.	Production. Tons.	Value crop. Dollars.	Price per ton. Dollars.
1896..	302,652	59,263,487	388,887,649	6.56
1899..	19,872	56,655,756	411,926,187	7.27

Our imports of hay which, in 1896 under the low tariff, amounted to over 300,000 tons, were in 1899, under protection, less than 20,000 tons.

The average price per ton during the depression of 1896 was but $6.57 per ton. In 1899 it was $7.27.

BRYANISM AND CORN PRICES.

When the Bryan boom culminated in September, 1896, corn had reached the lowest record of the year at 19½ cents a bushel. Then as the Bryan boom began to subside and McKinley's election to look probable the price improved, and in November, right after the election of McKinley, the best price of the last six months of 1896 was reached, at 25½ cents a bushel. Between the low price just at the height of the Bryan boom in September and the high price just after the election of McKinley there was a difference of 6 cents a bushel, which made a difference of $120,000,000 in the value of the crop.

THE POPOCRATIC CRY.

The popocratics are a little early this year with their outcries about coercion of wage earners. Four years ago they deferred this trick until a week before election. Now, as then, the reply to it is the same. No one has voiced it better than President McKinley did in a speech to a Cleveland club of wage workers, Oct. 24:

"They talk about coercion, the coercion of the employe by employer. They mistake the spirit of the campaign. It is not coercion but cohesion—cohesion between employer and employe, made stronger by a common interest and a common experience."

REMEMBER.

Remember '92. During the campaign of '92 you thought you were too busy to take an active interest in politics. Remember the result:

Consternation.
Lack of confidence.
Empty pocketbooks.
Vicious tariff laws.
Emergency bond issues.
Losses in bond issues.
Losses in business.
Assignments.
No employment.
Distress.

Do not make the same mistake this year.

COCKRAN ON DEMOCRACY.

"Democratic leaders may betray a convention to the Populists, but they cannot seduce the footsteps of Democratice voters from the pathway of honor and justice."—Hon W. Bourke Cockran, Democrat, Madison Square Garden, New York city, Aug. 18, 1896.

DESPAIR IS DROWNED.

"The hum of industry has drowned the voice of calamity, and the voice of despair is no longer heard in the United States, and the orators without occupation here are now looking to the Philippines for comfort."—William McKinley.

SERIOUS REVOLT IN SPAIN.

Present Rising of Carlists Alarms the Government.

TROOPS IN PURSUIT OF 800

Of the Revolutionists, Who Are in the Vicinity of Berga—Revolution Timed for the First Fortnight in November—Outfits Seized.

London, Nov. 2.—The Carlist risings in Spain seem to be spreading so rapidly that the Daily Mail's Madrid correspondent predicts that unless drastic and prompt action is taken by the government the present revolt may lead to the most formidable outbreak since the last war. "At first," says he, "it was thought that the skirmish at Badalona, near Barcelona, was an isolated affair, but it is now seen to have been a part of a widespread movement, which, though the Carlist leaders at present affect to ignore, may in the event of successful spread obtain their countenance and support.

Mountain District Aflame.

"All the mountain district north of Barcelona is ablaze and the risings are admitted to bear the genuine Carlist stamp. The revolutionists are in uniform and possess rifles, mostly of modern type, evidently arranged for abroad and secretly smuggled into Spain. All pursuing columns have been greatly reinforced and all soldiers on furlough and even those infirm have been recalled to the colors and ordered to be incorporated in the regiments ready to leave for Barcelona in case of need. The revolutionaries principally belong to Berga, Iqualada, and Manresa, and the bands must number at least 1,000, and any success will vastly increase their strength. The government is sending warships to Barcelona, and all the various garrisons in the districts thought to be disaffected are under arms. A widespread proclamation of martial law is likely. The guards have also been strengthened along the French border to stop any further importation of arms."

In Pursuit of Carlist Army.

Madrid, Nov. 2.—It is officially admitted that the Carlist band in the vicinity of Berga numbers 800 men. Troops are closely pursuing them. Communication between Berga and Barcelona has been severed. Another numerous band has appeared at Figols. It has sixteen horses and is divided into three groups. The gendarmes who searched the country house of Senor Torres Baros, brother-in-law of the duke of Solferino (who has disappeared), where they seized several rifles, also obtained possession of documents giving the names of 126 Carlist chiefs and 609 Carlist soldiers. Papers and stamps bearing the inscription, "the royal army of Catalonia," have been seized. It is said that the revolution was timed for the first fortnight in November. The conspirators in three groups were to attack simultaneously the municipal council, the civil government and the captain general. The minister of war says that the number of Carlists in Catalonia will not reach the figure announced by the minister of the interior, who asserted there were 800 Carlists in the vicinity of Berga. The Barcelona police, somewhat belatedly, have discovered two depots of arms, rifles and various kinds of sabers, together with ammunition enough to fill six carts. The resignation of the prefect of Barcelona will probably be accepted.

Pretensions of Don Carlos.

While the present revolt in Spain may not be correctly described as a Carlist rising, it seems certain that the insurgent forces are in full sympathy with the pretensions of Don Carlos and that he will take advantage of the movement as soon as it gives promise of becoming formidable. Don Carlos claims the Spanish throne under the special law of succession established by Philip V. The Carlist claim to the Spanish throne has been kept alive since 1833, when the long series of civil wars began.

Halloween at Horse Show.

Chicago, Nov. 2.—Over 6,000 persons spent their Halloween at the horse show. It was the largest attendance of the week thus far. Society as usual was late and several classes had been judged before the boxes were filled. Most of those apparently who were present on the two previous nights were there, indicating increasing interest in the exhibitions as they become familiar with the various entries. As if to celebrate the old tradition of the night over forty splendid horses, wearers of ribbons already won, were led in parade around the tanbark arena.

Jury Convicts Rioter.

Akron, Ohio, Nov. 2.—Harvey Earle, the first of the riot prisoners tried in this city, was found guilty of the unlawful use of dynamite. He led the crowd to the place where the dynamite was obtained and assisted in putting it in place for exploding. The jury was out three hours.

"Lucky" Baldwin Returns.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 2.—"Lucky" Baldwin has returned from Nome. He refuses to talk of the strikes he is said to have made in the north and says he is writing a history of Nome.

Negro Kills His Wife.

Columbia, S. C., Nov. 2.—After butchering his wife, Rufus Neal, a negro, went to a big camp meeting at Sandy Grove, Dorchester county.

$8,000,000

Drawn by Afro-American Federal Office Holders Every Year.

Remarkable Showing of Good Paying Positions Held by Afro-Americans Under the McKinley Administration.

In a number of recent speeches William J. Bryan has said:

"The Afro-American has bestowed presidencies upon the republican party and recieved janitorships in return." The purpose of this article is to show that this statement is absolutely false. The Afro-American has received more recognition under the McKinley administration than ever before in the history of the country.

President McKinley has selected Afro-Americans from all parts of the country to fill positions of trust and profit under his administration.

The following roster will give a few more important positions to which eminent Afro-Americans have been assigned since 1896:

J. W. Lyons, register of the treasury.
Henry P. Cheatham, recorder of deeds, District of Columbia.
John C. Daucy, collector of port, Wilmington, N. C.
Joseph E. Lee, collector of internal revenue, Florida.
William F. Powell, minister to Hayti.
John P. Green, stamp agent, Washington.
Robert C. Smalls, collector of port, Beaufort, N. C.
R. T. Greener, consul, Vladivostock, Russia.
Dr. H. W. Furnis, consul, Bahia, Brazil.
Henry Demas, naval officer, New Orleans.
J. N. Ruffin, consul, Asuncion, Paraguay.
Dr. A. M. Curtis, surgeon in chief Freedman's hospital.
Rev. B. W. Arnett, Jr., chaplain in army.
John R. Lynch, paymaster in army.
James Hill, register of lands, Jackson, Miss.
Rev. O. L. W. Smith, minister to Liberia.
John T. Williams, consul at Sierra Leone.
D. N. Pappy, collector of port, St. Augustine, Fla.
Robert Pelham, special Indian agent.
C. L. Maxwell, consul general, Santo Domingo.
J. C. Leftwich, receiver of public moneys, Montgomery, Ala.
H. V. Cashin, receiver of public moneys, Huntsville, Ala.
Dr. A. M. Brown, surgeon in army.
Rev. I. Dawson, postmaster, Eutaw, Ala.
M. W. Gibbs, consul, Tamatave, Madagascar.
J. E. Brush, receiver of public moneys, Little Rock, Ark.
Ferd Havis, postmaster, Pine Bluff, Ark.
M. B. Van Horn, consul, St. Thomas, Danish West Indies.
Dr. George H. Jackson, consul, La Rochelle, France.
H. A. Rucker, collector internal revenue, Atlanta, Ga.
J. H. Deveaux, collector of customs, Savannah, Ga.
C. C. Wimbish, collector of port, Atlanta, Ga.
I J. McCottrie, collector of port, Georgetown, S. C.
Budd Coffee, collector of port, St. Mary's, Ga.
R. R. Wright, paymaster in army.
Rev. C. T. Walker, chaplain in army.
E. R. Belcher, deputy collector customs, Brunswick, Ga.
M. P. Morton, postmaster, Athens, Ga.
L. H. Lofton, postmaster, Hogansville, Ga.
J. T. Jackson, postmaster, Darien, Ga.
Mrs. E. L. Bamfield, postmistress, Beaufort, S. C.
Frank P. Bronson, postmaster, Duncansville, Miss.
Thomas Keys, postmaster, Ocean Springs, Miss.
Dr. J. E. Shepard, internal revenue service, North Carolina.
Mrs. S. E. Jones, postmistress, Bladen, N. C.
Colin Anthony, postmaster, Scotland Neck, N. C.
Dr. L. W. Livingston, consul, Cape Haitien, Hayti.
R. A. Parker, internal revenue service, Alabama.
W. T. Anderson, regular army chaplain.
H. Y. Arnett, comparer, office recorder of deeds, District of Columbia.
E. P McCabe, Oklahoma.
N. T. Velar, postmaster, Brinton, Pa.
J. H. Jackson, postmaster, Pennsylvania.
F. J. Baker, postmaster, Lake City, Fla.
J. E. Wilson, postmaster, Florence, S. C.
T. C. Walker, collector of port, Tappahannock, Va.
W. A. Gaines, internal revenue service, Kentucky.
Dr. J. O. Holmes, pension examiner, Kentucky.
J. R. Spurgeon, secretary legation, Monrovia, Liberia.
James Lewis, surveyor general, Louisiana.
Mrs. V. E. Bahn, postmistress, Madisonville, La.
E. L. Simon, postmaster, South Atlanta, Ga.

Washington Departments.

The following salaries are drawn by Afro-Americans:

Army	$4,751,072
Post office department	24,680
Interior department	271,000
Printing office	117,600
District of Columbia	55,260
Consular service	25,200
State department (estimated)	20,000
Navy department	20,000
War department	30,060
Treasury department	200,000
Agricultural and executive departments	25,000
Total	$5,538,612

All over the country Afro-Americans are holding good federal positions, as will be shown by the following, which is but partial:

Allegheny, Pennsylvania.

Two letter carriers are drawing $2,000 annually at Allegheny, Pa.

Peoria, Illinois.

The three employes in the post office at Peoria, Ill., are paid annually $1,660.

Youngstown, Ohio.

One letter carrier in the post office at Youngstown, O., is paid $1,000 per year.

Galveston, Texas.

In the post office at Galveston, Tex., there are ten employes, whose salaries aggregate $8,110.

Toledo, Ohio.

The two Afro-American employes of the Toledo (O.) post office are paid $1,600 per annum.

Chattanooga, Tennessee.

The nine Afro-American clerks and carriers in the post office at Chattanooga, Tenn., are paid salaries which aggregate $5,900.

Richmond, Indiana.

The post office at Richmond, Ind., has two Afro-American letter carriers at $850 per year.

Fort Wayne, Indiana.

There is one Afro-American in the Fort Wayne (Ind.) post office. Salary, $1,000 per year.

Jacksonville, Florida.

The 12 clerks and carriers employed in the Jacksonville (Fla.) post office draw annually $8,750.

St. Paul, Minnesota.

The five Afro-American employes of the St. Paul (Minn.) post office are paid annually $4,400.

Atchison, Kansas.

There is one letter carrier in the post office at Atchison, Kan., and he is paid $1,000 per year.

Omaha, Nebraska.

There are five Afro-Americans employed in the Omaha post office, and $4,800 is drawn by them annually.

Montgomery, Alabama.

In the post office at Montgomery, Ala., there are 13 clerks and carriers, and they receive every year $10,850.

New York, New York.

There are 66 Afro-Americans employed in the New York post office, whose aggregate salaries amount to $51,600.

Indianapolis, Indiana.

The number of Afro-Americans employed at the Indianapolis post office is 12, and they draw annually $10,500.

Knoxville, Tennessee.

In the Knoxville (Tenn.) post office there are four Afro-Americans, and they draw $3,200 in salaries every year.

Jackson, Mississippi.

The six Afro-Americans employed in the Jackson (Miss.) post office draw salaries amounting to $4,320 per year.

Des Moines, Iowa.

At the post office in Des Moines six Afro-Americans are employed and their annual salaries amount to $2,950.

Petersburg, Virginia.

The number of Afro-Americans employed in the post office at Petersburg, Va., is four, and they draw annually $3,000.

Cleveland, Ohio.

In the post office at Cleveland, O., there are 11 Afro-American employes, whose salaries amount to $8,900 per annum.

Springfield, Ohio.

The six clerks and carriers in the post office at Springfield, O., draw salaries amounting to $4,010 per annum.

Hartford, Connecticut.

Four Afro-Americans employed as clerks and carriers in the post office at Hartford, Conn., are paid $3,500 annually.

Columbus, Ohio.

There are eight Afro-Americans in the Columbus (Ga.) post office, whose salaries aggregate $4,000 per annum.

Richmond, Virginia.

The 23 clerks and carriers employed in the post office at Richmond, Va., are paid salaries which aggregate $23,850.

Houston, Texas.

The annual salaries paid to the six Afro-American employes at the post office at Houston, Tex., amount to $3,989.

Birmingham, Alabama.

The 13 Afro-American employes of the Birmingham (Ala.) post office draw salaries amounting to $7,610 per annum.

Kansas City, Kansas.

The five Afro-Americans employed in the Kansas City (Kan.) post office draw salaries amounting to $3,250 per annum.

Columbus, Ohio.

Six carriers and two clerks (Afro-American) in the Columbus (O.) post office draw salaries amounting to $6,800 per year.

Clarksville, Tennessee.

The five Afro-American letter carriers employed in the post office at Clarksville, Tenn., are paid $4,500 for their services.

Fort Worth, Texas.

The five Afro-American employes of the Fort Worth (Tex.) post office draw salaries which aggregate $3,250 annually.

Hannibal, Missouri.

There are five clerks and carriers in the Hannibal (Mo.) post office, receiving salaries amounting to $3,000 in the aggregate.

Little Rock, Arkansas.

Sixteen Afro-Americans are employed at the Little Rock post office, and the annual salaries drawn by them amount to $12,250.

Pine Bluff, Arkansas.

The five carriers and clerks empolyed in the post office at Pine Bluff, Ark., receive salaries amounting in the aggregate to $4,000.

Denver, Colorado.

There are two carriers and three Afro-American clerks in the Denver (Col.) post office, and their annual compensation is $4,300.

Jackson, Tennessee.

There are six carriers in the Jackson (Tenn.) post office, three white and three Afro-Americans. Salary of the Afro-Americans, $2,400 per year in the aggregate.

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

In the Philadelphia post office 38 Afro-Americans are employed, and their annual salaries amount to $27,700. The 10 Afro-Americans in customs service at Philadelphia earn $8,600 per year.

Nashville, Tennessee.

The annual salaries of the ten Afro-Americans employed at the Nashville post office amount to $6,820. In the customs service at Nashville there are four Afro-Americans, who earn $3,000 per year.

Charleston, South Carolina.

The six Afro-Americans employed in the office of the collector of customs at the port of Charleston draw annually $3,600. The eight Afro-Americans employed as clerks and carriers in the post office at Charleston, S. C., receive salaries aggregating $7,650.

Louisville, Kentucky.

The annual salaries of the 12 Afro-Americans employed in the office of the collector of internal revenue for the Fifth district of Kentucky amount to $10,800.

At the Louisville post office 29 Afro-Americans are employed, and their annual salaries amount to $18,300.

New Orleans, Louisiana.

In the federal service at New Orleans, La., there are 130 Afro-Americans, distributed as follows:

48 in customs service	$44,085
4 internal revenue service	5,160
18 subtreasurer's office	7,470
28 post office	24,400
32 U. S. mint	23,875
130 Total	$104,990

Baltimore, Maryland.

There are two Afro-Americans employed in the United States internal revenue service for the district of Maryland, and their salaries amount to $1,780.

On the custodian force of the United States courthouse and post office building at Baltimore there are five Afro-Americans employed, and their annual salaries amount to $3,000.

In the Baltimore post office the number of Afro-Americans employed is 15, and their annual salaries amount to $11,100.

St. Louis, Missouri.

In the office of the collector of internal revenue at St. Louis there are three Afro-Americans employed and their combined annual salaries amount to $3,600.

In the customs service at the port of St. Louis four Afro-Americans are employed and draw $2,400 per annum, and in the custodian service at the same place four are employed, whose annual salaries amount to $2,160.

Boston, Massachusetts.

In the post office at Boston, Mass., there are 45 Afro-Americans, distributed as follows:

24 clerks	$24,500
7 carriers	7,000
8 substitute carriers.	
8 substitute clerks.	
6 special delivery messengers.	
No regular salary attached to these positions; probably earn an average of $300 per annum each	4,200
45	$35,700

Mobile, Alabama.

It looks like a case of Negro domination in the Mobile (Ala.) post office. There are 16 Afro-Americans employed in this office, whose aggregate salaries amount to $28,300 per annum. There are but 12 whites employed in this office; their aggregate salaries amount to $7,900 per annum. The average salary paid to the Afro-American employe is $700 per annum; the average salary paid to the white employe is only $660 per annum.

In the office of the collector of customs at the port of Mobile four Afro-Americans are employed, and draw annually $2,440.

Chicago, Illinois.

There are 100 clerks in the Chicago (Ill.) post office, and their annual salaries aggregate $31,000.

In the office of the collector of customs there are two inspectors, drawing $1,277.50 per annum each, and six other employes with salaries aggregating $4,739 per annum, the total being $7,067. The number now on the pay roll is greater than at any previous time.

In the office of the collector of internal revenue there is one deputy whose salary is $1,200 per annum.

Georgia.

The state of Georgia seems to be the banner one for Afro-Americans so far as federal appointments are concerned. The list is headed by Hon. Judson W. Lyons, register of the United States treasury, whose salary is $4,000 per annum.

H. A. Rucker is collector of internal revenue at Atlanta; J. H. Deveaux is collector of customs at Savannah; B. B. Coffee is collector of customs at St. Marys; C. C. Wimbish is collector of customs at Atlanta, and E. R. Belcher collector of customs at Brunswick. These gentlemen draw about $15,000 per annum in salaries.

In the internal revenue department of Georgia there are 12 storekeeper gaugers, whose aggregate salaries amount to about $10,000 per annum.

The nine deputy collectors of internal revenue draw salaries amounting to $8,500 per annum.

Two deputy stamp collectors are on the pay rolls at $1,000 per annum.

Two clerks in the internal revenue service draw $1,680 per annum.

In the service of the custodian of the United States post office and custom house at Atlanta there are seven Afro-Americans, whose salaries aggregate $3,000 per annum.

In the post office at Atlanta, Ga., there are five carriers, with salaries amounting to $3,000 per annum. There are eight substitute carriers. Two clerks in charge of substations receive $200 per annum. Thirteen special delivery messengers earn $30 per month each, or $5,070 per annum. Total salaries paid, $25,200.

In the post office at Savannah there are 13 letter carriers, whose salaries aggregate $11,050 per annum. There are also four subcarriers. Eight clerks earn $4,740 per year.

In the post office at Rome, Ga., four Afro-American employes draw $3,000 per annum.

The Columbus post office employs five Afro-Americans, whose combined salaries are about $4,000 per year.

Mr. M. B. Morton is the postmaster at Athens, and he receives $2,500 per year for his services.

There are Afro-American postmasters at the following places in Georgia: Cowart, Holt, Yale, Hogansville, Darien, South Atlanta.

There is an Afro-American clerk in the post office at Waycross, a letter carrier at Americus and a clerk at Cordele.

W. C. Thomas, deputy United States marshal northern district of Georgia, receives a salary of $1,800 per annum.

In the post office at Augusta, Ga., there are nine employes, drawing $8,200 per annum.

The six employes in the post office at Athens are paid $3,500 per year for their services.

In the customs department at Savannah there are six Afro-American employes, whose salaries amount to $3,085 per annum.

In the railway mail service there are 15 clerks, whose salaries aggregate $17,000 per annum.

In the departments at Washington eight Afro-American Georgians are on the pay roll at $7,400 per annum.

Appointments made by the war department at Washington include Dr. G. N. Stoney, surgeon U. S. A.; F. H. Crumbly, captain company D, Forty-ninth U. S. V.; J. T. Grant, captain Forty-eighth U. S. V.; R. R. Wright, major paymaster, U. S. A.; Dr. C. T. Walker, chaplain U. S. A.; Dr. Green, lieutenant Forty-eighth U. S. V.; H. J. Parker, lieutenant Forty-eighth U. S. V., and John Oliver, captain Forty-eighth U. S. V.

Take off your coat and work for McKinley until the evening of November 6; then we can shout and yell until we are hoarse.

When the glorious sun beams on the smiling earth on the morning of November 6, be at the polls ready to vote and work for McKinley.

The fact that the lowest element in the south, the old rebels and all who wish to oppress the Afro-American race, belong to the democratic party ought to be enough to convince all sensible Afro-Americans that the democratic party is a good one to keep out of office.

In a recent interview Bishop Arnett, of the A. M. E. church, said: "Bishop Turner is one of the 14 bishops of our church and the only man among us who has left the republican party. His flop to Bryan will carry few Afro-American votes into the democratic camp, and it will not have the effect the democrats expect. If he were a northern bishop it would make some difference, but as he lives in the south, what following he might have there will count for nothing, as they will be counted out anyway at the polls. He will carry with him none of the Afro-American vote of the north, so I fail to see where he can do the democratic party any good. The great bulk of the Afro-American vote will be cast for the republican nominees. The democratic party should not expect any favors from the Afro-American, for in the last 30 years not one of their platforms has contained a plank to prevent discrimination on account of race or color. The Afro-Americans of this country will cast their ballots for McKinley, and I have not the slightest doubt but that he will be reelected. I have just returned from the Pacific coast, where I find the republicans sanguine of victory, and I am confident that McKinley will carry many of the western states formerly classed in the Bryan column."

DON'T STAY AT HOME

Only Danger to Republicans Is Their Own Carelessness.

Falling Off in the Vote Such as There Was Last Year Would in All Probability Bring Republicans to Grief.

"There is no danger so threatening to Iowa republican success as the vote of the stay-at-homes," says Chairman Weaver. "If we should have such a stay-at-home vote this year as we had last year we would lose two congressional districts. We would have had some heavy losses last year if the full democratic vote had been polled, as it will be polled this year. Here is a table that we have made out showing the number of republican stay-at-homes in each congressional district last year and also the average number in each precinct. You will see that it is very large and would have a disastrous effect in a congressional election. In 1898 if the full democratic vote had been polled six congressional districts would have gone democratic owing to republican stay-at-homes. There is no doubt about every republican vote being polled this year and we cannot afford to take any chances. In 1899 49,919 republicans who voted in 1896 failed to vote. This is an average of 24.27 to the precinct.

"This will be our last chance to reach the republican voters of the state. The precinct committeemen have all received their instructions and have responded admirably to the appeals to them to do their party and patriotic duty by seeing that the full republican vote is polled. I hope that individual republican voters will assist them by voting early so that they can devote their time to the laggards who have to be hunted up and brought to the polls."

Here is the table referred to by Chairman Weaver:

	Republican Stay-at-Homes.	Number per Precinct.
First District	4,521	30
Second District	4,718	32
Third District	7,833	40
Fourth District	4,910	28
Fifth District	4,236	24
Sixth District	2,474	16
Seventh District	5,916	37
Eighth District	1,656	8
Ninth District	2,285	12
Tenth District	6,171	21
Eleventh District	5,199	21

The republican state committee has now finished its work. It has done everything that it can do in this campaign. The responsibility is now turned over to the local workers, the committeemen in every precinct. They are now responsible for getting the vote out and it will be their fault if the republican voters are not all brought to the polls.

LIFTED THE MORTGAGE.

Farmer Who Had Been Successful Was Grateful to the Republican Party.

Des Moines, Oct. 26.—A farmer from Madison county came into the republican state headquarters the other day for a little visit with Chairman Weaver and for the purpose of contributing his mite toward the campaign fund. He said, as he handed a silver dollar to Chairman Weaver, that this was just a little expression of his appreciation and gratitude for what he believed the republican party had done for him.

"Four years ago," he said, "I had an 80-acre farm and there was a mortgage on it for $2,000. I had been having some pretty hard luck and the mortgage got bigger instead of smaller. But when the gold standard and the protective tariff got to work under McKinley, things began to change with me. I have been getting along a good deal better ever since. Last week I sold my hogs and lifted the whole mortgage and now the farm is clear, and besides it has been considerably improved since 1896. I have been reading up some of the literature you sent me and got hold of some government reports, so I could study the question from non-partisan authorities, and taking all these things together, I have concluded that I don't want any change. I don't know of many farmers who do, either."

CROKER IS BOSS.

Bryan Publicly Admits His Surrender to Tammany and Its Leader.

Lincoln, Neb., Oct. 27.—Bryan's performance in New York, where he was the bedfellow of Croker and where he gave public expression to his bargain with Croker and Tammany, has disgusted thousands of his friends in this state. They know there is nothing in common between them and Tammany. Crokerism is more repugnant to them than anything else in American politics. They say that if Bryan belongs to Tammany and Croker, as he has publicly declared he does, then they have no use for him.

In his speech in New York city William Jennings Bryan said:

"Great Is Tammany, and Croker Is Its Prophet."

Everyone in the United States knows what Crokerism and Tammanyism means. There can be no plainer declaration than this by Bryan that he stands with Croker and with Tammany and that he has made a bargain with them. For every vote he gains out of it in New York, if he gains any, it will cost him thousands of votes in the western states, where the farmers and the people in towns as well look upon Croker and all he represents as being the vilest sore in the American political system.

MARSHALLTOWN ITEMS.

Quite a number of friends gathered at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Cotsomson the 23rd of October, it being their Wooden Wedding Anniversary. They received many beautiful presents. A nice time was enjoyed by all.

Mr Fred Wright has returned home.

Mrs, Patton and daughter have returned home after a two weeks visit in Missouri

The Grand Masonic Anniversary and reception of Eureka Lodge No. 20 A. F. A. M. will be given on Dec. 4th and the committee is useing every effort to make this one of the grandest event. The date was changed from Nov. 22nd on the account of a great many will be working nights and it is the intention of the committee to invite every one by issuing invitation and they must be kept as they contain the programme.

Subscribe for the Bystander.

MT. PLEASANT NEWS.

Rev. Ferribee attended the dedication of the Institutional church last week in Chicago. He returned last Saturday accompanied by his wife who has been visiting in Chicago. Mrs. Ferribee contracted a severe cold while there which caused her to be confined to the house.

Mrs. Alfred Beatly is very low with a complication of diseases.

Mrs. Lulu Alexander and little daughter M y of Farmington are in the city and expect to remain for awhile.

Rev. Miller of Second Baptist church, was absent last Sunday being at his other charge.

Mrs. John Smith left this week for a visit with her sister Mrs. Henderson in Kansas City Kan. She expects to remain there until Christmas then she will go to Portland, Mo., her old home to spend the winter her sister and other relatives.

Mrs. Lizzie Junkins who has been the guest of her sister and son Mrs. C. Burnaugh and son Mac Kenzie left last week for Butte, Mont.

Mr. Clay Reed spent last Sunday in the city with his family.

Miss Hester Bartlett returned home this week after a pleasant visit in Keokuk Hannibal, and Quincy, Ill.

SAYLOR NOTES.

To the Editor of the Iowa State Bystander. Please allow me space in your column to make this announcement. Saylor Baptist Church has been carring on a series of meetings and has had much success. On the first Sunday in Nov., There will be baptising, all are invited to attend, on every first and third Sunday in each month we have preaching at 11.00 A. M. Sunday School at 2:30 P. M. preaching at 7:30 P. M. every first Sunday is convanant.

Rev. J. M. Haggard, Pastor.

M. K. & T. REDUCES RATES IN INDIAN TERRITORY.

Every since the construction of the M. K. & T, Ry. through the Indian Territory its local passenger rate between stations in the Indian Territory has been on the basis of five cents a mile. The customary rate of passenger fares on railroads, except in sparcely settled country, is three cents a mile. The population of the Indian Territory during the past few years has grown rapidly; there has been a large increase in passenger traffic on this account, and the Katy officials, recognizing the wants of the people and the justice of so doing, have voluntarily arranged to reduce the local passenger rate to a basis of three cents a mile. This reduction will take place on or about November first. There will be great rejoicing among the residents along the line of the M. K. & T

You assume no risk when you buy Chamberlain's Colic Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. All Druggists will refund your money if you are not satisfied after using it. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful remedy for Bowel complaints and the only one that never fails. It is pleasant safe and reliable.

BURLINGTON ROUTE

Makes a specialty of personally conducted excursions to California and Pacific coast points on Thursday of each week. Through tourist sleepers are run every Monday and Thursday, affording excursionists with luxurious comfort at minium cost. For particulars address F. L. Gannaway, City Passenger Agent, Burlington Route, 400 Locust street Des Moines, Ia.

AS TRUE AS GOSPEL.

Speak well of your friend, of your enemy, say nothing.

He who says what he likes will hear what he does not like.

A man's manners are the mirror in which he shows his portrait.

If cheerfulness knocks for admission, we should open our hearts wide to receive it, for it never comes inopportunely.

Votes Counted by Tickets.

Under the Pennsylvania election law votes are not counted for the candidate, but for the ticket or tickets on which his name appears. In the Chester county election all parties agreed upon Joseph Hemphill for common pleas judge, and this is the way the official vote was declared: Joseph Hemphill, republican, 8,162 votes; Joseph Hemphill, democrat, 4,371 votes; Joseph Hemphill, fusion, 1,643 votes; Joseph Hemphill, scattering, 374 votes.

NOTICE TO REDEEM FROM TAX SALE.

State of Iowa, Polk County, ss:

To Ellis Bennett:

You are hereby notified that on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1897 the following described real estate, situated in Polk county, Iowa, was sold for the taxes for the year 1896, which real estate is described as follows, to-wit: Lot Twenty-one (21) Twinings Addition now forming a part of the city of Des Moines, Polk County, Iowa.

That the same was, at such sale, purchased by Guy Hunter and a certificate issued to him by the Treasurer of Polk county, Iowa, and by the said Hunter the certificate was duly assigned. I, Wallace J. Berry am now the owner and holder of the certificate, and the right of redemotion will expire and a Treasurer's Deed for said property will be made, unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the completed service hereof. Wallace J. Berry,

Lawful holder and owner of said certificate.

NOTICE TO REDEEM FROM TAX SALE.

State of Iowa, Polk County, ss:

To Geo. A. Danner:

You are hereby notified that on the 7th day of December A. D. 1897 the following described real estate, situated in Polk county, Iowa, was sold for the taxes for the year 1896, which real estate is described as follows to-wit: Lot Sixteen (16) Block Six (6) Fairview Addition to, and now forming a part of the city of Des Moines, Polk county, Iowa.

That the same was, at such sale, purchased by C. M. Cathcart and a certificate issued to him by the Treasurer of Polk county, Iowa, and by the said Cathcart the certificate was duly assigned to J. H. Phillips, and he is now the owner and holder of said certificate and the right of redemption will expire and a Treasurer's Deed for said property will be made, unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the completed service hereof. J. H. Phillips,

Lawful holder and owner of said certificate.

NOTICE TO REDEEM FROM TAX SALE.

State of Iowa. Polk County, ss:

To Geo. A. Danuer:

You are hereby notified that on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1897 the following described real estate, situat- in Polk county, Iowa, was sold for the taxes for the year 1896, which real estate is described as follows, to-wit: Lot Fifteen (15) Block Six (6) Fairview Addition to, and now forming a part of the city of Des Moines, Polk county, Iowa,

That the same was, at such sale, purchased by C. M. Cathcart and a certificate issued to him by the Treasurer of Polk county, Iowa, and by the said Cathcart the certificate was duly assigned to J. H. Phillips, and he is now the owner and holder of said certificate and the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said lots will be made, unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the completed service hereof. J. H. Phillips,

Lawful holder and owner of certificate.

NOTICE TO REDEEM FROM TAX SALE.

To J. W. Morris:

You are hereby notified that the following described real estate, situated in Polk county, Iowa and described as follows: Lots No. 7, 8, 11, in Block E. Des Moines Co. Addition to Polk City, was sold for taxes on the 6th day of December, 1897 to J. L. Wilson, that the certificate of sale thereof is now owned by said J. L. Wilson, and the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said lots will be made, unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice.

Dated this 2nd day of November A. D. 1900. J. L. Wilson,
Des Moines, Iowa.

NOTICE TO REDEEM FROM TAX SALE.

To E. W. Smith:

You are hereby notified that the following described real estate, situated in Polk county, Iowa, and described as follows: Lots No. 9, 10, 12 and 13 in Block E. Des Moines Co. Addition to Polk City, was sold for the taxes on the 6th day of December 1897 to J. L Wilson, that the certificate of sale thereof is now owned by J. L. Wilson. and the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said lots will be made, unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice.

Dated this 2nd day of November, A. D. 1900. J. L. Wilson,
Des Moines, Iowa.

NELSONS STRAIGHTINE The LATEST DISCOVERY FOR MAKING KNOTTY, KINKY, CURLY HAIR STRAIGHT.



STRAIGHTINE is a safe, certain and reliable preparation. It is absolutely free from all injurious chemicals, and cannot injure the most delicate head. It not only straightens the hair, but removes Dandruff, stimulates the roots of the hair, keeps it from falling out, and produces a rich, long and luxurious head of hair. Cures all kinds of scalp diseases. Straightine is richly perfumed, and is in every way an elegant article for the toilet. It has been tested by thousands with the unanimous verdict that it is the best preparation made. Price, 25 cents at drug stores, or sent by mail to any address for 30 cents in stamps. Address, NELSON MANUFACTURING CO., Richmond, Va.

Agents wanted. Write for terms.

BE CURED.

DR. J. M. WILSON, Natural Healer

Positively cures all Mental and Nervous trouble, restores Eyesight and Hearing; cures Lung, Heart, Liver, Stomach and Kidney trouble; Rheumatism, St. Vitus Dance, Paralysis, Aches, Pains and swelling.

Disease of every form cured.

Office Hours from 3 p. m. to 6 p. m. City calls made. Iowa Telephone 506.

All mail promptly answered.

MORGAN HOUSE, Des Moines Iowa.

DES MOINES PASSENGER TRAINS

C. R. I. & P., GOING EAST.

ARRIVE.		DEPART
1:30 p. m.	Chicago Limited	*9:35 p m
2:30 p. m.	Day Express & Mail	4:45 p m
2:40 a. m.	Night Express	*12:55 a m
2:40 p. m.	Day Express	*1:00 p m
.....	Hawkeye Limited	7:00 a m

C. R. I. & P., GOING WEST.

1:30 a. m.	Denver Limited	*8:35 a m
2:55 p. m.	Night Limited Express	6:40 a m
1:40 p. m.	Day Express	*12:50 p m
2:35 a. m.	Rocky Mountain Limited	*4:00 a m
1:40 a. m.	Fast Mail	

C. R. I. & P. TO KEOKUK.

1:35 a. m	Eldon	6:55 p m
2:50 p. m.	Keokuk	7:10 a m

DES MOINES & FORT DODGE.

1:30 p. m.	Ruthven Mail & Express	12:10 p m
10:45 a. m.	Tara and Fort Dodge	4:45 p m
2:30 p. m.	Minn. and St. Paul	*9:00 p m
9:40 a. m.	St. Paul and Minn. Flyer	8:30 a m

INDIANOLA & WINTERSET BRANCH.

1:30 a. m.	Mail	4:40 p m
3:40 p. m.	Winterset Accommodation	8:45 a m
7:05 p m.	Indianola Express	8:40 a. m

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN—NORTH

8:15 p. m.	Chicago and St. Paul Lim.	*8.30 p m
.....	Chicago and St. Paul Ex.	8:30 a. m
*9:25 a. m	Twin Cities Special	*2:30 a m

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN—SOUTH

6:50 a m.	Kansas City Limited	*7:00 a m
11:20 a m	Day Express	*11:40 a m
7:20 p m.	Night Express	8:45 p m

CHICAGO BURLINGTON & QUINCY

*12:15 p m.	Albia and Burlington Pass	*3:15 p m
5:55 p m.	Chicago and Peoria Express	8.00 a m
7.00 p m.	Albia Accommodation	5:45 a m

KEOKUK & WESTERN

10.05 a m	Mail and Express	2:20 p m
6:05 p m	Mail and Express	8:25 a m

CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN

6:15 p m.	Sioux City, N. & W.	9.00 a m
1.10 p m.	Colorado Special	*4 40 p m
*11:30 a m	Chicago Limited	*9.00 p. m
1:05 a m	Dakota Limited	2 00 a m
*7.55 p m.	Chicago Express	7:00 a m
*5:40 a m.	Chicago Night Express	*9 00 p m
7:05 p m	Chicago Special	11.00 am
*11:30 a m	"Fast Mail"	*9.00 a m

C. M & ST. P.—FONDA LINE.

11:05 a m.	Fonda Express	4:00 pm
3:45 p m.	Fonda & Sioux City Lim.	9.35 am

C M & ST P—BOONE LIME

11.30 a m	Boone Mail and Express	3;40 a m
7:35 p m	Mail and Express	8;00 a m
4:50 a m	Chicago Limited	11;15 a

*Daily. †Daily.

All other trains daily except Sanday

CALIFORNIA.

Broad Vestibuled
First-Class Sleepers
DAILY—
Between Chicago and Sanfrancisco

WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

Great Rock Island Route

Leave Chicago on Big 5 at 10:00 p m. All the best scenery of the Rocky Mountains and the Sierra Nevada by daylight in both directions.

These cars are carried on the limited trains of the Great Rock Island Route, Denever and Rio Gtande (Scenic Route), Rio Grande Western and Southern Pacific.

Dining Car Service Through
Buffett Library Cars.

JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. P. A.,
Chicago.

CHURCH ANNOUNCEMENT.

The Corinthian Baptist Church —situated on 11th St., between Crocker and School Sts Preaching; at 11 A. M.; Sunday School; at 12 o'clock Preaching. at 7 P. M.
Rev. S. Bates, P tor.

St. Paul A. M. E.—Corner of Second and Center Streets. Preaching at 10:30 a. m.; Sunday School at 3 o'clock; Epworth League at 7 p. m.; preaching at 8 p. m. L. J. Phillips, pastor.

First African Baptist Church—Corner School and Fourth streerts. Rev. F. Lomack pastor. Preaching 10.30 a. m.; Sunday school 2.30 p. m., Mr. M. E. Houston, Superintendent; Young People's meeting 7 p. m, preaching 8:00 p.m.

Burn's M. E.—East Second and Des Moines street.—Sunday services, preaching at 11:00 a. m and 4 p. m. Sunday School at 12:30. Prayer and Class meeting, Wednesday 8 p. m. All are welcome. Rev. C. W. Holmes, pastor, 200 Des Moines streer.

Mount Nebo Baptist Church—E. Second street, between Lucust and Grand avenue—Sunday service, preaching at 11 a. m.; Sunday School 12 30 p. m., Superintendent, Rose Johnson. Preaching at 8 p. m. Rev. J. H Bell, pastor.

SECRET ORDERS.

North Star Lodge, No. 2, A. F. A. M.—Meets First Thursday in each month at Masonic Hall—Fourth and Court avenue. J. H. Shepard, W. M.; J. L. Thompson, secretary.

King Solomon Commandery, No. 6.—Meets Second and Fourth Thursday in each month at Masonic hall. Fred Jackson, M. C.; G. H. Cleggett, Rec.

Charity Lodge, No. 3192, G, U. O. of O. F.—Meets First, Second and Third Tuesday each month at Odd Fellows hall on West Sixth and Walnut streets. D. Burns, N. G.; F. Brown, P. S.

Naomi Court, No. 3—meets Second Monday in each month at Masonic hall. Mrs. J. H. Shepard, matron; Mrs. Fred Jackson, secretary.

Olive Court, No. 4—Meets First Thursday of each month at Masonic hall. Mrs. Susan White, matron; Mrs. Flora Majors, secretary.

Knights and Ladies of Honor of the World No 178 Victoria Lodge—meets every Monday evening at Webster's Hall, corner of Tenth Center streets. Mrs. E. A. Wood. Proctor. Mrs Rose Johnson, Secretary

SHANK BROS.,

Funeral Directors

517 Mulberry St.

Telephones 686, 688 and 689.

DES MOINES, - - - IOWA.

It Happened in a Drug Store.

"One day last winter a lady came to my store and asked for a brand of cough medicine that I did not have in stock," says Mr. C. R. Grandin, the popular druggist of Ontario, N. Y. "She was disappointed and wanted to know what cough preparation I could recommend. I said to her that I could freely recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and that she could take a bottle of the remedy and after giving it a fair trial if she did not find it worth the money to bring back the bottle and I would refund the price paid. In the course of a day or two the lady came back in company with a friend in need of a cough medicine and advised her to buy a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I consider that a very good recommendation for the remedy." It is for sale by all Druggists.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION.

To L. H. Crane and J. Brosnan:

You are hereby notified, that the following described seal estate, situated in Polk County, Iowa, to-wit: Lot Twenty-three (23) in Forest Glen, an addition now included in and forming a part of the City of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for the taxes of 1896 on the eighth day of December, 1897 to C. C. Hartley; that the certificate of sale thereof has been assigned to and is now owned and held by Daniel T. Patton, and the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said land will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly.

Dated this 6th day of October, A. D. 1900. DANIEL T. PATTON.

By Geo. Harnagel, his agent.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION.

To L. H. Crane and J. Brosnan:

You are hereby notified, that the following described real estate, situated in Polk County, Iowa, to-wit: Lot Twenty-two (22) in Forest Glen, an addition now included in and forming at part of the City of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for the taxes of 1896 on the eighth day of December 1897 to C. C. Hartley; that the certificate of sale thereof has been assigned to and is now owned and held by Daniel T. Patton, and that the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said land will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern your self accordingly.

Dated this 6th day of October A. D. 1900. DANIEL T. PATTON.

By Geo. Harnagel, his agent.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION.

To R. O. Gray and J. Brosnan:

You are hereby notified, that the following described real estate, situated in Polk County, Iowa, to-wit: Lot Three hundred and thirty-one (331) in Forest Glen, being included in and forming a part of the City of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for the taxes of 1896 on the eighth day of December, 1897 to E. G. Zellhoefer; that said E. G. Zellhoefer is still the owner and holder of the certificate of purchase issued in pursuance of said sale, and that the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said land will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly. Dated the 29th day of September, A. D. 1900. E. G. ZELLHOEFER.

By Geo. Harnagel, his agent.

CALIFORNIA

First-Class Sleepers Daily
between
CHICAGO and SAN FRANCISCO
Without Change
are carried on the limited trains of the

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE

D. & R. C.—R. G. W.—Sou. Pac.
Best Scenery of the Rockies and Sierra Nevada
By Daylight in Both Directions.
Best Dining Car service Buffet Library Cars. Send for "Chicago to California," describing the journey through.

Low Rate
PERSONALLY CONDUCTED TOURIST EXCURSIONS

To San Francisco and Los Angeles.
Leave Chicago Thursdays via Senic Route.
Leave Chicago Tuesdays via Southern Route.
Improved Tourist Cars—Fast Trains.
Write for itinerary and "Tourist Dictionary."

JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. P. A. CHICAGO

OUR TICKET.



STATE TICKET.

Electors-at-large John M. Baldwin of Council Bluffs and Ole O. Roe of Des Moines.

District electors;

First district— E V. Tucker of Louisa

Second district—A. L. Bartholomew of Jackson.

Third district —L. B. Raymond of Franklin.

Fourth district—C. H McNider of Cerro Gordo.

Fifth district—H. H. Rood of Linn.

Sixth district—S. H. Harper of Wapello.

Seventh district—C. Rynsburger of Marion.

Eighth district —Marion F Stookey of Decatur.

Ninth district—P. L. Seever of Guthrie.

Tenth district—Thomas Way of Crawford.

Eleventh district—George E. Bowers of Sioux.

Secretary of state—W. B. Martin of Adair.

Treasurer of state—G. S. Gilbertson of Winnebago.

Auditor of state—F. F. Meriam of Delaware.

Attorney general C. W. Mullan of Black Hawk.

Supreme judge—Emlin McClain of Johnson.

Railroad commissioner—D. J. Palmer of Washington.

COUNTY TICKET.

Auditor—Fred Cope.
Clerk—John C Tate
Recorder—John Cook.
Attorney—John McLennan.

YOUNG AND OLD ALIKE



Feel Their POWER WANING and they NEED

To consult skilfull Specialists like Drs. Fellows & Fellows, that the strength, vigor and power of manhood may be restored to them.

SPERMATORRHOEA Is a diseased condition of the sexual organs of the male, where they are so weak as to permit of a relaxation of the muscles, ducts and fabers, as to allow a leakage of seminal fluid. This loss saps the vitality, undermines the constitution and wrecks the general health. Nine men out of every ten suffers in this way.

VARICOCELE Is an enlargement of the veins of the scrotum, it is very painful and if permitted to enlarge, will gradually grow worse, and finally rob a man of his power.

IMPOTENCY This condition which renders a man useless, as his power is now gone, may be removed by so strengthening the entire sexual organism as to fully restore the desired vigor.

PRIVATE DISEASE All secret, nervos, chronic, infectious and private diseases of men, whether acute or sub-acute, speedily and permanently cured. Everything confidential. Consultation and examination free. Write or call to-day. Home Treatment sent by mail or express.

Drs. Fellows & Fellows

DES MOINES IOWA,
413-415 Walnut St.

EVERYBODY

KNOWS THAT MUNGER'S LAUNDRY is the best in the city. Try them and be decided.

220 THIRD ST.

PHONE 579.

IF YOU WANT

a good smoke or play a game of pool, why not go where can get the best cigars and tobacco in the city for the money.

.....318 West Third Street.....

YOUR TRADE IS SOLICITED.

W. P. LEWIS, Proprietor.

"For three days and nights I suffered agony untold from an attack of cholera morbus brought on by eating cucumbers," says M. E. Lowther, clerk of the district court, Centervillle, Iowa. "I thought I should surely die, and tried a dozen different medicines but all to no purpose. I sent for a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and three doses relieved me entirely." This remedy is for sale by all Druggists.

THE MIRACULOUS CURES

Have Already been Effected by the British Doctors at Rooms 204 & 205 Marquardt Blk. They are giving their Service Free for three Months to all Invalids who call Before Nov. 15th.

Owing to the large number of invalids who have called upon the British Doctors at the office room, 204 and 205 Marquardt Block, and who have been unable to see them, these eminent gentlemen have, by request, consented to continue giving their services free for three months to all invalids who call upon them before November 15th.

These services will consist not only of consultation, examination and advice, but also of all minor surgical operations.

The object in pursuing this course is to become rapidly and personally acquainted with the sick and afflicted, and under no consideration whatever will any charges be made for any services rendered for three months, medicine excepted, to all who call before November 15th.

The doctors treat all forms of disease and deformities, and guarantee a cure in every case they undertake. At the first interview a thorough examination is made; and, if incurable you are frankly and kindly told so, also advised against spending your money for useless treatment.

Male and female weakness, catarrhal deafness; also cancer without pain or cutting; all skin diseases, rupture and all diseases of the rectum are positively cured by their treatment.

Dr. J. Boyd, the chief consulting surgeon of the institute, is in personal charge.

OFFICE HOURS: 9:00 a. m. to 8:00 p. m. No Sunday Hours.

SPECIAL NOTICE—If you cannot call, send stamp for question blank for home treatment

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION.

To. E. Oaks:

You are hereby notified, that the following described real estate, situated in Polk County, Iowa, to-wit: Lot Eighteen (18) in Block One (1) of Glendale, being included in and forming a part of the City of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for the Taxes of 1896 on the sixth day of December 1897 to W. H. Boyle; that the certificate of sale thereof has been assigned to and is now owned and held by Daniel T. Patton, and that the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said land will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly.

Dated this 20th day of October A. D. 1900. Daniel T. Patton.

By Geo. Harnagel, his agent.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION.

To R. H. Lamreaux, B. F. Cameron & W. C. Moone and J. A. Stanley:

You and each of you are hereby notified, that the following described real estate, situated in Polk County, Iowa, to-wit: Lot Two hundred (200) in University Land Co's, First addition to the City of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for the taxes of 1896 on the sixth day of December 1897 to T. S. Howard; that the certificate of sale thereof has been assigned to and is now owned and held by Daniel T. Patton, and that the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said land will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly.

Dated this 19th day of October, A. D. 1900. Daniel T. Patton.

By Geo. Harnagel, his agent.

Subscribe for the Bystander.

SIOUX CITY ITEMS.

The first reception, which was given last Friday evening at the home of Mrs. T. H. Sturges, by the ladies of the Pleasant Hour club will long be remembered by those who were honored with an invitation; each was entitled to taking her husband and three friends. There was singing and short witty quotations by each member, which proved to be quite a novel feature. Music by the Cason guitar and mandoline club.

Little Leland Early is able to be around again after quite a spell of sickness.

Miss Vie Williams has returned to her home at Kansas City, Mo.

Mrs. M. Smith has gone to Yankton, S. D.

Mr. and Mrs. C R. Patton left Saturday evening for Chicago, where Mr. Patton has accepted his old run to California.

Mrs. H. Rouse returned to Des Moines Saturday.

Don't forget the Children's concert which is to be given by the Sunday School, Great preperations are being made to make it a grand success. Look for the date later.

There will be song service at the church Sunday evening; it is expected that the church will be filled.

The two churches are strugling hard for victory. Opposition is what has long been needed in this city; it will make lively christians in the churches in the future or one will be left. We hope to see both live and win many souls, and that each and every member may be able to say in the end as Paul did, "I have kept the faith, I have run my course ann now I am ready to offered up."

Mrs. C. Lee is improving.

MC CLAIN FOR SUPREME JUDGE.

S. Joe Brown Tells His Fellow Negroes Why They Should Support Chancellor Emlin McClain for Supreme Judge.

Iowa City, Ia.—Editor of Bystander:—I desire a short space in the columns of your worthy paper in which to say a word to my fellow Negroes of the state of Iowa in regard to the candidacy of, one of the candidates of the Republican party, Emlin McClain, Chancellor of the College of Law of the State University of Iowa and Republican nominee for Supreme Judge.

It is indeed gratifying to the student of current politics, and of race evolution, to note that, with the progress of time and the increase of intelligence among us, we are beginning to exercise our intelligence in politics, as well as in religion and other matters of vital importance.

This fact is highly significant of the phenomenal progress We have made within the last quarter of a century, and since the days when we used to ask some one of our white brethren for a Republican ticket and vote it out-right without even being able to read the names of the candidates that appeared thereon.

To day the great majority of the Negro voters of the state of Iowa can, and do, read not only the names of the candidates, but also their past records, when obtainable, in order that they may be advised as to the character and the qualifications of the nominee for the particular office to which he desires to be elected.

Having been personally acquainted with Chancellor Emlin McClain for the past six years, and having been for more than a year under his direct supervision and instruction and thereby enabled to know him as he really is, I feel it my duty, at this time, to give to my Fellow Negroes the benefit of the facts that it has been my privilege to learn concerning the character and the qualifications of this candidate.

In my humble opinion, the facts which makes Chancellor McClain, of all men in the State one of the best qualified for the office of Supreme Judge, are innumerable, but a few of those which seem to me of prime importance may be briefly stated as follows:

He is a genuine, typical, simon-pure Iowan, having had more than forty years residence in the State and being a product in toto, of an Iowa Institution.

He is recognized as one of the foremost legal authorities not only of Iowa, but of America and has been honored by the following degrees of scholarship to-wit:- Ph. B. ('71), A. B. ('73), L. L. B. ('73), A. M. (,82), L. L. D. ('91): add all by the State University of Iowa.

He is one of the best legally informed man in the state of Iowa having been for nearly fifteen years the head of the State University College of Law, during which time he has published the following treatises on the Law viz:- "Elementary Law" "Criminal Law and Proceedure," Criminal Law", "Cases on Carriers" "Cases on Constitutional Law." "Annotated Code of Iowa" and "Iowa Digest" all of which are now being used in some of the best Law schools in the country; and a futher and perhaps the best evidence that he is considered the best legal authority in the state is the fact that he was selected by the State Legislature to compile, and did compile, the notes that appear in the recent "Code of Iowa" published by the State of Iowa in '97 which is the Law of Iowa itself and which is of necessity used by all the lawyers and judges in all the courts of Iowa from that of the Justice of the Peace even to the Supreme Bench and is the authority from which there is no appeal.

He is not and never has been a politician, never having been a candidate for political office heretofore.

He is a staunch republican never having voted any other ticket.

He is, and always has been, a friends to the Negro and not for political purposes for as I have just stated he has never been in politics; yet, he has been a personal friend of every Negro student that has ever been to the University during his fifteen years administration having been the staunch friend and counselor of the venerable Alexander Clark whom Iowa has learned to revere as the "Douglass of the State" and having recommended him for the position of honor which he held at the time of his death, that of U. S. Minister to Liberia. He was also the means of the write's having come to the University in '94 by securing him a position by mean of which it was made possible for him to maintain himself, while pursuing his studies in the "College of Liberal Arts" and was his personal friend and advisor even before he came under his direct supervision in the College of Law.

In the light of these facts which have been but too briefly stated and in some instances only intimate, I sincerely believe that, no Negro voter in the State of Iowa who desires to see the most important department of the government of the State placed in the hands of honest, upright, thoroughly qualified and fair-minded men can afford not only to vote against McClain, but he cannot afford, to fail to vote for him and to exert himself to his utmost capacity to influence others to do the same, not because he is a Republican, but because he is a man.

Very respectfully,
S. Joe Brown, A. B.
Muchakinock, Ia

SIOUX CITY.

[Last Week's Correspondence].

Little Leland Early has been quite sick.

A grand ball was given by the young men at the W. O. W. hall last Thursday evening was largely attended and enjoyed by all.

Misses Lettie Harris and Salome Smith of Yankton attended the ball Thursday. They returned home Monday.

Mrs. Dowdy of Yankton spent two days visiting relatives and friends, she returned home Saturday.

Mrs. C. R. Patton is on the sick list.

Mrs. H. Rouse returned to her home at Des Moines Friday.

Rev. T. A. Clark preached at Yankton last Sunday.

Mrs. A Ross and daughter have gone to Minneapolis for a three weeks visit with relatives.

Mr. C. R. Patton is taking a lay off on the account of the illness of his wife.

The ladies assisted the trustees of the church in giving an entertainment wednesday evening which was a success.

There will be a grand concert given by the Sunday School for there benefit sometime in the near future.

The infant daughter of J. W. Taylor, died and was buried on the 15th the family have the sympathy of their many friends in their bereavement.

Mrs. A. Morgan gave a surprise birthday party on her husband at which ten gentlemen were invited. Mr. Morgan was truly surprised to find her home filled with men upon his return, all report a good time.

There will be a birthday social given by the ladies of the Baptist church next Tuesday evening at W. O. W. hall for the benefit of the church.

Rev. Clark has moved his family at Morningside where they are nicely located and are ready to receive their friends.

Mr. Albert Ross has been on the sick list.

Mr and Mrs. Lee have returned to Sioux City to reside permanently.

The Ladies' Pleasant Hour Club met with Mrs. Grant Wednesday evening the ladies are preparing to give a grand reception at Mrs. Thos. Sturges Friday evening.

LADIES DON'T WORRY.

"Dr. Le Dues Genuine French Female Regulator" is positively guaranteed and mailed by Kidd Drug Co., Elgin, Ill., to remove and relieve pathological Monthly Stoppages, Female irregularities, Suppressed Menstruation, obstructions and suppressions, from whatever course, or send free medicine until cured if guaranteed lot does not relieve. Sent on receipt of price, $2 a package or 3 for $5.00 Retail and wholesale of J. T. Hurlbut Co., Des Moines. Full line of Rubber Goods; name what you want.

KNOXVILLE NOTES.

Miss Myrtle Cooper departed for Cedar Rapids Tuesday to visit her sister Mrs. G, H. Brown.

Mack Jeffers visited in our city last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Marshall of Albia visited Mrs. Fannie Tomlin the latter part of last week before going to Colorado to make it their future home.

Mr. Willie Kay of Indianola is visiting friends in the city.

Mrs. Robt. Givens was reported ill last week.

Miss Xmenia Jeffers is on the sick list.

Mr. Nelson Tomlin has gone to Newton to cook.

Roy Bird is on the sick list.

"What Happened to Jones" will appear here Tuesday.

DOCTOR YOURSELF.

"Gonova" Tablets are mailed and guaranteed by Kidd Drug Company Elgin, Ill., to cure all forms of diseases of Urinary organs, and system, Bladder, etc., including Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Whites, Lucorrhoea, unnatural discharges, irritations and ulcerations of the urinary organs and mucous membranes never gives stricture, harmless and painless. An internal remedy with injections combined; only one in the world. Sent per mail on receipt of price, $3 per package or 2 for $5. Don't fool with cheap substitutes. Retail and wholesale of J. T. Hurlbut Co., Des Moines, Ia. Full line of Rubber Goods; name what you want.

EVANS NEWS.

Mrs. Mollie Duke the only Depity in our city set up a tent here last Saturday evening. The name of the tent is the Royal Rose given by father Moses Dixon, the tabernacles. The members who have already united are Mrs. Mattie Duke and Mrs. Mary Washington,

We have a minister in our city who says, lodges are build on the foundation of the devil, then if that is the case some parts of the bible must be the foundation of the devil. The smartest and greatest men of our race and of the white race belong to the lodges, further more society and orders do not spoil young ladies character.

A new lodge is being organized that of the Queen of Iowa No. 519 send in your applications.

Messrs Guss Young and Wm. Burgess of Hawkins were Sunday visitors here.

Miss Lottie Howard left for British Columbia, she will be greatly missed.

Messrs Harry Franklin and Arthur Wright of Muchakinock were Sunday visitor.

Weekly Excursion Sleepers leave Kansas City via the M. K. and T. Ry. every Saturday at 9:05 P. M. for San Antonio, Los Angeles and San Francisco. First Sleeper leaves Kansas City, Nov. 3rd.

GOVERNOR McCORD

Recommends Peruna to All Catarrh Victims.



Hon. M. H. McCord.

Hon. Myron H. McCord, Ex-Governor of New Mexico, in letter to Dr. Hartman, from Washington, D. C., says:

Dear Sir—At the suggestion of a friend I was advised to use Peruna for catarrh, and after using one bottle I began to feel better in every way. It helped me in many respects. I was troubled with colds, coughs, sore throat, etc., but as soon as I had taken your medicine I began to improve and soon got well. I take pleasure in recommending your great remedy to all who are afflicted with catarrh.—M. H. McCord.

Thousands of cases of chronic catarrh have been cured by Peruna during the past winter. There are no successful substitutes for this remedy. Send to Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, for a free catarrh book.

Carpenters are like circumstances when they alter cases.

As the salt savors the broth, so does labor give relish to pleasure.

Two bars of Mapeine City Soap will do as much washing as three of any rosin-filled soap and do it better and easier. All grocers.

It must puzzle the golf ball to know what some people are driving at.

Neuralgia Banished.

Sleeplessness, debility, nervousness and palpitation of the heart are not diseases; they are symptoms indicating that the various vital organs are not working in harmony. Morley's Liver and Kidney Cordial restores order and rids the body of all waste products that clog the system It insures sound digestion, sound nerves and sound sleep. Ask your druggist.

When society throws people overboard they are not in the swim.

FREE—A TRIAL BOTTLE.

The winning of a million of people from sickness to health is a noble pursuit.

Our enormous mail is the wonder of the age. We are flooded, simply flooded each morning with letters containing orders for **"5 DROPS"** the wondrous cure for the terrible painful diseases, **Rheumatism, Sciatica** and **Neuralgia.**

Rheumatism, Sciatica and Neuralgia, withstand every other medicine but yield on the instant to **"5 DROPS."** Within a day of getting **"5 DROPS"** and using it, your disease begins to disappear.

Thousands of men and women, who see their friends gladly relieved of their terrible suffering, write us in haste. Hundreds of testimonials from grateful correspondents reach us daily.

To enable all sufferers to test this wonderful remedy, we will send **free a trial bottle** on receipt of 5 cents to pay for mailing. Large bottles of 300 doses $1.00, sent prepaid by mail or express.

"5 DROPS" is a preventive as well as a curative, for the following diseases: **Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Gout, Dyspepsia, Bachache, Asthma, Hay Fever, Catarrh, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Nervous and Neuralgic Headaches, Earache, Toothache, Heart Weakness, LaGrippe, Malaria, Paralysis, Creeping Numbness** and a long list of other ills.

Write us in haste and stop your suffering. Agents wanted.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO.
160 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

Coal continues to go up, and the worst of it is it goes up in smoke.

HO! FOR OKLAHOMA!

3,000,000 acres new lands to open to settlement. Subscribe for THE KIOWA CHIEF, devoted to information about these lands. One year, $1.00. Single copy, 10c. Subscribers receive free illustrated book on Oklahoma. Morgan's Manual (210 page Settlers' Guide) with fine sectional map, $1.00. Map 25c. All above, $1.75. Address Dick T. Morgan, Perry, O. T.

$3.00 W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES $3.50 UNION MADE

If you have been paying $4 to $5 for shoes, a trial of W. L. Douglas $3 or $3.50 shoes will convince you that they are just as good in every way and cost from $1 to $1.50 less. Over 1,000,000 wearers.





One pair of W. L. Douglas $3 or $3.50 shoes will positively outwear two pairs of ordinary $2 or $2.50 shoes.

We are the largest makers of men's $3 and $3.50 shoes in the world. We make and sell more $3 and $3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the U. S.

The reputation of W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes for style, comfort, and wear is known everywhere throughout the world. They have to give better satisfaction than other makes because the standard has always been placed so high that the wearers expect more for their money than they can get elsewhere.

BEST $3.50 SHOE. BEST $3.00 SHOE.

THE REASON more W. L. Douglas $3 and $3.50 shoes are sold than any other make is because THEY ARE THE BEST. Your dealer should keep them; if we give one dealer exclusive sale in each town. Take no substitute! Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. If your dealer will not get them for you, send direct to factory, enclosing price and 25c. extra for carriage. State kind of leather, size, and width, plain or cap toe. Our shoes will reach you anywhere. *Catalogue Free.* W. L. Douglas Shoe Co. Brockton, Mass.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

REPLY TO THE ALLIANCE.

Hay's Answer to the Anglo-German Plan.

FIRST CLAUSES COMMENDED.

Accord with America's Previous Policy—Third Section, However, Calls for No Expression of Opinion—A Chance for Some Friction.

Washington, Nov. 1.—The state department today made public the British-German agreement respecting the maintenance of the "open door" and territorial integrity of China, with the answer of the United States government, sent in duplicate to each of the principals to the agreement. The reply follows:

Mr. Hay to Lord Pauncefote:

"Department of State, Washington, Oct. 29, 1900.—Excellency: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note of the 23d of October, inclosing the text of an agreement between Great Britain and Germany relating to affairs in China, which was signed in London on the 16th instant by the Marquis of Salisbury and the German ambassador on behalf of their respective governments and inviting the acceptance by the United States of the principles recorded in that agreement.

"These principles are:

"'I. It is a matter of joint and permanent international interest that the ports on the rivers and littoral of China should remain free and open to trade and to every other legitimate form of economic activity for the nationals of all countries without distinction, and the two governments agree on their part to uphold the same for all Chinese territory so far as they can exercise influence.

"'II. Her Brittanic majesty's government and the imperial German government will not on their part make use of the present complication to obtain for themselves any territorial advantages in Chinese dominions and will direct their policy toward maintaining undiminished the territorial condition of the Chinese empire.'

Previously Adopted by Us.

"The United States have heretofore made known their adoption of both these principles.

During the last year this government invited the powers interested in China to join in an expression of views and purposes in the direction of impartial trade with that country and received satisfactory assurances to that effect from all of them. When the recent troubles were at their height this government, on the 3d of July, once more made the announcement of its policy regarding impartial trade and the integrity of the Chinese empire, and had the gratification of learning that all the powers held similar views. And since that time the most gratifying harmony has existed among all the nations concerned as to the ends to be pursued, and there has been little divergence of opinion as to the details of the course to be followed.

"It is therefore with much satisfaction that the president directs me to inform you of the full sympathy of this government with those of her Britannic majesty and the German emperor in the principles set forth in the clauses of the agreement above cited.

No Opinion on Third Clause.

"The third clause of the agreement provides:

"'III. In case of another power making use of the complications in China in order to obtain under any form whatever such territorial advantages, the two contracting parties reserve to themselves to come to a preliminary understanding as to the eventual steps to be taken for the protection of their own interests in China.'

"As this clause refers to a reciprocal arrangement between the two high contracting powers, the government of the United States does not regard itself as called upon to express an opinion in respect to it. I have, etc.,

JOHN HAY.

A similar note, "Mutatis Mutandis," was addressed on the same day by the secretary of state to the imperial charge d'affaires.

Fear Felt in Pekin.

Pekin, Nov. 2.—Today, according to the Chinese calendar, is the ninth day of the ninth moon, which, according to rumor, is to mark the beginning of the final massacre of missionaries and other foreigners. The rumor has been affecting the foreigners and trivial incidents are being magnified. It is not believed by those best informed that there is much danger.

SLAIN BY EXPLOSION.

Lives Lost by Blowing Up of a Powder Magazine.

Shanghai, Nov. 1.—The Daily News reports that a powder magazine at Nankin has been exploded by lightning and that many persons were killed or injured and much property was destroyed.

New York, Oct. 31.—Authoratitive denial is made at Washington, says a Herald special, that the ministers in Pekin have already decided to demand $200,000,000 indemnity. It is stated that the matter has not yet been considered.

The ministers and Chinese envoys are trying to settle the punishment of the Boxer leaders, and it is learned that Mr. Conger is especially desirous to have Prince Tuan executed. It was stated last night by a high official that the president will be satisfied should Prince Tuan be degraded and exiled. Germany, however, wants him beheaded.

No very vigorous steps have yet been taken to estimate the indemnity China should pay the United States. The war department is preparing to collect information as to the cost of the expedition to China, representatives of the religious denominations whose missionaries were killed and injured and missions were destroyed are conferring with Messrs. Conger and Rockhill, and private citizens whose property was destroyed have submitted claims to the state department, but they all have notified that such action is premature.

DIG BODIES FROM RUINS.

Workmen Recover Corpses of Victims of New York Explosion.

New York, Oct. 31.—Hundreds of workmen have cleared away hundreds of tons of debris from the mountain of wreckage left by the awful explosion in the Tarrant building, at Greenwich and Warren streets, on Monday. They were delving for the bodies of the victims. All day and all night the search went on.

Two corpses, it is thought, were discovered. One, or something that looked like a corpse, may be that of August Schmidt, an engraver, who worked on the third floor of the Atlantic Cafe building, directly opposite Tarrant's.

The other body, that of a woman, was the only one that was actually recovered. It was not entire. Workmen found it in the Tarrant building. There was nothing to identify this victim of the disaster.

The authorities have been unable either to fix the responsibility for the explosion or to ascertain the number of the dead. The mystery of the fatalities can be cleared up only with pick and shovel.

The latest explanation of the explosion is that it was caused by chlorate of potash, a large quantity of which was stored by Tarrant & Co., for McKesson & Robins, and Rogers & Pyatt, both wholesale drug firms.

The explosion demonstrated that the law regulating the storing of explosives is defective in itself, or, if efficient, is not properly applied. District Attorney Gardner has instructed Assistant District Attorney James J. Walsh to investigate the explosion and if necessary lay the facts before the grand jury so that if there is a violation of the penal code involved in the awful destruction of life and property those guilty may be punished as they deserve.

The number of persons missing and who may have lost their lives in the disaster is reported now as thirty-six. The first estimates of the mortality which the police made were, no doubt, excessive.

ALL CONDEMN LANSDOWNE.

English Public and Press Oppose Him for Foreign Minister.

London, Nov. 1.—The marquis of Lansdowne's elevation to the foreign secretaryship, according to the announcements in the newspapers this morning has, figuratively speaking, taken the country's breath away. It was as unexpected as it is unwelcome. Even the stanchest ministerial mouthpiece among the afternoon newspapers openly condemn it.

The Globe declares the appointment only shows Lord Salisbury is completely out of touch with the feelings and wishes of the electorate and the conservative party, while the liberal Westminster Gazette, crowing over the discomfiture of the ministerial newspapers, which have been so loudly demanding the retirement of Lord Lansdowne, expresses relief at the fact that Joseph Chamberlain was not given the post, saying:

"The latter's appointment would have filled thoughtful people with dismay, and it is something to have escaped this serious danger." Lord Salisbury, apparently, arranged matters with the queen at Balmoral a week ago. His lordship's own inclination was to resign the premiership and devote himself exclusively to the foreign office. He wrote her majesty to this effect, but she declined to accept the suggestions. Lord Salisbury, therefore, went to Balmoral, to discuss the question, with the result that the queen carried her point.

Public anxiety is to some extent relieved by the conviction that Lord Salisbury's experience will still be available to direct the broad lines of policy of the prospective foreign minister.

Fire in State Reformatory.

Pontiac, Ill., Nov. 2.—A fire which threatened serious disaster occurred at the Illinois state reformatory, causing damages aggregating $10,000. It started in the west wing of the administration building, and, owing to a high wind, soon got beyond control, and but for the combined efforts of the officers and inmates, with that of the local fire department, all the buildings would have been detroyed.

Check on Castellane.

Paris, Nov. 2.—The tribunal of the Seine today appointed George Gould trustee for his sister, the Countess of Castellane, thus enabling him to protect her fortune. According to the pleadings in the case, her husband, Count Boni of Castellane, spent 23,000,000 francs in four years, whereas his income from his wife's fortune is only 3,000,000 grancs.

Bryan Crosses Ohio.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Nov. 2.—William J. Bryan was enthusiastically received all along the route his special train traveled. The first stop made out of Toledo was at the village of Wauseon, where 1,200 people were assembled. Bryan started early today for Indiana en route to Chicago.

LIPTON PUTS PORK UP TO $20

That Price Paid at Close for Small Lot of October.

THE PROFIT IS $100,000.

Makes Many Private Settlements at $18 Before Bulge—Lipton Bought 75,000 Barrels at the Beginning of the Deal at $11 to $12.

Chicago, Nov. 2.—Sir Thomas Johnson Lipton's little deal in October pork closed amid a blaze of glory. This was the way Samuel H. Dunham, Lipton's agent here, described the end yesterday. The profit is about $100,000. The price was $20, a jump of $3, but only one trade of 250 barrels was made at the top figure, and it looked like a prearranged affair. It had been intimated for several days that the price would be put to $20 at the last of October, and Lipton's instructions have been carried out to the letter. There was one trade in the morning at $17, and a number were made privately later at $18 in settlement, and there was more pork settled out of the pit at $18 than in it.

Lipton Paid the Top Price.

The buying at the start was 250 barrels at $17 by Weare. The next jump was to $18, a few trades being made in the pit, Jackson Bros. selling 500 barrels. Dare ⅞ Leland paid that figure to Lipton on the quiet, Samuel Dunham at the same time assuring them that the price would be put to $20 at the close, and he made good his word, as Sam Wolf, his backer, paid that figure for 250 barrels to George E. Gooch, a trader for Counselman & Day. In all, during the day 2,500 barrels were traded in, and the pork was all delivered in the afternoon, all contracts being closed, and the pork taken in and paid for by Lipton's brokers. There have been many private settlements within the past two weeks that the traders have not been notified of. The short interest at no time has been large, but the English yachtsman did not like to have it appear that he was unable to carry his deal through, and he held out until the last. The deal at no time assumed large proportions and Lipton's men have tried to keep it as quiet as possible.

Bought Originally 50,000 Barrels.

It has been estimated that Lipton bought 75,000 barrels from $11 to $12 at the beginning of the deal, but those in a position to know say that 50,000 barrels would be nearer correct. A profit of $2 a barrel on this quantity would make $100,000. The deal has been run without any great risk, as Lipton took the precaution to sell 20,000 barrels November about two months ago at $11.20, which insured him against loss on that quantity had he been unable to control the October. At the opening of the month, when it became known that Lipton had control of pork, there was an advance from $12 to $17. For the last three weeks prices moved between $14 and $16, with few open transactions. About 5,000 barrels have been brought in from outside packing points, as the price here made it profitable. Lipton has stripped about 10,000 barrels and sold the strips from 5¾c to 6⅜c.

Deal Has Been Satisfactory.

Samuel H. Dunham, when seen last night, said: "All the pork was settled. We sized up the shorts and made the price to suit their ability to pay. We did not want to be hard on any of them, and they are satisfied with the figures made in settlement."

"Will there be any November pork delivered today on your sales?" "I do not know, but there might be. Cash pork is selling at $11.25 and November is $10.50, so that there is no profit in delivering, while the cash is at a premium. I tis the same way in ribs. Cash ribs are $6.65 and November at a premium. It is the same way in satisfactory to us."

Wisconsin Man Honored.

Madison, Wis., Nov. 1.—The Society of Arts of London has awarded its silver medal to Prof. R. W. Wood of the physics department of the Univeristy of Wisconsin in recognition of his work on the diffraction process of color photography. Prof. Wood visited England in February by special invitation of the society, presenting papers on this and other subjects before the principal learned societies of London.

Takes Hydro-Cyanic Acid.

Pawtucket, R. I., Nov. 2.—Dr. Michael W. Kelliher, a prominent physician of this city, ended his life in a sensational manner. He had been under indictment, charging him with conspiracy to defraud the Berkshire Life Insurance company of Pittsfield, Mass., out of $3,500, and the case was to have been heard on Saturday next. Dr. Kelliher took a full ounce of hydrocyanic acid and died instantly.

President Talks to Many.

Canton, O., Nov. 2.—Callers were numerous at the McKinley home, and when the president and Mrs. McKinley returned from their morning drive the porch was filled with people waiting to see them. The best known of the early arrivals was John W. Yerkes, Republican candidate for governor of Kentucky. He had an extended talk with the president.

Shot Dead in a Feud.

Columbus, O., Nov. 2.—William Jones was shot by George Mitchell in a North side grocery and is dead. The murder was the result of a feud, which had its origin six months ago in a quarrel over a pair of shoes.

CAME FROM NEBRASKA.

Man Who Misquoted Cleveland a Friend of J. Stirling Morton.

Princeton, N. J., Nov. 1.—Ex-President Cleveland denies that he ever made the statement, published by the Philadelphia Times, that he believed Bryan would be elected.

"I've heard of nothing else today," he said last night. "I've had inquiries on the subject from all over the country, and I have had twenty telegrams asking about the story. It is an unmitigated falsehood—a lie from the beginning to the end. Make my denial unqualified and as emphatic as possible. It cannot be too strong."

Mr. Cleveland received a message from the Philadelphia Times stating that the interview had been given that newspaper by R. J. Black, who bore credentials signed by J. Sterling Morton. Asked if he recalled a visit by such a person, Mr. Cleveland said:

"There was a decrepit old creature here at my house the other day. He represented that he was from Nebraska and a great friend of J. Sterling Morton. On Mr. Morton's account I received him and we chatted possibly ten minutes. He was very deaf. I spoke to him about Mr. Morton's attitude in the present campaign, and he did not seem to know anything about it. Then I spoke to him about Mr. Morton's paper, and he apparently knew nothing about it. So I concluded there must be something wrong and he could scarcely be as intimate with Mr. Morton as he wished to appear, and I cut the conversation short. Politics was scarcely mentioned."

EARTHQUAKE VISITS FLORIDA.

Eight Distinct Shocks Are Felt at Jacksonville.

Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 2.—Eight distinct earthquake shocks were felt in Jacksonville. The first shock was at 11:15 a. m. and shook some of the large buildings in the city. Hundreds of people believed that heavy ordnance was being fired in or near the city. At 11:25 o'clock another shock, equally as severe, was felt and they continued at fifteen minute intervals until 12:30 o'clock. At 4:04 o'clock in the afternoon the seventh shock of the day was felt, severer than any of the preceding ones, followed four minutes later by a report and a shock, the severest of the day. The last disturbance made the window panes rattle in several sections of the city. The local weather bureau officials realized the nature of the first shock and kept the time. Director Mitchell stated it as his opinion that the vibrations passed from south to north. There was no disturbance in the water noticeable and the shocks were not severe enough to cause any damage.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Chicago Board of Trade.

Wheat—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Oct.	.72½	.73⅝	.73½	.73¾
Nov.	.73½	.73⅞	.73	.73¾
Dec.	.74⅝	.74⅞	.74	.74½
Corn—				
Oct.	.37¾	.37¾	.37⅛	.37⅝
Nov.	.36¼	.36¾	.36⅛	.36⅝
Dec.	.35	.35½	.34⅞	.35
Oats—				
Oct.	.21½	.71⅞	.21⅛	.21¾
Nov.	.21⅜	.21⅝	.21⅜	.21⅝
Dec.	.21⅞	.22⅛	.21⅞	.22
Pork—				
Oct.	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00
Nov.	10.75	10.75	10.40	10.50
Jan.	11.22½	11.25	11.17½	11.20
Lard—				
Nov.	7.05	7.05	6.95	6.95
Dec.	6.82½	6.82½	6.80	6.80
Jan.	6.67½	6.67½	6.65	6.65
S. Ribs—				
Oct.	6.50	6.50	6.35	6.35
Nov.	6.15	6.17½	6.15	6.17½
Jan.	5.95	5.95	5.92½	5.92½

Buys in Grand Trunk Road.

Port Huron, Mich., Nov. 2.—The sale of the Chicago & Grand Trunk railway properties under foreclosure of the first mortgage was made this afternoon and was bid in by Charles M. Hayes, general manager of the Grand Trunk, and E. W. Meddaugh, solicitor of the road, in the interest of the Grand Trunk Railway company of Canada for $5,708,701. This price exactly covers the amount due on the first mortgage bonds with interest to the present time. The sale was under an order of the United States Circuit court at Detroit to satisfy first, second and third mortgage bonds.

Large Imports of Sugar.

Philadelphia, Nov. 1.—The imports of sugar at this point during the month of October eclipsed the record for any corresponding period in the history of the port. More than 50,000 tons of a raw sugar have been delivered on the wharves of the sugar refineries since Oct. 1.

The arrivals have been nine steamships from Java and the far east, and three full-rigged American sailing ships from the Hawaiian islands. Enough material has been delivered here to insure the running on full time throughout the entire winter of the local refineries.

Polish Editors Under Arrest.

Berlin, Nov. 2.—For some time the Prussian government has been vigorously proceeding against anti-German agitators in Prussia's Polish provinces, and a considerable number of Polish editors have been imprisoned for such agitations. Today Ladislah Siemiatkwski, editor of the Praca, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment for an offensive article.

Canada's Soldiers Return.

Halifax, N. S., Nov. 2.—The transport Idaho with the homecoming Canadian soldiers from South Africa entered the harbor, and the cannon on the citadel roared a welcome.

STORIETTES.

Joseph H. Choate, our embassador to the court of St. James, was once asked in a company whom he would like to be if he were not himself. His kindly eyes traveled round the room as if in surch of inspiration, and then rested upon Mrs. Choate. In a flash came the answer to the singular question put to him: "Mrs. Choate's second husband."

At the close of a performance given as a benefit to John Brougham, the actor and dramatist, one of the audience threw upon the stage a purse of gold. Brougham picked it up, and, after examining it, said: "Ladies and gentlemen, circumstances compel me to pocket the insult; but" (looking grim) "I should like to see the man who would dare to repeat it!"

As Horace Mann sat in his study one evening, an insane man rushed into the room, and after abusing him for all kinds of fancied grievances, challenged him to a fight. Mr. Mann replied: "My dear fellow, it would give me a great pleasure to accomodate, but I can't do it, the odds are so unfair. I am a Mann by name and a man by nature—two against one!" It would never do to fight." The insane man answered: "Come ahead; I am a man, and a man beside myself; let us four have a fight."

One day while Millais was painting his famous picture, "Chill October," among the reeds and rushes on the banks of the Tay, a man came up behind him and stood looking first at the picture, then at the surrounding landscape. Finally he asked in broad Scottish dialect: "Man did ye never try photography?" "No, never," replied Millais, painting slowly. A pause. "It's a hantle quicker," said the man. "Yes, I suppose so." Another pause; then the Scotchman added thoughtfully: "And it's nair like the place!"

When Governor Roosevelt's train pulled out of Greeley, Colo., the other day, a woman climbed on the back platform in order to give him a home made cake. The train gained such momentum that when the time came for her to get off she was obliged to make a flying trapese leap for terra firma. She rolled over a few times in the sand, got up, and smiled at Roosevelt as he stood worried for her safety on the back platform. Then she waved her handkerchief in evident delight, and became the envy of a hundred women who had watched her acrobatic effort.

A crowd of United States surveyors and allotting agents were recently working in the reservation of the Comanche Indians, surveying, establishing corner-stones and getting everything ready to divide the land in quarter sections. The Indians did not take very kindly to the division and allotment of their land, and fearing that the whites were scared, decided to act. The surveyors all tenderfeet from Washington. Suddenly, without warning, their [illegible] was invaded by a yelling, shooting band of five hundred Indians in war paint and feathers. The surveying party could not stand the pressure, and started out for the settlements along the Texas line, and kept up their flight, pursued by Indians, until they crossed the state line. Then Farrell they telegraphed to Fort Sill, and the commander sent out a large cavalry force to protect the surveyors. The general supposition is that a lot of cowboys and young bucks played a practical joke.

Miss Kate Schindler of Omaha has broken her engagement with James Hawes because he laughed when her mother died. All the jokesmiths in the country on this have taken sides and are working overtime.

A good story bears repeating. Use Russian Bleaching Blue, dont be deceived by fraudulent imitations. Sold by all grocers.

In Chicago some women marry for money and some for alimony.

Jell-O, the New Dessert,

pleases all the family. Four flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers. 10 cts. Try it today.

The music-loving sailor's favorite tune is wep-tune.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist today and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

Some men's prospects are so fine that they can't be seen.

GRAIN-O

THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Grain-O is not a stimulant, like coffee. It is a tonic and its effects are permanent.

A successful substitute for coffee, because it has the coffee flavor that everybody likes.

Lots of coffee substitutes in the market, but only one food drink—Grain-O.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKER WILL KEEP YOU DRY.

Don't be fooled with a mackintosh or rubber coat. If you want a coat that will keep you dry in the hardest storm buy the Fish Brand Slicker. If not for sale in your town, write for catalogue to A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.

...red thousands tons of ap-...ised on British soil yearly. ...on is a good sauce for ad-...d



...o Big Pains

...s to be the heritage of the ...an family everywhere, viz:

Rheumatism
and
Neuralgia

...ut there is one sure and ...prompt cure for both, viz:

Jacobs Oil

...SOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

...Carter's ...le Liver Pills.

...et Bear Signature of

...Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

...ll, and as easy ...as sugar.

...ER'S ...LE ...VER ...ET.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

...Purely Vegetable.

...RE SICK HEADACHE.

Standing on the banks of the Potomac, Lord Coleridge one day asked William M. Evarts: "Is it true that Washington threw a silver dollar across the Potomac?" "It is quite possible," replied Mr. Evarts thoughtfully, "for a dollar in those days, my lord, went farther than it does now. But, indeed, Washington did better than that—he threw a sovereign across the Atlantic!"

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure E. W. Grove's signature is on the box. 25c.

When a man borrows money he borrows trouble.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?
This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it today. Try Jell-O, a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers. 10 cts.

A miss-take often leads to the divorce court.

As a dressing and color restorer, PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM never fails to satisfy.
HINDERCORNS, the best cure for corns. 15cts.

Only a few of the good die young: the rest get over it.

Ladies.
If you want a beautiful complexion, a bright eye, a good appetite, an active liver, bowels regular as clockwork, and vigorous, healthy body, use Morley's Liver and Kidney Cordial, the great system renovator. It cures all diseases to which women are subject, such as weakness, debility, melancholy, nervous prostration, etc. Sold by agent in every town.

Even a man who is true as steel may have a hard temper to contend with.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Ave., N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Could a plumber be accused of hitting the pipe?

Lane's Family Medicine.
Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

To awaken a woman's curiosity is to make her pliable.

$100 Reward $100.
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of Testimonials.
Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Goliah was the first man to wear a bang on his forehead.

...OW WEAK CHILDREN ARE MADE STRONG, VIGOROUS AND WELL



Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hallows, of Peckham St., Globe Village, Fall River, Mass., have cause to thank Dr. Greene's Nervura for restoring to health, and probably preserving the life of their little son. Almost from infancy Everett Hallows was troubled with indigestion and nervous troubles, and nothing seemed to help him. Finally Dr. Greene's Nervura was recommended and tried with success. A few bottles were sufficient to effect a cure, and to-day the little one is enjoying the best of health. By the use of Dr. Greene's Nervura the sickly child was transformed into a happy, hearty, robust boy.

Dr. Greene's Nervura for the Blood and Nerves

Thousands of other children can thank Dr. Greene and his wonderful remedy for the strength and health they enjoy. Children to whom it is given have less sickness, better health, better growth, and longer and more vigorous lives. Parents should realize that it is their duty to give it to every child who is not in perfect health. There are no diseases more dreaded by parents than ... epilepsy, and St. Vitus' dance. Yet no child would be troubled by them if Dr. Greene's Nervura were given when the first symptoms appear.

Charles L. McBay, a highly esteemed police officer, who resides at 14 Myrtle St., New Bedford, Mass., says:

"About two years ago my little daughter became run down in health and suffered from St. Vitus' dance. Soon after she was prostrated by rheumatism, which severely affected her low limbs.

"After trying various remedies without obtaining relief, she began taking Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and experienced immediate benefit. She continued its use, and after taking five bottles her rheumatism was practically cured. Her appetite returned, her pains disappeared, she was again able to walk without lameness, her natural health was restored, and she was able to attend school and to play like other children."

Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, is the prescription and discovery of the well-known Dr. Greene, of 35 West 14th Street, New York City, who is the most successful specialist in curing all forms of nervous and chronic complaints, and he can be consulted in any case, free of charge, personally or by letter.

BRUSH WITH BOERS.

Major Hanwell Mortally Wounded at Ventersburg.

London, Nov. 2.—The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Roberts, dated Johannesburg, Oct. 30:

"In consequence of the numerous attacks on the railway Hunter drove the enemy out of Ventersburg with slight opposition. Major Hanwell was mortally wounded."

A Bloemfontein dispatch says that Boers over 14 years of age living outside a radius of ten miles from Bloemfontein are being surrounded by British troops and brought to that city to prevent their rejoining the commandoes. The telegraph lines are still interrupted and mails delayed owing to the Boers derailing a train ten miles south of Edenburg.

Pretoria, Nov. 2.—Negotiations for a surrender of the Boers, which have been going on quietly through General Botha, have failed. Recently a messenger with a flag of truce was sent to President Steyn with proposals concerning peace, but Steyn refused to treat with him. The Boers believe that if they hold out until the end of the year they will receive foreign help.

NEW CRUSOE FOUND DEAD.

Chas. Anderson's Terrible Experience on an Arctic Island.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 2.—On Unimak island, which guards one of the entrances to Bering Sea, a rude mound of earth and rocks mark the last resting place of Charles William Anderson, sailor, fisherman and hunter. No name is on the lonely grave, and only two men know its location. The men were strangers to the dead. Fate guided them to the hunter's cabin. They had been cast upon the island by adverse winds and picked up by the schooner Edward Hayes when well nigh starved. In the little cabin they had gazed upon the work of starvation, for on the bunk lay the skeleton of Anderson. In the bunk by the side of the whitening bones the men found a journal. The sufferer railed against false friends who had promised to go to his aid on the lonely island when a certain time had elapsed. At times he complained of the injustice of fate; at others he implored God's mercy. Thoughts of suicide had come to him in his helpless suffering, but he drove them away as unworthy of a brave man and a Christian, and waited calmly for the end.

Actor Goes Insane Over Girl.

Anderson, Ind., Nov. 2.—Richard Valentine, whose home is in Edinburgh, Scotland was adjudged insane here. Valentine is an actor and played here recently. He left the company soon after it left Anderson and returned here. He has wealthy parents in the old country who send him large monthly allowances. The mother of the young man has been notified of his condition, and is on her way to this country. It is said that he went insane over a girl with the theatrical company. When arrested Valentine tried to carve Superintendent of Police Robbins with a razor.

Crazed Soldier Cuts His Throat.

New York, Nov. 2.—Crazed by drink and maddened because he was confined, Charles McIntosh of Brooklyn, one of the American heroes of Pekin, who was a steerage passenger in the Anchor Liner Furnessia, cut his throat Oct. 21, two days out from Moville. His body was buried at sea. McIntosh had been visiting relatives in Scotland. Some months ago he was one of the handful of besieged Americans in Pekin.

Missed One Bird Out of 50.

New York, Nov. 2.—J. J. Hallowell and T. W. Morphy shot a hundred bird match at Interstate Park, L. I. Hallowell won with the remarkable score of 97 to Morphy's 93. The conditions of the match were 100 birds, 30 yards rise and 50 yards boundary. Hallowell only missed one bird out of his last fifty. Morphy lost four. Hallowell won with four birds to spare.

Boundary Dispute Leads to Fight.

Vienna, Nov. 2.—Official confirmation has been received here from Mostar, in Herzogovina, of the reports of a collision, growing out of a boundary dispute, between an Austro-Hungarian military patrol and a force of Montenegrin soldiers. One Montenegrin was killed and several on each side were wounded.

Cotton in Central Asia.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 2.—Official reports show that the area under cotton cultivation in Russian central Asia has increased 30 per cent this year. The crop is estimated at 7,500,000 pounds, or half the Russian requirement, whereas previously only 6,000,000 pounds has been procured from Russian possessions.

Anti-Tax Riots in Roumania.

Vienna, Nov. 2.—There have been serious anti-tax riots in the Serat district of Roumania. Two local officials were killed and the troops who were sent to enforce payment were resisted by the peasants, who killed eight of them.

Nome Cable Completed.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 2.—The Alaska Commercial company has finished the construction of the cable from Nome to St. Michaels and it is now in operation. The charge is $2 for ten words.

Musician Kills Himself.

Sycamore, Ill., Nov. 2.—George Walker, a musician, killed himself here by shooting himself in the temple. Financial trouble is given as the cause.

No man is without faults, but it is impossible to convince the girl who has just become engaged that such is the case.

Still More Counterfeiting.

The Secret Service has unearthed another band of counterfeiters and secured a quantity of bogus bills, which are cleverly executed. Things of great value are always selected for imitation, notably Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which has many imitators but no equals for disorders like indigestion, dyspepsia and constipation.

Never sigh when you can't sing—and smile or laugh at everything.

Best for the Bowels.
No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

With the exception of a discolored eye, anything hand painted is fashionable.

Those who use Maple City Self Washing Soap will usually have no other kind, because it does better work and does it easier. Sold by all grocers.

The woman who is thoughtful is never a successful gossip.

$24 PER WEEK.
To men with rigs to introduce our poultry food among farmers. Address with stamp. Acme Mfg. Co., Kansas City, Mo.

Some men never give a thought to charity, and some who do never give anything else.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES do not stain the hands or spot the kettle.

Hard coal and hard cash grow harder with the strike.

Carter's Ink is just as cheap as poor ink and is the best ink made. Always use Carter's.

Hatred is self-punishment—Hosea Ballou.

CASTORIA COUNTERFEITERS.

Their Factory Unearthed and the Manufacturers Arrested—A Warning to Imitators.

The Centaur Company of New York city, manufacturers of Castoria, recently learned that their well known preparation was being counterfeited in St. Louis, Mo., and that worthless imitations were being sold.

After a careful investigation by Chas. H. Fletcher, president of the company, it was learned that a preparation in imitation of Fletcher's goods was being prepared by the Palestine Drug Company of No. 107 South Second street, and sold by a few druggists. Warrants were sworn out for the imitators. Yesterday John Bick, president of the offending company, and Benjamin Chireaun, chemist for the concern, were arrested, but later were released on bond.

The cases will be tried before Judge Clark of the Court of Criminal Correction. The Centaur Company has determined to protect the public from worthless imitations of their goods.—St. Louis (Mo.) Republic, Sept. 30, 1900.

Many a man loves his enemy because it comes in a pocket flask.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

A museum freak says that eating window glass gives him a pane.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS
and all lovers of good food, pure food, and food that satisfies, Wheat-O particularly appeals. It is made by a new process that eliminates all unhealthy parts of the wheat and retains the pure gluten and strength-giving parts of the grain. Ask your grocer for Wheat-O and give it a trial.

Speaking of educated snakes, the adder is in a class all by himself.

If you want "good digestion to wait upon your appetite" you should always chew a bar of Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti.

The rich man travels when he will; the poor man when he can.

Thoughtful people are realizing more and more the folly and danger of taking into their systems strong cathartics and poisonous drugs, and for this reason Garfield Tea—which is a mild but potent laxative, composed entirely of HERBS—has taken the highest place in the esteem of the medical profession and conservative people throughout the world. It is a positive cure for Constipation and Sick Headache.

No man is so illiterate that he cannot teach others something.

Do your clothes look yellow? If so, use Maple City Soap. It will make them white again. Sold by all grocers.

Too many glasses are apt to make a tumbler of a man.

Homeseekers' Excursion Tickets
To nearly all points in the United States on sale at all ticket offices of the Chicago Great Western Ry. on the first and third Tuesdays of October, November and December, at the very low homeseeker's rate of one fare plus $2 for the round trip. Tickets good for return within 21 days from date of sale. Persons contemplating a trip will save money by calling on any Great Western agent and obtaining detail information regarding the homeseeker's rates, or addressing F. H. Lord, G. P. & T. A., 113 Adams St., Chicago.

Impudence is frequently the fruit of prosperity.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The finger of destiny is to be found on the hand of fate.

Dyspepsia, Indigestion, all stomach and bowel troubles positively cured by Tabers' Pepsin Compound. Sample bottle sent by mail free. Write Dr. Taber, Peoria, Ill.

Over 8,000,000 persons in Germany are insured against illness.

The largest proportion of the ills to which females are liable is the direct result of an irregular menstruation. The Kidd Drug Co., Elgin, Ill., guarantee "Dr. Le Due's Female Regulator" to keep the periods regular and bring them on promptly. $2 or 3 for $5. Retail and wholesale of J. R. Hurlbut Co., Des Moines, Iowa.

Motherhood



$5,000 REWARD

Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuiness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., $5,000 which will be paid to any person who will show that the following testimonials are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writers' special permission. — LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

How shall a mother who is weak and sick with some female trouble bear healthy children?

How anxious women ought to be to give their children the blessing of a good constitution!

Many women long for a child to bless their home, but because of some debility or displacement of the female organs, they are barren.

Preparation for healthy maternity is accomplished by **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** more successfully than by any other medicine, because it gives tone and strength to the parts, curing all displacements and inflammation.

Actual sterility in women is very rare. If any woman thinks she is sterile, let her write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., whose advice is given free to all expectant or would-be mothers.

Mrs. A. D. Jarret, Belmont, Ohio, writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I must write and tell you what your Vegetable Compound has done for me. Before taking your medicine I was unable to carry babe to maturity, having lost two—one at six months and one at seven. The doctor said next time I would die, but thanks to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, I did not die, but am the proud mother of a six months old girl baby. She weighs nineteen pounds and has never seen a sick day in her life. She is the delight of our home."

Mrs. Whitney's Gratitude.

"DEAR MR. PINKHAM:—From the time I was sixteen years old till I was twenty-three I was troubled with weakness of the kidneys and terrible pains when my monthly periods came on. I made up my mind to try your Vegetable Compound, and was soon relieved. The doctor said I never would be able to go my full time and have a living child, as I was constitutionally weak. I had lost a baby at seven months and half. The next time I continued to take your Compound: and I said then, if I went my full time and my baby lived to be three months old, I should send a letter to you. My baby is now seven months old, and is as healthy and hearty as any one could wish. I cannot express my gratitute to you. I was so bad that I did not dare to go away from home to stay any length of time. Praise God for **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**; and may others who are suffering do as I did and find relief. Wishing you success in the future as in the past, and may many homes be brightened as mine has been."—MRS. L. Z. WHITNEY, 4 Flint St., Somerville, Mass."



The medicine that cures the ills of women is

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Many a barefaced liar wears whiskers.

Is Life Worth Living?
There is no more severe or stubborn pain than neuralgia. A remedy that will cure it will cure any pain. Dr. G. S. Stivers, dentist, Louisville, Ky., says: "My wife suffered over two years from very severe neuralgia, which several physicians failed to relieve. I then got Morley's Wonderful Eight, which relieved her in five minutes and soon effected a permanent cure. Sold by agent in every town.

The man with an iron will rarely leaves one that a lawyer can't break.

Imitation is sincerest flattery, don't be persuaded to take any of the many imitations of Russ' Bleaching Blue. Sold by all grocers.

Many a man who wears his heart on his sleeve finds himself out at the elbows.

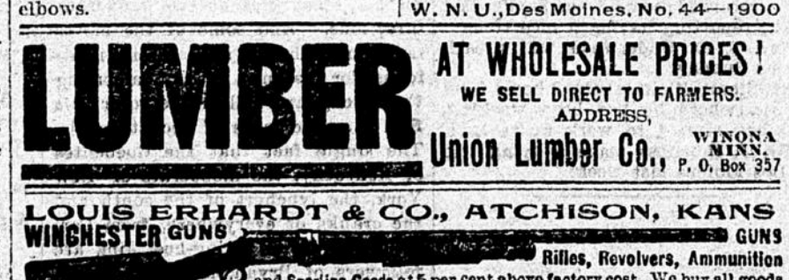
Dr. Bull's
Cures all Throat and Lung Affections.
COUGH SYRUP
Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.
IS SURE
Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism. 15 & 25 cts.

DON'T STOP TOBACCO SUDDENLY
It injures nervous system to do so. BACO-CURO is the only cure that REALLY CURES and notifies you when to stop. Sold with a guarantee that three boxes will cure any case. BACO-CURO is vegetable and harmless. It has cured thousands, it will cure you. At all druggists or by mail prepaid, $1 a box; 3 boxes $2.50. Booklet free. Write
EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., La Crosse, Wis.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY, gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 DAYS' treatment FREE. DR. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

LUMBER AT WHOLESALE PRICES!
WE SELL DIRECT TO FARMERS.
ADDRESS,
Union Lumber Co., WINONA MINN. P. O. Box 357

LOUIS ERHARDT & CO., ATCHISON, KANS
WINCHESTER GUNS



GUNS
Rifles, Revolvers, Ammunition and Sporting Goods at 5 per cent above factory cost. We buy all goods direct from factory. Our Gun Catalogue, 80 pages, 9x11 inches, mailed upon receipt of 2 cents. We can save you money. Now is the hunting season—Write at Once. A few of our prices: $4 New American Make 22 Caliber Rifle, our price $2.15. $5 New Stevens 22 Caliber Rifle, our price $2.50; $7 Breech Loading Single Gun, 12 Ga., our price $4.45; $15 Breech Loading Double Gun, Top Snap, Machine Made, Figure Twist, 12 Ga., $7.75. Everything else same proportion. Guns and Ammunition at Less Than Wholesale Price to All.

The Mother of Disease
IS THE STOMACH

More diseases originate in the stomach than anywhere else. Cure the ailments of the stomach and nearly all of the others will vanish. It is the source of health as well as disease. Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Bowel Troubles, Headache, Kidney and Liver Complaints, all spring more or less directly from the stomach. The *grandest Stomach Remedy in the world* is

Taber's Pepsin Compound

It cleans out the fermenting matter from the stomach and bowels, sweetens the breath, keeps the bowels moving freely and naturally, stimulates the Liver and Kidneys to healthy action, tones up the whole system and brings renewed energy and eagerness for work. We know it will help you. Here is our guaranty with every bottle:

If, after using half of the contents of this bottle of Taber's Pepsin Compound, you can truthfully say you have derived no benefit from it, and will sign your name and address below, the druggist from whom you purchased it will refund your money in full.

Taber's Pepsin Compound is for sale by druggists at 50c. and $1.00 per bottle, or will be sent on receipt of price. If you wish to try it before buying, send postal card for free sample bottle to DR. TABER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Peoria, Illinois.

Iowa State Bystander.

BY BYSTANDER PUB. CO.

DES MOINES, - - IOWA.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 2.

RACE ECHOES.

Charles Dudley Warner one of the famous writers of the present age, dies very suddenly last Saturday of heart disease at his home in Hartford Conn. He was a good friend to our race and one of his last visit that he made was to the home of a colored man, Robt. Smith, Mr. Warner had taken great interest in Mr. Smith and had assisted him in various ways.

***

Rev. Jacob Thomas D. D. of A. M. E. Zion church of New York, recently celebrated the Fiftieth Anniversary of his entrance into the ministry.

***

More than 14,000 colored men are employed in the steel mills in the vicinity of Youngstown, Niles and Warren, Ohio.

***

Mrs. Johanna Thrailkeld was awarded $2,750 damages against the city of Chicago in Judge Hanecy's Court this week for injuries received by her in a fall on a defective sidewalk in March '96.

TUSKEGEE NOTES.

W. R. Pettiford, President of the Penny Savings Bank of Birmingham, Ala., was a visitor at Tuskegee last Sunday. Mr. Pettiford is deeply interested in Tuskegee work and his presence among the teachers and students is always inspiring and helpful.

The new library formerly used as a residence by Principal Washington is now the center of attraction in the campus, ample room is here afforded the library, throughout the day, students are engaged in reading books, newspaper ect.

It is very noticeable that the students who are entering school this year are of much more promising character than has ever been, in fact the improvement in our students is very marked from year to year.

ALBIA NEWS.

Mr. London of Muchakinock was the guest at the Thomas this week.

Miss Cora Thomas has returned home for several weeks stay,

The A. M. E. church gave a social at the home of Mrs. Jameson on Saturday evening.

NERVOUS WEAKNESS CURED.

VIRTUMA is a French treatment for both sexes that is positively guaranteed to cure IMPOTENCY vitality and vigor, restoring the desires, ambitions and aspirations of youth and health, fitting for success and happiness in business; professional, social and married life. $2 a package or 3 for $5. Ask your druggist, but refuse cheap substitutes. Sent anywhere prepaid on receipt of price and guaranteed by the Kidd Drug Company, Elgin, Illinois.

Retail and wholesale by J. T. Hurlbut Co., Des Moines, Ia. Full line of Rubber Goods; name what you want.

FRASER ITEMS.

Our correspondent being on the sick list last week was unable to write the news.

A young lady arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. Paynes October 21. Mother and daughter getting along fine.

Mrs. Mattie Sheldon and Mrs. Mathew returned home from Saylor last week, reporting having a nice time.

Rev. J. D. Underwood will preach for us Sunday.

Mr. Steran Blain returned home from Saylor, where he has been working, and has started to work again here.

Mr. J. Douglass made a flying trip to Des Moines last week.

CHURCH AND CLERGY.

The Rev. J. Wilbur Chapman is to write the life of D. L. Moody.

Bishop Edsall has just completed a highly successful mission at Jamestown, N. D.

Tomkins Avenue Congregational church of Brooklyn raised over $27,000 for missions during the year.

The death roll in the Congregational ministry in Great Britain was unusually heavy during the year 1899.

A congress of the history of religions will be held at Paris, France during the first part of September next year.

The receipts of Plymouth church, Brooklyn, for the year make a total of $38,000, of which $17,000 is from pew rents.

The annual council of the South African churches was held at Graaf Reinet, and owing to the preoccupations of the war, only thirty-eight delegates attended.

Since his resignation from the Church of the Pilgrims relief from care has conduced to a marked improvement in the health of the venerable Dr. R. S. Storrs.

RALLY ON THE CENTER.

The campaign is over. The long roll has sounded; the bugles have called boots and saddles; the boys have fallen into line, touched elbows, and wait with eager impatience to charge the enemy and rout them.

The outposts have all been called in, and from Maine to California they are rallying on the center with a courage that is invincible and a determination that presages victory.

There is not a coward in our ranks, not a living soul who does not feel that when the polls close next Tuesday night the Bryan-Tillman-Altgeld party will be routed horse, foot and dragoons, and will be scurrying hither and yon, utterly demoralized.

"It is a consummation devoutly to be wished," a deserved rebuke for a party that would dishonor our country, debase our money and bring reproach upon the proud title of American citizen.

Altgeld, Tillman, Bryan and their cohorts will pass out of public notice, and will be remembered only as we remember some horrible dream that was filled with dire forebodings and impending disasters.

God Almighty still reigns supreme, and He will continue to guide and direct this country until its mission has been accomplished, and mankind the world over are brothers indeed.

So be of good cheer, fellow republicans, McKinley will surely be reelected—but do not forget to vote for him, and have your neighbors do likewise—just to make it certain.

BRYAN NOT OUR FRIEND.

What reasons can any Afro-American, Bishop Turner, or any other, have for throwing his influence in favor of Bryan? Not one can be given.

The wisest man cannot assign a single reason for supposing that Bryan's election would effect any good whatever for the Afro-American race, for it cannot be shown that in any one of his numerous speeches he has ever hinted at any of the remotest plans for doing anything of the kind.

He raves about the "consent of the governed," but has it carefully understood that he refers to the Philippine islands and not to South Carolina. He has no word of rebuke for Goebelism in Kentucky, Tillmanism in South Carolina, Crokerism in New York, or Altgeldism in Illinois.

He howls about trusts, always excepting the one of which National Chairman J. K. Jones is president.

He is sorely grieved about alleged violations of the constitution, but never even whispers a word of censure for his friends in South Carolina, Louisiana and Mississippi, who have openly and shamelessly nullified the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments. He cannot do so, for the solid south nullifiers and lynchers and the New York mobocrats are his warmest friends and most entusiastic admirers.

If by any single incident, vote or saying Bryan has shown any interest in the welfare of the Afro-American race or any individual thereof, history has failed to record the fact.

Several attempts have been made to sound him upon his attitude toward the Afro-American race, without any other effect than to show his wonderful dexterity in dodging. He was afraid to say anything unfavorable, lest he should offend Afro-American voters in states where they held the balance of power, and equally afraid to say anything favorable lest he should offend his friends, the southern lynchers and northern mob.

Bryan represents no correct principle or sensible policy whatever, and all his tendencies are in dangerous directions. And some of the moves made in his behalf seem totally idiotic, as, for instance, that of importing the blackguard Tillman to squirt his filth into the faces of decent people. The single fact that the Goebelites of Kentucky, the mobocrats of New York, the lynchers of the south and the cranks of everywhere, from Carl Schurz down to String-heel Jim, are followers of Bryan, is sufficient evidence that he could not safely be trusted with a much smaller office than that of president.

When before was the hat passed around among school children to aid in electing a president of the United States? When was a man the candidate of two parties as hostile to each other as the democrats and populists? History presents no other such anomaly.

Again, it is the first time that business enterprises are conditioned upon the election or rejection of a presidential candidate. Business men view with apprehension Bryan and his motley followers. They could adapt themselves to any one policy that was announced in advance, but Bryan's policy is a Jacob's coat of many colors—one thing being the paramount issue to-day and another to-morrow.

His 16 to 1 paramount issue disrupted his party, defeated him and was condemned by the entire country. History was full of examples, sad and instructive, of nations which had wrecked their prosperity by being led away by a financial craze, but Bryan heeds not the teachings of history, or misunderstands and perverts them. He devotes his entire time to exciting a craze among the disreputable and dangerous elements of society.

Afro-Americans have more to fear than any other class the condition of things the election of Bryan would produce. They share the general prosperity of the country. They are among the first to experience the inconveniences of evil times.

Mr. Bryan has not the confidence of business men and he does not pretend to propose any plans for the relief of any class but the Philippine islanders.

There is nothing for the Afro-American in Bryan's policy, nor does he pretend that there is.

Remember the words of the immortal Douglas: "The republican party is the ship, all else the sea," and vote for McKinley and Roosevelt.

It's all over but the shouting.

Fall in and forward to victory.

Vote the straight republican ticket.

Hurrah for the old flag and McKinley.

Vote for McKinley if you value liberty.

Vote the straight republican ticket next Tuesday.

Go to the polls next Tuesday and do your full duty.

A few more days to wait and Bryan will know his fate.

Vote for McKinley if you want 100 cents in your dollar.

Here's to Teddy and Mac,
No votes may they lack.

Vote for McKinley and Roosevelt and a good, honest dollar.

"The Negro vote is a purchasable one."—Senator Tillman.

If Bryan is elected Tillman will be secretary of the interior.

Vote for McKinley if you hope for protection and justice in the south.

The democracy is disrupted and on November 6 will be completely routed.

Let us see what a big majority we can give for McKinley, Roosevelt and the old flag.

From east and west, from south and north
The same glad shout swells loudly forth:
McKinley, Protection, Victory.

The sensible business and workingmen all over the country are solid for McKinley.

If you desire the election of McKinley, vote for him and get your friends to do likewise.

Remember that southern democrats burn Afro-Americans at the stake for alleged crimes.

Prosperity is arguing against Bryan in his own home, and McKinley will carry Nebraska.

If you do not wish to be at the mercy of such men as Pitchfork Tillman, vote for McKinley.

Line up; marshal every mother's son who loves his country and get ready to vote for McKinley.

Get out every vote and pile up a majority that will strike terror to the souls of the anarchists.

The Bryanites hold the south solid by the forcible suppression of the Afro-American's franchise.

If you wish to prevent Ben Tillman from being the chief of Bryan's cabinet, vote for McKinley.

If you want to eat bologna sausage and stale crackers for your Thanksgiving dinner, vote for Bryan.

Afro-Americans: Vote for McKinley and Roosevelt and against Bryan, Tillman and disfranchisement.

After the election is over Bryan, who has leather lungs, can get a job as a "barker" for a patent corn cure.

Let the stars and stripes wave upon the breeze to-day.
A presage of victory for McKinley, we all say.

Get a hustle upon yourself; see your neighbors and your neighbors' neighbors and induce them to vote for McKinley.

"If we can't get the Negro out of politics peacefully and legally, by the eternal gods we will do it anyway."—Senator Tillman.

No victory was ever won without a battle. Remember that and fight for McKinley and Roosevelt until the polls close November 6.

Bryan is afraid to even mention lynching, but McKinley was not afraid to order out troops to save a black man from lynching.

"We stuffed ballot boxes, we shot them; we are not ashamed of it."—Pitchfork Tillman, in a speech in the United States senate.

Bring out the halt, the lame and the blind, the sound and lusty of limb, the young men who cast their first votes, and blast anarchistic hopes by piling up a great majority for McKinley and Roosevelt.

The news that will flash o'er the magic wire
On the night of the 6th of November:
Will blast the hopes and put out the fire
Of conceit in Bill Bryan—forever.

The democrats of the south charge the Afro-Americans with numbers of crimes of which they are not guilty. Remember that, and vote the straight republican ticket.

During the recent war with Spain Afro-American soldiers traveling in the south were fired upon by southern democrats while they were asleep on the train, and many killed.

Do not sit down and dream that McKinley is sure of election. The enemy is wide-awake and hustling. The only way you can defeat Bryan is by hustling for McKinley.

The alchemists of old tried in vain to make gold out of baser metals. Bryan's task is just as difficult. It is impossible to make 50 cents worth of silver equal to 100 cents in gold.

As the boys in '61 buckled on the knapsack and clutched the gun, resolved that the government should be preserved, so to-day the same spirit animates them and their progeny.

The opinion of the white people in the southern states is that, so far as the Afro-Americans are concerned, the theory of the "consent of the governed" does not apply.

Maj. Mac and Col. Ted
Each in youth brave followers led
When "To arms!" Columbia said.
Maj. Mac and Col. Ted,
Of our party now the head,
By them we're to victory led.

The bugles have sounded the charge! Up, boys, and rout them; chase them from the hill tops, from the woods, from the fence corners, from every coigne of vantage they may possess.

There are more than 200 Afro-American newspapers published in the United States, and of these but six are supporting the democratic ticket. The others are true to the grand old party.

Nearly all of the prominent Afro-Americans who strayed away into the Bryan camp have come back to the republican fold. They say there is no place in the democratic party for the Afro-American.

Think of having Boss Croker as secretary of the treasury. That's the way it will be if Bryan is elected. By the democratic system of disfranchisement in the south a vote in South Carolina counts more than two votes in the state of New York.

Under the theory of the "consent of the governed" the Afro-American citizens of South Carolina should govern that state, but as a matter of fact the whites have driven out the Afro-Americans, making them the governed without their consent.

Some southern coward, who is afraid to sign his name, has written to the editor of the Chicago Appeal giving him a "roast" on account of the strong articles denouncing southern methods. The letter writer says that the cotton crop of the south is large and a great deal of it is made into ropes to use on "impudent niggers."

Mr. Bryan says:

"I challenge our opponents to find in act or utterance of mine a justification of the charge that if elected I would not enforce the laws of the United States."

Gen. Jackson said that he had sworn to uphold the constitution of the United States—as he understood it. Perhaps Mr. Bryan would, if, etc., enforce the laws of the United States as he understands them; or as Altgeld, Tillman, Waite and Croker would interpret them; and that is just what worries the people. They do not want that kind of enforcement.

Cyrus Field Adams, member of the national republican advisory committee during the present campaign, has had correspondence with more than 7,000 of the most prominent Afro-Americans in the northern states, where the vote of the race is counted and counts for something. These include ministers, professional and business men, secret society leaders and men of general prominence. In their last reports on the political situation they say that the Afro-American vote will be loyal to the republican party, which gave freedom to the slave and enlarged opportunities to the freemen, and that from 90 to 95 per cent. of the vote will be cast for McKinley and Roosevelt.

H. D. Wilson, a member of the Louisiana legislature, and author of the bill requiring separate street cars for the races, is in New Orleans pressing before the city council the separate-car ordinance. Wilson lets the southern cat out of the bag by saying: "It is not only the desire to separate the whites and blacks on the street cars for the comfort it will provide, but also for the moral effect. The separation of the races is one benefit, but the demonstration of the superiority of the white man over the negro is a greater thing. There is nothing which shows it more conclusively than the compelling of the negroes to ride in cars marked for their especial use." It is needless to say that Wilson is a democrat and that the Louisiana separate car law was passed by a democratic legislature.



THE WHITEST AND LIGHTEST bread can be made only one way and of one thing—skill in baking and the use of an A 1 flour. A poor baker can turn out the poorest bread from the best flour; a good baker cannot do much with an inferior flour. Our part is in supplying as fine a flour as can be found anywhere. When you see the FALCON brand on bag or barrel, you know you're getting as good as can be made.

Falcon flour is made and guaranteed by

SHANNON & MOTT Co.
DES MOINES, IOWA.

Money to Loan by the

Enterprise Ivestment Co.

on personal, chattel and other securities. Everything private. Loans can be renewed upon payment of extension. Easy payments, monthly or weekly. I. E. WILLIAMSON,
18-30 Business Manager.
211 4th, street. Des Moines.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION.

To M[illegible]. See and J. Brosnan:

You are hereby notified, that the following described real estate, situated in Polk County, Iowa, to-wit: Lot Four hundred an eighty-two (482) in Forest Glen, an addition now included in and forming a part of the city of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for the taxes of 1896 on the eighth day of December 1897 to Daniel T. Patton, that said Daniel T. Patton is still the owner and holder of the certificate of purchase issued in pursuance of said sale, and that the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said land will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly.

Dated this 6th day of October, A. D. 1900. Daniel T. Patton.

By Geo. Harnagel, his agent.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION.

To Charles Ashley:

You are hereby notified, that the following described real estate, situated in Polk County, Iowa, to-wit: Lot Five (5) of Burnham's addition to the City of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for the taxes of 1896 on the sixth day of December 1897 to Daniel T. Patton; that said Daniel T. Patton is still the owner and holder of the certificate of purchase issued in pursuance of said sale, and that the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said land will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly.

Dated this 15th day of October. A. D. 1900. Daniel T. Patton.

By Geo. Harnagel, his agent.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION.

To John Leonard:

Your are hereby notified, that the following described real estate, situated in Polk County, Iowa, to-wit: Lot Thirteen (13) in Block Fifty-four (54) of Stewart's addition to the City of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for the taxes of 1896 on the seventh day of December 1897 to E. G. Zellehoeffer; that said E. G. Zellehoeffer is still the owner and holder of the certificate of purchase issued in pursuance of said sale, and that the right of redemption will expire, an a Treasurer's Deed for said land will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly.

Dated this 19th day of September, A. D. 1900. E. G. Zellehoeffer.

By Geo. Harnagel, his agent.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION.

To W. E. Johnson and W. H. Shepherd:

You are hereby notified, that the following described real estate, situated in Polk County, Iowa, to-wit: North 36 feet of South 114 feet of Lot Four (4) of the official Plat of the Southwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter of Section 4, Township 78 North, Range 24 West 5th P. M. Iowa, now included in and forming a part of the City of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for the taxes of 1896 on the sixth day of December 1897 to T. S. Howard; that the certificate of sale thereof has been assigned to and is now owned and held by Daniel T. Patton, and the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said land will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly.

Dated this 15th day of October, A. D, 1900. Daniel T. Patton.

By Geo. Harnagel, his agent.

NOTICE TO REDEEM FROM TAX SALE.

State of Iowa, Polk County, ss:

To Claus A. Carlson Do. Clans A. Carlson:

You are hereby notified that on the 8th day of December, A. D. 1896, the following described real estate, situated in Polk county, Iowa, was sold for taxes for the year 1895 which real estate is described as follows, to-wit: Lot Six (6) Cottage Addition to, and now forming a part of the city of Des Moines, Polk county, Iowa.

That the same was, at such sale, purchased by Guy Hunter and a certificate issued to him by the Treasurer of Polk county, Iowa, and by the said Hunter the certificate was duly assigned to J. H. Phillips, and he is now the owner and holder of said certificate, and the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said property will be made, unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the completed service hereof. J. H. PHILLIPS,

Lawful holder and owner of said certificate.

NOTICE TO REDEEM FROM TAX SALE.

State of Iowa, Polk County, ss:

To Claus A. Carlson Do, Clans A. Carlson:

You are hereby notified that on the 8th day of December, A. D 1896, the following described real estate, situated in Polk county, Iowa, was sold for taxes for the year 1895, which real estate is described as follows, to-wit: Lot Five (5) Cottage Addition to, and now forming a part of the city of Des Moines, Polk county, Iowa.

That the same was, at such sale, purchased by J. H. Phillips and a certificate issued to him by the Treasurer of Polk county, Iowa, and he is now the owner and holder of said certificate, and the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said property will be made, unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the completed service hereof. J. H. PHILL[illegible]

Lawful holder and owaer of said certificate.

NOTICE TO REDEEM FROM TAX SALE.

State of Iowa, Polk County, ss:

To Claus A. Carlson; Clans A. Carlson:

You are hereby notified that on the 8th day of December, A. D. 1896, the following described real estate, situated in Polk county, Iowa, was sold for taxes for the year 1895, which real estate is described as follows, to-wit: Lot Four (4) Cottage Addition to, and now forming a part of the city of Des Moines, Polk county, Iowa.

That the same was, at such sale, purchased by J. H. Phillips and a certificate issued to him by the Treasurer of Polk county, Iowa, and he is now the owner and holder of said certificate, and the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said property will be made, unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the completed service hereof. J. H. PHILLIPS,

Lawful holder and owner of said certificate.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION.

To A Larison, Benjamin Hutchinson and C. C. Calkins:

You and each of you are hereby notified that the following described real estate, situated in Polk County, Iowa, to-wit: Lot Thirty-two (32) in Block Ten (10) of Larison Ploce, now included in and forming a part of the City of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for the taxes of 1896 on the seventh day of December 1897 to Daniel T. Patton; that said Daniel T. Patton is still the owner and holder of the certificate of purchase issued in pursuance of said sale, and that the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said land will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly.

Dated this 12th day of October, A. D. 1900 DANIEL T. PATTON.

By Geo. Harnagel, his agent.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION.

To A. Larison, Benjamin Hutchinson and C. C. Calkins:

You and each of you are hereby notified, that the following described real estate, situated in Polk County, Iowa, to-wit: Lot Thirty-one (31) in Block Ten (10) of Larison Place, now included in and forming a part of the City of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for the taxes of 1896 on the seventh day of December 1897 to Daniel T. Patton; that said Daniel T. Patton is still the owner and holder of the certificate of purchase issued in pursuance of said sale, and that the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said land will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly.

Dated this 12th day of October, A. D. 1900. DANIEL T. PATTON.

By Geo. Harnagel, his agent.

NOTICE TO REDEEM FROM TAX SALE.

State of Iowa, Polk County, ss:

To Danl. Quinlivan; Danl. Quenlivan:

You are hereby notified that on the 8th day of December, A. D. 1896 the following described real estate, situated in Polk county, Iowa, was sold for the taxes for the year 1895 which real estate is described as follows, to-wit: Lot One hundred and one (101) Cottage Addition to, and now forming a part of the city of Des Moines, Polk county, Iowa.

That the same was, at such sale, purchased by W. G. Hamlin and a certificate issued to him by the Treasurer of Polk county, Iowa, and by the said Hamlin the certificate was duly assigned to J. S. Coskery and by him duly assigned to J. H. Phillips, and he is now the owner and holder of said certificate, and the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said property will be made, unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the completed service hereof. J. H. PHILLIPS,

Lawful holder and owner of said certificate.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION.

To A. Larison, Benjamin Hutchinson and C. C. Calkins:

You and each of you are hereby notified, that the following described real estate, situated in Polk County, Iowa, to-wit: Lot Thirty-one (31) in Block Ten (10) of Larison Place, now included in and forming a part of the City of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for the taxes of 1896 on the seventh day of December 1897 to Daniel T. Patton; that said Daniel T. Patton is still the owner and holder of the certificate of purchase issued in pursuance of said sale, and that the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said land will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly.

Dated this 12th day of October, A. D. 1900. DANIEL T. PATTON.

By Geo. Harnagel, his agent.

☞ We want you to subscribe for the IOWA STATE BYSTANDER