

IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

VOL. 5.

DES MOINES, IOWA FRIDAY NOVEMBER 18, 1898.

No. 24

Iowa State Bystander.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY THE BYSTANDER PUBLISHING COMPANY, 330 FIFTH STREET, ROOM 14.

NO. 899.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE AFRICAN-AMERICAN PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION OF IOWA.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE MOST WORSHIPFUL UNITED GRAND LODGE OF IOWA, A. F. & A. M.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One year, \$1.00
Six months, .50
Three months, .25
All subscriptions payable in advance.

J. L. THOMPSON, EDITOR.

J. H. SHEPARD, MANAGER.

Send money by postoffice order, money order, express or draft, to THE IOWA STATE BYSTANDER Publishing Company.

Communications must be written on one side of the paper only and be of interest to the public. "Brevity is the soul of wit."

We will not return rejected manuscripts unless accompanied by postage stamps.

IOWA'S LEADING COLORED PAPER.

When visiting in the city of Keokuk, don't forget to give Mrs. M. E. Dixon's Popular Ice Cream Parlor a call, 1103 Main street.

CITY NEWS

\$1.00 pays for the Bystander for one year.

FASHI. Mrs. Wm. Mash is ill this week at home on 1719 Walker street.

made to appear. L. Hamilton has been sick part of the week but is improving now.

o'clock is the time to subscribe for the BYSTANDER while it is only \$1.00 per year.

chic forms moulded with a meeting will be at the A. and point do church next Sunday.

der the face. The will probably Frank Blagburn is quite sick at home, as they propose on 11th street.

children's cloth will be taking street and Craig of Grinnell is in our little narrow ribbon week on business.

in the form of some are sometimes Cleggett has been confined to his room for this week.

Special. The Members Ruth Brooks is sick this week and is unable to attend the home on Crocker street.

sources of re Anna Hall our energetic resident of the Swanson Remedies, and giving good aid.

seem it but an act. C. Basfield who was reported as a member to go back last week is no better at the claims of writing.

by those who and reason Attorney Geo. H. Woodson of Mucha ally, Jun. (hook la. spent last Saturday in the F. A. & L. Capitol City.

St. Paul. The wonderful Mrs. H. E. Jacobs entertained Sunday at dinner Misses Minnie Weeks and Zoe Richardson.

than one craters with must appe. Mesdames Mamie Bickley and Chas. a quarter pneumonia made the BYSTANDER office a n. If sufferer call last Tuesday.

Neural Catarrh, S Nervous I X L Laundry is not surpassed for pearly white and neat finish, Phone No. 424.

St. Chicago Mrs. I. E. Meadows has a class in you by reissue and desires a few more scholars. or a large call or write at No. 776 W. 9th St.

by mail of the Carbondale Fuel Co., of this city can give good steady work to fifty miners. Good miner's houses in their vill-

Yes, I have You can get board and rooming at Mr. W. K. Perry's while in Oskaloosa, Ia., at 216 N. A street. Give them a call.

How Get All kinds of COOK and HEAT NG STOVES for sale cheap. at BOLTON'S, 413 and 415 East 6th St.

The H. B. S. meet at the home of Mrs. Warlicks, after a very pleasant session adjourned to meet with Mrs. Palmer December 1st, in business meeting.

Remember the greatest foot ball game of the season on Thanksgiving at the Y. M. C. A. Athletic Park, Drake vs Grinnell.

Wm. Hampton the United States Federal Court Bailiff for Judge Wolson of Keokuk is in our city attending to his duties as bailiff during a session of the Federal Court here.

A SURE SIGN OF CROUP. Hoarseness in a child that is subject to croup is a sure indication of the approach of the disease. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough has appeared, it will prevent the attack. Many mothers who have croupy children always keep this remedy at hand and find that it saves them much trouble and worry. It can always be depended upon and is pleasant to take. For sale by all Druggists.

Mrs. C. S. Stewart received a letter from her cousin Mr. and Mrs. John Bryant who at one time lived here but now in Page, North Dakota states that they have a little baby born to them.

In our last week's notes from Clinton where we mention Mrs. Rev. Tillman, it should have been that Mrs. Tillman is arranging to present her Drama entitled 30 years of Freedom sometime in the near future.

Mrs. Mamie Bickley of Muchakinock who has been visiting several weeks with her sister Mrs. Geo. Terrell of Colfax is in our city visiting her friends this week, she will leave Saturday for her home. She use to live here a few years ago.

The P. L. D. will meet next Monday evening at the Masonic hall. In addition to the program that should have been rendered last week the following question will be discussed in general shall the election law be so modified as to admit of interference by the national government upon a proper showing of any voter whose right to vote is in any means abridged.

DIED—Francis M. Bratton who has been sick for more than five months, died last Friday morning at 12:00 o'clock at his home 1222 Center street. He was 8 years and 4 months old and leaves a father, mother, one brother and 5 sister too mourn his loss. The funeral was held at their house last Sunday at 3:30 o'clock.

Mr. Frank Blagburn who is president of the P. L. D. Literary Society hopes to hold a state meeting of literary societies in this city during the holidays to effect a permanent State organization. It is a good idea and such an organization should be organized as it will be very helpful to the young people in the way of intellectual advancement.

A word to our correspondents while some of our correspondents items are always in our office on time each week that is before Wednesday noon, but there are others that don't send their articles in before Thursday and even Friday and expect us to publish it in that week's issue, then again to sign their name. Please remember to always sign your name and send the articles in early.

The Drake University foot ball team has met with phenomenal success this season, they have beat nearly everything they have met and now stand a good chance of being the champion of the western gridiron if they beat the famous Grinnell team which plays here Thanksgiving. They beat the University of Nebraska team last Saturday in a hotly contested game of 6 to 5.

THE BEST PLASTER.

A peice of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on to the effected parts is superior to any plaster. When troubled with a pain in the chest or side, or a lame back, give it a trial. You are certain to be more than pleased with the prompt relief which it affords. Pain Balm is also a certain cure for rheumatism. For sale by all Druggists.

Governor Leslie M. Shaw has appointed John L. Thompson as one of the Associate Delegates to the Farmers National Congress which meets in Ft. Worth Texas Dec. 6th. It is the 18th. Annual meeting and the programme is made up of good material no doubt will be productive of much good such men will speak as Ex-Governor W. D. Hoard of Wis., Hon. Wm. Freeman of Maine, Hon. James Wilson, Secretary of Agricultural and Prof. Booker T. Washington of Ala.

Mr. Fred Jackson captain of Hoses company number four Des Moines, Ia., is in the city on a visit. This is Mr. Jackson's first visit to Minneapolis and he is much pleased with our city and people. There are quite a large number of people here who formerly lived in Des Moines and they have exerted themselves to make his stay pleasant one. Capt. Jackson has been in the fire department for twelve years and is a bright example of what we can do when we get an opportunity. Mr. Jackson left for his home Saturday.—The Appeal.

A New Book.

"Progress of a Race" or "The Remarkable Advancement of the American Negro," written by H. F. Kietzing, A. M. and W. H. Crogman, A. M., Professor of Clark University, Atlanta, Ga., with introduction by Booker T. Washington, is just out and put in the hands of our worthy citizen, Mr. J. T. Blagburn 379 School street. It is a very interesting and useful, and should go into the homes of every family. Price \$2.25, Morocco binding, and \$1.50 for common binding. For further particulars write or send in your orders by mail—it will only cost 15 cents extra for postage prepaid.

Keep Quiet

and use Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for all pains of the stomach and all unnatural looseness of the bowels. It always cures.

We want you to subscribe for the IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

PASSING OF POPULISM.

The closing of the campaign of 1898 which resulted in such an overwhelming victory for sound money and republicanism especially in the west announce the passing from American politics populism with their free silver theory at 16 to 1, their fictitious fancies and padded figures must crumble before the experience of facts and the light of reason when the lamp of truth is turned on them. The friends of Free Silver had hoped to struggle along and keep the money question before the people so as to make at least one more national struggle for it in 1900, but the figures of the recent election has faded such hopes away. This is vividly demonstrated in Iowa where the money question was the main issue and the sound money carried by over 60,000 majority running within two percent of McKinley's majority, also the same results was accomplished in Kansas, Nebraska and the Dakotas. Populism like all other new parties spring up and has its days and followers as did the Greenback, Union Labor, prohibition and other parties then dies and crumble into nothingness of course the passing of it will not necessarily mean only the two great old parties there will be new parties and probably new issues arise.

THE ELECTION RIOTS IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The terrible news of the murderous lynchings and lawless white friends in killing so many innocent human beings recently done in the Carolinas is so terrible to horrible to be thought of by civilized people. Those acts should be condemn by the civilized world the wrath of the christian people should brand those white brutes as villains. Think of the massacre.

The massacre of the defenceless colored people by the brutes calling themselves white men at Wilmington, North Carolina, should be regarded by every honest American as one of the worst outrages crimes that was ever perpetrated in a civilized country; and if this government means to enforce its constitution it should say to those brutes who are murdering innocent men, for no other reason than purely political purpose, that they must stop. If it takes a standing army in the South to protect its citizens, it will send an army down there. This Government should take the same steps to protect United States custom collector. Talbert of customs at Charleston or of the colored men that have been killed, as it would its citizens on foreign shores. Will this government say that it is powerless to protect one of its officers in the exercise of his duties? Mr. Talbert was shot and severely wounded and had to take refuge in the penitentiary to prevent these murderers from killing him.

This is the way that the Tillmanites intend for them and their party to control this country and make it a solid South.

THE WHITES KILL Colored Citizens

The Colored Daily Newspaper Destroyed by White Democratic Brutes.

Conflict Between the Negroes and Whites Results very Destructive to Innocent Colored People.

Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 10.—The Negroes not having complied with the demands of the business men by 7:30 in the morning, "the time fixed," a column of 600 armed men (white) assembled at the corner of Market and Fifth streets and at 8:30 o'clock marched to the office of the Daily Record, the Negro newspaper, and destroyed all the material found in the building. The building took fire, but some assert that this was accidental. Those in command of the white men say they had no intention of firing the building. As soon as it was discovered that the building was on fire, the leaders sent for fire engines and the flames were confined to the Record building. On the south, only 20 feet distant, is St. Luke's, one of the largest Negro churches in the city, and on the north, within 12 feet, a frame building, occupied by Negroes. The Record building is a wreck, being almost totally burned. Excitement is intense, and it is feared the Negroes will attempt to retaliate. The streets are now full of armed whites, and at least 1,000 men will be on guard. The column that moved to the Record office was com-

posed of the best citizens of Wilmington, and even ministers were either on march or guarding the city with Winchester.

SIX WHITES AND NEGROES KILLED

The Negro laborers in the Champion compress, more than 500, became terrorized about 11 o'clock by wild rumors of trouble, and rushed into the streets. They were finally somewhat quieted and dispersed in small squads to their homes. At 11:30 a. m. serious trouble occurred in the Fifth ward. Three white men and three Negroes have been killed. Large companies of armed citizens have gone to the scene. The Negroes are reported to have retreated, but are quietly being reintegrated by laborers from the compress. Fayetteville has been telegraphed to for help.

AID COMING TO WHITES.

Special trains are being run into Wilmington from other towns with reinforcements of arms. Goldsboro has started 500 men. Laurinburg has started 150, and other places have offered help if needed. The light infantry, a regular state militia organization, situated here and its officers direct the the patrolling and guarding of the city. It is understood the governor has given his sanction to this plan, and if carried out it will have a salutary effect. The local detachment of United States naval reserves, in fatigue uniform and dragging their new one-pounder rapid-fire gun are now at the scene of trouble together with the light infantry and several hundred armed citizens. But there is nothing to shoot at. The Negroes have disappeared.

EIGHT NEGROES KILLED.

A later dispatch to the Star says: Between one and two o'clock there were several skirmishes. The total casualties at two were:

Eight Negroes killed, two wounded and three white men wounded—Mayo, Chadwick and Piner. Mayo is not dead, as before reported, but is shot through the lung. About 1:30 two white men passing a house were fired upon. A detachment immediately surrounded the house and took away five Negroes.

EDITOR MANLEY AT ASBURY PARK. Asbury Park, N. J., Nov. 13.—Alexander Manley, the Negro editor of Wilmington, N. C., whose editorial construed, as an attack upon the white women of the South, was perhaps the chief cause of the riots in that city, is with his brother-in-law, the Rev. I. N. Giles, pastor of the colored Methodist church in West Asbury Park. The young editor is prepossessing in appearance, smooth-faced, bright-eyed and rapid-talking, with scarcely a trace of the color of his race in his clear complexion.

"The whole trouble at Wilmington," he said to-day, "was caused by the misconception of an article in my paper. Extracts from this editorial have appeared in northern newspapers. The part, however, that shows my innocence of any intended disrespect or slander of the white people has been studiously ignored."

His purpose had been, he said, merely to show that whites and Negroes should be judged by the same laws of morality. In support of the claim that he had been misconstrued he read the following from the editorial in question: "The editors pour fourth volleys of aspersions against all Negroes because of the few who may be guilty. If the papers and speakers of the other race would condemn the commission of crime because it is a crime and not try to make it appear that the Negroes were the only criminals, they would find their strongest allies in the intelligent Negroes themselves, and together the whites and blacks would root the evil out of both races."

Asked about the Wilmington riots, Mr. Manley said he preferred to tell the story over his own signature and should do so shortly. "The destruction of the Record office," he said, "caused great personal loss. The building and fixtures were fully insured, but not against mobs. My father and mother and three brothers were left behind. I have heard nothing from them, but presume they got away safely. My future is undecided. I do not know whether or not I shall go back to North Carolina."

Editor Manley is considered a hero in the Negro district. He was invited to address a meeting at the Bethel Methodist Episcopal church to-night, but declined. He will probably remain here several days. It is understood that he is raising a fund to pay a firm of New York lawyers whom he will employ to represent him before the president and department of justice and that his case will be submitted tomorrow or Tuesday.

COLORED PEOPLE INDIGNANT.

The Des Moines colored people are very indignant over the manner in which the colored citizens were murdered in North Carolina last week. The Men's Sunday Club meeting took all their time the last two Sundays in discussing the matter, a committee consisting of J. L. Thompson, Rev. T. Reeves and Attorney J. B. Rush were selected to report the resolution to the President. This committee sent a telegram to President McKinley two days before the election as follows: We the colored citizens of Des Moines respectfully ask your majesty to use

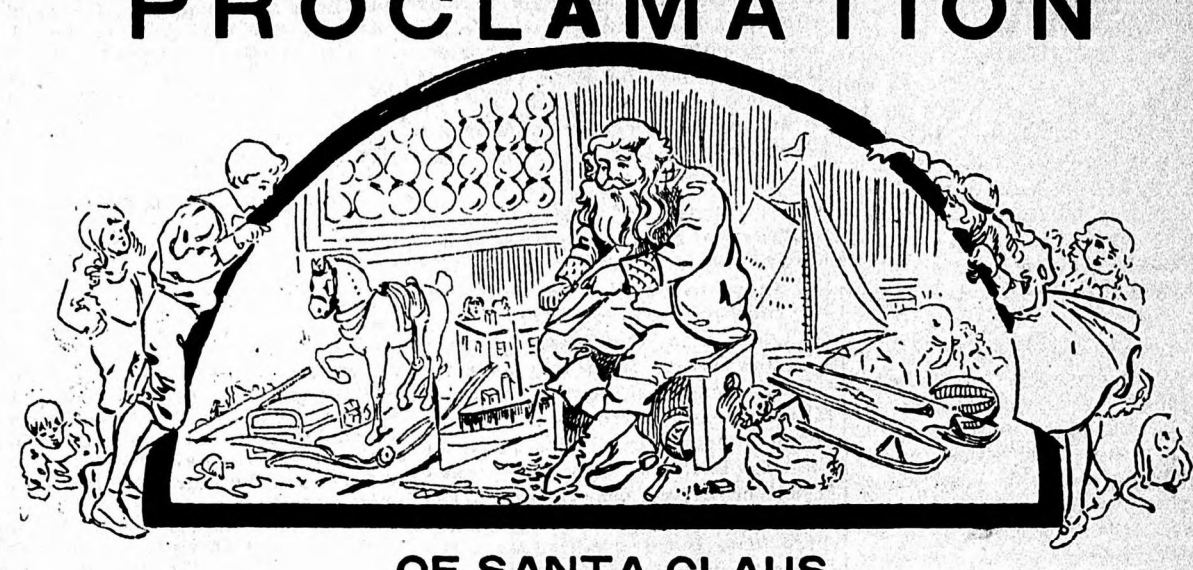
WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY persons in this state to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salary straight \$100 a year and expenses—Definite, bonafide, no more, no less salary. Monthly \$75. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope, Herbert K. Hess, Pres., Dept. M, Chicago.

Subscribe for the BYSTANDER.

W. P. CHASE Co

Games, Toys, Dolls and Holiday Goods. You all know the place—7th and Locust, the Big Bicycle Store

PROCLAMATION OF SANTA CLAUS



The First Little Chap

Patron of all the little chaps and chap-esses. From my home in Iceville, Winter Territory, to every

In Des Moines and within fifty miles of Des Moines I send a greeting, and do proclaim that my good friends Harris-Emery Co. shall be my Personal and business Agents to keep and sell all the Toys, Trinkets, Tools, Games, Banks, Railroads, Puzzles and Jim Crack I have been gathering in France, Germany, Saxony, Belgium, Switzerland and Japan all the year round since last Christmas. I have commanded Harris-Emery Co. to give all the little chaps in Des Moines free run of their store. To make a place big enough for me to come and meet you all and show you how the wheels go round.

No End of Fun

I do further proclaim that on next Saturday, November the 19th, I will be at my good friends—Harris-Emery Co.'s store, and for the entire day from 9 a. m. till 9 p. m. will give to every little chap that will call where I shall hold court—on Harris-Emery Co.'s big fourth floor, hearty greeting and a little sack of candy.

I make that day to be a regular "campus" for you to rollick in and see the carloads of things I've gathered. I've gone everywhere to get these things for you and I've commanded my good friends, H. E. Co., to have a nice place all prepared for you to meet me in.

I remember you, every one of you that has been good.

I wonder if you remember me.

Have your pockets and stockings grown any since last year.

For my toys and trinkets are cheaper than they were then—you get lots more for your money.

I am the real and only North-Pole-roosting, chimney-climbing, stocking-stuffing, Christmas-Eve, jolly, red-nosed, world-circling Santa Claus.

I will be at my good friends—Harris-Emery Co.—store all day next Saturday, Nov. 19th, and I want every little chap and chap ess in Des Moines to meet me there to tell me what you want me to bring Christmas—and to get the little token of candy I have prepared for every one of you. You may bring your mothers and fathers along.

Given under my hand and seal in my home this first day of November, 1898.

SANTA CLAUS, The First.

GIGANTIC UNLOADING SALE.

All surplus stock must disappear. The season is drawing to a close. The sacrifice must be general. We cut prices as prices were never cut before.



UNLOADING SALE PRICE

—ON—

BED ROOM SUITS

Bed Room Suits—3 pieces well made and finished. Well worth \$14.00

\$9.69

ONE DAY ONLY.



This Kitchen Table will be sold for one day only

\$4.35

Hassenbusch & Co.,

Furniture, Carpets and Stoves.

823 W. Walnut Street, Cor. 9th.

48c

No. 7 like cut \$7.50, worth \$12.00, Unloading Prices.

Oak or Birch enter Tables Only

full constitutional power in protecting the colored voters of North Carolina at the polls, signed committee: then the committee reported the following resolution which was adopted and sent to the President: ST. PAUL A. M. E. church. We the members of the Men's meeting in regular session assembled. Believing as we do in peace, harmony and good government and representing as we are the advancement of the Christian religion and the elevation of humanity. We invoke the blessings of God and the gracious favors of your Majesty by virtue of chief executive of this nation to assist in the further promotion of those ideas. Believing that the constitution of the United States contemplated a government for all the people and knowing that the funda-

mental principal of our government is to guarantee to every man's life liberty and the pursuit of happiness, thereby giving to every man his civil and political rights as is specified in the 13th, 14th and 15th. Amendments of the Constitution (also Section 2399 of the Revised Statutes) therefore ask and earnestly urged your Honorable Majesty to ask our law makers in your message to Congress to make or modify our general election laws so that every citizens can go to the polls unmolested and deposit his ballots and have it counted without being shot down or intimidated. Our nation can not continue long with such horrible political butchery and shocking spectacle of lawlessness and bloodshed as recently witness in the Carolinas.

It is time for the President and Congress to say to North Carolina, you must stop. Have they not gone too far?

a may always be depended on to duty, last year Governor Shaw plurality was 29,885 this year the Secretary of State plurality is over 60,000.

This will be a glorious Thanksgiving to the sound money people.

Chancey M. Depew may be the next Senator from New York.

IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

By BYSTANDER FEB. CO.

THE NEWS IN IOWA

Albert Semper, 15 years old, was run over by an engine on the Milwaukee track at Dubuque. His right leg was cut off above the knee and it is thought he will die.

Osborn Deignan, the Merrimack hero, was tendered a banquet at the Grant Club rooms at Des Moines a few evenings since. Resolutions were adopted urging congress to pass a special act permitting Deignan to enter the naval academy at Annapolis.

Milt Stiteler, the soldier of the Fifty-second Iowa, who was arrested about a month ago in Des Moines on the charge of murdering his wife, to whom he had been married but two weeks, has been released. Stiteler had been held from week to week for his preliminary hearing, pending the action of the grand jury, and it is supposed that the grand jury has signified its intention of not further investigating the case.

The government crop report, received by Director Sage, of the crop service, shows Iowa's corn product this year to be 268,672,000 bushels, or 32 bushels per acre. This is the greatest corn producing state this year, showing a gain of thirty million bushels over 1907. It is the greatest yield per acre of any western state. The state crop service report, just made public, shows: Corn, 270,000,000 bushels; oats, 141,875,000; wheat, 25,230,000; barley, 14,300,000; rye, 3,545,000.

Full semi-official returns show the pluralities for congressmen to be as follows: First district—Hedge, 3,009; Second—Lane, 1,369; Third—Henderson, 7,484; Fourth—Haugen, 8,227; Fifth—Cousins, 5,699; Sixth—Lacey, 1,328; Seventh—Hull, 7,616; Eighth—Heppner, 3,905; Ninth—McPherson, 4,480; Tenth—Dolliver, 8,491; Eleventh—Thomas, 7,311. The vote for secretary of state gives Dobson 216,018 and Porter 159,363, a plurality of 62,327 for the republican ticket.

Washington Green, after whom Green's Island in the Mississippi was named, died in Mercy Hospital at Dubuque a few days ago, a demented and friendless old man. Fifteen years ago he was a prosperous farmer and had a wife and two children. He suddenly became demented and for several years past he has been an inmate of Mercy Hospital. What became of his family or his property has never been known. None were present at his death bed. He was buried in the potter's field at Key West Center.

Alfred Anderson, who escaped from Anamosa penitentiary April 11, 1894, is supposed to be under arrest at Cairo, Illinois, and Governor Shaw recently granted the authorities at Anamosa a requisition for the return of the escaped convict. Anderson was convicted at Ft. Madison of the crime of murder in the first degree, and was given a life sentence on December 2, 1893. He is a German who speaks several languages and especially good English, was a baker by trade, when he lived at Fort Madison, and was about 34 years old at the time he escaped. He was subject to fits and consequently was kept in the insane ward from which he escaped.

The board of supervisors of Polk county ordered refunded the mulet tax assessed against the property occupied by sixteen tobacco dealers who have sold cigarettes. Their action is based on the decision rendered by Judge Bishop recently in the case of Tam vs. the supervisors, brought at the instance of the American Tobacco Company, and which resulted in a decree for the plaintiff, enjoining the board from levying the tax against Tam and the W. W. Moore building, occupied by him, on the ground that the cigarettes were sold in original packages. The action of the board is regarded as the end of the cigarette mulet tax in Des Moines and Polk county, and probably as far as Iowa is concerned.

Governor Shaw granted a requisition for Joe Wolverton, charged two years ago with the murder of Mary Gillilan, and who was arrested at Plattsmouth, Neb., and the accused has been returned to Osceola. Mary Gillilan lived at Osceola. Her body was found in the pump house at Osceola Sunday evening, December 27, 1895, with a bullet hole in the temple. She had resided in Osceola only a few months, having come from Bradford, Ill. She had separated from her husband, alleging inhuman treatment. She worked in the Howe hotel while in Osceola and was attentive to duties. When her death occurred suspicion was directed toward Joe Wolverton, a young farmer who had been one of Mrs. Gillilan's admirers. She was heard to say on the afternoon preceding her death that she had an engagement with him. He was seen coming away from the pump house at an hour after the murder was probably committed. He was indicted for the crime, but all rewards for his apprehension had failed to bring him to light until the other day, when he was apprehended in Plattsmouth.

Judge Shiras, of the federal court in the northern district of Iowa, has ordered the receivers of the Sioux City & Northern railroad company to pay to the Manhattan Trust Company, of New York, \$50,000, being the amount due on interest coupons January 1, 1895. The payment will be made out of funds now in the hands of the receivers.

A stabbing affair occurred in Daugherty's saloon at Independence. Frank Dewald received seven cuts, one in the abdomen, serious. J. W. Walker, a piano agent, is under arrest. Littlechild Bros' livery barn at Sibley and nineteen horses were burned a few days ago. The fire spread from a main street and burned buildings and merchandise. Loss, \$12,000.

George Swart, a brakeman of Ottumwa, met with a severe accident while breaking at Charleston. He fell under the wheels while making a coupling and his foot was crushed. Amputation was necessary.

Sheriff Mitterer, of Hardin county, recently brought from Union to Eldora three men giving their names as Thos. Madden, Charles Harper and Joseph Franklin, charged with the robbery of a man in a box car. It appears that a fourth man was in a box car with the above parties on his way south from Minnesota, where he had been working, and that he had \$40 in his possession. The parties are charged with taking it.

A mass meeting of the citizens of Ottumwa was held a few days ago to take action with regard to including the Iowa Central to come to that place. A committee was appointed to look after the scheme and see what could be done with regard to the proposition. It is stated that the Iowa Central is favorable to the idea of building into Ottumwa if the proper inducements are made in the form of a bonus and right of way.

Mrs. George Blood, living five miles northwest of Hull, shot and killed her husband at the breakfast table. For years the husband has been making life unendurable to the wife and children, and in an hour of desperation the wife and mother seemed to have resolved to put an end to the source of all their domestic troubles. The coroner's inquest revealed this phase of the terrible affair. Two shots from a 38-caliber revolver near the base of the brain did the fatal work. At the inquest Mrs. Blood admitted that the deed was premeditated, and the verdict was rendered accordingly. The sympathy of the entire community is with the wife and children because of the causes which led to the premeditated murder.

Osborne Deignan, one of the sailors who accompanied Hobson into Santiago harbor on the Merrimack, returned to his home at Stuart on the 12th, to visit for a few days with his mother. The citizens learned of his coming and arranged a splendid welcome for the hero. He was met at the depot by thousands of citizens and escorted to his home with bands playing and banners waving. At night a reception was tendered to Deignan, at which addresses were made by Gov. Shaw, State Treasurer Herriott, Judge Granger, of the supreme court, Attorney General Remley, and Hon. Lafe Young, and Miss Moulton, in a few well chosen words, presented to the hero a handsome sword, a gift from the people of Stuart. Deignan is now chief boat-swain's mate on the Resolute, of the auxiliary fleet.

Reports to the state dairy commissioner on butter shipments show there has been a considerable falling off in the production of butter during the last year. Reports for the year ending October 1 show that the total amount of butter shipped from all the railway stations in the state was 99,947,175 pounds. There is an apparent discrepancy in the report from one station that will increase this about 1,000,000 pounds, but still it will be far below the amount shipped last year, when 99,517,084 pounds were sent out. Last year the dairy commissioner received reports from 505 out of 773 creameries in the state, showing a production of 58,143,562 pounds of export butter. This year 585 out of 782 creameries report 60,524,544 pounds of export butter. The statistics of shipments include dairy butter.

At Charleston a few days ago, while all the county officers of Lucas county were gone to dinner and the court house was left alone, save for the jailer, who was in the basement tending the furnace, some party or parties entered the building and went to the county treasurer's office, where they carried off \$1,900 in money and about \$1,500 in negotiable paper. It is supposed that they entered through the transom over the door of the office, as Treasurer Culbertson is positive he locked the door before he left, as is his custom. The safe also, he says, was locked, as he made a remark about it being so hard to turn the combination before he left for dinner. When he returned from dinner he found the door to the office and also the safe in exactly the same condition as when he left, but on entering the vault he found the shortage. The board was called in and the books checked up, when the amount was ascertained. The whole thing was one of the most daring robberies ever committed in that part of the country, as it was done in less than an hour and just at noon day, when there is always a great many people passing through there on their way to dinner, as people use the halls to save walking clear around the square. There were two suspicious characters lying around the city for a few days prior to the robbery and when they were seen around the court house that forenoon. They left town in the afternoon and got off the train at Whitebreast, three miles west, and struck across the country on foot.

The Ministerial Association of Des Moines recently adopted resolutions requesting the Associated Charities to abandon the annual charity ball. The resolution states that the step should be taken on the ground of conscience, and for the reason that by sanctioning it the Associated Charities would be upholding practices that the church constantly deprecates. The resolution states that it is the opinion of the association that the Associated Charities will be abundantly provided for by Christian men and women without recourse to methods that cannot meet with their approval.

Mrs. J. O'Neill, of Hinton, a small town a few miles from Sioux City, met instant death in a peculiar manner a few days ago. She was kicked on the head by a cow, and died at once. The woman had gone out to the barn, and while it is not known exactly how it happened, she must have been standing just behind a cow and was stepping over when struck the fatal blow. She was picked up just outside of the barn door soon afterwards, and an examination revealed the fact that her neck was broken.

THANKSGIVING.

By the Governor: A Proclamation.—A much favored day has again been most signally favored of the Lord. The year 1898 has brought to the people of Iowa, as well as to all our beloved republic, much in every way of good. We have enjoyed a wealth of opportunity seldom equaled and never exceeded. In whatsoever field of usefulness or achievement men have expended time or energy, results have been able to comfortably clothe and abundantly feed his family; the husband has gathered in excess of his needs; the teacher of secular knowledge and the instructor in divine truth have witnessed clearing results; the servant of state, in both civil and military capacity, has achieved honor and renown for his country, and much merited personal recognition; and at the same time has been under Providence the harbinger of liberty to many people; so that all who may be gratefully inclined will be able to recount before the Lord many blessings to himself, his family, his state and his country.

The president of the United States, having called upon a grateful people to respond in thankfulness to the Giver of all good, the Dispenser of all bounties, and having designated therefore a day of National thanksgiving:

Now, therefore, I, Leslie M. Shaw, governor of the state of Iowa, in humble acknowledgment of Him whose loving kindness has been thus signified, do hereby invite this commonwealth to observe, in a manner becoming a people whose God is the Lord, the day so designated, Thursday, November 24th, 1898, and I recommend that services appropriate to the occasion be held on said day in convenient places of worship, and in a manner becoming and raising from all lips to Him who has crowned the year with His goodness.

And while mindful of personal benefits, let us not forget to evidence our gratitude by liberal contributions in aid of the poor.

In testimony whereof, etc.
(Great Seal) LESLIE M. SHAW, Governor.
G. L. DORSON, Secretary of State.

TO SEND PARIS POWER.

Tesla Asserts He Will Transmit Electricity Across the Ocean Without Wires.
New York, Nov. 15.—Nikola Tesla declares that he intends to run the machinery of the Paris exposition with electricity sent instantly across the ocean from Niagara Falls. He has just patented his machine for transmitting electricity without wires. He says he can shoot thousands of millions of volts around and through the globe without metallic conductors. "It is like a tale from the Arabian Nights," says the Electrical Review, "and, if successful, it will open up unlimited resources of practically costless power." If successful it means that from the great falls of Niagara, of the Yellowstone, of Alaska and of the canons of Colorado unlimited power of millions of volts can be delivered in New York, London, Paris, Peking and St. Petersburg in a second of time. Mountains, rivers and oceans would thus be annihilated. Tesla says his machinery works perfectly; that he has demonstrated the seeming miracle beyond all possibility of failure.

ARE IN THE LEAD.

Our Coast Defense Is Said to Be Nearly Impregnable.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Nov. 16.—Colonel Jared Smith, a United States government engineer, has just returned here after a month's absence, largely spent in inspecting the Atlantic coast defense and especially the harbor defenses at New York, Boston and Portland, Me. "Our harbor defenses," said Colonel Smith, "while not yet completed, are sufficiently far advanced that it would be suicidal for a warship of any foreign country to enter any of these harbors, if it objected. A great deal of work is yet necessary to be done, but work is being pushed forward rapidly. Very few people have any idea of the power or accuracy of our coast defenses. Our defenses are as good as any in the world, for their purposes. No better can be found anywhere. The works are being rapidly completed and it will not be a great while until the coast is well-nigh impregnable."

NAVY IN SHAPE.

All the Repairs on the Ships Have Been Completed.

New York, Nov. 15.—The Herald's Washington special says: Instructions have been given by Secretary Long to officials of the navy yard at Brooklyn, prohibiting them from commencing any new work on the armor-clads in North Atlantic waters. Repairs on them are completed. It is expected that within ten days Commander Philip will have under his command an effective force, consisting of the battleships and armored cruisers now in commission, except the Iowa and the Oregon, which are now at Rio Janeiro. These vessels will be kept along the Brazilian coast for another ten days at least, and by that time the authorities say that the policy of Spain with respect to the negotiations will have been finally developed.

Another Democratic Victory.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 14.—Another of the surprises of the Minnesota election came out when it was discovered, on checking up the returns, that Thomas Canty, democrat, had been elected judge of the supreme court for the next six years over Charles L. Lewis, republican, by a majority of 300.

Blanco's Keenest Sorrow.

MADRID, Nov. 17.—Captain General Blanco in a letter to Senor Tinado says: "The keenest sorrow of my life is surrendering Cuba with an army of 150,000 men and 200 guns, to an enemy who claims to have conquered Cuba, while we are possessed of such resources."

Rear Admiral Schley Detached.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—An order has been issued from the navy department detaching Rear Admiral Schley from duty with the Porto Rican evacuation commission and ordering him home to await further orders.

Being congratulated on the beauty and appropriateness of his "Recessional," Rudyard Kipling replied: "Yes, it was just at the right time. And that's all the while. It's not what you write, but when."

Some of the Western poets have been writing rhymes on "Pork and Plenty," but the fact still remains, Frank Stanton declares, that pork comes higher than poetry.

What a sensible woman doesn't know never troubles her, but it causes her insensitive neighbors hours of anxiety.

THANKSGIVING DAY



FIRST THANKSGIVING.

WHEN in the year of grace 1620, sturdy Gov. John Winthrop and Puritan colonists of Massachusetts proclaimed and duly observed a public thanksgiving, they probably had little idea of the importance which the festival was destined to obtain in the history of America.

The first Thanksgiving differed very materially from its successors in that it was proclaimed as a fast and not as a feast. Supplies had run short, the ships expected from England were delayed, and extinction threatened the "governor and company of Massachusetts" by New England. Winthrop and his council decided to hold a day of prayer and abstinence, "so that ye Lord be propitiated and look upon his servants with favor, in that they have humbled themselves before Him." Accordingly a crier was sent about the primitive settlement of Charlestown, and the colonists were each and all invited to take part in the fast. Their sacrifice met with speedy reward.

Scarcely had the noon hour of the allotted day arrived when the long hoped-for ship made its welcome appearance in Massachusetts bay, the cargo was landed, and the fast was succeeded by a banquet of a sort which must have seemed sumptuous indeed to the exiles so recently plunged in hunger and hardship. On the threshold of dreaded winter Winthrop and his followers found what had been a prospect of fear and peril changed into one of happiness and hope. Such was America's first Thanksgiving, as



IN THE PAST.

celebrated 269 years ago. Thereafter each succeeding November was marked in the annals of the colony by a similar festival of gratitude.

But Thanksgiving in the early days of our history was not confined to the New England pioneers alone. Just fifteen years after Winthrop's proclamation, i. e., in 1645, Gov. Kieft of the Dutch colony, then known as Nieuw Amsterdam, but now as New York, ordered the observance of a day of rejoicing and thanks, "for the rest and peace which God had been pleased to bestow upon his servants." Thus we see that the feast of Thanksgiving is not as generally supposed, a peculiarly Puritan institution, but is equally derived from the stalwart burghers of Manhattan Island.

The next notable Thanksgiving day in history fell in 1758. On that date the British and colonial army, numbering 30,000 men and commanded by Gen. Forbes, attacked and captured from the French, after a fierce struggle, Fort Duquesne, at the junction of the Allegheny and Monongahela rivers. The name of the place was changed to Fort Pitt, and was the nucleus of the city of Pittsburgh. Thus in a special sense the history of the great capital of the coal and iron industries is connected with the celebration of Thanksgiving day.

But meanwhile, in New England, what had begun as an occasional day of pious rejoicing had assumed the proportions of a fixed national holiday. In Massachusetts and New Hampshire it was especially popular. There was at first great latitude in regard to the date selected for the feast. Governors proclaimed the chosen date arbitrarily, and no effort was made to keep the anniversary of Winthrop's proclamation. Sometimes Thanksgiving occurred in July, sometimes in midwinter. At length, through the efforts of the president and professors of Harvard college, it was practically fixed upon the last Thursday in November.

The college faculty were moved to interest themselves in the question by the fact that the uncertainty regarding the date caused considerable disorder among their pupils. Boys from different states celebrated on different days, many of them returning home to eat the Thanksgiving meal under their own roof-trees. This very undesirable state of affairs could only be put a stop to, said the grave Harvard dons, by the formal establishment of a uniform date for the feast. The last Thursday of the eleventh month suited the colleges, and influence being brought to bear upon the colonial gov-

ernors of New England, proclamations were issued making that day the regular Thanksgiving.

In the south Thanksgiving, as an annual festival, remained practically unknown until, in 1855, the curious Virginian controversy on the subject was precipitated. This controversy, which is not generally known, deserves a brief notice. The governor of Virginia at the time was John A. Hunter, a patriotic and broad-minded gentleman, who had always entertained a reverence for the Puritan anniversary which was by no means common below Mason and Dixon's line. Gov. Johns, in a letter to the state legislature, urgently recommended the recognition of Thanksgiving in Virginia, and offered, in case his recommendation proved satisfactory, to at once issue a proclamation.

But the legislature of Washington's state did not look upon the New England holiday with favor. Gov. Johns was advised not to make the Thanksgiving proclamation, and, "he did not do so, the matter was allowed to drop. But public interest had been awakened, and before long a fierce debate was raging in Virginia between the opponents and supporters of the proposed southern Thanksgiving."

At last, in 1857, Gov. Wise—John's successor—took the metaphorical bull by the horns, and issued a proclamation setting apart a day for the feast. His action caused much angry criticism, and several southern newspapers declared that Thanksgiving was simply "a relic of Puritan bigotry." In spite of this, the innovation was warmly welcomed. The hospitable southerners greeted gladly another holiday, and the northern feast ranked among them as second in importance only to the "glorious Fourth" itself. In 1863—the year after Wise's proclamation—no less than eight governors of southern states proclaimed Thanksgiving in their sections. The war, however, coming shortly afterward, practically extinguished the popularity of the holiday in Dixie.

But it has become a loved institution in the middle, western and northwestern states. Exiled Americans, too, cling to its celebration, and every November sees Thanksgiving dinners in London, Paris, Berlin, Rome—wherever some of the scattered children of Uncle Sam may chance to sojourn. Indeed, Mr. William Astor Chanler, the well-known explorer, tells of a Thanksgiving dinner which he enjoyed in the very heart of darkest Africa.

An extensive and highly interesting volume might be compiled on the subject of Thanksgivings and the events which have signified them. For instance, on Thanksgiving day, 1783, the British army evacuated New York, while Washington and Clinton marched into the city at the head of the continental army and took formal possession in the name of the young republic. Festivities and a grand display of fireworks closed that memorable day. Thanksgiving had fallen that year on December 25, and the combination of evacuation day and that festival were long jointly honored in New York.

The Thanksgiving day of 1816 is memorable as the occasion upon which an American theater was first illuminated with gas. This event happened in Philadelphia. The experiment was a complete success, and the manager of the affair was Dr. Kugler. During the war, of the battles and skirmishes fought on Thanksgiving, the most notable was that of Lookout mountain (1863).

A few odd and distinctive methods of celebrating the great holiday still sur-



THE PRESENT.

live in different parts of the United States, although the tendency is toward a uniform manner of rejoicing. In sections of Connecticut, for example, the "Thanksgiving barrel burning" is a time-honored institution. For a month before the day Connecticut boys diligently collect and store in a place of security all the barrels, old or new, which they can find. All barrels are regarded as the property of whomever can carry them away. On Thanksgiving night the barrels are piled in a huge heap and ignited. Boys and girls then dance around the bon-

fire until the very last barrel has gone up in smoke.

HE WOULDN'T OBLIGE.

"Say, Joe," said the western sheriff, addressing a gray-haired, cadaverous-looking individual who sat beside him in front of the county jail one day, "blamed shame the way my prisoners were treated last Thanksgiving, wuzn't it?"

"It sartainly wuz, Tom," was the reply. "They didn't git a bite of turkey, if I remember."

"Not a durned bite, Joe," continued the sheriff in tones of disgust, "an' I was acshually ashamed to look even the boss thieves in the face fur weeks arterward!"

"D'y'e think the county'll throw 'em down agin this year?"

"Yes, I reckon so. Ever since my deputy sold the turkeys I bought fur the prisoners an' skipped with the cash the turkey deal has bin declar'ed off. Say, Joe, old friend, I'm a-feelin' I've gotter do sunthin' fur the fellers this Thanksgiving."

"Seems 'thout it's yer duty to Tom—seems so, an' if I kin help ye any jist call on me."

"Wall, Joe," continued the sheriff, "that's durned good o' ye to say that, an' it shows ye've got my interests at heart. Now, I've bin thinkin' that while we couldn't go down in our pockets an' buy 'em turkeys, we could git up a liddle entertainment fur 'em on that day and sorter cheer 'em up. What d'y'e think o' it?"

"A durned good scheme, Tom, an' jest count on me to help ye in any way! But what sort o' an entertainment 'ye thinkin' of?"

"Oh, thar's only one sort of show they'd wake up long 'nuff to look at, an' that's a hangin', of course."

"A hangin', eh?" queried the old man as a puzzled look came over his face. "But yed hev to hang one o' them an' wouldn't that sort o' make the others feel gloomy?"

"No, I wouldn't hang one o' the prisoners. Thar's three or four gottar hang bimeby, but not until arter Thanksgiving, an' I couldn't hang 'em 'till that time comes. No, Joe, ole friend, that's whar ye come in, ye know. That'll be yer part o' the show, an' I'm a-tellin' ye it'll be appreciated all over town, too."

"D—do ye mean fur me to a—hang?" gasped the other.

"Why, in course. Yer an ole galoot, Joe, a-sufferin' all the time with rheumatism an' five or six other things, an' besides ye haven't a relative on alrth to keef fur ye."

"Yer a fool, Tom Smith!" shouted the old man as he leaped from his chair and looked daggers at the other. "I may be ole an' all, but I hain't a-lendin' my neck to please nobody! Wall, I reckon not, with whisky never so cheap, too!" and old Joe slipped away in high dudgeon.

"Wall, shoot me fur a coyote if I'd believed it o' him!" growled the sheriff, as he looked after the man in great astonishment. "Jest last week the ole critter was wishin' he could do sunthin' fur his feller-men, an' now he backs out when I've given him a splen-



"D—DO YE MEAN FUR ME TO HANG?" GASPED THE OTHER. "did chance! An' me the champion hanger o' the state, too! Wall, wall, wall!"

Better Than Gold.

It was midnight of Thanksgiving Eve, and the 95-cent clock in the kitchen of Banker Smith's mansion struck eleven times, tried hard and struck more for just but got its cogs rattled and had to let the matter go at that. At this hour only the snoring of the hired girl broke the stillness, but two minutes later the kitchen window was softly raised and two men vaulted lightly into the room.

They were "Black Bill" and the "Coon Kid," two colored burglars, and it was a dollar to a bad apple that they were not there to tune the piano. Both men carried dark lanterns and heavy clubs, and as Bill drew a revolver from his pocket and laid it on the kitchen table he whispered:

"Kid, if we didn't make a mistake in de house, dis'll be de biggest robbery dat ever happened."

"She will fo' suah, Bill," replied the other, as he looked about him and listened intently. "Golly, but won't it rouse de police an' detectives! Now, who's gwine to do de search at?"

"I reckon yo' better do dat, Kid, 'kase yo'r lighter on yo'r feet. I'll watch down yere while yo' sneak 'round, an' don't forgit what we come fo'."

The smaller man disappeared up the back stairs on his tip toes. He was gone about five minutes and then returned with a disappointed look on his face, and said, as he emptied a hatful of diamonds and gold on the table:

"Couldn't find any trace o' what we come fo', Bill. Jess dese things was all I could pick up."

"Then why didn't yo' leave 'em alone?" gruffly replied the other burglar. "Dose trinkets am no good when dar's somethin' better in de house. Try de cellar. It might jess be possible it's hid down dar'."

Once more the "Kid" left the room and quietly stole away, but as he returned this time his face was wreathed in smiles and he held up a long package for the other to view while he challenged:

"Ize got it, Bill—Ize got it!"

"Golly, so yo' hab! Now let's git right out with it afore we're cotched, an' don't yo' make de least noise!"

And away the heaps of sparkling diamonds and the heaps of glittering gold untouched on the kitchen table, the two colored burglars vanished the way they had come, taking with them—a fifteen-pound turkey.

Catarrh

In the Head

Is an inflammation of the mucous membrane lining the nasal passages. It is caused by a cold or succession of colds, combined with impure blood. Catarrh is cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which eradicates from the blood all scrofulous taints, rebuilds the delicate tissues and builds up the system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. \$1; six for \$5. Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

FOR MY LADY.

Several shades of one color are to be worn on evening dresses. A curious novelty originating in Paris is a striped cloth gown with checked sleeves.

Velvet or cloth applique upon cloth are to be the idols of the coming season, and it is rumored that flounces upon the skirts and capes are to go. There are two shapes recognized by authorities for coats. One will be three-quarter length with the basque fitting tightly on the hips; the other will reach just three inches below the waist.

Jewels are to be more popular than ever this coming season. We are to have rings on our fingers and chains on our toes in the greatest profusion, while pearls are to be essential to the winter costume. The enthusiasts will wear two rows of these fastened in front of their hair, with a Louis Seize bow of black ribbon velvet.

The really wise woman will supply herself at once with a black cloth dress trimmed with many lines of silken braiding; the skirt of this might be crossed on the left hip and outlined with scallops down one side and on the edge of the shaped flounce. With a short coat this should have a scalloped basque and collar, and the shoulder pieces should be cut in one with small epaulettes.

CLEVER LITTLE STORIES.

A Washington clergyman was told by the sexton that the church was on fire. "Very well," replied the parson, "I will retire. Perhaps you'd better wake up the congregation."

W. D. Howells has adopted the rule that all applicants for his autograph must furnish satisfactory proof that they have read his books. A young girl recently wrote to the great novelist for his autograph. By return of post came a single typewritten line: "Have you read my last book?" To which the young lady replied: "I sincerely hope so." The autograph came promptly.

Do You Want to Live

In a fine, mild and healthy climate, where cyclones and blizzards are unknown, where good, rich lands can be bought at low prices, near cheap transportation and with educational and industrial advantages? Home-seekers, excursions to Virginia via the "Big Four Route" and the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway. Write for descriptive book of Virginia, list of farms, sale, excursion rates, dates, time, etc. J. C. Tucker, G. N. A., 234 Old street, Chicago, Ill.

Mrs. Frederick Douglass, widow of the colored orator, is to go on the lecture platform to deal with the history of her race in this country.

Your washing is early on the 11th if you use Diamond "C" Soap.

Before marriage a man is really half a man and after marriage he is apt to be nobody at all.

The man who can accurately describe a woman's dress made a mistake in not being born a dressmaker.



THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal. NEW YORK, N. Y. Solely and exclusively prepared. Search for name of company on wrapper. Collapsing & Co. 1334 F. St., Wash. D. C.

DROPSY New Discovery: Get your dropsy cured. Quick relief and cure. Write for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. H. H. GIBBS, 108 N. 1st St., St. Louis, Mo.

PENSIONS Get your Pension. Write CAPT. O'PARRILL, Pension Agent, 1423 New York Avenue, WASHINGTON, D. C.

WHAT TO EAT IS A SERIOUS QUESTION

"Gold Mine" FLOUR WILL SOLVE THE PROBLEM. It is Absolutely Pure. Try It. It Speaks For Itself. Your Grocer Keeps It.

DR. KAY'S LUNG BALM for coughs, colds and throat diseases.

PISSA'S CURE FOR GOUT, GRAVEL, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, SCIATICA, BRUISES, SWELLINGS, BURNS, SCALDS, SORES, ETC.

IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

By BYSTANDER PUB. CO.

DES MOINES, IOWA.

FRIDAY NOVEMBER 18.

RACE ECHOES.

A theater for Negroes is to be built in New York and opened to the public next fall. A stock company of colored women and men will furnish the entertainment which is to include comic opera farces and dramas.

Miss Otello Cromwell, a daughter of a professor in the Harvard university at Washington, is a member of the freshman's class of Smith's college, Mass., and is the first colored girl to enter the institution. She stands high in scholarship and expects to cover a four years course in two years.

Hon. Geo. Lee, a clerk at Helena, Mont., was elected State Auditor on the republican ticket and the rest of the ticket was defeated; such is the progress of the Negro in the West. He is the second colored man in America that has been elected to such an office.

Hon. J. Frank Wheaton of Minneapolis was elected to the legislature by over 1000 majority on the republican ticket, while his running mate (white) was elected by 500 majority and the republican candidate for State Senate was defeated. Still some parts of the North respects a man for his honesty and worth as a man.

Major John R. Lynch, paymaster, having finished his labors in paying off the troops at this point left for Atlanta on Thursday, accompanied by his assiduous and genial clerk Mr. M. M. McCary. Major Lynch paid off the 3d Nebraska, 47th Iowa, 4th Illinois, and 4th Virginia regiments, disbursing over ninety thousand dollars being about one third of the total payments made of the Seventh Army Corps for the month of October. The major was treated with respect and courtesy by all with whom he came in contact and by none more so than the 4th Virginia, one of the southern regiments and he gives away carrying pleasant recollections. Savannah Tribune.

MOUNT PLEASANT NEWS.

Rev. D. J. Tate is on the sick list. Rev. Phelps of Bedford occupied the pulpit at the Baptist church last Sunday.

Mrs. Wm. Spotts is home from Chicago.

Our community was greatly shocked last Friday Nov. 11th when the sad intelligence reached the relatives and friends of Mr. Ed. Thomas that he had passed away. Four weeks ago he passed through our city well and happy, on his run from Chicago to Lincoln Neb., but before the rising of another sun he was dangerously ill. His wife in Chicago was summoned in haste and all that loving hands and medical skill could do was done, but to no avail. They had to bow to the grim conqueror death. Ed Thomas came to this city when quite small, with his mother. He made the city his home until a few years ago when he went to Chicago. Four years ago he married Miss Olive Crane of this city. He was a model young man, loved and respected by all who knew him. He leaves a mother, brother, sister, wife and little daughter besides other relatives and a host of friends to mourn his loss, but we are glad that we can say our loss is heaven's gain.

Mr. L. Cook and Miss Mamie Lewis who accompanied Mrs. Olive Thomas with her dead last Sunday, returned home in Lincoln Neb., Monday.

Mrs. Stewart Betts and her mother, Helen Thomas came in from Chicago Sunday to attend the funeral of Mr. Ed. Thomas.

Mrs. McCane son and daughter came from Denmark to attend the funeral of Mrs. McCane's son Ed. Thomas. Mrs. Stewart Betts accompanied by her sister Mrs. Olive Thomas and daughter Helen left last Tuesday for Chicago.

ACTIVE SOLICITORS WANTED EVERYWHERE for "The Story of the Philippines" by Maria Matilde, commissioned by the Government as Official Historian to the War Department. The book was written in army camps at San Francisco, on the Pacific with General Merritt, in the hospitals at Honolulu, in Hong Kong, in the American trenches at Manila, in the insurgent camps with Aguinaldo, on the deck of the Olympia with Dewey, and in the rear of battle at the fall of Manila. Bonanza for agents: Brimful of original pictures taken by government photographers on the spot. Large book. Low prices. Big profits. Freight paid. Credit given. Drop us a line for book. Outfit free. Address: J. T. Barber, Sec'y, Star Insurance Bldg., Chicago.

Miss Alberta Scott is the first Negro girl to be graduated from the Harvard annex. Her classmates and the professors of the institutions have congratulated her in the warmest terms and in the library and language club of Boston her achievements of the M. A. degree has been spoken of with high praise. Miss Scott is

but the fourth student of the Negro race to attain this honor at the colleges for women in Massachusetts. Two received diplomas from Wellesley and one from Smith college. They all came from other states. Miss Scott is 30 years old. She was born in Richmond, Va. Her mother was one of the famous cooks of the plantation country. The Scotts have lived in a picturesque shanty on that part of an old estate willed to them after the civil war. When the girl was about 6 years old the family sold their plantation home, moving to Cambridge where they still live. Graduating from the common schools in Boston, Miss Scott's teachers spoke so encouragingly of her work, that the girl was determined to have a college education. She paid particular attention to the studies of language and literature and she is now a fluent linguist and a member of the Idler and German clubs. She has contributed considerably to college and New England Journals. Miss Scott will leave her New England home and return to Dixie, for it is her ambition to teach in some of the high schools of her own race.

Preachers Give Thanks for the Whites' Success at the Polls.

On last Sunday nearly all the leading ministers (white) of Wilmington N. C. offered thanks and praises to God for defeating the Blacks at the polls last week. They said that they were in the right and the Lord blessed them one minister boast of carrying his Winchester all election day. What do civilized beings think about such utterance? What does the Christian ministry think? Such a disgraced ministry that teach those ideas are not fit to exist even in hades, they ought not be even permitted to live among the Hot-tentoes of Africa. It was such ideas and influences that sustain slavery and rebelled against the Union such ideas that is taught from the pulpit in the house of God in a christian nation is an irreparable sin, a shocking disgrace to any religion.

MUCHAKINOCK NEWS.

Mrs. Geo. Harris of Des Moines returned this week to her home after visiting several weeks in our city, she was the guest of her mother-in-law Mrs. Wm. Padgett.

Miss Annie Terry of Boone is visiting her sister Mrs. Nellie Smith.

Belton Thomas spent Sunday in Albion. Mrs. Albert Rhodes departed for Des Moines Monday to take care of her relative J. H. Jett who has the typhoid fever and is quite sick.

Master A. B. Rhodes departed home last week and spent several days outing, he came back and says he had a very hard time and will not leave again soon.

Sunday Nov. 13th, the Pastor of the Baptist church began a series of sermons on the perfection of God, the first subject in the service was the Trinity. A class for the special study of the bible is formed and began work Nov. 13 at 7:30 P. M. The special programme for Thanksgiving day is under the direction of Miss Cora Thomas.

Wm. Condon of Des Moines was in our city several days last week the guest of C. R. Foster.

We were very much disappointed at our "Muchakino round up" when we learned that J. L. Thompson would not be present as advertised.

Miss Annie Miles of Virginia likes our city quite well and thinks she will remain. The entire M. C. band attended Sousa band concert last week at Okaloosa. Mr. John Wilson and Miss Sarah Parker attended Sousa concert at Okaloosa. Bicycle racing has run (up) here.

OTTUMWA NEWS.

Mr. G. Dickson of Muchakino visited in the city Sunday the guest of Miss F. Brews.

Mrs. D. Johnson who has been sick for the past few weeks was out Sunday for the first time since her illness.

Mr. G. Oliphant and Mr. St. Clair of Cedar Rapids were in the city last week on business. Mr. Oliphant is a brother of John Oliphant who was killed at the packing house a few weeks ago.

Mrs. J. Hamilton and grand-daughter Lily who have been visiting relatives and friends in Chicago for several weeks returned home Sunday morning.

Sunday was quarterly meeting at the A. M. E. church. The presiding Elder Mr. Bundy had charge of the services. It is rumor that the wedding bells will ring soon in our city, in the south part of the city.

CEDAR RAPIDS BUDGETARIAN.

Miss Mamie Horn of Ottumwa is visiting Miss Emma Oliphant of 10th Ave. The Ladies Industrial Circle meets Friday afternoon with Mrs. M. Pierce. Remember the Thanksgiving dinner and supper at the A. M. E. church.

Mrs. S. B. Hatcher of St. Paul, Minn., is a guest of Geo. H. Wade of 7th street. Mr. William Lowry one of our young men who graduated from High School about a year ago is attending Coe College, Miss Lucy Blaud of Keokuk arrived in our city last week to visit at the parsonage with Mrs. Rhinehart.

Mrs. W. H. Raspberry and sister Mrs. Mary Bowlin have returned from Kansas where they were spending a few months and report a good time.

MARQUISVILLE.

Mrs. A. Windbush is better at this writing.

Mrs. Easter Jefferson has returned home from Muchakino where she has been visiting her daughter.

Mr. Wm. John is able to go to work again.

Mrs. Jennie Greaser is visiting her parents in Ottumwa.

Rev. Mayo of Baltimore Md. preached Sunday morning a very instructive sermon.

Mrs. Nannie Wilson was called to the bedside of her sick father at Colon.

Mrs. A. Jones and little Ida departed Saturday for LaGrange Mo.

Mrs. R. Barber of Frazer is visiting in our city.

James Perry and Wm. Stewart were victorious in the election last Tuesday. Rev. T. C. Delaney conducts a 4:00 o'clock bible class every Sunday afternoon at Mrs. Robinson's boarding house, every one is cordially invited.

Attorney Rush and wife visited our city and Sunday School last Sunday.

Every body should subscribe for the BYSTANDER in Marquisville. The collector will be here Saturday.

SIOUX CITY ITEMS

It was a rare treat to those who listened to Rev. Wm. Weaver D. D. of Baltimore Md. lectured last Friday evening at the First Presbyterian church on the problem of the African race in America. The lecture was illustrated by fine stereoscopic views showing life among the colored people of the south. The few colored people who attended were proud to note that there was not standing room in the church.

Miss Poindexter is quite sick. Mr. John Williams is a rheumatic sufferer.

Mrs. Hattie Whitten of Yankton was the guest of Mrs. Heister last week.

Rev. Fisher will only preach at Yankton, S. D. once a month hereafter.

The Thanksgiving committee met with the chairman Mrs. Morgan last Thursday. The Ladies Improvement Society with Mrs. Jas. Washington as President will meet with Mrs. E. Grant Thursday afternoon.

Strangers coming into the city will do well to visit the Williams and Her's restaurant for first class meals. Mr. Newton Williams has been on the sick list.

The Philadelphia Laundry is all right.

ALBIA NEWS.

Mrs. McDonald, Susie Snoddy and Miss Henrietta Jones attended the Odd Fellows' entertainment in Charleston Saturday evening.

Rev. and Mrs. T. L. Griffith and son Malcom spent this week at the parental home.

Mrs. Riggs of Muchakino was looking after the interest of the Daughters of Tabernacle in Albion on Thursday evening of this week.

Mr. Cread Mason went to Ottumwa Monday evening to be present for Tuesday's election.

Mr. Robt. Channey of Hiteman was in Albion Sunday.

Mr. Brittan Thomas of Muchakino spent a few days of this week in our city. The young people of Albion are to organize a Literary Society in Albion on Thursday evening. The first programme will be rendered on the same evening and will consist of debates, recitations and songs by the various members of the club, all are invited to attend.

Rev. H. Williamson preached a very able sermon to his congregation Sunday evening touching upon some very interesting facts in regard to our race.

DURBUQUE NEWS.

The A. M. E. church is prospering.

The Young People's meeting at 6:30. Secretary of Sunday School, Miss B. Rober, Pastor, Rev. Johnson.

Those on sick list are Mrs. Allen and Mrs. Martin.

The members and friends of the Pastor and his wife gave them a surprise on the 10, all present report a good time. Miss Blanche Rober is the only colored young lady attending High School.

NEWTON NOTES.

Special to the BYSTANDER. On the 5th, of November being the 35th, Wedding Anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Walker Walden they were invited to Mr. and Mrs. John Whitsett's for tea and spent a very delightful time, while the guests were thronging at their home where their three sons and daughters had planned a surprise, after returning home and entering the sitting room thinking no one present because the lights were turned down low, but when turned on they beheld to their great surprise about forty guests. The presents were numerous and beautiful. At 7:30 supper was served and all departed at a late hour after a very pleasant time.

KEOKUK NOTES.

Special to the BYSTANDER.

At the advanced age of 128 years Mrs. Lucy Alexander, colored died at her home in this city last Monday night. She was born Dec. 24, 1770, a slave and it is claimed that she was the oldest person in the United States at the time of her death. She was well known as "Grandmother Alexander" in Keokuk. Mrs. Alexander was feeble for about a year before her death, but was bedfast only a week. She had snow white hair and physically gave every indication of her great age. Her eyesight was good for one so old and she never was much trouble to the family who cared for her. She was born near Richmond, Va., and was owned by Richard Miller, owner of a large corn and wheat plantation. One hundred and six years ago she married a slave by the name of Alexander, but he has been dead eighty-five years. She has two sons and a daughter living here all very old.

OUR GLOVES

Are popular in Des Moines because they are stylish, wear well and do not cost as much as goods sold at retail. Look at these few prices.

Ladies

A Ladies' Fine Kid Glove 2 clasp, gusseted finger.....49c
A fine Mocha 2 clasp all the shades.....69c
A Fine Real Kid, all the fancy colors.....79c

Gentlemen

A fine Kid Glove in all the fancy shades 1 clasp.....50c
A fine Mocha Gloves lined or unlined, clasp or Congress wrist all shades.....75c

Beautiful Wool Gloves and Mittens for men, women and children, from 5c per pair up.

Remember the place

421 Walnut St.,
J. H. COWNIE GLOVE Co.

The Capital City Woolen Mills

Retail Store
421 Walnut Street 421

will sell you Woolen Goods of all kinds, also Blankets, Tailor Made Trousers, Boy's Knee Pants at WHOLE SALE PRICES. BUY DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURER. SAVE ALL INTERMEDIATE PROFITS.

CAPITAL CITY WOOLEN MILLS

Retail Store
421 Walnut Str. et. SHEURMAN BROS., Props.

We left Des Moines, Sept., 21st at 8:30, after a very pleasant night ride we arrived in St. Paul on the 22nd, taking our breakfast on the car, and securing berth, we then took a car ride to Minneapolis. St. Paul and Minneapolis are both beautiful cities the distance of ten miles between the two cities is nearly built up, and they have a bicycle path from one city to the other, and they impose a fine of \$10.00 against any person for driving over this path, the path is broad and level and makes one of the best roads we rode over. The large athletic park and beer garden both occupied a large track of ground, business seems to be very good in Minnesota, and the country is beautiful. We took tourist car at 1:00 o'clock, and then the fun began they looked at our tickets and gave us the first birth on the car, and then just before the train started they moved us to 12, then they said the company never sold that birth as it was an unlucky number, and they wanted us to change to 1 or 11 we could have our choice in the next car, so we finally got settled down, and began to take in the scenery, which is one of the most beautiful picturesque that the eyes ever beheld, in some parts of the country you can only see high cliffs of solid rock, and again we would pass through the beautiful level land for miles covered with forest trees. We have one more of the 24th United States colored regulars on our train he is very intelligent young man, and he entertained us with a history of the Cuban war and battles that he was in, the country and its inhabitants. The porter is doing everything to make us comfortable Mr. Henry gave him the customary tip. We past about Dakota in the night, crossing the Missouri at six o'clock on the morning of the 23rd, on coming over into Montana we passed through the foot hills, which are a long chain of hills raising and falling for miles, some of them are steep to climb, while others looks like mountains, the houses on these hills are few and far apart, some of the houses are built in the side of the hill with cattle barns and all together, wheat is the most successful crop that grows. Seen my first sod house when the train stopped at Dixon, here Mr. Henry thought he would go out and buy a pie to eat with our luncheon, we waited 40 cent a piece for pies and 5 cent a piece doughnuts, Sergeant Wiley of the 24th U. S. regulars gave me the choice of the relics he had gathered while he was in Cuba. I took two beautiful coral and some shells, at Miles City Sergeant Wiley stopped as that was his home, he had a 30 days fortnight. The water in this part of the country is full of alkali, and where the water has been and have dried up it look like snow, there is but few places where trees will grow, but there is plenty of tumble weeds these weeds grow in bunches as they roll and gather as they roll and tumble until there is an immense roll. We just passed a house standing in the center of the prairie with not a house or tree in sight for miles, this is Montana it is 11:30 now we are to Prairie Dog Village there are dogs sitting up all over the prairie, I should call it a colony of dogs. I have just seen my first cow boy out here with gun and levitied on his saddle, Buffalo grass grows here and they raise and prepare a great many cattle for the markets, we next passed through the bad lands, it make one think how wonderful is the works of the Lord, great high cliffs of clay and sandstone that make you feel sorry when one think that any one must live in such a place, these cliffs takes on all sorts of shapes some places they look like immense castles with many gables added turrets high wall and all completed, but they all looked deserted and made me think of the ruins of Pompeii, 2:30 P. M. now we are near the beautiful Yellowstone river with its tributaries, we follow this river 240 miles, its waters are deep blue and green with white gravel bed, 4:00 o'clock the cow boys are "rounding up" a herd of cattle about 1500 head of cattle. We have met another one of the heroes of Santiago, and also a member of the 24th, he was wounded and has been in the hospital where he had to battle with the fever and wound at the same time, he is going

home on a sick furlough, his relative think he is dead, he was so reported, he said he lost all his relics when he was taken to the hospital, he says as soon as you get in the hospital they burn up all of your clothing, he said he was so sick when he taken to the hospital that he had no hopes of recovering, and he did not know what become of his relics. Miles City is 745 miles from St. Paul, everything is fresh and green the valley widens out to a number of miles, the little Big Horn runs into the Yellow stone which affords means of irrigation for the valley which makes the great wasted desert of past a green and fertile valley. There are over 700,000 cattle on the ranges tributary to Miles City. Groves of Cotton Woods trees and thickets of wild roses add much to the attractiveness of the town. After leaving Miles City to a little town and named in commemoration of the brave Custer, next is Forsyth with its immense cliffs than to the Big Horn river where we crossed a bridge and went through a tunnel 11,000 feet long. We commenced to climb the mountains at 8:00 o'clock in morning, the train slowly winded its way around and up the mountain until we were above the clouds we were so high that the clouds looked like water. Our next stop was at Helena the Capital of Montana, it is one of the richest city of size in the world, then onward we went over mountain through tunnel across tressles or down the deep valley. Then we came to Gold Creek 1,190 miles from St. Paul, this is the place where the Northern Pacific from the East and West were join by the driving of the golden spike in 1883. The next was Hell Gate with canyon rock ribbed mountains on either side until it seems like we would be swallowed up in them, we reach Snake River Bend at dinner time, the scenery is grand and one grows anxious to see all they can of the beautiful handiwork of nature. We next come to Ellensburg and through the Yangtze-Kiang Canyon, and on to the Cascade mountains, our next stop was at Spokane Washington, and then to Emula and to Mount Tacoma with its snow capped peaks. Olympia the oldest town west of the Cascade Mts., is 1644 miles from St. Paul, we cross the Columbia river at Kalama, we can see Mount Wood, St. Helena and Adams, 60 miles from the rail road. We bought Portland papers, but the scenery was grand that we could not stop looking long enough to read them. We arrived in Portland the 26th at 2:30 and stayed three hours and a half. Portland is 2,066 miles from St. Paul, and has a population of 90,000, it is a beautiful city of flowers and foliage. Roses bloom here until the first of January. The hotel Portland is built so that every side faces a street, it occupies one block. We left Portland at six o'clock last night and arrived at Grants Pass at eight o'clock. We are now 6,062 feet above the level of the sea, the name of this place is Clawson, the highest peak here is 7,000 feet. It took three engines to pull us up the mountain, and now we begin the descent. We have crossed the highest trestle, went through the longest tunnel over two miles long, cut through the mountain, and now we are in California and to-morrow morning we will be in Oakland. Here are the Shasta range of mountains, three of them have a cloud resting on them, but behind the cloud the sun is shining, and piles of snow that never goes off the year round. I would not exchange this trip for a trip to Europe, for nothing could be grander or more beautiful and I did not have to cross the ocean. Now we are at the Sacramento river which we crossed 15 times going round the mountains. We have just left Shasta springs, where the water shoots up 50 feet, the trains stop 15 minutes to let us see the springs and get a drink of this water, which tastes just like soda water. Do not think that we have describe everything, it would be impossible with that great panorama continually passing before us, for us to tell you all we saw. We have traveled through 8 states, Iowa Minnesota, Dakota, Montana, Idaho,

MOERSHELL, DUFFY & FOTHERINGHAM

621 Walnut Street.

11-4 Tan Color soft Eider Down Blankets, this week pair.....69c
Large All Wool Blankets natural all white. See them this week.....\$2.98
Home Made Comforts, big generous size, this week.....\$1.25
Ladies' Dress Skirts, blacks and all colors, well made and finished, \$3 values, this week.....\$1.98
Outing Flannels, checks and stripes, dark and light colors, instead of 6 1/2c, this week.....5c

Blankets,
Comforters,
Ladies' Skirts
AND
Outing
Flannels.

Framed Copies of Fine Paintings

FROM
American and European Artist

Given free with every
5.00 and 10.00

WORTH OF *Hill's*
MODEL SHOES

SOLD ONLY AT
616 walnut st.

Washington, Oregon, and California, a total number of miles travel 5,398.
Mrs. C. W. Henry.

NOTICE TO REDEEM FROM TAX SALE.

State of Iowa, Polk County ss:
To Madara A. Mardis J. W. Cannon: You are hereby notified that on the 24 day of December, A. D. 1895 the following described real estate, situated in Polk county, Iowa, was sold for the taxes for the year 1894 which real estate is described as follows to-wit: Lot Fifteen (15) Block Ten (10) town of Grimes, Polk county, Iowa. That the same was at such sale, purchased by J. H. Phillips and a certificate issued to him by the Treasurer of Polk county, Iowa, and by the said J. H. Phillips the certificate was duly assigned to J. P. Black, and he is now the owner and holder of said certificate, and the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's deed for said property will be made, unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the completed service hereof.

J. P. BLACK,
Lawful holder and owner of said certificate.

REDEMPTION NOTICE. NOTICE TO REDEEM FROM TAX SALE.

State of Iowa, Polk County ss:
To Madara A. Mardis J. W. Cannon: You are hereby notified that on the 24 day of December, A. D. 1895 the following described real estate, situated in Polk county, Iowa, was sold for the taxes for the year 1894 which real estate is described as follows: Lot Sixteen (16) Block Ten (10) town of Grimes, Polk county, Iowa. That the same was at such sale, purchased by J. H. Phillips and a certificate issued to him by the Treasurer of Polk county, Iowa, and by the said J. H. Phillips the certificate was duly assigned to J. P. Black, and he is now the owner and holder of said certificate, and the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's deed for said property will be made, unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the completed service hereof.

J. P. BLACK,
Lawful holder and owner of said certificate.

FROM NEW ZEALAND.

REKTON, New Zealand, Nov. 23, 1896. I am very pleased to state that since I took the agency of Chamberlain's medicines the sale has been very large, more especially of the Cough Remedy. In two years I have sold more of this particular remedy than of all other makes for the previous five years. As to its efficacy, I have been informed by scores of persons of the good results they have received from it, and know its value from the use of it in my own household. It is so pleasant to take that we have to place the bottle beyond the reach of the children.

E. J. SCANTLEBURY.
For sale by all Druggists.

EVERYBODY

KNOWS THAT MUNGER'S LAUNDRY is the best in the city. Try them and be decided.
220 THIRD ST.
PHONE 578.



Donot get excited and slide off the earth when your house wants cleaning, but go to the JENNINGS WALL PAPER Co and tell them your trouble they can fix you up. The number is 821 Walnut street.

It Saves the Children.
Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has saved the lives of thousands of croupy children. It is also without an equal for colds and whooping cough.

NOTICE TO REDEEM FROM TAX SALE.

State of Iowa, Polk County ss:
To Phineas Watrous Estate: You are hereby notified that on the 16th day of December, A. D. 1895 the following described real estate, situated in Polk county, Iowa, was sold for the taxes for the years 1895, 1896, 1894 which real estate is described as follows, to-wit: Lot Eight (8) Block One (1), Town of Commerce Polk county, Iowa. That the same was, at such sale, purchased by J. H. Phillips and a certificate issued to him by the Treasurer of Polk county, Iowa, and by the said J. H. Phillips the certificate was duly assigned to Jacob L. Sands, and he is now the owner and holder of said certificate, and the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's deed for said property will be made, unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the completed service hereof.

JACOB L. SANDS,
Lawful holder and owner of said certificate.

SHOULD YOU NEED

FLOWERS

At any time of the year, for any occasion where Flowers are used, you can get them, home grown and fresh out every day, from

BLAIR THE FLORIST

306 Sixth Ave., Des Moines.
Funeral, Party and Wedding Decorations gotten up in latest styles, and at moderate prices. Boxes of fine flowers for presentation and personal use.

We Make Repairing Satisfaction Guaranteed.
A Specialty.

IOWA STATE

CHEMICAL CLEANING and DYEING

ESTABLISHMENT

HENRY FRICK & SON,
Proprietors.

421 Cor. W. Second and Grand
DES MOINES, IOWA.