

IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

VOL. 4.

DES MOINES, IOWA, JULY 2, 1897.

No. 4.

Iowa State Bystander

J. L. THOMPSON, EDITOR.

J. H. SHEPARD, MANAGER.

Four Good Barbers. Cigars and Laundry Office.

Wilson & Barton's
Barber Shop,
COR. FIFTH AND LOCUST STS.,
DES MOINES, IOWA.
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EVERYTHING FIRST-CLASS.
PRICES MODERATE.

IOWA'S LEADING COLORED PAPER.

CITY NEWS

Social on Tuesday evening at A. M. E. church was well attended.

Call and see our new summer shoes. W. T. White, 506 Walnut street.

Mr. John F. Blagburn made a business trip to Boone on Monday last.

Booker T. Washington at the Chautauqua on the Race Problem, July 9th.

Mr. Geo. Morton will leave next Monday for Minneapolis, on a pleasure trip.

Mrs. Roy, who is at the bedside of her niece in Leon, Iowa, reports her better.

H. S. Clay returned home from the lakes on last Saturday. He reports a delightful time.

Screen Doors, Windows, and Lawn Mowers at cost to close them out. Dawson's hardware, Fifth street.

Miss Bertha Grider returned to her home in St. Joe, Monday, after a pleasant visit with her cousin, Miss Selma Stanton.

The young men tendered Mr. J. H. Jett a farewell party last Tuesday evening, at the residence of Chas. Woods, on Crocker street.

Miss Cora White, accompanied by little Guile and Douglass Miller will spend a few months in Mt. Pleasant, at the home of their grandmother.

Mr. J. L. G. left Monday for Keokuk to attend the marriage of his stepson, B. L. Anderson, returning Wednesday evening. He reported a pleasant time.

The Great Western band has been organized two weeks. The young men are working very earnestly to raise money to purchase a set of new instruments. They request their friends not to run when they see them coming.

Mr. John Morton left Thursday for Adel, where he will ride Friday and Saturday. He will return in time to take part in the State Meet, the 5th and 6th. Mr. M. is a very promising young rider. We wish him success.

Mr. Oscar Tutis, a genial gentleman well known in our city and a Pullman porter between here and St. Paul, has resigned his position and will leave soon for his old home in New Jersey, where he will accept a similar position.

A cycling party composed of Misses Evangeline Robinson, Estella Burnough and Annetta Youcum of Leavenworth, Kan., and Messrs. Johnson, H. M. McFall and Frank Johnson spent a very pleasant evening riding over the city, after which they adjourned to the Savory Cafe for refreshments.

Mrs. Matilda Golden received a telegram from St. Louis Wednesday morning announcing the sudden death of her sister, Mrs. Mary J. Anderson. Mrs. Golden was unable to be present at the funeral, owing to the fact that she was to be buried so soon, but will leave in the near future to straighten up the business affairs of deceased.

The Columbus Chronicle has just closed its grand contest for the most popular lady in Columbus. The prize held out was a round trip ticket to the Tennessee Centennial Exposition. The ticket was won by a very large majority, fourteen hundred votes, by Mrs. Anna E. Sutton, of 312 Eighth-st. We congratulate the editor on the popularity of his paper, and Mrs. Sutton on the host of friends that so nobly assisted her.

Miss Lulu and Dora Gaines returned on last Saturday, from Hannibal and Danville, Mo., where they have just closed a very successful year as teachers. Each are delighted with her past year's labor. As for hospitality and sociability they say that the people of Mo. cannot be beaten. After a visit of three weeks they will return to Hannibal to attend the Normal. Miss Lulu will teach in Hannibal again this year. Miss Dora will return to her school at Danville.

Quarterly meeting at Burns' M. E. church next Sunday. The presiding elder Rev. Clark, of Saint Joseph, Missouri, will be here and conduct the services. Preaching Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock, Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, afternoon at 3 o'clock, and in the evening at 7:30. This will be the first time that the presid-

ing elder has ever conducted services in our city. All the members and friends should turn out at all of these meetings. Give him a full house.

There will be several select picnics, Monday, at Greenwood park.

Mrs. Wm. Strawther returned home from Mercy hospital, Thursday, much improved in health.

North Star Lodge A. F. and A. M., will give a lawn sociable at the residence of Frank Blackburn, West Eleventh-st., next Thursday evening, July 8th. All are cordially invited.

The Kings' Daughters' met at Mrs. Bell's Wednesday evening, and adjourned to meet at Miss Mary Burk's, 1626 Ninth street, where a lovely program will be rendered.

Friday eve., June 25th, Mr. and Mrs. Blagburn entertained at supper, Mrs. George Capart and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Blagburn, in honor of Mrs. Capart, who has gone to St. Paul to reside.

The McKinley Republican club will meet at the court house, Tuesday evening, July 6th, for the election of officers. A full attendance is desired. J. H. SHEPARD, President; C. B. Woods, Sec'y.

Midland Chautauqua will open July 5th and lasts till the 23d. It bids fair to be one of the grandest gatherings of distinguished people that ever assembled in this city. All should hear Bishop Fowler on Abraham Lincoln and great deeds of great men. The lovers of music should remember that July 6th is music day at Chautauqua.

The colored Choral society of forty voices will sing on music day, July 9th. Grand musical festival, July 20th. Every one should hear Booker T. Washington, on the 19th.

Marriages.

The wedding bells continue to ring. On June 26th occurred the marriage of Mr. George J. Wilson to Miss Hattie C. Berry, of Santiago, Cal. Mr. Wilson is the head waiter at the Kirkwood; he is also a partner with Mr. Barton in the barber business; he has control of the business. Mr. W. has proven himself to be a business man with all the qualities essential to succeed. Miss Berry is one of California's beautiful young ladies.

Mr. J. B. Dungee to Miss Hattie L. Sherod, on Tuesday last. Mr. Dungee is one of Des Moines' energetic young men, with a bright future before him. May success continue to go with him and his bride through life.

Mr. Jas. H. Poindexter Passes Away.

James Henry Poindexter died June 30, 1897, at his residence, 778 Ninth street. James Henry Poindexter was born in Hannibal, Mo., in 1848. When 8 years of age he removed with his parents to Iowa, settling in Keokuk. He came to Des Moines in March, 1871, and has been engaged in the barber business for the past twenty-seven years, eleven years of that time being associated in business with W. A. Birney. In 1890 his health began to fail, and he went to Hot Springs, Ark., in the hope of being restored. He grew better for a short time, but for the past year has been gradually failing, until the last attack, which resulted in his death. He joined the Masonic lodge in 1874, and was one of the prime movers of the organization of King Solomon Commandery in this city, and was the first eminent commander. He was married in this city July 30, 1882, to Miss Emma Goode, who survives him. They had the distinction of being the only colored couple ever married in the Masonic hall in Iowa. Beside his wife, there survives him one sister, Mrs. M. A. Cooper of Burlington, and a brother, George Poindexter of this city. Mr. Poindexter has lived a consistent life and maintained a high moral character. He died in full possession of faith and was ready and willing to die. The funeral was to be held Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the family residence. Rev. Timothy Reeves preached the funeral sermon, and the singing was conducted by the choir of the A. M. E. church.

Bryan's organs are long and loud in telling of the fight they thought Senator Hanna would have, but they fail to tell of the Southern vote in congress that has been cast for high protection in the consideration of the tariff bill. Mr. Hanna had no fight at all. The republicans of Ohio wanted him, but the people of Ohio did not want Bryan.

Now is the time to Subscribe.

Judge McCoy's Candidacy.

We cordially second all the good things that have been said by many of the leading Republican papers for the endorsement of Judge Ben. McCoy's candidacy for his nomination for Judge of the Supreme court. We endorse him because he is in every way qualified for the place. We are glad that republicans all over the state are working for him. We admire him because he is one of the Lincoln Republicans; one of those that believe he and his party owe the Negro recognition; he has always held himself ready to assist on all occasions.

Judge McCoy's candidacy has the one great advantage of the state acquaintance gained through his steady and active efforts for the Republican cause and his service of the state on the bench and in the legislature. His public prominence and his long residence in the state have given him personal acquaintance in Iowa that is not exceeded by more than half a dozen men; and wherever "Ben" McCoy is known he has a continually increasing number of friends, because of his rugged strength and personal magnetism, his devotion to the interests of the people, and his high standing as a citizen, jurist and legislator. In addition to his popularity with the people, without regard to party prejudice, he is especially popular with the Republicans because he has always taken an active interest in the party's welfare and aided in fighting its battles—not in an offensively partisan manner, but in the manner of an earnest man who believes in the rule of political principals conscientiously believed in and is willing to stand up and be counted in favor of the rule of those principles every day in all the years. His record as a district judge is excellent throughout, and the splendid manner in which he has served the people in the district court is the best recommendation for advancement to the supreme bench.

A Thoughtful Charge.

"We frequently find in articles written by some of our colored men, insinuations and intimations to the effect that colored papers and colored leaders do not speak out on subjects that concern the race—that these do not voice forth the honest convictions of the parties themselves. It is offered as a reason for this condition that these men are afraid of losing their job."

"We regard this charge as both unkind and uncharitable. This charge is absolutely void of the principles of Christianity and is too far from the truth to come from persons who have any respect for the truth or the least desire to be just with their fellowmen."

This article we clip from the Virginia Baptist, because it expresses our views on this matter. We have seen men who are continually trying to blacken the character of some one. Such narrow contracted men never did nor never will have anything but insinuations; they have no desire to see any one advance. Again the writer says:

"Wise men do not change their course without some good reason for doing so. The judgment and opinions of the fathers we do not think it wise to ignore."

Wise men will be sure that they are right before they assail any one. If a person is too corrupt for public good and it is necessary to publish him it is wise for the writer to then turn around with this corrupt man on his arm and ask the colored people to follow them. "Consistency; thou art a jewel." He says, further: "We hate the idea that men must be put down as enemies to the race simply because they chance not to agree with some new errors, as to the policy of conducting affairs. These critics set themselves up as the only loyal men in the race."

The time has come when people will not believe everything they read about people they have known all their lives. The men who try to injure others, should be shown a back seat. Watch the man that will try to stab an honest member of the race. He will do the same to you. Beware of such men. Saying, further:

"We trust that our labors are directed to this end. If this be a wrong course for us to pursue then we must plead guilty."

Merchants Know the Value of a good advertising Medium—Read our "Ads."

Our Next Senator.

Thos. A. Cheshire was born April 2, 1854. His father was one of the early settlers of Poweshiek county, Iowa, coming to that county from the state of North Carolina in 1853. His father, John W. Cheshire, entered government land and erected thereon a log cabin. In this pioneer dwelling Thos. A. Cheshire was born. During the first ten years of his life he lived on a farm. Although his father was a southern man, when the war broke out he enlisted as a private soldier in Co. B. 40th Iowa, and went back to combat his kinsmen, and fight for the preservation of the Union.

In 1864 John W. Cheshire, was discharged from the army on account of disability and moved from the farm to Montezuma, the county seat of Poweshiek county. Thos. A. Cheshire received his education in the public schools of Montezuma, and it was afterwards supplemented by studies at Iowa College and University at Iowa City. On account of ill health he left the University and after a short time he concluded to learn the printing trade in the office of the Montezuma Republican, which was owned and edited by his



father. After serving an apprenticeship of four years, he went to Ann Arbor, Michigan, where he took a law course in the University of Michigan, graduating in 1876.

He located in Montezuma and opened an office for the practice of the law, and after being engaged in the practice for one year his father died, and it became necessary for him in connection with a younger brother to take charge of the paper which he edited for three years. In 1880 he sold his interest in the paper and again entered the practice of the law in Montezuma, in which he had much success, until 1886, when he removed to this city, and opened a law office. Since his residence in this city he has been actively engaged in the practice. For five years during the incumbency of Attorney General Stone, he argued the criminal appeals in the supreme court of the state. In '93 he was nominated by acclamation for Senator for Polk county, and has served in the 25th and in the regular and extra session of the 26th General Assembly.

He never held but one elective office prior to his election as senator, and that was mayor of Montezuma, to which position he was elected at the age of 22. At the time he moved to Des Moines he was the nominee of the Republicans of Poweshiek county for county attorney, which he declined, preferring to come to this city where he would have a wider field in which to practice law.

The Senator has proven to the satisfaction of all that have watched his course, that he is a true friend of the colored people. While he has been in the Senate he has done more to assist them to positions than any one before; in fact he is the friend of the working man, and should receive the support of the laboring men.

Death of Colonel Gatch.

The city was startled on Thursday by the painful announcement that Colonel Conduce H. Gatch had passed away. Colonel Gatch was born in Ohio in 1825, served with distinction as an officer in the late civil war, and held various positions of honor and trust in the state of his adoption, notably that of state senator from Polk county two successive terms. He was a

delegate to the first national republican convention, at which John C. Fremont was nominated for the presidency, and also to the one which nominated Blaine. Colonel Gatch was loved and esteemed, and in his efforts for the betterment of the condition of mankind he recognized neither creed nor race.

Editor's Correspondence

BURLINGTON.

In Burlington is the headquarters for the great C. B. & Q. Ry., and a large number of factories. There is a large number of colored people here, and but few doing well. They have one policeman, G. W. Dean, who owns a nice home, and one mail carrier, S. L. Tigg, who was an old school boy with our mail carrier, Prof. Geo. I. Holt. He has a beautiful home. Mr. John Brooks is quite a hustler, and has a nice home in a good location. He has worked for many years for the C. B. & Q. Ry. Co. Those who ordered the Bystander for one year were Mesdames. H. W. Bird, Maggie Lee, Malinda Mitchell, and Mr. S. L. Tigg. Mr. Wm. Shackelford, once our energetic agent, has learned the typesetting art, and is working on the Weekly Press. He is intelligent, and will make his mark if he continues. Our next ride found us in Ft. Madison, named in honor of President James Madison, where once an old fort was built. There is about 300 colored people living here; some doing tolerably well. Those who are working for the state prison are, Mr. Veizer, who hauls, and Mr. Thomas, who carry the mail to prison; also on the fire department. Rev. Anderson of the M. E. church, is an active public worker. It was a pleasure to be permitted to go through the prison. Chaplain F. C. Laslett (white), the newly appointed minister, is a very sociable and pleasant gentleman to meet. It was through his kindness that we were conducted. He is a young man; although he has the love and affections of the convicts. There are about 500 here, of which about 45 are colored. Each prisoner has a certain amount of work to perform of some kind. It is very interesting to see them working in the workshop, carpentershop, tailor department, laundry or cooking dept., making hoes, rakes, forks, chairs, tables, suits, etc. They take timber in the rough stage or as cut from the timber, and take it through all the processes until it is made into a chair, ready for sale and use, and they are fine chairs. Everything is very clean and systematically kept. They have a large chapel hall where Sunday school and meetings are held each Sunday. Ventilation is good and air wholesome. Everything in a first-class order. Mr. Jones is a good Supt.

KEOKUK.

The gate city of Iowa, which by her geographical location seems sometimes to be ostracised from the Hawkeye atmosphere. Yet she has some attractions which is of interest to the casual tourist or visitor. It is according to ancient tradition the burial place of Keokuk, the great Indian chief, who once held full sway of the "Beautiful Land" and with his sun-tanned followers chased the buffalo and the deer, and danced to the whoop. A stone monument marked his resting place in Rand park. The park is the finest in Iowa, and one of the prettiest little parks in the U. S. There they have several pools of water, 3 artesian wells, 3 buffaloes, several deer, 2 bear and several other lesser wild animals, also the ostrich. Then they have a very fine athletic park, called Hubinger park in course of building. When completed will be the finest of the kind in the state. It has a summer theater, seating 2000 people, two bathing pools and a plunge. This is all owned by one man, Mr. Hubinger, who is a past millionaire, and a very liberal minded enterprising man; he also owns the street car and electric-light plant, and we are informed that about 19 years ago this man was selling peanuts on the street corner of Keokuk. His financial success

Straw Hats.

Underwear.

MEN'S HATTERS AND FURNISHERS,
512 Walnut Street,
...Chandler & Lawyer...

Negligee Shirts

... Neckwear ...

seems to be phenomenal. Keokuk has a population of about 20,000 people, of which about 2,800 are colored citizens, and they are mostly old settlers; each of them owning their own beautiful homes in different parts of the city. There is more wealth among the colored people of Lee county than any county among in Iowa. It is nothing to see nicely painted two story houses, several of them brick; with a neatly kept yard and good orchards, with all the modern conveniences of life, apparently living happily. As space will not permit us to name all those who own their homes, yet we shall mention a few of the oldest, who own nice homes; first, is:

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Tebau, Geo. Caldwell, Mr. and Mrs. Peix, each have been here over 40 years; Mrs. M. J. Dove, a lecturer, the wife of the able and well known Elder M. J. Dove, has been here 38 years. She owns some very valuable property; she is quite intelligent and well known. Then there are Mr. A. and Martin Bland Goins, Mr. Selby Johnson, who is probably the wealthiest man in Lee county; Mr. and Mrs. Rush, Wm. and John Hampton, John Bland, Mrs. G. Williams, Fred. Albert and Orange Fields, D. Ware, Jones, Yeizer, W. Dixon, Mr. Drain, Halts, Harris, Johnson, Brooks, and Mott.

There have been several graduates in the high school. They have twenty-two secret orders and four churches. The finest building is the Seventh-st. Baptist church, where Amos Johnson was the pastor. Then the Pilgrim Rest Baptist church which now has more members than any of the others; it was formerly pastored by Rev. T. L. Smith; now by the able T. H. Phillips, of Moberly, Mo., who was editor several years ago of the Western Outlook, an influential and outspoken journal. The A. M. E. has a good congregation led by Rev. C. M. Tillman; there is the Episcopal church, a nice building, located on High-st. Bland & Bland owns a blacksmith shop, they are doing well; possibly the only colored people operating a blacksmith shop in Iowa. Mr. W. H. Jones runs a first-class 5-chair barber shop. He has been in the barber business 31 years, and owns a beautiful home. Four other colored men also own shops and are doing very well. Mr. Mott is the only colored barrister, he has been quite successful with his cases, as he has only lost two cases this year. He is a young man, admitted to the bar last year, and his many friends wish him success in his own home town. Mr. D. W. Anderson is a member of the city fire department, also a calculator, and received the contract of the U. S. Government building. Mrs. A. runs a home bakery, and has a large trade; she is a good cook and her bread is sought after. Mr. C. H. Williams, who is foreman at the Tri State Can Co., in the planing tin department, has 18 hands under him—all of them colored. He is a race man. There is about 100 hands working there in all, and about 200 colored. The factory's capacity is 60,000 cans per day. Mr. Williams conducts a restaurant on Main-st. Henry Brooks is the only shoemaker has been in the business more than fifteen years. Orange Fields is a first class carpenter and has a good shop. Fred Fields is clerk and assistant bookkeeper for Huskamp Bros. Shoe Co.—has been since 1889. Lonzo Dixon is the government cook—has been for 14 years. F. D. Bland is an excellent carpet man, and has worked a number of years for the Drake Carpet Co. Mr. D. Ware works for Ryman & Rand furniture dealers. Several colored men are driving delivery wagons.

NUPTIALS IN HIGH CIRCLES.

KEOKUK, Ia., June 29th.
This evening witnessed one of the most brilliant weddings that has ever occurred in this city. It was the uniting of Miss Minnie G. Fields, the daughter of Mr. V. Fields, to Mr. Bartha L. Anderson, both of this city. They were married at St. Mary's, the Virgin church, by Rev. Dr. R. C. McIlwain (white) of the St. John Episcopal church. Long before the hour arrived the church was crowded with peo-

ple, which was decorated beautifully with palms, roses, smilax, ferns, and other plants. At 8:30 o'clock Mrs. Claud Bland struck Mendelssohn's wedding march; then came the bride, resting on the arm of her parents. Mr. Wilber Fields as best man presented the groom. Within a few minutes the solemn vows of the sacred rite were performed, then the bridal party immediately moved to the K. T. Hall, which was also beautifully decorated, where the reception was held. The table was nicely decorated with flowers, and heavy laden with the delicacies of the season, where fully one hundred were present of the 140 who were invited. Mullen's orchestra furnished the music, while many tripped the light fantastic; all enjoyed themselves. The Bystander's representative with their many friends wish them success and happiness in this, unknown life below. We give you a list of a few who were there. The bride was dressed in cream broadsilk, cream point lace and muslin De Swan and slippers of the same material with white kid gloves and bridal roses with silk veil, ornaments, pearls and opals. The groom, a conventional black. Miss Marguerite Fields, sister of bride, was maid of honor; her attire was heliotrope organdy over heliotrope, trimmed in chiffon and silk ribbon slippers and gloves to match. The bridesmaids were Misses Rhoda Johnson, of Quincy, Ill., and Lydia Ware, of Keokuk. The former wore organdy and cream colored silk, white slippers and gloves to match; the latter wore broadsilk muslin De Swan, trimmings of lace, white slippers and g. oves. Mrs. F. D. Fields wore green organdy over green trimmed in point lace and green silk, satin ribbon, white slippers. Mrs. A. J. Fields, gray silk, trimmed in rich lace, white slippers. Miss Lucy Bland purple organdy, trimmed in handsome lace, white gloves. Mrs. F. D. Bland in handsome white organdy, trimmed in rich lace satin ribbon, blue gloves. Mrs. Emma Teabeau, black silk jet trimmings. Miss Lillie Russ, white organdy over green, white kid gloves; Mrs. Minnie Bland white silk, green ribbon; Mrs. Sadie Brown, of Canton, Mo., pink silk, black lace, overdress; Miss Jessie Johnson, pink silk, green trimmings, pink gloves; Miss Doris Ware, orange colored silk, with white lace; Miss Mary Wright, green silk, with black trimmings. There were several others not reported to our reporter. Little Miss Garnet Teabeau, flower girl; Otis Fields, page boy. Mr. Anderson is a stepson of J. E. Gillam, who recently moved to Des Moines. They received a large number of costly and useful presents. They will be at home at 321 North 13th, where their friends can call.

Mr. Harry Graham has started the issuing of the Rising Sun, at Kansas City. It will be remembered that Mr. Graham published a paper by the same name in this city several years ago. We welcome the return of the Rising Sun, and trust that it will be of great benefit to the race. We always did like the name.

The main object of the democratic state convention was free silver and White. He could not do anything if he could be elected to carry his crazy financial views; he might help to groom Bryan for 1890. The people of Iowa will never be misled by White or Bryan.

The most conspicuous man, the most widely discussed and the most widely known man of the present generation, whether white or black, whether at home or in a foreign country, is Booker T. Washington. The only living man's idea endorsed by the best thinkers of modern times.

Senator Bland of Missouri, says: "The democratic party does not need reorganization, but rest, and the longer the better for the country."

IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

BY BYSTANDER PUBLISHING CO.

DES MOINES, IOWA

The name of the city girl who asked her uncle, "which are the cows that give beef tea," has not been announced.

James Six of Logansport, has been arrested for having seven wives. And they actually propose to punish him further.

The government is now responsible on letters sent by registered mail, but only to the extent of \$10. Uncle Sam don't take many chances.

The Rev. Thomas Dixon, Jr., will lecture at the Chautauqua meetings at Fairmount park on "Fools." Will the usual "Admit One" be printed on the tickets?

Gilbert Parker, the dramatist, has been in turn a Canadian bear-hunter, a dramatic critic, an editor, a novelist, and a playwright. He is still on the right side of five-and-thirty.

When Senator Hoar arrived in Washington from Boston last week a reporter said to him: "So you have been presenting the Mayflower log to your state." "Log!" exclaimed the Senator, palpitating with disgust; "you might as well call it a beam!"

The manner in which the business affairs of a city are too often managed is illustrated in the fact that the New Haven city government is paying about \$6,000 in advertising the assessments for street sprinkling and the total assessments will bring in less than \$12,000.

One place where the Chinese wage-earners lose to spend his money and cannot afford to do so is at the cat and dog meat restaurant. If the animals are black they cost more. This was copied from a Chinese sign: One small black cat stew, 5 cents; grease from black dog, 4 cents; one pair black cat's eyes, 4 cents.

Perhaps the funniest bit of satire ever directed toward the custom of giving complimentary dinners to persons departing for foreign service was shot at one of our ambassadors to a European capital, who is himself a humorist of wide-wide repute. He must have enjoyed reading the information gravely imparted, that he was "slowly eating his way to his new post of duty."

Inventions and new appliances follow each other in our time with bewildering rapidity. The insecurity of tenure by which steam holds its place as the most useful motive power for long distances has been made apparent by the success of recent experiments with electricity, carried by a third rail, which were undertaken by an eastern railroad. The president of the road put the possibilities of the future in concrete form by saying, "Our locomotives may soon follow the old stage-coaches to the scrap heap."

"Nothing new under the sun," said "the preacher." Yet many people think that he did not foresee the bicycle. Nevertheless, Mr. Yang Yu, late Chinese minister to this country, declares that they used bicycles in the Flowery Kingdom twenty centuries ago. He adds that their manufacture was finally prohibited by the emperor because the Chinese women rode so constantly that they neglected their families and domestic duties. This bit of satire indicates that Mr. Yang Yu has attained a very intelligent appreciation of Occidental humor during his residence in this country.

Business shrewdness and financial ability are unfortunately not confined to the better class of merchants. At a recent meeting of the Liquor League of Ohio, one of the officers remarked that after a man was grown and temperance habits formed he seldom ever changed; and he therefore drew the conclusion that for the success of the liquor business missionary work must be done among boys. "Nickels expended in treats to the young now will return in dollars after the appetite has been formed." Even the habitual drinker must stand appalled before the frankness of statement of such diabolical facts.

In a government report on building and loan associations it is shown that the total number of associations has increased from 4,499 to 4,617; the number of associations reporting from 4,443 to 4,531; the shares outstanding from 9,500,755 to 9,985,999, and the installment dues paid in, paid up and prepaid stock and profits, from \$370,471,289 to \$449,643,048. The assets increased from \$403,475,395 to \$489,659,734. Expressed in percentages the number of associations showed an increase of 2.6 per cent, the number of associations reporting an increase of 2 per cent, the shares outstanding an increase of 5.1 per cent, and the installment dues paid in, plus paid up and prepaid stock and profits an increase of 21.4 per cent.

One of the worst effects which may fairly be referred to the influence of the "new" journalism is the tendency shown by some unwise clergymen to imitate its sensational methods in order to attract or startle their congregations. It is essential that the church should maintain its hold upon the people by keeping abreast of the times and adapting its methods to the changing conditions around it; but the influence of the pulpit should never be anything else than elevating. Sensationalism should never find a place there.

Gov. Bradley of Kentucky attended the Nashville Centennial on Kentucky day, but positively refused to abandon his white felt hat for a silk one. He said he had worn white felt hats for twenty-five years and would not discard them now.

There was a disposition to forgive the Sioux City preacher who was accused of hugging a young woman in his congregation until he undertook to throw the blame on the girl. There is a great difference between weakness and meanness.

THE NEWS IN IOWA

IT ENDS IN BLOODSHED.

Hanging of F. G. Yeoman in Emory Has a Bloody Record.
EAGLE GROVE, June 30.—About a week ago Hon. F. G. Yeoman was hanged in effigy in a prominent thoroughfare from a wire run from the Citizens' State Bank. As a sequel to this occurrence, Mr. Yeoman's office was the scene of a lively encounter. Ed. Ley, son of one of the prominent old settlers and capitalists, went to Yeoman's office to talk over the matter with Mr. Yeoman, who, it appears, had accused Ley of the deed. Mr. Yeoman acknowledged that he had suspicions that young Ley was the right man, and asked him to get out of the office. In the scuffle which ensued considerable blood was spilt, but bystanders were on hand in time to separate the combatants. At this juncture, D. G. Ley, father of the young man, appeared, and was ordered out. With a club in the hands of Mr. Yeoman, several openings were made in Ley's scalp before Yeoman was disarmed. Considerable blood was stirred up.

REMARKABLE MARRIAGE.

Woman Claims to Know Nothing of It—Man Wants It Affirmed.

SIoux CITY, July 1.—The most remarkable case ever begun in court was commenced by J. L. Lewis, who asks the district court to affirm the marriage with Anna E. Erickson, which he claims was performed under the common law in January, but which she denies ever having been a party to while conscious. The girl, who is not more than 20, had Lewis arrested recently for assault and battery, and his defense then was that she was his wife and he could beat her if he saw fit. The court did not seem to agree and the girl went back with her father, while Lewis was fined, the fine being suspended. He now asks that the marriage be affirmed. The girl is working out as a domestic. Originally she worked in Lewis's office. They roomed in adjoining apartments at the Great Northern for some time, and while there, Lewis claims, they married themselves under the common law.

TRAIN WRECKER.

Man Caught Trying to Wreck a Passenger Train on the D. M. & W.

DES MOINES, June 29.—John Mahaffey is in the county jail at Adel, charged with attempting to wreck the north-bound passenger train on the D. M. & W. road. He was captured in the act of drawing spikes from the rails by Sheriff Paine. Information came to the officers of the attempted crime from Mahaffey's pal, who backed out after plans for the crime had been made. When placed in custody Mahaffey had drawn several spikes from one rail. He had a wrench with which to unfasten the rails from one another and two sticks of dynamite, which his pal says he was prepared to use to blow up the safe of the express car. Mahaffey refuses to talk.

TROLLEY CAR FATALITY.

Inexperienced Crew Kills a Small Boy at Burlington.

BURLINGTON, July 1.—The great strain on the motor lines here during the Chautauqua has made it necessary to employ new and inexperienced motormen and conductors. A new crew while running a car at nearly twenty miles an hour, down a steep grade, ran over Lee Spitzmueller, aged 7 years, cutting him squarely in two, leaving half of his body on each side of the track. A few hours before the same crew ran into a hack, wrecking it and breaking the driver's leg.

HUBBELL TALKS ON THRIFT.

Men to Be Successful Should Learn to Live on \$1.50 Per Week.

SIoux CITY, June 30.—F. M. Hubbell, the Des Moines water works and railway magnate, while in the city gave a dissertation on the possibilities of thrift. He said any man who gets \$15 a month ought to save half of it. Nobody has solved the problem of life who cannot live comfortably on \$1.50 a week. He was asked how much it cost his family to live, and he replied about \$30,000 a year, but that this was caused by the extravagance of the women folk.

Off for Toronto.

DES MOINES, June 29.—While the Y. P. S. C. E. people are getting ready to start for the western lands, another formidable body of young people is planning an exodus to the domains of Queen Victoria to attend the Third International Conference of the Epworth League. Mr. C. B. Roberts, of Adel, one of the publishers of the Adel News, and a member of the transportation committee of the state organization, is planning to have a large party leave Des Moines on July 13, with special through sleepers to Toronto. An excursion across the lake to Niagara will be one of the principal attractions of the trip.

Robbers at Grand Junction.

GRAND JUNCTION, June 26.—Robbers entered the store of Maloney & Whalen by boring a hole through the shutters near the back end of the building and lifting the catch on the inside. They turned their attention mostly to ladies' underwear and ladies' gloves and shoes. It is hard to tell just what the loss is, but it is estimated at from \$50 to \$100.

Polk County Assessment.

DES MOINES, June 29.—The auditor of Polk county, deducting from the returns made by the assessors, finds the total value of the personal property and of the real estate in Polk county is \$23,434,035. The personal property is valued at \$8,232,999, and the real estate is valued at \$15,178,701 by the assessors. He also finds that Polk county has 2,849 dogs.

Railroad Man's Suicide.

CEBAR RAPIDS, June 30.—Frank Liddle, a Cedar Rapids railroad man out of work, committed suicide by shooting himself in his room in a hotel. He left a letter saying his mother-in-law was to blame, but his wife says he has been insane for some time.

SIoux CITY STRICTLY IN IT.

Paper Charges a Member of the City Council With Hoarding.

SIoux CITY, June 28.—The Union Advocate, a local paper, has commenced a crusade against Alderman Erickson, of the Third ward, and prints three columns of charges against him. It accuses this alderman, who is now serving his second term as a republican, with being a record breaker for aldermanic thriftiness in selling coal and feed to the city and charging fabulous prices for it. Part of the time, it stated, he puts in bills for material which has never been received by the city, and rushes the bills through the city council. Specific charges are made that in his capacity as president of the Erickson Hardware company and the Erickson Coal and Feed company he sold supplies to the city and that there is absence of any proof that delivery was made and that no vouchers or receipts for the same can be found. Warrants were drawn by him for payment and the paper charges him with appropriating considerable money this way.

GRIEF FOR THE SETTLERS.

Sweeping Decision in the O'Brien County Land Cases.

DES MOINES, July 1.—The commissioner of the general land office has rendered another decision on the O'Brien county forfeited railroad lands, which, if affirmed by the secretary of the interior, will result in the changing of owners of much of the valuable and improved lands in O'Brien county. The decision involves the northwest quarter of section 5, in Baker township, which is owned by purchase from the Sioux City & St. Paul railroad by John Schneider, and has improvements on it worth \$4,000 or \$5,000, besides the value of the land. The commissioner makes a very lengthy decision, the gist of which is that Schneider purchased the land from the company when he knew that the railroad had no title to it, and the company could convey none.

SUES THEM BOTH.

State Seeks to Recover From Secretary McFarland and Snel J. Spaulding.

DES MOINES, July 1.—Ex-Secretary of State McFarland and Snel J. Spaulding, the latter ex-secretary of the pharmacy commission, have been sued in the district court of Polk county, through their bondsmen, for amounts alleged to be due the state. McFarland's bondsmen are asked to pay the amount he is alleged to have secured from the census employees by causing them to return to him a part of their salaries in consideration of their having been continued in the employ of the state. Spaulding's bondsmen are asked to pay the amount he is said to have appropriated from the pharmacy commission treasury when acting as its secretary and treasurer.

FOUR KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

Horrible Work of a Storm in Plymouth County.

SIoux CITY, July 1.—A family of four persons was killed on a farm in Plymouth county, about eighteen miles north of Sioux City by a bolt of lightning during a storm. The lightning struck the home of Mrs. Charles McCausland, killing her, her son, Charles, her stepson, Frank Mills, and the hired girl. Three days passed before the calamity was discovered, when neighbors found that all were dead.

Iowa Library to Be Replaced.

DES MOINES, July 1.—Regents of the state university met here to formulate plans for replacing the library recently destroyed by fire. They decided to ask for an emergency appropriation of \$15,000 and a tenth of a mill tax for four years, which would produce \$55,000 a year. A committee consisting of Regents Swalm, Abernethy, Gilliland, Pickett, Holbrook and Ingham was appointed to present the matter to the legislature.

Ottumwa Babe Murdered.

OTTUMWA, July 1.—The body of a babe was found in the Des Moines river five miles south of Ottumwa. The body had been in the water for a week, and was badly decomposed. An inquest was held, but nothing was developed. From the position of the body when found, it had probably floated down from the city and doubtless was thrown in the river at Ottumwa.

Widow of Judge Wright Dead.

SIoux CITY, June 29.—Mrs. Hannah Wright, widow of the late Judge Geo. W. Wright, of Des Moines, died on the 27th, at the age of 77 years.

IOWA CONDENSED.

Fred Bridwell, of Villisca, was recently shot in the arm by unknown parties. He was out calling on a lady friend during the evening and on leaving was fired upon by parties unknown, he says. The wound is not considered very serious. Jealousy is supposed to be the cause.

Among the more important attractions to appear at the meeting of the Midland Chautauqua, Des Moines, July 5 to 22, are Bishop Fowler, the Wagner Male Quartette, Prof. Graham Taylor, Fred Emerson Brooks, Col. Geo. W. Bain, Booker T. Washington, the Arion Lady Quartette, and T. DeWitt Talmage. A splendid program has been prepared, which can be secured by applying to Chas. K. Van Slyke, Secy., Des Moines.

A Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul freight, going east, broke in two parts on a grade just west of Dedham recently, and the caboose and one car rolled down a twenty-foot embankment. The following were injured: Conductor Raif, arm broken; Warren Howard, salesman, Marshalltown, badly injured; two brakemen, from Perry, badly injured. A wrecking train, with surgeons, was sent immediately to assist Dr. Harover, local surgeon, in caring for the injured. When running at a high rate of speed, it collided with a freight going west, and both engines were badly demolished. The engineers and firemen of both trains jumped just before the collision, thus saving themselves from possible death. Dr. B. R. Williams, of Manning, and Dr. Graham, of Manilla, who were on the wrecking train, were both badly injured.

ALL OVER THE WORLD

FRANCE AND SIAM.

More Than Likely the French Will Call Siam to Account in Short Order.
BANKOK, July 1.—Siam's relations with France are strained. It is reported that 100 Siamese under the royal commissioners have invaded the province of Gourg, in Luang Prabang, collected taxes, sacked and burned villages and carried off a number of prisoners. The Siamese also invaded the Cambodian province and at Phnompenh they pillaged a number of villages. The Siamese officials also prevent the Latonians on the right bank of the Mekong river from returning to the left bank. French registration is not acknowledged in Bankok, nor in the provinces. The papers of French proteges are torn up by the police and the claims of French protection not allowed. The Cambodians, Annamites, Latonians, Chinese, Swiss, Greeks, Turks and Arabs who are French proteges are seized for military service and the wives of defaulters imprisoned. The international court refuses to hear French complaints.

SEVENTY-EIGHT DROWNED.

Nine out of a Shipload of Eighty-Seven Were Saved.

ADEN, July 30.—The Indian government steamer Mayo, sent out in search of the missing steamer Aden, has returned and reported the Aden wrecked off the island of Socatra, eastern extremity of Africa, on June 9. The Aden carried thirty-four passengers from China and Japan. The captain, some of her officers, the crew and seven white passengers were swept overboard and drowned. Eight lady passengers, nine children, two officers and a few of the crew got away in a boat, but have not been heard from since, and little hope is entertained for their safety. The Mayo saved nine of the Aden's passengers, three of them white, and thirty-three of the steamer's crew. In all, the drowned and missing, include twenty-five passengers, twenty European officers and thirty-three natives.

HORRIBLE WRECK.

Wabash Passenger Plunges in a Gorge—A Score Killed.

KANSAS CITY, June 28.—A St. Louis express on the Wabash railway, plunged through a trestle at Missouri City, Mo., carrying down the entire train, with the exception of the rear Pullman. The number of dead is estimated at from nine to twenty-five. The known dead number nine. A dozen are more or less injured. The gorge, which a few hours previously was practically empty, had become a raging torrent by a tremendous rain storm and the structure weakened. A farmer returning home from Missouri City waited for the coming of the train and tried to flag it, but owing to the terrific downpour the engineer failed to see him. A passenger on the rear car of the wrecked train flagged a freight within 300 feet of the last coach.

REBELS DEFEATED.

The Brazilian Troops Win a Decisive Victory.

NEW YORK, July 1.—Telegraphic advices from Rio Janeiro, Brazil, are to the effect that General Oscar, the commander of the government troops, has commenced a decisive fight against the fanatics. The attack in general is in accordance with carefully laid plans. Wherever possible artillery was turned upon the fanatics, intrenchments were destroyed and a great loss of life is reported in official dispatches. The rebels, it was reported, yielded before the federal troops at several points.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

Convicts in Georgia Victims of the Bolt—Eighteen Escaped.

DARTON, Ga., June 30.—Lightning struck the convict camp at the lumber mills of Greer Bros. Four convicts were instantly killed and ten others were severely injured. Some of them will die. While the prisoners, numbering about 150, were at supper, a terrific storm came up, and when the building was struck a panic followed and about twenty of the prisoners succeeded in escaping. Two of the convicts were subsequently recaptured, but the others are still at liberty.

FOUR GIRLS BUTCHERED.

Another Jack the Ripper Appears in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 30.—An imitator of "Jack the Ripper" appeared recently at Tokio. Four young women, all of good character and of the better class, were murdered. So great was the excitement that a wave of suicidal hysteria has set in and several young women have killed themselves out of sheer fear of the murderer. He has not been caught.

Louis Gallot Is Found Guilty.

NEW ORLEANS, July 1.—Louis Gallot, who, in conjunction with Bookkeeper Louis C. Colomb, abstracted about \$300,000 from the Union National bank by juggling with the balances so as to always show a credit to Gallot in the bank, was found guilty on about sixty counts in the indictment against him. The discovery of the frauds led to the closing of the bank, and Colomb committed suicide before he could be arrested.

The Record Goes Down.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 1.—Arthur Gardner, of Chicago, at the national circuit bicycle meet, broke the world's one mile handicap record. Gardner's time was 2:05 1-5. The world's previous record was 2:05 3-5, made by Mertens this year.

Woodford Sworn.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Stewart L. Woodford, the new minister to Spain, called at the state department and took the oath of office. Mr. Woodford expects to sail for his post about July 30.

Chicago 2,000,000 Big.

CHICAGO, June 29.—The estimate of Chicago's population by the publishers of the city directory, just printed, is 1,823,000, an increase of 76,000 over last year.

CUBAN AFFAIRS.

Spaniards to Make a Big Effort to End the War.

HAYANA, June 30.—The campaign which General Weyler is now beginning in east Cuba will be the grandest military effort made by the Spanish army in the island since the war began in 1895. The rainy season, the intense heat now prevailing all over the island, and the dire increase by yellow fever at this time of year of the death rate among the Spanish soldiers, have not prevented the advance of General Weyler against General Calixto Garcia. It is known here that a few days ago the prime minister cabled to Weyler that it was necessary to "crush the revolution in a short time, at no matter what sacrifice of life." Spain knows that time is the greatest ally of the patriots, as each day of the war means \$250,000 more of expense for the Spanish treasury. If Weyler should remain inactive during the summer the prolongation of the struggle one year more would be certain. In the face of this dark prospect for Spain, Canovas has decided to throw the last card. In Puerto Principe and Santiago de Cuba, where the summer is even more trying than in the west, the "sacrifice of life," of which the Spanish minister speaks, will be really terrible in the Spanish army. The war will also be without mercy on both sides.

CREATES A CRISIS.

Resignation of Crespo's Cabinet Causes Excitement in Venezuela.

CARACAS, Venezuela, July 1.—The resignation of the cabinet has created a crisis not only in the administration of the government, but also among the people. The excitement runs high, the sensational action of the ministry, which was, however, not wholly unexpected, being the paramount topic of discussion in crowded cafes and clubs. President Crespo was unable to harmonize the differences in his official family over the Guiana boundary and arbitration treaty, the element contending that the provisions of that agreement ignored the sovereignty of Venezuela in stipulating that the United States and Great Britain only and not Venezuela should name the members of the tribunal of arbitration and having continued inapplicable.

Two Trains Crash.

CHICAGO, July 1.—Three were killed and twenty to thirty injured in a rear end collision on the Galena division of the Chicago & Northwestern railway at West Chicago, thirty miles from the city. The dead are: John Gooding, Fon Du Lac, Wis.; Mrs. R. Shipman, Appleton, Wis., and an unidentified man, supposed to have been a tramp, riding between the engine and baggage car.

Peace Negotiations.

LONDON, July 1.—The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says: "Emperor Nicholas has again written to the sultan urging him to accelerate the peace negotiations by renouncing demands with which it is impossible for Greece to comply. As a result of this letter the sultan has virtually accepted the terms of the powers, leaving only details to be settled."

Ohio Democrats.

COLUMBUS, O., July 1.—The Ohio state democratic convention declared for free silver and nominated Horace L. Chapman for governor. There is an implied arrangement for John R. McLean for senator. Mr. Chapman is a large owner and operator of coal mines. He never held any office and had never been a candidate.

Sixteen Seamen Drowned.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 1.—A collision took place in the Dardanelles between the German vessels Rumbek and Berthide. The former sank almost immediately and fourteen of her crew were drowned, while a boat that was sent to the rescue by the Austrian guardship was capsized, drowning two.

Greeks to Occupy Karpensi.

ATHENS, June 29.—The Turkish army in Epirus having occupied several positions overlooking Agrapha, thus threatening the Greek retreat, in the event of a resumption of hostilities, the Greek government has decided to occupy Karpensi with a strong force.

BREVITIES.

Senator Pettigrew, of South Dakota, was recently overcome in the midst of a violent speech in the senate. He hesitated, failed to enunciate his words and took his seat with the sentence unfinished. Water was brought to him by his friends, who gathered about, and he appeared to revive quickly and business proceeded. Dr. Bain, who was summoned, said the illness was caused by a clot of blood on the brain, but no serious results are expected, if he remained quiet. The senator walked to the carriage with a sprightly gait and without assistance. He said he had no pain, but talked with difficulty and very indistinctly. The doctor said there is no immediate danger, though he pronounced the attack to be in the nature of a slight stroke of apoplexy, causing facial paralysis.

A Washington dispatch says: Speaker Reed will name his committees the day the present session closes. This will give each chairman time to get his bills in shape for filing, appoint his sub-committees and have everything in shape for the regular session of congress when it meets in December. By following this course there will be no waiting until after the holidays for the house to organize. The list as it now stands makes but few changes in the chairmanships from those of the last house. Among the chairmen of the most important committees are the following: Appropriations, J. G. Cannon, Illinois; banking and currency, J. H. Walker, Massachusetts; coinage, weights and measures, C. W. Stone, Pennsylvania; enrolled bills, Alva L. Hagar, Iowa; foreign affairs, R. R. Hitt, Illinois; interstate and foreign commerce, Wm. P. Hepburn, Iowa; judiciary, D. B. Henderson, Iowa; military, J. A. T. Hull, Iowa; mines and mining, R. G. Cousins, Iowa; naval affairs, C. A. Boutelle, Maine; public lands, John F. Lacey, Iowa.

BIMETALLISM BY AGREEMENT.

United States, France and England Said to Be Agreed.

LONDON, July 1.—The National Review contains an article announcing an important bimetallic development at the hands of the United States monetary commission, consisting of Messrs. Wolcott, Stevenson and Paine, which will arrive here in a few days. The commission, according to the National Review, will present to the British government a joint statement from France and the United States declaring that "it is their intention to determine the disastrous experiments inaugurated in 1873, and claiming our good will and active concurrence." The National Review adds: "We are able to announce that England's reply will be that the government is willing to reopen the Indian mints, to make a further substantial contribution to the rehabilitation of silver by extending its use in England and by increasing the legal tender of silver, making silver the basis of notes, empowering the bank of England to use its silver reserve and that material assistance and strong moral support will be given to the object the United States and France have in view."

FIGHTING RESUMED IN CRETE.

Muslims Surprise and Kill a Number of Insurgents.

CANEA, June 29.—An armed force of 1,200 Muslims made a sortie from Canea, crossed the military cordon and surprised the insurgents at Kanlikasteli, there hours distant. A desperate encounter ensued, in which thirteen Muslims were killed and twelve wounded. The Christian inhabitants are preparing to make reprisals by land and sea. Later advices show that many Christians and Turks were killed in engagements that preceded the principal fighting at Kanlikasteli. The whole district is greatly excited. The trouble arose from the encroachments of Muslim refugees, who attempted to pasture their cattle within the limits of the neutral zone.

IOWA BUTTER IN LONDON.

Firm Contracts for Entire Output of State to Be Collected Hereafter.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—As a result of the recent experimental shipment of American butter to England under the patronage of the agricultural department, an order has just been placed by a London firm of merchants for the entire daily product of the Iowa Agricultural College, which was one of the two places from which the butter was taken. The product is 800 pounds daily, and other merchants are attesting in letters the good results achieved by the experiment.

SAY GOMEZ IS DEAD.

First He Was Killed; Now He Is Seriously Hurt.

HAVANA, June 28.—Rumors have been about, probably emanating from official circles, that General Maximo Gomez, the insurgent commander-in-chief, has been killed in a fight near the military line in the province of Puerto Principe. The reports have not been confirmed. Later the report of the killing of Gomez was modified to the statement that he has been seriously wounded, but nobody outside of official circles believes this report to be true.

CORNELL WINS.

New York College Won the Great Boat Race.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 26.—Cornell won the great triangular intercollegiate boat race on the Hudson, Yale was second and Harvard was third. The order at the end of the first mile was: Cornell, Harvard, Yale; the order at the end of the second and third miles was: Cornell, Yale, Harvard. Cornell ended five lengths ahead of Yale and Yale four lengths ahead of Harvard.

Uruguay's Rebels.

BUENOS AYRES, July 1.—The correspondent in Montevideo, Uruguay, telegraphs that the government has received information that the rebels have established a provisional government in Rivera. The revolutionary forces are now being distributed over all the north of Uruguay, with the view of driving back the government troops wherever possible and taking possession. Four hundred rebels recently captured in Argentine territory have been released.

Pettigrew Recovers.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Senator Pettigrew is rapidly recovering from the paralysis of his vocal chords, with which he was stricken during debate in the senate. He has so far recovered his voice as to be able to articulate quite distinctly, and he expresses great confidence in his speedy restoration to health. His physician concurs in this view, but insists upon his patient remaining very quiet for the present.

Bannock Indians Make Trouble.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Three hundred Bannock Indians have broken away from the Fort Snell reservation in Idaho, and their actions have alarmed the settlers in the adjacent territory. Gov. Stenerson has been appealed to for protection, and he has telegraphed the Washington authorities for assistance. The war department has been called upon for troops to go to the scene.

Spain Wants War.

MADRID, June 30.—On account of Senor Silva's recent bellicose speech and the constant news of Spanish defeats from Havana province, the feeling is reviving here in favor of war with the United States. Several newspapers publish exciting editorials against the United States.

Rich Silver Vein Discovered.

ASPEN, Colo., July 1.—At a depth of 1,000 feet, a body of metallic ore, that runs 24,000 ounces of silver, has been struck in the Mollie Gibson mine. It is believed that the lost ore chute has been recovered. This discovery caused Mollie Gibson stock to advance 20 cents a share.

Twenty-Six Miners Killed.

VALPARAISO, June 29.—Twenty-six miners were killed by a fall of rock in the Labrar mines in the province of Atacama.

GRAINS OF GOLD.

God never made a cow that gave milk punch.

Every drunkard's wife knows that there is a devil.

Before we can live right, we must first love right.

Perfect peace is always the result of perfect trust in God.

Christ did not come into the world to reform it, but to give it his own life.

The Christian should keep out of the path in which he cannot find the footprints of his Lord.

Ere the Farewell Is Spoken

On the deck of the ste



THE STAR-SPANGLED BANNER.

BY FRANCIS SCOTT KEY.

O say, can you see, by the dawn's early light,
What so proudly we hail'd at the twilight's gleaming,
Whose broad stripes and bright stars, through the clouds of the light,
O'er the ramparts we watch'd were so gallantly streaming!

On that shore dimly seen through the mists of the deep,
Where the foe's haughty host in dread silence reposes,
What is that which the breeze, o'er the towering steep,
As it fitfully blows, now conceals, now discloses?

Now it catches the gleam of the morning's first beam,
In full glory reflected now shines on the stream:
'Tis the star-spangled banner; O long may it wave
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave!

And where is that band who so vauntingly swore
That the havoc of war and the battle's confusion
A home and a country should leave us no more?
Their blood has wash'd out their foul footsteps' pollution.
No refuge could save the hireling and slave
From the terror of flight or the gloom of the grave;
And the star-spangled banner in triumph doth wave
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave.

O! thus be it ever, when freemen shall stand
Between their loved homes and the war's desolation;
Blest with vict'ry and peace, may the heav'n rescued land
Praise the power that hath made and preserved us a nation.
Then conquer we must, when our cause is just,
And this be our motto: "In God is our trust!"

And the star-spangled banner in triumph shall wave
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave.

NEW ENGLAND
FOURTH OF JULY.

VER memorable and glorious Fourth! The sun went down last night beyond the hills, like an Olympian chariot, with unfurled streamers, flinging up golden clouds behind its wheels. Along the west fronted the horizon glowed with the prophetic glory of the coming morn. Nature braced her sides for ten thousand successive convulsions of gunpowder, and the atmosphere cleared itself in ominous preparation for considerable smoke.

Yesterday, "Birnam Wood" came to Dunstan, or to town, and began to stand up, prim, before booths and beer shops. Pine, cedar, spruce, all look spruce, and straight, and natural, as though trying to make people believe they sprang up and grew there in a single night, like the gourd of Jonah. If another Macbeth may take no alarm, Delavan and his army may, in prospect of bacchanalian commemorations.

ushers in the eventful anniversary, and now,

"No sleep till morn," or thereafter! You begin to dream of the old time that "tried souls," when men started from their couches at the roar of a foreign lion; and there! crack!—near your window goes off a gun, or something worse. You console yourself, however, with the thought this may be the first and the last salutation so near at hand; and with this reflection you are falling into a delicious lapse, when, there!—another is heard, nearer still. And such another! You listen, and wonder whether the instrument burst or not, almost hoping it did, in order to terminate this serene of thunder. Well, you about conclude an actual explosion took place, and you begin to fear the juvenile Jupiter has been kicked over and wounded in the cause of his country. In your sympathy for the fallen patriot, you listen anew, and are tempted to turn out to his relief, when—by the shadow of Pluto and all his subterranean army!—right under your window, bellows such another gunpowder fulmination as you never expect to hear again. No matter, however, for the occasion gives moment to the most trifling circumstances, and you feel reconciled with thoughts on the blessedness of liberty. Yet, with a remnant of desperation, you wish all the sulphur and saltpetre of the under kingdom thrust into some piece of artillery, like that which Milton ascribes to the inventive genius of Satan, and touched off at once and forever.

But the sun is up, and the "rock-ribbed hills" tremble at dawn with the boom of a hundred cannonading echoes. From yonder tall staff streams the banner high and gay in the morning light and breeze—a ribbon sail strung out from the fleecy cloud on which the angel of freedom rides in the heavens over the nations of earth. Angel of Columbia, weep not! for though millions beneath thee groan, yet a little while longer, and the shout that rings from Maine to Oregon shall be the shout of a race redeemed from the last bond. Now mellowly mingles the sound of martial music with the morning air. Gay troops march, with gay plumes and glistening arms, along the thoroughfare, as proud of themselves as the boys are who march by their side, in anarchical life, keeping time with life and drum. Room, room, now, for the land-sons of Neptune, with coats of many hues and Joseph shirts, dragging their tridents behind, trimmed and trusty for the raging conflagration. And then comes Flora, with her fairy band, decked in green and blossom array, moving onward in gentle and smiling procession, like a flowery island floating down the meadow-stream, to the music of nymphs and the rippling of Eden waters. The bells ring in joyous peal, and each stroke of the metal thrills the tramping multitude with a shock of indefinable enthusiasm. Great thoughts of the glory and greatness of the country swell in many a bosom, wholly unused to any extraordinary emotions. With what profound awe and admiration does that youth stand yonder in the street, now wildly gazing, with eyes and mouth wide open, first at the crowd, and then at the banners strung from chimney to chimney, and steeple to steeple! The town folks take him to be an unripe vegetable, just because he wears what he pleases—boots for service, more than for squeaking—coat, bob-skirted and gray, rather than rudely flaunting, and a bell-crowned hat capricious enough to hold all the gingerbread he can afford to purchase. Well, if he has no right to look as he pleases, nor to thrust his hands deep

into his pockets, in support of the independent indifference of his position, and on such a day, of what avail are all the boasted privileges of the country?

It is now towards burning noon. All the shops and factories have turned

out their haunting troops of fashion and beauty. Long processions, streaming with perspiration and begrimed with clouds of the mother element, are completing their everlasting circuits through the populous streets. Squads of juvenile followers have fallen off, and musical instruments begin to sound as though their owners, instead of desiring to give out much more liquid martial melody, were in need of some sort of liquid themselves. The van members of the procession, having ended their journey, stand quite at ease, converting their hats into fans; and, considering the circumstances, look with very cool complacency upon the unfortunate ones who are left to bring up the rear. Soda fountains and small beer establishments are now in the height of operation. Phiz!—crack!—pop!—pop! and expelled stopples go whizzing and booming from the foaming muzzles of angry bottles, now glad to break loose and take revenge for past confinement. A thousand throats are gurgling the delicious liquids, and twice that number of lips are smacking, expressive of grateful satisfaction, much to the aggravation of innumerable youngsters who stand looking on, mournful from the want of a few coppers, to enjoy similar indulgences.

Beneath beeking pavilions, in crowded halls, or happily in the green grove, at last gather the eager host. Fans flit like swarms of cooling phantoms before glowing faces, and the orator of the day opens with the ominous "Fellowcitizens!" For an hour he sinks and soars, generalizes from Rome to Plymouth, and becomes lost in the immensity of themes. But now the grand festival is at hand. Toasts, music, cheers—and, then, there is no calculating how easily the responsibilities of the country weigh upon the mind of the well-fed multitude.

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The day declines and the sun hovers in the west like a Roman candle, flinging its hazy light over the hills. Or, there it glares, with a great red eye, towards the east, as though winking in defiance of the monarchical powers beyond the Atlantic. The streets begin to echo the tread of flagging feet. Day pales into twilight, and, as the



NOW WILDLY GAZING.

western star comes out, a rocket ascends to greet it, and mock its distance. As darkness creeps over the landscape, lawns and parks darken with human throngs; while windows, balconies and house-tops tremble under the weight of pyrotechnical gazers. Shout after shout rises through the smoky air like the murmurings of the sea, as the heavens glow with eccentric fires, in mimicry of the fireworks of the firmament. But the hour has gone by, and in the gloom of night the weary wanderers lie to their homes. Silence and darkness draw their curtains over a sleeping nation, while dreams of the departed day still linger around. Morning will soon come again, and call forth the tolling millions to the heat and burden of a weary day. But sleep now in peace, ye suffering sons and daughters of Mammon! and dream ye of a liberty not your own, though a name dear, and adored by hearts of Columbian soil! Sad and solemn the scene of enchanted multitudes, yet ever glorious with prophecy is the jubilee of an American Fourth.

How He Won Her.
Consuela—"Papa tells me that you are not a saint by any means, Howard." Howard—"What has he been saying about me now?" "Oh, lots of things." "Isn't a man known by the company he keeps?" "I suppose so." "Well, then, if the company he keeps is all this world to him, and again the very best and most charming, isn't it proof that he is good?" "I should think so." "Well, then, don't I keep your company?" "Yes," Consuela's face brightened. "Howard, dear, forgive me. Papa has been deceived. I won't believe anything against you." And she threw herself into his arms.—New York Tribune.

An Alexander H. Stephens History.
One of the well-known school histories of the United States, published in Columbia, S. C., is supposed to have been the work of Alexander H. Stephens of Georgia, author of "The War Between the States," a member of Congress for many years and known in his state as "The Great Commoner," after Gladstone. The real author is a man of the name of Chapman, who gave to Mr. Stephens an interest in the royalty for the use of his name. Mr. Stephens looked over the manuscript, but made practically no changes.

Two Famous Log Cabins.
At the Tennessee Centennial Exposition are exhibited the old cabin birthplace of two famous American citizens. Those cabins are genuine, as certified by affidavits in the possession of the owner and exhibitor.

Rev. W. G. Bigham, a Methodist minister, while traveling a circuit which embraced parts of Todd and Hardin counties, Kentucky, bought the two log cabins and the land on which they stood.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.
Washington, June 24.—A stubborn contest over the duties on manufactured woolen goods occupied the attention of the senate throughout the day. It was a day of constant roll calls and of cross-fire debates on the effect of the duties in advancing rates. Many amendments were proposed to reduce the rates, but these were rejected by decided majorities. Less than five pages were disposed of during the day.

SENATE.
Washington, June 25.—The senate to-day completed the wool schedule, the silk schedule and the tobacco schedule of the tariff bill and with this accomplishment the tariff leaders had the satisfaction of knowing that all of the schedules of the bill and the free list had been gone over once. There now remains only to go through the bill a second time, passing on the items passed over. These are very numerous and important, including hides, gloves, coal, tea and beer. After that the internal revenue features of the bill will be all that remains.

SENATE.
Washington, June 26.—The senate started to-day on its second passage through the bill, the purpose being to dispose of all items previously passed over. The paragraphs considered were in the chemical and earthenware schedule, and failed to elicit more than technical debate.

SENATE.
Washington, June 28.—To senate made good progress on the tariff bill to-day, disposing of the paragraphs relating to hides, which has been the source of much controversy. As finally agreed on, the duty on hides is placed at 20 per cent ad valorem, in place of 15 cents per pound as originally reported by the finance committee. The discussion was protracted, drifting into general debates of trusts and from that back to the sugar tariff.

SENATE.
Washington, June 29.—After tedious consideration of the tariff bill throughout to-day, the senate wound up with a half hour of lively and amusing colloquy between Senators Tillman and Chandler. The former had proposed an amendment to the tariff bill, providing a \$1 head tax on immigrants and a restriction against all not coming to the United States to become citizens. The amendment was defeated.

SENATE.
Washington, June 30.—The president has nominated John Russell Young, of Pennsylvania, librarian of congress; Francis B. Loomis, of Ohio, minister to Venezuela, and Philip C. Hanna, of Iowa, consul at Trinidad, West Indies.

SENATE.
Washington, June 31.—As a result of the rapid work on the tariff bill, the close of the legislative session in the senate and the final vote are felt to be near at hand. Two of the most important provisions—those pertaining to the Hawaiian treaty of reciprocity and the duty on coal—were perfected to-day, while another source of much conflict, the reciprocity section, was unanimously passed by the senate committee presented to the senate. The Hawaiian provision of the house bill was restored after brief debate and without the formality of a vote.

ROAD AGENTS LOOT A BANK.

South Dakota Bank Robbed by Armed Bandits.

OMAHA, June 29.—A special from Deadwood, S. D., says: Four masked men made a desperate attempt to rob the Butte County Bank at Belle Fourche. Entering the bank with revolvers drawn, they ordered the customers present and the bank officials to hold up their hands. A little hesitancy on the part of Cashier Marble drew a shot from one of the robbers, which clipped off a large portion of the cashier's right ear and enforced compliance with the command. The safe and counters were relieved of the cash they contained and the robbers, mounting their horses, which had been conveniently stationed, rode away. An alarm was given, and in a few minutes a well mounted and armed posse was in pursuit of the robbers. Within a few miles of the town the posse came up with the fugitives, and a running fight ensued which resulted in one of the robbers throwing up his hands and surrendering. The others, being better mounted, continued their flight.

WEYLER WANTS TROOPS.

Requires 60,000 to Crush the Cuban Rebellion.

HAVANA, June 20.—General Weyler will require at least 60,000 more troops to conquer the eastern provinces and hold them for Spain. Col. Garamendi, a member of Weyler's staff and private secretary to the commander-in-chief, will go to Madrid this week, as the bearer of confidential dispatches to Premier Canovas and the Spanish war department in which a demand is made for 60,000 additional recruits. All the regular troops that can be spared from Pinar del Rio, Western Trocira, Matanzas and Santa Clara districts, are being concentrated at Sancti Spiritus, where Weyler has directed the immediate organization of fourteen columns.

Asserts the Moon is a Planet.
LIMA, Peru, June 29.—Professor Anzorah, of the Cordoba observatory, asserts that the moon is not a satellite of the earth, but a planet.

IOWA PATENT OFFICE REPORT.

DES MOINES, July 1.—One of a number of applications for United States Letters Patent that are now being presented in the patent office has recently been formally allowed. These inventions relate to methods and apparatus for manufacturing calcium carbide and also generators for converting this calcium carbide into acetylene illuminating gas, and the inventors are prominent business men of Holstein, Iowa, Messrs. C. L. Wilson, C. Munna, J. W. Unger, H. Schneekloth, A. L. Kroskus and W. Kuebel. The allowance of these patents will undoubtedly mean much to the manufacturing interests of northern Iowa for the reason that the company above named intend to establish a plant for the manufacture of the calcium carbide and also the generating machines. Acetylene gas, the new illuminant, is produced by combining calcium carbide and water, and the light that is produced by burning this gas is of a purer white than electricity itself and is very brilliant. The generating machines invented by the company are of a size and capacity designed to be placed in ordinary dwelling houses where by charging the generator every day or week the gas may be used just as freely as with the ordinary city gas and a better light is provided at a much less cost. Valuable information about securing, valuing and selling patents sent free to any address.

TROTS. G. AND J. RALPH OWIE, Solicitors of Patents.

A HYDRAULIC LIFEBOAT.

Description of a Novel Life-Saver Built in England.

Within a month the Queen, a new hydraulic lifeboat built for the Royal National Lifeboat Institution, will be ready for service, stationed at Liverpool, says the London Daily Mail. A representative called at Church wharf and the manager of the works gave him full and interesting particulars of the new vessel. From these it will be seen that the old traditional appeal of "man the lifeboat," that has been so often responded to on our coasts by ready volunteers, is likely to be replaced by the more prosaic order of "stoke the lifeboat," and the hydraulic machinery, driven by steam, will need but the services of half a dozen hands all told. "In the Queen we have introduced an arrangement for feeding the furnace with oil so as to economize coal after steam has been got up," said the manager. "The boat carries four tons of coal and two tanks of oil, and the latter, sprayed into the fires, will last the same length of time that the coal allowance will. The dimensions of the new vessel, which is built entirely of steel, are fifty-five feet in length and sixteen feet in breadth at the deck. When loaded and carrying thirty passengers she displaces about three feet three inches. The hull contains eighteen water-tight compartments. The engines and boiler occupy two and the coal bunkers another two. The sea water is scooped up by open mouths in the side of the boat amidships, and shot out sternward by means of a centrifugal pump through a tube on each side of the vessel with great force, and the impact of these columns of the surrounding body of the ocean drives the lifeboat ahead at a speed of nine or ten knots an hour. Steam is supplied at a pressure of 145 pounds per square inch, and the engines develop about 250-horse power. There is no reversing gear, but by means of two other tubes turned to starboard and the bow water may cut off and shot forward and the boat can be brought to a stop from full speed in seven seconds. Again, the boat can be turned more readily than if she had twin screws by directing, say, the starboard water column astern and port ahead. This is owing to the controlling power being amidships in place of astern, where the leverage is more difficult. The steersman directs the two water shoots as he thinks proper by means of two handwheels near the steering wheel aft. The rudder is of the large size necessary for deep-sea working and projects below the boat's keel, but by means of handy mechanism, it can be raised for sailing in shallow water. The boat carries a lug-sail and stay-sail for use when necessary. The absence of a screw is a great advantage, especially when approaching a wreck at sea, when there is a possibility of the propeller being caught in floating masts and rigging, and you are free from the dangerous reeling of the screw so perilous to a boat in rough choppy waters. We are also enabled to reach this lifeboat without any fear of injuring the machinery—an impossible matter with a projecting screw. In the tests made at speed trials a lifeboat was thrown overboard while the vessel was going full steam ahead. The jets were directed forward so as to stop the way on and drive the boat astern, and the buoy was recovered in one minute. In this going astern the steering was effected by the jets only. The same test was repeated, and the boat was steered so as to describe a circle, returning to where the float lay, and the maneuver occupied precisely the same time. This new lifeboat is not only capable of propelling itself, but can take two or three ordinary lifeboats to a marine disaster or tow a vessel of 200 to 250 tons burden into port."

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FRIDAY, JULY 2.

RACE ECHOES.

The aspiring colored man should rid himself of the notion that his only hope of success lies in getting a place held by some other Negro. —The American.

If the worthy gentlemen who are now engaged in the pastime of "starting newspapers," enjoy that kind of sport, no one should interpose any serious objections. Let them have all the fun they want. —Colored American.

When will the lynching of colored men cease? Christians we have a need to pray, if God is not for us, we are lost in this life and the life to come. We must do something to retard this wholesale lynching of our young men. —The Reformer.

Negroes who have been appointed to office by President McKinley are H. P. Cheatham, of North Carolina, recorder of deeds; Nathan T. Velar, postmaster at Branton, Pa.; R. A. Hadlin, postmaster at Clinton, Mo.; W. F. Powell, of New Jersey, minister to Haiti.

The few free traders left in the democratic party are in a state of distress over the fact that one-third of the southern vote in congress has been cast for a high protection in the consideration of a tariff bill. It is another case in which "the blow almost killed father."

To declare that one is physically disabled when they are really as sound as a dollar, is the latest method of disposing of Negro applicants who outstrip their young white opponents in competitive examinations. Anything for an excuse to protect Caucasian degeneracy as well as literary efficiency. —Weekly Blade.

Nearly all of the 35 Southern men who are supporting the protective tariff bill are natives of that section of the country. This will be interesting information to some of the free-trade organs which have recently been charging that the Southern votes cast for the bill were of the "carpetbag" variety.

One of the things which has made the career of Booker T. Washington so brilliantly successful, is that he insists the help of the best men of his race in the country, north, south, east or west. He keeps his eyes on every man whom he thinks can be used to assist his work and then make him an attaché of Tuskegee.

The great wrongs the Negroes endured are largely created by themselves. They cannot elevate themselves upon the basis of sentimentality alone. The white race as a whole, has been and is exceedingly tolerant toward them. They will have all desirable equality and recognition when by education and industry they have fully earned such rights. —The Progress.

Chief of Police Moyer, of Wytheville, Virginia, brutally murdered Thomas Johnson, a colored man. He was tried and sentenced to thirty days in jail and assessed a fine of one hundred dollars. In Henrico county in the same state a colored man was given one year in the penitentiary for poisoning a dog. Verily justice must be one eyed in that locality. —The Reflector.

Whatever course you are pursuing for the good of yourself, God and your country, stake your life for it. Make it a success in a business christian like manner. For God's sake stop throwing mud at anything started by any one of the race that you know is helping the race. If you are so situated that you cannot say anything for it be honest enough to say nothing against it. Remember all of us haven't the same minds, thoughts, nor ideas, and it would be a bad thing if we did.

Harding's Ice-cream Co. still flourish as no others can. Secret: He makes the best Ice-cream in the city. Those that tried ours will have no other. Phone 647.

The Bystander does all kinds of job printing. Give us a call.

The Morals of the American Negro as I See Them.

THE NEGRO'S LOVE FOR GOD.

Because of the Negro's lack of demonstrating his religious feeling by spasmodic outburst as he used to do, some believe that he is growing less religious, less reverential; less obedient; less faithful and less in love with God. A state of things which I do not believe to be true. If I did I would say so, however much I would be grieved at so sad a condition of our people.

The Lord is opening the understanding of these people, and a majority part of them are magnifying as they are apprehending him.

He is teaching them duty in religion, which they are trying to perform, and when they fully apprehend God in his will respecting this duty, they will then present to the world the New Negro with a life of love, plus law, and go sweeping on toward the goal of life, loving God more and more.

The Negro in his individual duty or his treatment of himself like every other people the Negro must try it himself. In accordance with divine rule; each one must treat himself in accordance with divine rule, each one must love himself, study and know himself, take care of himself, control himself and have confidence in himself.

With reference to this portion of his duty the American Negro has been and is yet the most loving. Yet he is making a decided improvement even here. Why he has been and is yet so undutiful to himself, I think needs a little explanation here. I submit the following as a partial reason or cause for it:

The place which the Negro was compelled to occupy among civilized men for a period of 210 years prior to 1865, was death to self respect and self improvement. The Negro was ignorant then and the sinful men who held him as chattels taught him to believe that the white people were his natural superiors, and that it was his duty to revere and obligate his master and pay no attention to himself, and as a natural result of this, when his civil liberty came to him he Negro had but a little self respect. A state in which one can get a good view of some of the fatal effects which slavery had upon this people. So fatal indeed was this effect that though this people has been for 30 years working and making steady improvement along the line of self love and self improvement it will be some time before they will have the proper regard for themselves.

But, as I have already said, the Negro is making self study and self love, practical things, and the results are uplifting and ennobling. He no longer thinks that he is the natural inferior of every other human being. Nay, but he knows better; he has read and reread the scripture quotation, "That from one blood God created all nations of the earth," etc., until it is now fixed in his mind that all men are one in nature and one in destiny, and by him turning his mind and attention inward.

The Negro (American) beholds himself to be an embodiment of a great moral possibility: a divine idea: a man, a human being, and with fear and trembling he is firmly taking hold of and is bringing himself into subjection; his passion and appetites are all being modified, restricted and brought more and more to their normal uses.

His life powers being thus working by their natural laws and to their proper ends are cultivating in the Negro self esteem, self love and self-confidence, for in God's hands he sees that he is an adequate means to a great end, and that again he sees that he is an important end to which all beneath him means he is trying also to be true and truthful to himself, since he has come to know that he is worthy of such self-esteem and self-treatment, and not only so, but since he has found that it is his duty to thus consider himself.

In our next we will consider these people in their social duties.

T. REEVES.

—The Jennings Wall Paper Co., at 821 Walnut street, is the only firm that is selling Wall Paper as cheap as 10 per Roll. It is the only firm that is not a member of the Des Moines Wall Paper Strut. All new goods. Call and see us. Phone 141

KNOXVILLE.

Miss Lizzie Moffet is home visiting her parents.

We looked for the collector of the Bystander force, but he failed to put in appearance. I wonder if he thinks we are too short to pay our dues?

Mr. Jos. Cloyd, of Osceola, was visiting in town, Sunday, the guest of Miss Genevra Jeffers.

Mr. Sim. Jeffers contemplates spending the 4th at Ottumwa.

Mr. W. P. Bird and Roy, his son, will join a party of campers, which started June 7th, for a ten days camp on Brown's Lake. Mr. Bird goes as cook.

Mrs. Crudeup Jeffers has been very sick with the sciatic rheumatism, but is some improved.

Rev. H. Skaines, the only colored preacher in Marion county, seems to attract the country people's attention as he preaches in the country every Sunday at a different church.

Mr. A. Morse departed Tuesday for Ottumwa.

Mr. Thomas Jeffers was in town Saturday.

The young people were informed by very good authority that they were musical in singing and playing.

OSKALOOSA BRIEFLETS.

The A. M. E. S. S. is preparing for a picnic.

The lawn social that was given by the A. M. E. church last Friday evening, was a grand success. John Lewis Sundayed in Newton, a guest of the Misses Greens.

Mrs. Fannie Grove and child, of Muchy and Mrs. Lula Jones, of Colon, left Tuesday evening for San Francisco, Cal., where Mrs. G. will join her husband.

The members of the Epworth League met in the A. M. E. church and elected the following officers: Pres. Miss E. Thompson; Vice President, Miss Perkins; Sec'y, Rev. Barton; Treas. Mrs. Mima Johnson.

MUCHAKINOCK NOTES.

Mrs. Mamie Biekey returned Monday, after a week's visit in Des Moines and Colfax.

Mrs. W. H. McMillan returned Saturday from Des Moines, where she and baby had been visiting her parents.

Miss Jane Perry has returned from Vermont, where she was called about two months ago on account of her sister's death.

The Masonic installation was well attended.

The gun club's ball was quite a success. Dr. J. S. Henderson won the crown in the shooting match, but B. F. Cooper gave him a very close race, coming out only one bird behind.

Rev. F. W. Evans, of Des Moines, lectured in the opera house Monday evening, for the benefit of the Phalanx lodge. He is an able talker, and keeps an audience interested.

Mrs. Hampton Graves and Mrs. Wm. Toler left Tuesday for California.

Mrs. R. J. Brown departed Tuesday for Brooklyn, N. Y., to reside permanently.

W. K. Cogbill and family have gone to Boston, and will make it their future home.

Mrs. Kate Jewett has opened an ice cream parlor and restaurant in D. G. Harris' building.

The M. C. band will run an excursion July 15th to Marshalltown. Do not fail to go, as everything will be arranged so you can have a good time.

The band will go to Eddyville July 3d. The committee of the Eddyville celebration are energetic men, and will leave no stone unturned to have a grand celebration.

MT. PLEASANT NOTES.

Miss Teresa Arbuckle, who has held the position of clerk for several years in the office of Drs. Smith and Linn, was married at the home of her parents last Thursday evening, to Mr. Scott E. Jones, of Ottumwa.

Mr. and Mrs. Spotts will leave this week for a visit in Chicago.

Mr. Hopkins, who has been employed on the new college building, has completed his work and will leave soon for his home in Davenport.

The Sunday school of the A. M. E. church will give their annual picnic on Wednesday.

Elder Bundy held quarterly meeting at this place last Sunday.

Rev. A. A. Hampton, of Colfax, visited a few days in the city, while en route to his home in Ohio.

Mr. J. L. Thompson, of the Bystander, was a business visitor last week.

Miss Cora White, of Des Moines, is visiting at the home of Mrs. McNeal.

A number of our people will go to Burlington Friday to hear Booker T. Washington.

Having leased the tracks of the Grand Trunk Railway between Detroit and Suspension Bridge, and those of the Erie R. R. from Suspension Bridge to Buffalo, the Washburn R. R. will run its own trains from Kansas City, Omaha, Des Moines, St. Louis, Quincy, Hannibal, Keokuk and Chicago to Buffalo, being the only road from Missouri and Mississippi points having its own line and trains running into Buffalo. Through cars from Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago to Buffalo without change.

Moershell, Duffy & Fotheringham.

621 West Walnut Street.

Grand Special Hourly Sales:

From 9 a. m. to 10 a. m.

Challies, dress pattern for.....29c
Purses, Shopping Bags and Chatelain Bags, worth to 50c for 18c
Ladies' Belts, worth up to 50c, for.....19c

From 10 a. m. to 11 a. m.

Wash Dress Patterns, value \$1 and \$1.25, for.....49c
Gloria Silk Umbrellas, value \$2.50, for.....\$1.25
Boys' Windsor Ties, hem stitch, best 25c quality for.....15c

From 11 a. m. to 12 m.

Ladies' Fancy Check Shirts, worth \$3, for.....\$1.98
Jap Fans, worth 10c, for.....5c
Wash Dress Patterns, worth \$1.25 and \$1.50, for.....75c
Linen Towels at 4c each. Turkish Towels, worth 25c, for.....15c

From 2 p. m. to 3.

Ladies' Duck Suits.....98c
Ladies' Duck Skirts.....98c
Ladies' Bicycle Suits, value \$8, at.....\$4.98
Ladies' Fancy Parasols, value \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00.....\$1.19

From 3 p. m. to 4.

Ladies' Check Dress Skirts, value \$5.00, at.....\$2.98
French Organdies, value 35 and 40c.....19c
Ladies' Shirt Waists, value \$1.00 and \$1.25 each.....25c
Children's Tan Ribbed Hose, value 20c, pair.....10c

From 4 p. m. to 5.

Ladies' Lysle thread Vests, value 50c.....35c
Ladies' Muslin Under Skirts, value 50c.....29c
Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Vests, value 10c.....5c
White Dotted Swisses, value 40c.....25c
Gause Ribbons, Satin Edges No 23, value 20c yd.....10c

From 5 p. m. to 6.

Ladies' Embroidered Collarettes, value up to \$1.00.....50c
Foulard Silks, value 50 and 75c, yard.....39c
Ladies' Figured Silk and Velour Skirts, value up to \$9.75.....\$5.98
Curtain Scrims, value 10c yard.....5c
Percales, value 10c, at.....6-14c

We Sell Mail Orders at These Prices. Lowest Cash Prices.

Cor Tenth MINNIS BROS., Cor. Tenth and Center.

—BUY A PAIR OF OUR—

Ladies', Mens and Childrens 10c Hosiery,

And you will find them far superior to those you have been paying 15c for.....
We have Summer Underwear for every one at lowest prices.

ANNOUNCEMENTS. CURE CONSUMPTION.

CANDIDATES' CARDS.

J. M. Brenton is a candidate for Superintendent of Public Schools, subject to decision of Republican county convention.

I am a candidate for re-nomination for county treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention. H. C. McHenry.

I am a candidate for re-nomination for sheriff of Polk county, subject to the decision of the Republican primaries. J. E. STOUT.

Thos. A. Chesbire is a candidate for re-nomination as State Senator of Polk county, subject to the ratification of the Republican county convention.

777 Knights & Daughters of Tabor 333 of Iowa.

ATTENTION.

The International Order of Twelve is moving to the Northwest, and as the members in the State of Iowa have been called to meet in Grand session, in the city of Mt. Pleasant, to organize a Grand Temple and Tabernacle, and thus make this work more effective in said state. It is very essential that every Temple, Tabernacle, Tent and Palatium be represented at the Grand Session, July 6, 7, and 8. The committee has made all arrangements to entertain all who may attend. Board only 75 cents per day.

Tuesday evening, the 6th, a reception will be tendered the delegates and friends.

Thursday afternoon, grand street parade after which Mayor Leech will deliver the welcome address. Response by Rev. Moses Dickson, father and founder of the order of Twelve. Oration by Miss Ella Daine, of Keokuk; subject, "The Trinity of Freedom." Excursion from Muchakinock and Colon, and Burlington, Fort Madison and Keokuk. We expect the Muchakinock brass band to furnish music on day of parade.

Come one, come all.
Committee: Mrs. Johnson, Stewart, Peterson, Burks, Owens, Rev. M. S. Gordon, D. T. Burks, Atkins, Owens, Trimble, McNeal and Johnson, Mt. Pleasant, Ia.

A. C. BETTIS, D. G. P.
C. H. BROOKS, D. G. M.,
Keokuk, Iowa.

DR. EDWARD F. JOHNSON,
Office over 607 West Walnut Street,
Residence, 782 West 9th st.

Office Hours: 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m.
Sundays 12 to 1. Catarrhal troubles a specialty.

Now is the Time to get a Home

The Chicago & North-Western Railway has just published a newspaper called the North-Western Home-Seeker, giving facts about the great State of South Dakota and the advantages it possesses for the pursuit of agriculture, dairying and cattle raising. Lands can be had at present upon most favorable terms, and there is every indication of large immigration into the state this season. Correspondence is solicited from intending settlers, and a copy of the paper will be mailed free upon application to W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Save money by buying Screen Doors, Windows and Lawn Mowers at Dawson's hardware. They are closing them out at actual cost.

Subscribe for the Bystander

CHURCH ANNOUNCEMENT.

St. Paul A. M. E.—Corner of Second and Center Street. Preaching at 10:30 a. m.; Sunday School at 3 o'clock; Epworth League at 8 p. m.; preaching at 8 p. m. T. Reeves, pastor.

Baptist—East Second Street—Between Walnut and Court avenue. Service at 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school at 12 m.; services at 7:30 p. m. W. W. Stewart, pastor.

First African Baptist Church—Corner Fourth and School; preaching at 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school at 12 m.; preaching at 8 p. m. Rev. J. L. Lonsack, pastor.

Burn's M. E.—East Second and Des Moines Street.—Preaching at 10:30; Sunday class meeting at 11:45; Sunday school at 12:30 p. m.; preaching at 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday. Rev. T. A. Clark, pastor.

T. A. Slocum, M. C., the Great Chemist and Scientist. Offers to send free, to the afflicted, Three bottles of His Newly Discovered Remedies to Cure Consumption and All Lung Troubles. Nothing could be fairer, more philanthropic or carry more joy in its wake than the offer of T. A. Slocum, M. C., of 183 Pearl Street, New York City.

Confident that he has discovered an absolute cure for consumption and all pulmonary complaint, and to make its merits known, he will send, free, three bottles (the Slocum new system of medicine) to any reader who is suffering from chest, throat and lung troubles or consumption. He invites those desirous of obtaining the remedies to simply send him their express and postoffice address, and receive in return the three bottles.

Already this "new scientific course of medicine" has permanently cured thousands of apparently hopeless cases.

He considers it his religious duty—a duty which he owes to humanity—to donate his infallible cure.

As has proved consumption to be a curable disease beyond any doubt.

There will be no mistake in sending—the mistake will be in overlooking the Doctor's generous invitation. He has on file in his American and European laboratories thousands of testimonials of experience from those cured, in all parts of the world.

Delays are dangerous: mail your address to T. A. Slocum, M. C., 183 Pearl Street, New York and when writing the Doctor, please mention reading this article in the Iowa State Bystander.

We rent wheels too. Our wheels are all new 1897 models and easy running.
Dawson's Hardware Fifth street

THE GILBERT CHOP HOUSE.

BY EXPERIENCED COOKS.

Short Order and Meals.

Nice Furnished Rooms.

BY DAY OR WEEK.

217 South Market St. OTTUMWA, Ia.

EDWARD F. JOHNSON,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Des Moines, Iowa. Office hours: 9 to 11 a. m.; 1:30 to 3:30 p. m.; 7:30 to 9:30 p. m.; Sundays, 10 to 11 a. m. Office, 3d floor of Forester block, corner of Fifth and Walnut streets.

SHANK BROS., FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

517 MULBERRY ST.

Telephone Nos. 686 and 689.

EVERYBODY

KNOWS THAT MUNGER'S LAUNDRY is the best in the city. Try them and be decided.

220 THIRD ST.

PHONE 579.

J. M. FERREE,

Standard and Domestic

SEWING MACHINES AND SUPPLIES.

NEW MACHINES FROM \$25 TO \$60

Second-hand Machines from \$5.00 up.

Warwick, Tribune, Deere and Bicycles

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The Utica CLOTHIERS.

503-505 WALNUT ST.
COOL STUFF FOR HOT WEATHER

"Hot, ain't it?" "We told you so," didn't we? But we are ready for it. Ready to make you ready for it too. "Clothed only in a smile" would be a very appropriate costume now. Well, we come pretty close to it. Both the suits and the price will be as near nothing as the law will allow.

Crash Suits, \$3.50

In regulars—Stouts—Extra Stouts, Fats, Longs, Shorts, Extra Shorts, Broads, Widens, Narrows, Slims, Extra Slims. No matter what your shape, we have a cool suit to fit it.

At.....\$3.50 to \$5.00

Fancy Crashes for.....\$6.00

Creole Checks, \$4

Fancy Blue Creole Checks and Stripes, from \$4 to \$6 a suit, cool, comfortable, consoling. You will like these.

Wool Crashes, \$7

Mottled Green and Brown, lots of cool too. If you want both you get it in this suit for \$7.

Boys' Wash Suits, 75c

Also, \$1, \$1.50, and Pants at 25 and 50 cts. Keep the boys cool, and you'll keep them good natured. They are like their papas, only smaller.

Straw Hats, - 50c

Light, Airy, Cool, Graceful, Ventilated, Comfortable, and Stylish, down to 25c—Up-to-date.

Negligee Shirts, 75c

No stiff, hard collars to hurt your neck, no starch to scratch your tender skin—Nothing better for a hot man on a hot day.

Crash Pants,....\$1.00

Selling hundreds of these, They keep all the heat out, and all the cool in. Try a pair.

White Duck Pants \$1

Also at \$1.00 and \$1.75—The quality of the Duck regulates the price as usual. Very well for Summer afterwards.

Fancy Vests, 89c.

Some of these worth \$1.50—Others as much as \$2.00 and \$2.50—You can have any of them for 89 cents—Cheap, ain't they? Cool, too.

The Utica.

Really presents more opportunities to keep cool, to be comfortable, and to save money, than any place in town. Then, too they have a delightful habit of telling the truth about everything they sell. It surprises you at first, it's so new, but you soon get used to it. Then you like it.

SHOULD YOU NEED FLOWERS

At any time of the year, for any occasion where flowers are used, you can get them home grown and fresh cut every day, from

BLAIR THE FLORIST

306 Ninth Ave., Des Moines.

P. O. Address, Box 238. Telephone 460.

Fazal, Party and Wedding Decorations gotten up in latest styles, and at moderate prices. Boxes of fine flowers for presentation and personal wear.

Original Notice.

In the District Court of the State of Iowa, and in and for Polk county.

Benjamin Bisset, plaintiff, vs. Isaac Emerson and the unknown heirs of devices of Isaac Emerson, defendants.

TO SAID DEFENDANTS: You are notified that the petition of plaintiff in above entitled cause is now on file in the office of the clerk of the District court of Iowa, in and for Polk county, claiming of you that he is the absolute and undivided owner of the following described premises situated in Polk county, Iowa, to-wit: The N 1/2 of S 1/2 of N 1/2 of Section 16, township 78, range 25, west of the 5th P. M.; that he is now and for more than ten (10) years last past has been in the absolute, notorious, unqualified, and continuous possession of said premises under claim of right and color of title; that the defendant claims an interest in and to said premises by virtue of and under a certain tax deed made to Isaac Emerson by the Treasurer of Polk county, Iowa, on or about January 6, 1865, and filed for record in the Recorder's office of said county on the same date; that said Isaac Emerson is dead and that he left heirs or devisees, but plaintiff does not know whether he died testate or intestate; that he does not know and cannot find after diligent search either the names or whereabouts of either the heirs or devisees of said Emerson; that whatever interest said heirs or devisees have in and to the said premises passed by will or by descent, but that said heirs or devisees are unknown to this plaintiff, though he has sought diligently to learn the same; and the plaintiff prays for the establishment of his estate against the adverse claims of Isaac Emerson, his unknown heirs, and his unknown devisees and that the defendants be barred and forever estopped from having or ever claiming any right or title to said premises adverse to plaintiff; and that you are further notified that unless you appear on or before noon of the second day of the September term of said Court, which term will commence on the 6th day of September, A. D. 1897, and be held at the court house in the city of Des Moines, Polk county, Iowa, decree will be entered against you as prayed in said petition.

DUDLEY & COFFIN,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

The foregoing notice is approved by the undersigned, one of the Judges of the District court of Iowa, in and for Polk county.

It is further ordered that said notice be published in the IOWA STATE BYSTANDER newspaper, as a newspaper most likely to give notice to such unknown persons, publication to be at least ten (10) days before the beginning of said September, 1897, term of said Court.

C. P. HOLMES,
Judge of Ninth Judicial Dist. of Iowa.

BUY A.....